2014-2015 学年第二学期《高等数学BII》试卷(A)

授课斑号

夏型	填空题	计算题			-	
		1 年 BS	综合题	总分	审	核
分						

一、填空题(每小题3分,共24分)

1.

2. 设 $f(x, y, z) = \left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{\frac{1}{z}}$, 则 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\Big|_{x=0} = \frac{-1}{z}$.

设 f(u) 可导, $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = yf\left(\frac{z}{y}\right)$,则 $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{2x}{f'(\frac{z}{y}) - 2z}$

设 $D: 0 \le y \le \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}, 0 \le x \le a$,由二重积分的几何意义知 4. $\iint_{D} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2 - y^2} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \mathrm{d}y = \frac{\lambda \alpha^3}{1 - \alpha^3}$

5.

6. 幂级数 $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{1}{2n-1} (2x-3)^n$ 的收敛域是_____(\begin{subarray}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{subarray}]

若级数为 $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\sqrt{n+2} - 2\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n})$,则其和是 7.

已知 t, $t \ln t$ 是微分方程 $x'' - \frac{1}{t}x' + \frac{1}{t^2}x = 0$ 的解,则其通解为 x(t) = $C_1 t$ + $C_2 t$ $C_2 t$

二、计算题(每小题8分,共32分)

1. 己知两条直线的方程是

 $l_1: \frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{y-2}{0} = \frac{z-3}{1}, \quad l_2: \frac{x+2}{2} = \frac{y-1}{1} = \frac{z}{1},$

求过1,且平行于12的平面方程。

 $L_1: S = 2$ $1 \times 13 - 1 = 0$

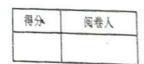
过しい子、面東: X+3-4+入(リー2)=0. 2 24分于过山的平面。

 $(1, (2,1,1) \perp (1, \lambda, 1)$

, · · · 2+1+1=

提分	展卷人
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表示作者数数数性 治的数.横独439 游戏的



二辆木平面为: X+3-4 00-3(4-2)=0

M: X-34+3+2=0

3. 计算二重积分
$$\iint_{D} \frac{1-x^2-y^2}{1+x^2+y^2} \, dx dy, 其中 D: x^2+y^2 \le 1.$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{1-r^{2}}{1+r^{2}} r dr \frac{3}{3},$$

$$= 2\pi \int_{0}^{1} \frac{-1-r^{2}+2}{1+r^{2}} r dr \frac{3}{3},$$

$$= 2\pi \left[-\frac{1}{2} + \int_{0}^{1} \frac{2}{1+r^{2}} dr \right]$$

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全y'=P(y), y"= 战 = 战 战 = P 战 2'

$$A(\lambda) = P \frac{dy}{dy} + 2yP = P^{2}$$

$$\frac{dP}{dy} - P = -2y + 2y$$

$$\frac{dP}{dy} = P^{2} + 2yP = P^{2}$$

$$\frac{dP}{dy} = P = -2y + 2y$$

$$\int_{-2y}^{-2y} e^{-y} dy = e^{-y} 2y - 2 \int_{-y}^{y} e^{-y} dy$$

$$\int -2y e^{-y} dy = e^{-y} 2y - 2j e^{-y} dy$$

$$= 2y e^{-y} + 2e^{-y}$$

$$= Ge^{9} + 24+2$$

$$= Ge^{9} + 24+2$$

$$= 2 = 3e^{9} + 0 + 2$$

$$= 2+C_1 : C=0$$

$$P(y) = 2y+2 = y' \cdot 2' : y(1)=0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dH} = 2dx$$
. $0 = 2 + C_2$
 $\frac{dy}{dH} = 2dx$. $0 = 2 + C_2$
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三、综合题(满分44分)

1. (11 分) 用拉格朗日乘数法求解下面的问题,隧道截面的上部为半圆,下部为矩形,若隧道截面的周界长上固定,问矩形的边长各为多少时,隧道截面的面积最大?



2. (11 分) 设某产品在时间 t 时的价格 P_t , 总供给 R_t 与总需求 Q_t 三者有关系式: $Q_t = 5 - 4P_{t-1}$, $R_t = 1 + 2P_t$, $R_t = Q_t$, t = 1, 2, 3 …… 试推出 P_t 满足的差分方程,并求出满足 $P_0 = 3$ 的特解。

满足的差分方程,并求出满足
$$Po=3$$
 的特解。
$$Pt = |t| 2 Pt = t - 4 Pt - 1$$

$$2 Pt + 4 Pt - 1 - 4 = 0$$

$$Pt + 2 Pt - 1 - 2 = 0$$

$$1 Pt = \frac{7}{3}(-2)^{t} + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$2 Pt + 2 Pt - 1 - 2 = 0$$

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$$S'(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \chi^{2n-2}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{n} \chi^{2n} = \frac{1}{1+\chi^{2}}$$

$$S(x) - S(0) = \frac{1}{H\chi^{2}} \cdot S(0) = 0$$

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4. (11 分) 已知上半平面内一曲线 $y = y(x)(x \ge 0)$ 过原点,且曲线上任一点 $M(x_0, y_0)$ 处切线斜率数值上等于该点横坐标与纵坐标之和的 2 倍减去由此曲线与 x 轴,直线 $x = x_0$ 所围成的面积,求此曲线方

$$y_{0}' = 2(x_{0} + y_{0}) - \int_{0}^{x_{0}} y(t) dt$$

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$$y'' = 2(x_{0} + y_{0}) - \int_{0}^{x_{0}} y(t) dt$$

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