1. Match the follo	wing states with their	respective weather:		
	New York	hare	(はれ)	
	Colorado	ame	(あめ)	
	California	kumori	(くもり)	
	Florida	yuki	(ゆき)	
	at does the weather m es? Answer in <i>roomaji</i>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	about the weather in the)
	Atlanta			
	Tennessee			
	Florida			
3. In Japan,		desu-ne is not just a	comment on the weathe	er
but virtually a _		, like "Hi. How are	you doing?" When the	
weather is mis	erable, people say,		desu-ne.	
4. When asking a	about the weather, wh	at would you say?		
_	Tenki-wa _	desu-ka?		
5. Trace the follo	wing <i>katakana</i> .			
Ŋ	F			
6. Write the appro	opriate <i>hiragana</i> and <i>i</i>	or <i>katakana</i> in the b	oxes below.	
kı	1)	ti i	sa n	
7. Circle the corre	ect answers for (a) an	d (b). Fill in the blank	s for (c).	
(a) The word f	for "but" between two	sentences is [kedo /	demo].	
The word	for "but" at the beginn	ing of a sentence is [kedo / demo].	
(b) Both <i>to</i> an	d <i>sorekara</i> mean "and	d."		
,	Which one connects t	wo nouns?	[to / sorekara]	
,	Which one connects t	wo sentences?	[to / sorekara]	
(c) You want t	o say, "Japanese is fu	un and interesting." W	/hat would you say?	
Nihongo-wa	de	esu	,(desu