2015-2016 学年第一学期《髙等数学AI》 期本体色(D)

学号_____ 年级专业_ 授课斑号

題型	填空題	计算题	综合题	总分	审	核
得分						

- 一、填空题(每小题 4 分, 共 32 分)
- 1. 设 $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^x & x > 0 \\ a + x & x < 0 \end{cases}$ 要使 f(x) 在 x = 0 处连续,则 a = 1.

得分	阅卷人		

- $\lim_{x\to\infty} x^2 \left(1 \cos\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{1}{2}.$
- 设 $f(x)=(k-1)x^3-3(k-1)x^2+1$, 当x>2时, f(x) 为严格单 3. 调递增函数,则 k 的范围是 K>
- 设 $y = \ln(x + \sqrt{1 + x^2}) \arctan\frac{x}{2} + \arcsin 2x$, 则 $y'(0) = \frac{1}{2}$ 4.
- 将多项式 $f(x)=(4+x)^5$ 按 5 阶麦克劳林展开式展开,则其余项 5. $R_5(x) = 0$
- 设 $f'(\ln x) = x$, 其中 $1 < x < +\infty$, 及 f(0) = 0, 则 f(x) =6.
- 设 f'(x) 在 [1,3] 上连续,则 $\int_{1}^{3} \frac{f'(x)}{1+f^{2}(x)} dx = \frac{\Omega_{re} \tan f(3)}{1+f^{2}(x)} \arctan f(3)$ 7.
- 曲线 $y = \sin x$ 在 $\left[\frac{\pi}{2}, 2\pi\right]$ 上的弧段与x 轴及直线 $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ 所围成 所围成图形的面积 A = 3
 - 二、计算题(每小题6分,共36分)
- 1. 研究 $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{1+e^{1/x}}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$ 在 x = 0 处的左右连续性.

得分	阅卷人	

2. 设方程 $\arcsin \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}} + xe^y = \operatorname{arctg} y$ 确定了函数 y = y(x), 求 y'(0).

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}})^2}} \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) \left[x+2 \right]^{-\frac{3}{2}} + e^{y} + xe^{y} \cdot y' = \frac{y'}{1+y^2}$$
 4',

$$x=0, y=1, 13. y_{(0)}=2(e-\frac{1}{4})$$

不为零,求 $\frac{dy}{dx}$ 及 $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dx}}{\frac{dx}{dx}} = \frac{f'(t) - f'(t) - t f''(t)}{f''(t)} = -t$$
(37)

$$\frac{d^{4}y}{dx^{2}} = \frac{\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d^{4}y}{dx} \right)}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = -\frac{1}{\int_{14}^{11}}$$
(3°)

 $4. \qquad \text{$\dot{x}$ } \int \frac{1}{x^3 - x} \mathrm{d}x.$

$$\sqrt{|x|} = \int \frac{dx}{x(x+1)(x-1)} = \int (\frac{-1}{x} + \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{x+1} + \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{x-1})dx$$
 (3-)

$$= -|n|x| + \frac{1}{2} |n|x+1| + \frac{1}{2} |n|x-1| + C$$
 (3-)

(3)

13



$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[\frac{1}{2} d \right] = \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{0} \cos x \, dx + \int_{0}^{1} e^{x} \, dx \\
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&= \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \cos x \, dx + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

求由曲线 $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$, x = 0, x = 1 及x 轴所成的平面图形绕 x 轴 轴旋转而成的旋转体的体积.

$$V = \int_{0}^{1} \pi \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{2}}} \right)^{2} dx$$

$$= \pi \int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{1+x^{2}}$$

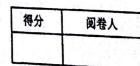
$$= \pi \arctan x \Big|_{0}^{1}$$

$$= \frac{\pi^{2}}{4}$$
(3-7)

三、综合题(每小题8分,共32分)

设有一块边长为 a 的正方形铁皮, 从四个角截去同样的小方块, 作成一个无盖的方盒子,问小方块的边长为多少才使盒子的容积 最大?

·发小方比长边去为x.





存在 $\xi \in (0, a)$, 使 $f(\xi) + \xi f'(\xi) = 0$.

3. 设 f(x) 在闭区间 [a,b] 上可导,且 $f'(x) \le M$, f(a) = 0,试证 $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx \le \frac{1}{2} M(b-a)^{2}.$

> YXELA, 6]. Wagrange of Tith, If Ela, x) s-c. fix - fla = fif, (x-a) = 7 fla = 0. fix = m.

:. fix) = fig, (x-a) & M(X-a), X E [a, b].

求曲线 r=1, $r=2\cos\theta$ 围成公共部分的面积.

(4) 次的标性,
$$A = 2 \left[\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1^{2} dv + \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} \cdot (2\cos \theta)^{2} d\theta \right]$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{\pi}{4} + \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} (1+\cos 2\theta) dv \right]$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{3} - \frac{13}{2}$$
(4)