

ASQNS

~~dump tree~~
 Delete node
 * recursion
 * could use dts

Section notes

Huffman.C

alphabet 256 - 80 256 possible combos (8bit)

- length of string (string / 8)

Huffman Coding

- 1st count how many times a character is used & put it in order (priority queue)

- very last ones will be the lower branches

- how often they use = frequency

- add them up w/ sum of frequencies

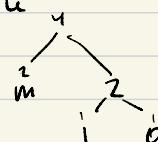
- add sum back into list where it needs to be, repeat

- when one sum is the same as frequency add them up example

- at the end will end with one big thing / starting

- it also shows had to convert back

- store tree



Node.c

Node *create (Symbol, & frequency)

Node *n=(Node*) malloc (Node); //allocating memory

{

 n->symbol = symbol

 n->frequency = frequency

 n->left = NULL

 n->right = NULL

}

return n;

void Delete - node

if (n){

 free(n)

 n = NULL

}

Node *node_join (Node *left, Node *right){

 x= left->frequency + right->frequency

 Node *n= node_create (&x, x); // \$ parent node

 n->left = left

 n->right = right

 return n;

}

Priority Queue

Like stack but opposite. So I plan on using the same concept.

```
struct PriorityQueue {
```

```
    uint32_t capacity;
```

```
    uint32_t first;
```

```
    uint32_t len; // for current items
```

```
    Node *queue; // maybe
```

```
};
```

```
PriorityQueue *pq_create(uint32_t capacity) {
```

```
    PriorityQueue *p = (PriorityQueue *) malloc(sizeof(PriorityQueue));
```

```
    if (p) {
```

```
        p->len = 0;
```

```
        p->capacity = capacity;
```

```
        p->first = 0;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
pq->empty(*p) {
```

```
    return !(p->length == 0);
```

```
}
```

```
pq->full(*p) {
```

```
    return (p->length == capacity);
```

```
}
```

```
pq->size(*p) {
```

```
    return (p->length);
```

```
}
```

```
pq->enque(uint32_t *n) { // needs edit (low frequency = high priority)
```

```
    if (pq->full())
```

```
        status = false;
```

```
    else
```

Insert sort first

```
    p->items[p->length] = n // following stack
```

```
    length += 1
```

```
    status = true
```

```
pq->dequeue()
```

```
    if (empty())
```

```
        status = false
```

```
    else
```

```
        length -= 1
```

```
        p->items[p->length] = n
```

```
        length += 1
```

```
}
```

Codes

```
(code-init( void ) {  
    c->top = 0; *no need to malloc  
    c->bits[ c->top ] = 0;  
    return c  
}
```

```
code-size( *c ) {
```

```
    return top;
```

```
}
```

```
code-empty(
```

```
    return bits[ top ] == 0
```

```
,
```

```
code-full( *c ) {
```

```
    return ( top == MAX_CODE )
```

```
,
```

```
code-set-bit( *c, i )
```

```
    if ( i < MAX_CODE )
```

```
        bits[ i ] = 1
```

```
    return true
```

```
3
```

```
code-clear-bit( *c, i ) {
```

```
    if ( i < Max ) {
```

```
        bits[ i ] = 0
```

```
    , return true
```

```
,
```

```
code-get-bit( *c, i ) {
```

```
    if ( i < Max ) {
```

```
        b = bits[ i ]
```

```
, if ( b == 0 ) {
```

```
            false,
```

```
            true
```

```
,
```

* A lil confused about bit in pop & push am I changing the array?

I/O

* Need to go to section / a little confused on what their purpose

- needs to be able to read all

read-bytes will be used when reading any intie

- I assume in main instead of open()

* ask if what I used in asgn't good to use