```
#' A caching Function
#' Create a model matrix, which is really a list, containing functions to...
#' * move, rotate, calculate, clip, show, ... the model
#' @param model_data numeric vector contents.
#' @keywords caching
#' @examples model <- make_model( list( theta=-90, phi=-2, fov=25, zoom=1 ) )
#' @export
#+ cache_model, echo = TRUE
make_model <- function( model_data ){</pre>
  cache
              <- NULL
                                                                 # Begin with an empty model
              <- function( model_data ) cache <<- model_data # Cache the model data</pre>
  cache it
  calculate <- function( f ) apply( model_data, 2, f )</pre>
  # Cut off the top/bottom, front/back, or left/right sides of the model
  clip_at <- function( ax=1, mn=0.3, mx=0.6 ){</pre>
    model_data <<- model_data[ model_data[ ,ax ] > mn & model_data[ ,ax ] < mx, ]</pre>
  }
  data_length <- function() cache</pre>
                                                                 # num elements in matrix
              <- function() apply( model_data, 2, function( x ) max( x ) - min( x ) )
  extents
              <- function() name_axes( model_data )</pre>
                                                                 # Return the model data
  get
  # Clip a thin band out of the middle, and keep that portion that was removed
                  <- function( ax, ctr, thickness ){
  get_band
    mn <- ctr - 0.5 * thickness
    mx \leftarrow ctr + 0.5 * thickness
    model_data <<- model_data[ model_data[ ,ax ] > mn & model_data[ ,ax ] < mx, ]</pre>
  }
  move_forward_backward <- function( distance ) model_data[ ,3 ] <<- model_data[ ,3 ] + distance</pre>
                         <- function( distance ) model_data[ ,1 ] <<- model_data[ ,1 ] + distance</pre>
  move_right_left
                         <- function( distance ) model_data[ ,2 ] <<- model_data[ ,2 ] + distance</pre>
  move_up_down
```

```
rotate_on <- function( ax, angle ){</pre>
   switch( ax
     , x = model_data <<- rotate3d(model_data, angle * pi / 180, 1, 0, 0)
     , y = model_data <<- rotate3d( model_data, angle * pi / 180, 0, 1, 0 )</pre>
     , z = model_data <<- rotate3d(model_data, angle * pi / 180, 0, 0, 1)
   )
  }
           <- function( scale_factor ){</pre>
    model_data[ ,1 ] <<- scale_factor * model_data[ ,1 ]</pre>
    model_data[ ,2 ] <<- scale_factor * model_data[ ,2 ]</pre>
    model_data[ ,3 ] <<- scale_factor * model_data[ ,3 ]</pre>
  }
               <- function( config, limits=c( -1, 1 ) ){
  show
    clear3d()
    par3d(cex = 2.0)
    plot3d(
        name_axes( model_data )
      , xlim = limits , ylim = limits , zlim = limits
      , axes = FALSE, box = FALSE
    abclines3d(x = matrix(0, ncol = 3), a = diag(3), col = 'black', lwd = 3)
    view( config )
    background( 'white' )
  }
  # Return the list of functions
  list(
      cache it
                            = cache it
    , calculate
                           = calculate
                            = clip_at
    , clip_at
                           = data_length
    , data_length
                            = extents
    , extents
    , get
                            = get
                            = get_band
    , get_band
    , move_forward_backward = move_forward_backward
    , move_left_right
                           = move_left_right
    , move_up_down
                            = move_up_down
                           = rotate_on
    , rotate_on
    , show
                            = show
    , scale_it
                            = scale_it
 )
}
```

```
#' A caching Function
#' Create a model, or update it if it exists already.
# '
#' @param model_data numeric vector contents. triple dot.
#' @keywords caching
#' @examples model <- cache_model( model )</pre>
#' @export
cache_model <- function( model_data, ... ){</pre>
  # Given the data, see if its length has already been determined
  cache <- model data$data length()</pre>
  # If so...
  if( !is.null( cache )){
    message( "getting cached data" ) # Announce use of cached data
                                       # Return the length of the model_data matrix
    cache
 }
  # Otherwise...
 data <- model_data$get()</pre>
                                      # Get the model_data
  cache <- length( data, ... )</pre>
                                     # cache the model data
 model_data$cache_it( cache )
                                      # Remember the model_data
  cache
                                       # Return the cached model_data
}
# Examples
# model <- NULL
# model <- make model( readSTL( filename, plot=FALSE ) )</pre>
# model_matrix <- model$get()</pre>
# cache_model( model )
# print( model$data_length())
# model$data_length()
# model$move_up( 0.25 )
# model$move_down( 0.25 )
# model$move_left( 0.25 )
# model$move_right( 0.25 )
# model$move_forward( 0.25 )
# model$move_backward( 0.25 )
```

NOT USED

```
# text3d(
# matrix(
# c(
     0.9, 0.2 , 0.2
# , 0.2, 0.9 , 0.2
# , 0.2, 0.2 , 0.9
# , ncol = 3
# )
# , texts = c('X', 'Y', 'Z')
```