

digitalSTROM Virtual-Device-Connector API properties

digitalSTROM

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1 Basics

- This document is based on the "vDC API" specification. Please refer to the corresponding document for general description of the API and the available messages/calls.
- This document specifies the named properties available for different types of *addressable entities* (vDC, vdSD, vDC host) as well as the properties common for all types of addressable entities.
- All strings are UTF-8 encoded
- Properties marked optional may or may not be available in a particular implementation. If not available, *getProperty* will just not return them in the result tree, but will NOT return an error response (see description of *getProperty* in the "vDC API" specification for details). However, a *setProperty* call containing a value for a non-implemented property will return an error.

2 Common properties for all addressable entities

- The common properties must be supported by entities which can be addressed via a dSUID using this API (*addressable entities*). At the time of writing, this includes virtual devices, logical vDCs and the vDC host, but may be extended to other entities.
- The "type" property reveals the kind of entity.
- Properties common to a specific entity type are maintained in separate documents. In particular, see "vdSD properties" document for common properties of virtual devices.
- All names and fields are language independent, e.g. they must not change if the user selected a different system language on the VDC host system.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
dSUID	r	string of 34 hex characters [2*17]	the dSUID of the entity. Normally not used in regular vDC API calls, as these require the dSUID in the getProperty() call. Useful for debugging.
displayId	r	string	Human-readable identification usually printed on the physical device to identify the device, if available.
type	r	string	Type of entity: vdSD" : virtual dS device vDC" : a logical vDC vDChost" : the vDC host vdSM" : a vdSM
model	r	string	Human-readable model string of the entity. Should be descriptive enough to allow a human to associate it with a <i>kind</i> of hardware or software. Is mapped to "hardwareInfo" in vdsm and upstream
modelVersion	r	string	Human-readable model version string of the device, if available
modelUID	r	string	digitalSTROM system unique ID for the functional model of the entity. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>modelUID</i> must be equal between all functionally identical entities (especially, devices) dS system. If different connected hardware devices provide EXACTLY the same dS functionality, these devices MAY have the same <i>modelUID</i> but will have different <i>hardwareModelGuid</i>. Vice versa, for example two identical hardware input devices will have the same <i>hardwareModelGuid</i>, but different <i>modelUID</i> if one input is mapped as a button, and the other as a binary-input.
modelVersion	r	optional string	string describing the model's version as seen by the end user (usually the firmware version of the vdc host)
hardwareVersion	r	optional string	Human-readable string describing the hardware device's version represented by this entity, if available
hardwareGuid	r	optional string	hardware's native globally unique identifier (GUID), if any, in URN-like format: <i>formatname:actualID</i> <p>The following formats are in use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>gs1:(01)ggggg(21)sssss</i> = GS.1 formatted GTIN plus serial number <i>macaddress:MMMMMM</i> = MAC Address <i>enoceanaddress:XXXXXXXX</i> = 8 hex digits EnOcean device address <i>uuid:UUUUUUUU</i> = UUID

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Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
hardwareModelGuid	r	optional string	<p>hardware model's native globally unique identification, if any, in URN-like format: <i>formatname:actualID</i></p> <p>The following formats are in use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>gs1:(01)ggggg</i> = GS.1 formatted GTIN • <i>enoceaneep:oofftt</i> = 6 hex digits EnOcean Equipment Profile (EEP) number
vendorName	r	optional string	Human-readable string of the device manufacturer or vendor
vendorGuid	r	optional string	<p>globally unique identification of the vendor, in URN-like format:</p> <p>The following formats are in use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>enoceanvendor:vvv[:name]</i> = 3 hex digits EnOcean vendor ID, optionally followed by a colon and the clear text vendor name if known • <i>vendorname:name</i> = clear text name of the vendor • <i>gs1:(412)llll</i> = GS1 formatted Global Location Number of the vendor
oemGuid	r	optional string	Globally unique identifier (GUID) of the product the hardware is embedded in, if any - see hardwareGuid for format variants.
oemModelGuid	r	optional string	Globally unique identifier (GUID) of the product model (if any) in <i>gs1:(01)gggggggggggg</i> format. Often referred to as GTIN.
configURL	r	optional string	full URL how to reach the web configuration of this device (if any)
deviceIcon16	r	optional binary png image	16x16 pixel png image to represent this device in the digitalSTROM configurator UI
deviceIconName	r	optional string	filename-safe name for the icon (a-z, 0-9, _, -, no spaces or funny characters!). This allows for more efficient caching in Web UIs - many devices might have the same icon, so web UIs don't need to load the actual data (<i>deviceIcon16</i>) for every device again, as long as devices show the same <i>deviceIconName</i> .
name	r/w	string	<p>user-specified name of the entity. Is also stored upstreams in the vdSM and further up, but is useful for the vDC to know for configuration and debugging.</p> <p>The vDC usually generates descriptive default names for newly connected devices. When the vdSM registers a device, it should read this property and propagate the name towards the dSS. When the user changes the name via the dSS configurator, this property should be updated with the new name.</p>
deviceClass	r	optional string	digitalSTROM defined unique name of a device class profile
deviceClassVersion	r	optional string	revision number of the device class profile
active	r	optional boolean	<p>operation state of the addressable entity. If this is not true, this means the associated hardware cannot operate normally at this time. This might be due to communication problems, radio range limitations, missing configuration etc.</p> <p>When a vDC detects a change in <i>active</i>, this will be reported to vDC API clients via <i>pushProperty</i>. However, vDCs cannot guarantee timely updates of <i>active</i> in all cases. In particular, detecting hardware becoming disconnected or no longer reachable might involve long timeouts or might not be feasible at all, depending on the hardware type.</p> <p>Note: <i>active</i> is optional only to maintain backwards compatibility with earlier versions of this specification. Still, <i>active</i> should be implemented in all modern vDCs.</p> <p>Note: <i>active</i> does not replace the <i>ping/pong</i> mechanism that always could be used to poll the operation state. <i>ping/pong</i> must be implemented in all vDCs.</p>

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Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
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Identification Properties in the vDC API

		device instance	device model	device class	Format
System IDs		dSUID		modelGUID	digitalSTROM system defined formats
				deviceClass	
				deviceClassVersion	
				xxxDescriptions	
Real-world identification, database matching		of the technical endpoint	hardwareGuid	hardwareModelGuid	schema:<id> formatted
		of the hard- or software the technical endpoint device is embedded in	oemGuid	oemModelGuid	
		of the vendor		vendorId	
End user faced info		of the device	name	model	free form texts, only for human readers
		of the vendor		vendorName	
		of versions		modelVersion	
				hardwareVersion	

Schemas used so far for Guids (schema:guid formats)

Schema	example ID	used for property	where
gs1:	(01)4050300870342(21)3696724640	hardwareGuid	devices which have a native GTIN and serial number, such as some DALI devices
gs1:	(01)4050300870342	hardwareModelGuid, oemModelGuid	devices which have a native GTIN for identifying the device model
gs1:	gs1:(412)7640161170001	vendorId	Vendor's GLN if vendor has one
uuid:	2f402f80-ea50-11e1-9b23-001778216465	hardwareGuid	devices identified best by UUID, like hue bridge (or UPnP devices in general)
macaddress:	45:A2:00:BC:73:B8	hardwareGuid	devices identified best by MAC-Address like Smarter iKettle 2 (in general IP devices that have no better identification number of their own)
enoceanaddress:	A4BC23D2	hardwareGuid	EnOcean device instances (32-bit EnOcean address)
enoceaneep:	A50904	hardwareModelGuid	EnOcean device type (24-bit profile number)
enoceanvendor:	002:Themokon	vendorId	EnOcean vendor Id code (and name if known by vdc)
hueuid:	00:17:88:01:00:bd:ef:d1-0b	hardwareGuid	hue lights
smartermodel:	ikettle2	hardwareModelGuid	Smarter iKettle
vzughomemodel:	MSLQ	hardwareModelGuid	VZug Home (IP connected) devices
vzugeyemode:	WA-AL	hardwareModelGuid	VZug eye (optical, retrofit) devices
vzughome:	MSLQ#7768123672	hardwareGuid	VZug Home (IP connected) devices
vzugeye:	WA-AL#136273722	hardwareGuid	VZug eye (optical, retrofit) devices
voxnetdevicemode:	voxnet219	hardwareModelGuid	Revox Voxnet
voxnetdeviceid:	#R001EC0DD0B1D0	hardwareGuid	Revox Voxnet
sparkcoreid:	53ff1a065067544840310697	hardwareGuid	(experimental) particle.io based plan44 light devices
none		all *Guid	if the device does absolutely have no reliable GUID, it will not return a value

Figure 1: Overview of identifying properties

3 Virtual device connector (vDC) properties

- The following table applies to entities which have a value of "vDC" for the "type" property.
- All vDCs must also support the basic set of properties as described under [2 "Common properties"](#) above.

3.1 Properties on the vDC level

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
capabilities	r	list of property elements	Descriptions (invariable properties) of the vdc's capabilities. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• each capability is represented as a property element (key/-value) See 3.2 below for defined capabilities
zoneID	r/w	integer, global dS Zone ID	this should be updated by the vdSM to reflect the default zone the vdc has.
implementationId	r	string	Unique id used to identify vdc implementation. Non-digitalSTROM vdc's must use "x-company-" prefix to avoid collisions.

3.2 vDC Capabilities

- Capabilities of the vDC. The properties described here are part of the vDC-level property. See property **capabilities** above.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
metering	r	optional boolean	if true, the vdc provides metering data
identification	r	optional boolean	if true, the vdc provides a way of identifying itself. E.g. a LED that can be blinked.
dynamicDefinitions	r	optional boolean	if true, the vdc supports dynamic device definitions, e.g. propertyDescriptions and actionsDescriptions.

4 Virtual digitalSTROM device (vdSD) properties

- The following table applies to entities which have a value of "vdSD" for the "type" property.
- All vdSDs must also support the basic set of properties as described under [2 "Common properties"](#) above.

4.1 Properties on the vdSD level

4.1.1 General device properties

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
primaryGroup	r	integer, dS class number	basic class (color) of the device
zoneID	r/w	integer, global dS Zone ID	this should be updated by the vdSM to reflect the zone the device is in. The vDC may use this value to optimize zone calls (i.e. bundle calls to actual hardware if single device calls are slow)
progMode	r/w	optional boolean	enables local programming mode (for those devices that have it)
modelFeatures	r	list of property elements	Descriptions (invariable properties) of the device model features. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• each available feature is represented as a property element (key/value) with a boolean true value. Not available features are not included in the list.• this property represents the virtual device's row in the "visibility Matrix", and determines what dSS configurator UI features (dialogs, settings, controls) the device will have.
currentConfigId	r	optional string	Configuration or profile ID that is currently activate in the dS-Device. The current active configuration can be changed with the "setConfiguration" generic request message.
configurations	r	list of property elements	List of configuration or profiles ID's supported by this device.

4.1.2 Inputs

- Virtual devices can have zero to several buttons, binary (digital) inputs and sensors. The following container properties provide access to the set of properties related to each input. The individual subproperties are described in separate paragraphs further down.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
buttonInputDescriptions	r	optional list of property elements	<p>Descriptions (invariable properties) of the buttons in the device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> represented as a list of property elements, one for each button in the device. The property elements are named sequentially "0","1",... <p>See 4.2.1 Button Input Descriptions for details</p>
buttonInputSettings	r/w	optional list of property elements	<p>Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) of the buttons in the device.</p> <p>See 4.2.2 Button Input Settings for details</p>
buttonInputStates	r/w	optional list of property elements	<p>State (changing during operation of the device, but not persistently stored in the vDC) of a button.</p> <p>See 4.2.3 Button Input States for details</p>
binaryInputDescriptions	r	optional list of property elements	<p>Descriptions of the binary inputs in the device.</p> <p>See 4.3.1 Binary Input Descriptions for details</p>
binaryInputSettings	r/w	optional list of property elements	<p>Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) of the binary inputs in the device.</p> <p>See 4.3.2 Binary Input Settings for details</p>
binaryInputStates	r/w	optional list of property elements	<p>State (changing during operation of the device, but not persistently stored in the vDC) of a binary input.</p> <p>See 4.3.3 Binary Input States for details</p>
sensorDescriptions	r	optional list of property elements	<p>Descriptions of the sensors in the device.</p> <p>See 4.4.1 Sensor Input Descriptions for details</p>
sensorSettings	r/w	optional list of property elements	<p>Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) of the sensors in the device.</p> <p>See 4.5.3 Sensor Input Settings for details</p>
sensorStates	r/w	optional list of property elements	<p>Value of a sensor. Changing during operation of the device, but not persistently stored in the vDC.</p> <p>See 4.4.3 Sensor Input States for details</p>
deviceActionDescriptions	r	optional list of property elements	<p>Descriptions of the available action methods in the device.</p> <p>See 4.5 Action Descriptions for details</p>
customActions	r/w	optional list of property elements	<p>Descriptions of the user defined actions methods in the device.</p> <p>See 4.5 Action Descriptions for details</p>
deviceStateDescriptions	r	optional list of property elements	<p>Descriptions of the available state objects in the device.</p> <p>See 4.6.1 State Descriptions for details</p>
deviceStates	r/w	optional list of property elements	<p>Value of the state objects.</p> <p>See 4.6.2 State Descriptions for details</p>
devicePropertyDescriptions	r	optional list of property elements	<p>Descriptions of the available property objects in the device.</p> <p>See 4.6.3 Property Descriptions for details</p>

deviceProperties	r/w	optional list of property elements	Value of the property objects. See 4.6.4 Property Descriptions for details
deviceEventDescriptions	r	optional list of property elements	Descriptions of the available events in the device. See 4.7 Event Descriptions for details

4.1.3 Outputs and Channels

Virtual devices in the digitalSTROM system can have a single output (or none at all, as for pure button devices). The output can have one or multiple *channels*. Outputs with complex functionality like color lights or blinds usually have multiple *channels* to control different aspects of the output separately.

Important Notes:

- Devices with no output at all do not have output- and channel-related properties.
- Output is meant as “output functionality” - like a lamp, a blind, a washing machine. Such outputs may need multiple physical parameters to control, and thus will likely have multiple physical/-electrical output lines. These multiple parameters do not count as separate outputs, but are called channels (of the single output, see below)
- If a physical device does have multiple, independent outputs (such as a multi-channel dimmer for example), a vDC must represent such a physical device as multiple virtual devices, with separate dSUIDs. The dSUID numbering scheme provides an enumeration field (17th byte) for that purpose.

For further notes on compatibility see [5](#).

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
outputDescription	r	optional list of output description properties	Descriptions (invariable properties) of the device’s output. Devices with no output don’t have this property. See 4.8.1 Output Descriptions for details
outputSettings	r/w	optional list of output settings properties	Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) of the device’s output. Devices with no output don’t have this property. See 4.8.2 Output Settings for details
outputState	r/w	optional list of output state properties	State (changing during operation of the device, but not persistently stored in the vDC) of the outputs. Devices with no output don’t have this property. See 4.8.3 Output States for details
channelDescriptions	r	optional list of property elements	Descriptions (invariable properties) of the channels in the device. See 4.9.1 Channel Descriptions for details
channelSettings	r/w	optional list of property elements	Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) of the channels in the device. See 4.9.2 Channel Settings for details
channelStates	r/w	optional list of property elements	State (changing during operation of the device, but not persistently stored in the vDC) of the channels. See 4.9.3 Channel States for details

4.1.4 Scenes

- This property is available on devices having at least one output with standard behaviour defined, such as light, or shadow. Input-only devices do not support this property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
scenes	r/w	optional list of property elements	<p>The scene table of the device</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• represented as a list of property elements, one for each scene.• The property elements are named by scene number, starting with "0". <p>See 4.10 Scene Descriptions for details</p>

4.2 Button Input

4.2.1 Button Input Description

- Description (invariable properties) of a button. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the device-level [4.1.2 buttonInputDescriptions](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
name	r	string	human readable name/number for the input (e.g. matching labels for hardware connectors)
dsIndex	r	integer	0..N-1, where N=number of buttons in this device.
supportsLocalKeyMode	r	boolean	can be local button
buttonID	r	optional integer 0..n	ID of physical button. No ID means no fixed assignment to a button. All elements of a multi-function hardware button must have the same buttonID.
buttonType	r	integer enum	Type of physical button 0: undefined 1: single pushbutton 2: 2-way pushbutton 3: 4-way navigation button 4: 4-way navigation with center button 5: 8-way navigation with center button 6: on-off switch
buttonElementID	r	integer	Element of multi-contact button 0: center 1: down 2: up 3: left 4: right 5: upper left 6: lower left 7: upper right 8: lower right Note: For undefined <i>buttonType</i> , <i>buttonElement</i> just enumerates the elements [0..numElements-1]

4.2.2 Button Input Settings

- Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) for a button. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the device-level [4.1.2 buttonInputSettings](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
group	r/w	integer	dS group number
function	r/w	integer 0..15	see LTNUM descriptions (0: device, 5: room, ...)
mode	r/w	integer	255: inactive 0: standard 2: presence 5..8 : button1..4 down 9..12 : button1..4 up
channel	r/w	integer enum	channel this button should control 0: (default) button controls the default channel 1..191: reserved for digitalSTROM standard channel types 192..239: device specific channel types

setsLocalPriority	r/w	boolean	button should set local priority
callsPresent	r/w	boolean	button should call present (if system state is absent)

4.2.3 Button Input State

- State (current state, changing during operation of the device, but not persistently stored in the vDC) of a button. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the device-level [4.1.2 buttonInputStates](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
value	r	boolean or NULL	false=inactive true=active NULL=unknown state
clickType	r	integer enum	Most recent click state of the button: 0: tip_1x 1: tip_2x 2: tip_3x 3: tip_4x 4: hold_start 5: hold_repeat 6: hold_end 7: click_1x 8: click_2x 9: click_3x 10: short_long 11: local_off 12: local_on 13: short_short_long 14: local_stop 255: idle {no recent click}
age	r	double or NULL	age of the state shown in the <i>value</i> and <i>clickType</i> fields in seconds. If no recent state is known, returns NULL.
error	r	integer enum	0: ok 1: open circuit 2: short circuit 4: bus connection problem 5: low battery in device 6: other device error

Alternatively, buttons can emit direct scene calls instead of button clicks. So the *buttonInputState* can contain the *actionId* and *actionMode* properties instead of *value* and *clickType* when the most current button action was not a regular click event, but a direct scene call:

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
actionId	r	integer	scene id
actionMode	r	integer enum	0: normal 1: force 2: undo

4.3 Binary Input

4.3.1 Binary Input Description

- Description (invariable properties) of a binary input. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the device-level [4.1.2 *binaryInputDescriptions*](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
name	r	string	human readable name/number for the input (e.g. matching labels for hardware connectors)
dsIndex	r	integer	0..N-1, where N=number of binary inputs in this device.
inputType	r	integer (inputs with binary functions supported only)	0: poll only 1: detects changes
inputUsage	r	integer enum	Describes the usage field for the input (beyond device color) 0: undefined (generic usage or unknown) 1: room climate 2: outdoor climate 3: climate setting (from user)
sensorFunction	r	integer enum	hardwired function of this input if it is not freely configurable. See <i>sensorFunction</i> in <i>binaryInputSettings[]</i> below for all possible values. Specifically, hardwired functions in use are: 0 means generic input with no hardware-defined functionality. 12 Battery low status (set when battery is low)
updateInterval	r	double	how fast the physical value is tracked, in seconds

4.3.2 Binary Input Settings

- Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) for a button. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the device-level [4.1.2 binaryInputSettings](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
group	r/w	integer	dS group number
sensorFunction	r/w	integer enum	0 App Mode (no system function) 1 Presence 2 Light – not yet in use 3 Presence in darkness – not yet in use 4 Twilight 5 Motion detector 6 Motion in darkness– not yet in use 7 Smoke detector 8 Wind monitor 9 Rain monitor 10 Sun radiation 11 Thermostat 12 Battery low status (set when battery is low) 13 Window contact (set when window is open) 14 Door contact (set when door is open) 15 Window handle, status is close, open, or tilted 16 Garage door contact (set when garage door is open) 17 Sun protection 18 Frost detection 19 Heating system enabled 20 Heating change-over, switch between heating and cooling mode 21 Initialization status (set during startup or powerup of devices) 22 Malfunction: Connected device is broken and requires maintenance. Operation may have seized. 23 Service: Connected device requires maintenance. Normal operation still possible.

4.3.3 Binary Input State

- State (current state, changing during operation of the device, but not persistently stored in the vDC) of a button. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the device-level [4.1.2 binaryInputStates](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
value	r	boolean NULL	or false=inactive true=active NULL=unknown state
extendedValue	r	integer or NULL	The property 'extendedValue' replaces the property 'value'. If the property extendedValue is present, the property value is not needed. The data from property 'value' is overwritten.
age	r	double or NULL	age of the state shown in the value and clickType fields in seconds. If no recent state is known, returns NULL.
error	r	integer enum	0: ok 1: open circuit 2: short circuit 4: bus connection problem 5: low battery in device 6: other device error

4.4 Sensor Input

4.4.1 Sensor Input Description

- Description (invariable properties) of a sensor input. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the device-level [4.1.2 sensorDescriptions](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
name	r	string	human readable name/number for the sensor
dsIndex	r	integer	0..N-1, where N=number of sensors in this device.
sensorType	r	integer enum	<p>Describes the type of physical unit the sensor measures</p> <p>0 : none 1 : Temperature in °C 2 : Relative humidity in % 3 : Illumination in lux 4 : supply voltage level in V 5 : CO concentration in ppm 6 : Radon activity in Bq/m3 7 : gas type sensor 8 : particles <10µm in µg/m3 9 : particles <2.5µm in µg/m3 10 : particles <1µm in µg/m3 11 : room operating panel set point, 0..100% 12 : fan speed, 0..1 [0=off, <0=auto) 13 : Wind speed in m/s (average) 14 : Active Power in W 15 : Electric current in A 16 : Energy Meter in kWh 17 : Apparent Power in VA 18 : Air pressure in hPa 19 : Wind direction in degrees 20 : Sound pressure level in dB 21 : Precipitation intensity in mm/m2 (sum of last hour) 22 : CO2 concentration in ppm 23 : Wind gust speed in m/s 24 : Wind gust direction in degrees 25 : Generated Active Power in W 26 : Generated Energy in kWh 27 : Water Quantity in l 28 : Water Flow Rate in l/s</p>

sensorUsage	r	integer enum	Describes the usage field for the sensor 0: undefined (generic usage or unknown) 1: room 2: outdoor 3: user interaction (setting, dial) 4: device level measurement (total, sum) 5: device level last run 6: device level average
min	r	double	min value
max	r	double	max value
resolution	r	double	resolution (size of LSB of actual HW sensor)
updateInterval	r	double	how fast the physical value is tracked, in seconds, approximately. The purpose of this is to give information about the time resolution that can be expected from that sensor.
aliveSignInterval	r	double	how fast the sensor minimally sends an update. If sensor does not push a value for longer than that, it can be considered out-of-order

4.4.2 Sensor Input Settings

- Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) for a sensor. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the device-level [4.1.2 sensorSettings](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
group	r/w	integer	dS group number
minPushInterval	r/w	double	minimum interval between pushes of changed state in seconds default = 2
changesOnlyInterval	r/w	double	minimum interval between pushes with same value [in case sensor hardware sends update, but with same value as before - only age will differ]. default = 0 = all updates from hardware trigger a push

4.4.3 Sensor Input State

- State (current state, changing during operation of the device, but not persistently stored in the vDC) of a sensor. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the device-level [4.1.2 sensorStates](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
value	r	double or NULL	current sensor value in the unit according to sensorType. If no recent state is known, returns NULL
age	r	double or NULL	age of the state shown in the value field in seconds. If no recent state is known, returns NULL.
contextId	r	integer or NULL	Numerical Id of context data. Optional, returns NULL if context data not available.
contextMsg	r	string or NULL	Text message of context data. Optional, returns NULL if context data not available.
error	r	integer enum	0: ok 1: open circuit 2: short circuit 4: bus connection problem 5: low battery in device 6: other device error

4.5 Action Descriptions

4.5.1 Parameter Objects

- Parameter descriptions used by action method and properties

Field Name	Attributes	Type	Description
type	mandatory	numeric enumeration string	data type of the parameter value
min	opt, numeric only	double	minimum value
max	opt, numeric only	double	maximum value
resolution	opt, numeric only	double	resolution (size of LSB of actual HW sensor)
siunit	opt, numeric only	string	The SI Unit as a string, incl. prefixes like kilo or milli. For examples see http://www.ebyte.it/library/educards/siunits/TablesOfSiUnitsAndPrefixes.html
options	opt, enumeration only	list of key:value pairs	the option values for the enumeration
default	opt, all types	double, string or option	the default value of this parameter

4.5.2 Device Action Descriptions

Action descriptions describe basic functionalities and operation processes of a device. They serve as a template to create custom defined actions as variation of templates with modified parameter sets.

- Description of the basic device actions methods. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the *deviceActionDescriptions* property (invariable).

Property Name	Attributes	Type	Description
name	mandatory	string	name of this action property entry
params	optional	list of Parameter Objects	parameter list related to this action
description	optional	string	description of this template action

4.5.3 Standard and Custom and Dynamic Actions

- Standard actions are static and immutable, and as such implemented and defined by the device.
- Custom actions are configured by the user. They can be created via API and are persistently stored on the VDC.
- Dynamic device actions are created on the native device side. They can be created, changed or deleted by interaction on the device itself.
- Actions properties described here are contained in the elements of the *standardActions* property (invariable).

Property Name	Attributes	Type	Description
name	mandatory	string	unique id of this standard action property entry, always has prefix std.

action	mandatory	string	name of the template action, on which this standard action is based upon
params	optional	list of Parameter Name : Value pairs	list of parameter values that are different to the template action

- Actions properties described here are contained in the elements of the *customActions* property.

Property Name	Attributes	Type	Description
name	mandatory	string	unique id of this custom action property entry, always has prefix <i>custom</i> .
action	mandatory	string	reference id of the template action, on which this standard action is based upon
title	mandatory	string	human readable name of this custom action, in most cases given the user
params	optional	list of Parameter Name : Value pairs	list of parameter values that are different to the template action

- Actions properties described here are contained in the elements of the *dynamicDeviceActions* property.

Property Name	Attributes	Type	Description
name	mandatory	string	unique id of this custom action property entry, always has prefix <i>dynamic</i> .
title	mandatory	string	human readable name of this custom action, in most cases given the user

4.6 States and Properties

Device State represent a status within a device. States differ from *Properties* in the way that they have limited number of possible values, whereas *Properties* are more generic and do have limitations on their value, with respect to their type.

4.6.1 Device State Descriptions

- Description of the state. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the *deviceStateDescriptions* property (invariable).
- State changes are signaled along with the new state value.

Property Name	Attributes	Type	Description
name	mandatory	string	name of this state property entry
options	mandatory	list of Option Id : Value pairs	option list related to this state, e.g. 0: Off, 1: Initializing, 2: Running, 3: Shutdown
description	optional	string	description of this state

4.6.2 Device State Values

- Value of the state. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the *deviceStates* property.

Property Name	Attributes	Type	Description
name	mandatory	string	name of this state property entry
value	mandatory	string	option value

4.6.3 Device Property Descriptions

- Description of a device property. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the *devicePropertyDescriptions* property (invariable).

Property Name	Attributes	Type	Description
name	mandatory	string	name of this property entry
type	mandatory	numeric enumeration string	data type of the property value
min	opt, numeric only	double	minimum value
max	opt, numeric only	double	maximum value
resolution	opt, numeric only	double	resolution (size of LSB of actual HW sensor)
siunit	opt, numeric only	string	The SI Unit as a string, incl. prefixes like kilo or milli. For examples see http://www.ebyte.it/library/educards/siunits/TablesOfSiUnitsAndPrefixes.html
options	opt, enumeration only	list of key:value pairs	the option values for the enumeration
default	opt, all types	double, string or option	the default value of this property

4.6.4 Device Property Values

- Value of the property. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the *device-Properties* property.

Property Name	Attributes	Type	Description
name	mandatory	string	name of this state property entry
value	mandatory	string	property value

4.7 Device Events

Device *Events* are state-less

a status within a device. *States* differ from *Properties* in the way that they have limited number of possible values, whereas *Properties* are more generic and do have limitations on their value, with respect to their type.

4.7.1 Device Event Descriptions

- Description of the event. The properties described here are contained in the elements of the *deviceEventDescriptions* property (invariable).

Property Name	Attributes	Type	Description
name	mandatory	string	name of this event property entry
description	optional	string	description of this event

4.8 Output

- Note: devices with no output functionality return a NULL response when queried for *outputDescription*, *outputSettings* or *outputState*

4.8.1 Output Description

- Description (invariable properties) of the device's output. The properties described here are contained in the device-level 4.1.3 *outputDescription* property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
defaultGroup	r	integer	dS Application Id of the device
name	r	string	human readable name/number for the output (e.g. matching labels for hardware connectors)
function	r	integer enum	0: on/off only (with channel 1, "brightness", switched on when "brightness">>"onThreshold") 1: dimmer (with channel 1, "brightness") 2: positional (e.g. valves, blinds) 3: dimmer with color temperature (with channels 1 and 4, "brightness", "ct") 4: full color dimmer (with channels 1-6, "brightness", "hue", "saturation", "ct", "cieX", "cieY") 5: bipolar, with negative and positive values (e.g. combined heating/-cooling valve, in/out fan control) 6: internally controlled (e.g. device has temperature control algorithm integrated)
outputUsage	r	integer enum	Describes the usage field for the output (beyond device color) 0: undefined (generic usage or unknown) 1: room 2: outdoors 3: user (display/indicator)
variableRamp	r	boolean	supports variable ramps
maxPower	r	optional double	max output power in Watts. If absent, power capability is undefined
activeCoolingMode	r	optional boolean	Set to true if the device can actively cool (e.g. air-condition and FCU devices)

4.8.2 Output Settings

- Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) for the device's output. The properties described here are contained in the device-level [4.1.3 outputSettings](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
activeGroup	r/w	integer	dS Application Id of the device
groups	r/w	list of boolean property elements	<p>contains a list of property elements with a boolean value, representing this device's output's membership in one or multiple groups.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The name of the subproperty represents the dS group number ("1" to "63"). For efficiency reasons, only "true" values are returned, so the result of requesting the entire subproperty list with a wildcard query is a list of groups the output is member of (thus usually consisting of a few elements only) When querying a single group by ID, a NULL value is returned if the output is not a member of the queried group. For writing, value can be true or false to add or remove a group membership.
mode	r/w	integer enum	0: disabled, inactive 1: binary 2: gradual 127: default (generically enabled using device's default mode)
pushChanges	r/w	boolean	if set, locally generated changes in the output value will be pushed
onThreshold	r/w	optional double	Light outputs: minimum brightness level (0..100%) that will switch on non-dimmable lamps. Defaults to 50%.
minBrightness	r/w	optional double	minimum brightness (0..100%) that hardware supports (for dimming outputs). This value is used for <i>callSceneMin</i> and dimming. Devices pre-set this value according to the dimmer capabilities, but the value can be changed to adjust depending on connected light
dimTimeUp	r/w	optional integer	Light outputs: dim up time in digitalSTROM 8-bit dim time format: $4msbits = exp, 4lsbits = lin, time = 100ms/32 * 2^{exp} * (17 + lin)$
dimTimeDown	r/w	optional integer	Light outputs: dim down time in digitalSTROM 8-bit dim time format
dimTimeUpAlt1	r/w	optional integer	Light outputs: alternate 1 dim up time in digitalSTROM 8-bit dim time format
dimTimeDownAlt1	r/w	optional integer	Light outputs: alternate 1 dim down time in digitalSTROM 8-bit dim time format
dimTimeUpAlt2	r/w	optional integer	Light outputs: alternate 2 dim up time in digitalSTROM 8-bit dim time format
dimTimeDownAlt2	r/w	optional integer	Light outputs: alternate 2 dim down time in digitalSTROM 8-bit dim time format
heatingSystemCapability	r/w	optional integer enum	Climate control: specifies how "heatingLevel" controlValue is applied: 1: heating only (heatingLevel 0..100 -> output 0..100) 2: cooling only (heatingLevel 0..-100 -> output 0..100) 3: heating and cooling (heatingLevel -100..0..100 is directly applied in case of bipolar output, and absolute value (0..100) is applied to unipolar outputs)

heatingSystemType	r/w	optional integer enum	Climate control: specifies which kind of valve type or actuator is attached: 0: undefined 1: floor heating (valve) 2: radiator (valve) 3: wall heating (valve) 4: convector passive 5: convector active 6: floor heating low energy (valve)
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4.8.3 Output State

- State (current state, changing during operation of the device, but not persistently stored in the vDC) of the device's output. The properties described here are contained in the device-level [4.1.3 outputState](#) property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
localPriority	r/w	boolean	enables local priority of the device's output. In local priority mode, device ignores scene calls unless the scene has the <i>ignoreLocalPriority</i> flag set, or the <i>callScene</i> call has the force parameter set to true
error	r	integer enum	0: ok 1: open circuit / lamp broken 2: short circuit 3: overload 4: bus connection problem 5: low battery in device 6: other device error

4.9 Output Channel

4.9.1 Output Channel Description

Description (invariable properties) of the device's channels. The properties described here are contained in the device-level 4.1.3 *channelDescriptions* property.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
name	r	string	human readable name/number for the channel (e.g. matching labels for hardware connectors)
channelType	r	integer	Numerical Type Id of the channel. For definitions of output channel types please refer to the document ds-basics.pdf , section "Output Channels".
dsIndex	r	integer	0..N-1, where N=number of channels in this device. The index is used for dS-OS and DSM API addressing. Index "0" is by definition the default output channel.
min	r	double	min value
max	r	double	max value
resolution	r	double	resolution

The following attributes shall no longer be used (Version 1.0.2):

channelIndex	r	integer	0..N-1, where N=number of channels in this device. The index is device specific and no assumption on any particular order of indexes vs. channel types must be made.
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4.9.2 Output Channel Settings

Settings (properties that can be changed and are stored persistently in the vDC) for the device's channels. The properties described here are contained in the device-level 4.1.3 *channelSettings* property.

Notice Currently there are no per-channel settings defined

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
-	-	-	-

4.9.3 Output Channel State

Current state of the device's channels. The properties described here are contained in the device-level 4.1.3 *channelStates* property.

Notice Channel State must not be written to. Instead, the notification *setOutputChannelValue* must be used.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
value	r	double	current channel value (brightness, blind position, power on/off)
age	r	double	age of the state shown in the value field in seconds. This indicates when the value was last applied to the actual device hardware, or when an actual output status was last received from the device. age is NULL when a new value was set, but not yet applied to the device

4.10 Scene

- A scene stores a set of values to apply to the outputs of the device when a particular scene is called.
- As outputs can be looked at in two different ways, by index or by channel (see description for 4.1.3 “Outputs” above), each scene contains the scene values for each output in two forms, once by output number (property “outputs”) and once by channel type (property “channels”)

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
channels	r/w	list of property elements	<p>For each channel, a scene value (consisting of value and <i>dontCare</i> flag, see 4.10.1 Scene Value below).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • represented as a list of property elements, one for each channel in the device. • The property elements are named by channel type id (which can be 0 for devices controlling an unspecified functionality, such as a generic switch output)
effect	r/w	integer enum	<p>Specifies the effect to be applied when this scene is invoked. The following standard effects are defined (%%% note: enum might change, specification in discussion %%%):</p> <p>0 : no effect, immediate transition 1 : smooth normal transition (corresponds with former dimTimeSelector==0) 2 : slow transition (corresponds with former dimTimeSelector==1) 3 : very slow transition (corresponds with former dimTimeSelector==2) 4 : blink (for light devices) / alerting (in general: an effect that draws the user's attention)</p> <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • stored scene values may or may not be used to parametrize the effect, depending on the type of effect. For example, the blink effect with a multi-color lamp must use the color values as set in the scene, regardless of the <i>dontCare</i> flags. • When the effect has finished, channels with <i>dontCare</i> set will revert to the value present before the effect, while channels with <i>dontCare</i> not set are expected to have now the values as stored in the scene.
dontCare	r/w	boolean	scene-global <i>dontCare</i> flag: if set, calling this scene does not apply <i>any</i> of the stored channel values, regardless of the individual scene value's <i>dontCare</i> flags
ignoreLocalPriority	r/w	boolean	calling this scene overrides local priority

4.10.1 Scene Value

- A scene value contains the value to apply to the related output when the scene is called, and the *dontCare* flag that can be set to *prevent* the value to be applied

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
value	r/w	double	The value for the related channel. The value range and resolution is the same as for the related channel's <i>channelState value</i> property
dontCare	r/w	boolean	channel-specific <i>dontCare</i> flag: if set, calling this scene does not apply the stored channel value (but possibly other channel's values which don't have <i>dontCare</i> set)
automatic	r/w	boolean	channel-specific automatic flag: if set, calling this scene activates the internal automatic control logic

4.11 Control Values

- Control Values are not regular properties, but like properties, control values are named values and thus similar to properties. Unlike properties, control values cannot be read but only written to a vdSD, using the *setControlValue* call.

Property Name	acc	Type / Range	Description
heatingLevel	w	double	{dS Sensortype 50}: level of heating intensity -100..100: 0=no heating or cooling 100=max heating -100=max cooling

5 digitalSTROM mapping compatibility

An important design goal for the vDC API and the property set was to avoid carrying over dS specific limitations. On the other hand, the vDC API was designed to support capabilities current dSS 1.x architecture can't support yet, but are likely to be implemented in future dS versions. Still, the vDC + vdSM needs to be compatible with existing dSS 1.x installations.

To achieve this, vDC devices (vdSDs) that provide functionality similar or equal to existing digitalSTROM hardware devices (dSDs), must have **sensible default settings that make them mappable into existing dSS 1.x installations**. This chapter lists the conventions that must be followed for certain device types to make them mappable into dSS 1.x environments.

5.1 2-way buttons

2-way buttons (rockers) like present in many EnOcean devices must conform to the following default behaviour:

- The vdSD must have two button inputs (represented by 2 array elements in the buttonInputDescriptions/Settings/States property arrays)
- The buttonInput with index = 0 must represent the "down" button
- The buttonInput with index = 1 must represent the "up" button
- buttonInputSettings[0].mode must be 6 (down button paired with second input)
- buttonInputSettings[1].mode must be 9 (up button paired with first input)

5.2 Multiple vdSDs in a single hardware device

Some hardware devices contain more than one instance of a certain functional unit. Usually, these are represented as a separate vdSD each, to allow maximum flexibility in the way the functional units can be used.

For example, a dual 2-way button EnOcean device will be represented as 2 entirely separate vdSDs, because despite the physical proximity, each button might control a different zone, group or function. By default, such a device will be represented as 2 separate SW-TKM210 (dual input) devices. However, the vdSM might want to represent it as a single SW-TKM200 (quad input) device. To allow the vdSM to find out which and how many vdSDs are in the same hardware device, the vdSD *should* expose this information as follows:

- The dSUID has a 17th byte reserved to enumerate devices belonging to the same hardware, starting at zero.
- The first 16 bytes of the dSUID needs to be the same for all vdSD belonging to the same hardware.
- Usually, multiple devices are enumerated 0,1,2, etc. However, in some cases, a hardware device might have different configurations with different numbers of vdSD depending on configuration - in these cases enumeration might follow other schemes than simple increment. For example, the aforementioned dual 2-way button EnOcean device uses 0 for the first and 2 for the second rocker - to possibly allow representing each rocker as two separate vdSDs (0,1 and 2,3).
- This association of vdSDs to a containing hardware device must only be made when the number of contained vdSDs and their enumeration is unambiguous and permanent. So just 3 modules that usually ship mounted on a common frame, but can be easily separated and used independently should not use the enumeration but have fully distinct dSUIDs (different in first 16 bytes).

6 Change Log

Document History for DocumentID: digitalSTROM Virtual-Device-Connector API properties

date	change description
2014-12-01	Initial version 1.0
2015-01-13	Version 1.0.1 Removed references to non existing properties <i>numDevicesInHW</i> and <i>deviceIndexInHW</i> . Added description of dSUID enumeration. instead
2017-05-10	Version 1.0.2 Added outputChannelDescriptions with index-based names

Todo list