

# ECE 497: Special Project

## Weekly Report

Week 02

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# What We Did

- ▶ Set up Virtual machines to have similar environments.
- ▶ Clone the ChipYard repository.
- ▶ Build the toolchains required (Quite time-consuming)
- ▶ Followed documentation's example on how to generate a generic RISC-V chip.
- ▶ Used Verilator to simulate the default chip design.
  - ▶ Ran all tests (`make run-asm-tests`) (Quite time consuming)
  - ▶ Ran all benchmarks (`make run-bmark-tests`)
  - ▶ As expected, the default chip design passed all tests and benchmarks successfully.

# What We Learned

- ▶ *Simulated* chip designs operate at  $O(1\text{ kHz})$ .
  - ▶ According to the documentation, these are significantly easier to debug.
- ▶ *FPGA-accelerated* chip designs operate at  $O(100\text{ MHz})$ .
  - ▶ These are also significantly more difficult to debug.
  - ▶ This speed is reached only when using FireSim (AWS).
  - ▶ We believe this implies we can write out the Verilog to Alex's FPGA and test there, albeit more slowly.
- ▶ `make run-asm-tests` runs all the instructions in the CPU design, ensuring ISA compliance.
- ▶ To get waveform outputs, run `make debug` when generating the simulated chip binary.

# Next Steps

- ▶ Write the default chip out to Alex's FPGA and test.
- ▶ Use Scala/Chisel to generate a custom chip.
- ▶ Simulate the custom chip in software.
- ▶ Write the custom chip out to the FPGA.



Alon Amid et al. “Chipyard: Integrated Design, Simulation, and Implementation Framework for Custom SoCs.” In: *IEEE Micro* 40.4 (2020), pp. 10–21. ISSN: 1937-4143. DOI: [10.1109/MM.2020.2996616](https://doi.org/10.1109/MM.2020.2996616).