

## UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DA GRANDE DOURADOS Prof<sup>a</sup>. Karla Lima

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(1) Calcule o limite, se existir.

a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - x + 6}{x - 2}$$

b) 
$$\lim_{x\to 2} \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x - 2}$$

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$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - x + 6}{x - 2}$$
 b)  $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x - 2}$  c)  $\lim_{t \to -3} \frac{t^2 - 9}{2t^2 + 7t + 3}$ 

$$d) \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(4+h)^2 - 16}{h} \qquad e) \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+h} - 1}{h} \qquad \qquad f) \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{9-t}{3-\sqrt{t}}$$

$$e)\lim_{h\to 0}\frac{\sqrt{1+h}-1}{h}$$

$$f)\lim_{t\to 9}\frac{9-t}{3-\sqrt{t}}$$

$$g)\lim_{t\to 0}\left(\frac{1}{t}-\frac{1}{t^2+t}\right) \qquad \quad h)\lim_{x\to 9}\frac{x^2-81}{\sqrt{x}-3} \qquad \qquad i)\lim_{x\to \infty}\frac{1}{2x+3}$$

$$h) \lim_{x\to 9} \frac{x^2 - 81}{\sqrt{x} - 3}$$

$$i) \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{2x+3}$$

$$(j) \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{t^2 + 2}{t^3 + t^2 - 1}$$
  $(k) \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x + 2}{\sqrt{9x^2 + 1}}$ 

$$k) \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{9x^2+1}}$$