2017-2018 学年第一学期《高等数学 AI》试卷 (A)

授课班号	年加土小	<u> </u>	姓名	
汉	年级专业_		XL12	

題型	选择题	填空题	计算题	综合應	总分	审核
得分						

一、填空题(每小题 4 分, 共 32 分)

1. 已知
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} \left(\frac{x+a}{x-a}\right)^x = 9$$
,则 $a = \frac{\ln 3}{\ln 3}$.

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- 2. 已知当 $x\to 0$ 时, $1-\sqrt{1+ax^2}$ 与 x^2 是等价无穷小,则 $a=\frac{-2}{}$.
- 3. 曲线 $\begin{cases} x = 1 + t^2 \\ y = t^3 \end{cases}$ 在 t = 2 处的切线方程为 y = 3x 7.
- 4. 设函数 y=y(x) 由方程 $e^{x+y}-\cos(xy)=0$ 确定,则

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}\Big|_{x=0} = -\Big|_{x=0}$$

- 5. 极限 $\lim_{n\to\infty}\sum_{k=1}^{n}\frac{e^{\frac{k}{n}}}{n+ne^{\frac{2k}{n}}}=\frac{0+c\tan 2-\frac{\pi}{4}}{1+\frac{n}{2}}$
- 6. 设 $f'(\ln x) = x$, 其中 $1 < x < +\infty$, 及 f(0) = 0, 则 $f(x) = e^{x} 1$ (x > 0).
- 7. 设 f(x) 连续,且 $f(x) = x + 2 \int_0^1 f(t) dt$,则 f(x) 的非积分表达式是 $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x}$
- 8. 由曲线 $y = \frac{x^2}{2}$ 和直线 x = 1, x = 2, y = -1 所围成的图形绕直线 y = -1 旋转所得旋转体的定积分表达式是 $\int_{-1}^{2} \pi \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + 1\right)^2 dx$

二、计算题(每小题7分,共35分)

1. 求极限
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{a^x - a^{\sin x}}{x \sin^2 x}$$
 $(a > 0)$.

$$\int \mathbf{R} \mathbf{x} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\mathbf{Q}^{\sin x} (\mathbf{Q}^{x-\sin x} - 1)}{\mathbf{x}^{3}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(\mathbf{X} - \sin x) \ln \mathbf{Q}}{\mathbf{x}^{3}} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\frac{\mathbf{X}^{3}}{3!} \ln \mathbf{Q}}{\mathbf{x}^{3}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\mathbf{Q}^{\sin x} (\mathbf{Q}^{x-\sin x} - 1)}{\mathbf{X}^{3}}$$

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2. 求函数
$$f(x) = x^2 \ln(1+x)$$
 在 $x = 0$ 处的 n 阶导数 $f^{(n)}(0)$ $(n \ge 3)$.

$$f^{(n)}_{(x)} = \chi^{2} \left(\left| \frac{(l+x)}{n-2} \right|^{(n)} + \left(\frac{1}{n} \cdot 2 \times \cdot \left(\frac{l}{n} \cdot (l+x) \right)^{(n+1)} + \left(\frac{1}{n} \cdot 2 \cdot \left(\frac{l}{n} \cdot (l+x) \right)^{(n-2)} \right) \right|$$

$$= N(N-1) \cdot \left(\left| \frac{(l+x)}{n-2} \right|^{(n-2)} \right|$$

$$= \frac{(-1)^{n-1} \cdot n!}{n-2} \quad (n \ge 3)$$

3.
$$\int \frac{1-x^7}{x(1+x^7)} dx$$
.

$$\int_{0}^{1} dx = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{(1+x^{7})^{2} - 2x^{7}}{x(1+x^{7})} dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{x} - \int_{0}^{1} \frac{2x^{6}}{1+x^{7}} dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} |x| - \frac{2}{7} \int_{0}^{1} |x|^{2} + C$$

4. 计算不定积分
$$\int \frac{\ln(x+1)}{\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$
.

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x+1} = t , x = t^{2} - 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x} = \frac{\ln t^{2}}{t} \cdot 2t \, dt$$

$$= 4 \int \ln t \, dt = 4t \ln t - 4 \int t \, d\ln t$$

$$= 4 + \ln t - 4t + C$$

$$= 4 \int \frac{1}{x+1} \ln \sqrt{x+1} - 4 \int \frac{1}{x+1} + C$$

$$= 2 \int \frac{1}{x+1} \ln (x+1) - 4 \int \frac{1}{x+1} + C$$

5. 求 $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \int_0^{x^2} (x^2 - t) f(t) \, \mathrm{d}t$, 其中 f(t) 为已知的连续函数.

三、综合题(满分33分)

1. (11 分) 设 f(x) 在 [a, b] 上有二阶导数,

$$f(a) = f(b) = 0$$
, $\nabla F(x) = (x-a)^2 f(x)$,

证明: 至少存在一点 $\xi \in (a, b)$, 使 $F''(\xi) = 0$.

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- 30,34	

2. (11 分) 试在曲线段 $y=x^2(0< x< 8)$ 上求一点 M 的坐标, 使得由曲线在 M 占切线与直线 x=8, y=0 所用成的三角形面积最大...

点切线与直线
$$x = 8, y = 0$$
 所围成的三角形面积最大,从 $Q = 2\alpha(x-\alpha) + \alpha^{2}$ 从 $Q = 2\alpha(x-\alpha) + \alpha^{2}$ 从 $Q = \frac{1}{2} \cdot AB \cdot BC$ $Q = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (B - \frac{\alpha}{2}) \cdot (B\alpha - \alpha^{2})$ $Q = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (B - \frac{\alpha}{2}) \cdot (B\alpha - \alpha^{2})$ $Q = \frac{\alpha}{4} \cdot (B - \alpha) \cdot (B - \alpha) \cdot (B - \alpha)$ $Q = \alpha = \alpha$ $Q = \alpha$ Q

3. (11 分) 求由不等式 $r \le \sqrt{2} \sin \theta$ 及 $r^2 \le \cos 2\theta$ 确定的公共部分的面积.

$$A = 2 \left[\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{2} \sin \theta)^{2} d\theta + \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{1}{2} (\cos \theta) d\theta \right]$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{6}} (1 - \cos 2\theta) d\theta + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta d\theta$$

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$$= \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{6}} (1 -$$