Day 16 - Assignment

By Manoj Karnatapu - NBHealthCareTechnologies

Assignment 1

Write a C# Code, To Print Hello World Using Object Oriented Approach.

Code

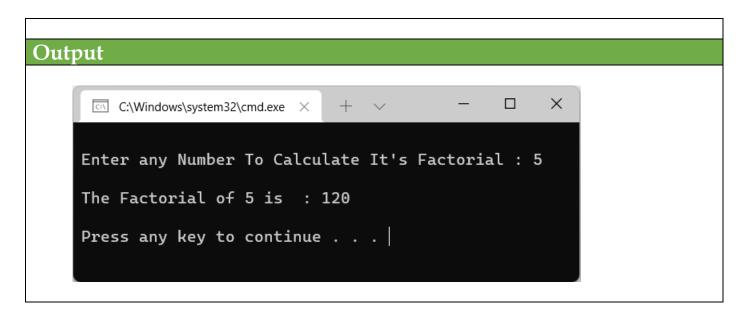
```
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : Write C# Code to Print Hello World, Using Object Oriented Approach
// For Reference, Check Day16Project1 in the same Repositpory
namespace Day16Project1
   class HelloWorld
        /// <summary>
        /// Displaying the Hello World Message
        /// </summary>
        public void PrintMessage()
            Console.WriteLine("Hello World...!");
    internal class Program
        static void Main(string[] args)
            HelloWorld helloWorld = new HelloWorld();
            helloWorld.PrintMessage();
   }
}
```

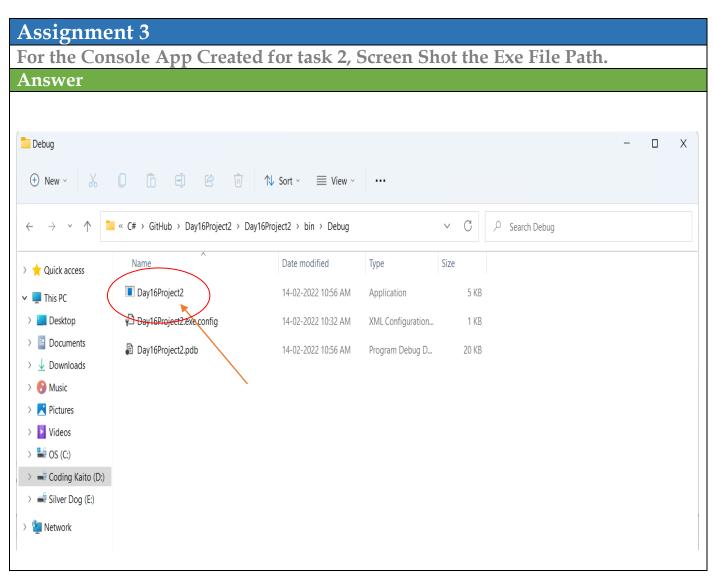
```
C:\Windows\system32' \times + \vee - \square \times Hello World...! Press any key to continue . . . |
```

Write a C# Code, To Read & Print Factorial of a given Number Using Object Oriented Approach.

Code

```
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : Reading & Printing the Factorial of a Number, Using Object Oriented Approach.
// For Reference, Check Day16Project2 in the same Repository.
namespace Day16Project2
    class Factorial
         int input;
        /// <summary>
        /// Reading Inputs to Calculate Factorial.
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>Given Input value</returns>
        public int ReadInput()
            Console.Write("\nEnter any Number To Calculate It's Factorial : ");
            input = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
            return input;
        /// <summary>
        /// Returning the Factorial of a given Number, after calculation
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>Factorial Calculated Value</returns>
        public int PrintFactorial()
            int fact = 1;
            for(int i = 1; i <= input;i++)</pre>
                fact *= i;
            return fact;
        }
    internal class Program
        static void Main(string[] args)
            Factorial factorial = new Factorial();
            int input = factorial.ReadInput();
            Console.WriteLine("\nThe Factorial of {0} is :
{1}\n",input,factorial.PrintFactorial());
            Console.ReadKey();
        }
    }
}
```





Create a Class Library Project, with ManojLibrary. Place Screenshots of DLL

Code

```
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : Creating a Class Library, for Code Reusability of Factorial
// For Reference, Check ManojLibrary in the same Repository.
namespace ManojLibrary
    public class Mathematics
        int input;
        /// <summary>
        /// Reading Inputs to Calculate Factorial.
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>Given Input value</returns>
        public int ReadInput()
            Console.Write("\nEnter any Number To Calculate It's Factorial : ");
            input = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
            return input;
        }
        /// <summary>
        /// Returning the Factorial of a given Number, after calculation
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>Factorial Calculated Value</returns>
        public int PrintFactorial()
            int fact = 1;
            for (int i = 1; i <= input; i++)</pre>
                fact *= i;
            return fact;
        }
    }
}
```

Output

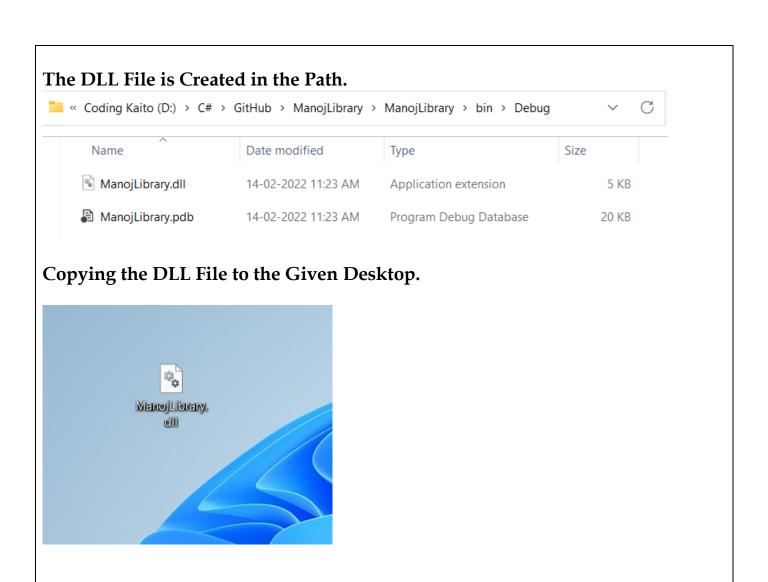
Rebuild Successfully.

```
Rebuild started...

1>----- Rebuild All started: Project: ManojLibrary, Configuration: Debug Any CPU -----

1> ManojLibrary -> D:\C#\GitHub\ManojLibrary\ManojLibrary\bin\Debug\ManojLibrary.dll

------ Rebuild All: 1 succeeded, 0 failed, 0 skipped ------
```



Create a Class Library with 3 classes, & refer all Classes in the Console App.

Code

Program.cs (Console App)

```
using System;
using ManojLibrary;

// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : This is a Console App with <ManojLibrary> having 3 Classes

// for Reference, Check ManojKarnatapu Solution in the same Repository.
namespace ConsoleApp
{
    internal class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Console.Write("\nAddition of 5 & 6 is : ");
            Mathematics.Addition(5, 6);
            Console.Write("\nSubtraction of 7 & 3 is : ");
            Mathematics.Subtraction(7, 3);
            Console.Write("\nMultiplication of 8 & 4 is : ");
            Mathematics.Multiplication(8, 4);
```

```
Console.Write("\nDivision of 9 / 5 is : ");
            Mathematics.Division(9, 5);
            Console.Write("\nFinal Velocity is : ");
            Physics.FinalVelocity(5, 5, 5);
            Console.Write("\nCalculated Force is : ");
            Physics.ForceCalculation(10, 5);
            Console.Write("\nBenzene Formula is : ");
            Chemistry.Benzene();
            Console.Write("\nWater Formula is : ");
            Chemistry.Water();
            Console.ReadLine();
        }
    }
ManojLibrary > Mathematics.cs
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : This is a Mathematics Class in <ManojLibrary>
// for Reference, Check Mathematics.cs in ManojLibrary inside ManojKarnatapu Solution.
namespace ManojLibrary
    public static class Mathematics
        public static int Addition(int a, int b)
            int sum = a + b;
            Console.WriteLine(sum);
            return sum;
        }
        public static int Subtraction(int a, int b)
            int diff = a - b;
            Console.WriteLine(diff);
            return diff;
        }
        public static int Multiplication(int a, int b)
            int mul = a * b;
            Console.WriteLine(mul);
            return mul;
        public static int Division(int a, int b)
            int div = a / b;
            Console.WriteLine(div);
            return div;
        }
    }
ManojLibrary > Physics.cs
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : This is a Mathematics Class in <ManojLibrary>
// for Reference, Check Physics.cs in ManojLibrary inside ManojKarnatapu Solution.
namespace ManojLibrary
{
    public class Physics
        /// <summary>
```

```
/// This is a Final Velocity Calculation
        /// </summary>
        /// <param name="u">initial velocity</param>
        /// <param name="a">acceleration</param>
        /// <param name="t">time</param>
        /// <returns>Final Velocity</returns>
        public static int FinalVelocity(int u, int a, int t)
            int finalVelocity = u + a * t;
            Console.WriteLine(finalVelocity);
            return finalVelocity;
        /// <summary>
        /// This is a Force Calculation Method
        /// </summary>
        /// <param name="m">Mass</param>
        /// <param name="a">Acceleration</param>
        /// <returns>Force</returns>
        public static int ForceCalculation(int m, int a)
            int force = m * a;
            Console.WriteLine(force);
            return force;
        }
ManojLibrary > Chemistry.cs
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : This is a Mathematics Class in <ManojLibrary>
// for Reference, Check Chemistry.cs in ManojLibrary inside ManojKarnatapu Solution.
namespace ManojLibrary
    public static class Chemistry
        /// <summary>
        /// This is a Benzene Formula
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>Benzene Formula</returns>
        public static string Benzene()
            Console.WriteLine("C6H6");
            return "C6H6";
        /// <summarv>
        /// This is a Water Formula.
        /// </summary>
        public static void Water()
            Console.WriteLine("H20");
        }
   }
}
```

```
Addition of 5 & 6 is : 11

Subtraction of 7 & 3 is : 4

Multiplication of 8 & 4 is : 32

Division of 9 / 5 is : 1

Final Velocity is : 30

Calculated Force is : 50

Benzene Formula is : C6H6

Water Formula is : H20

Press any key to continue . . .
```

Assignment 6

Write a C# Code, to Print Multiplication Table of given Number Using Object Oriented Approach.

Code

```
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : Printing Multiplication table of a given number using Object Oriented
Approach.
// For Reference, Check Day16Project3 in the same Repository.
namespace Day16Project3
    class MultiplicationTable
        int input;
        /// <summary>
        /// Reading Input Number to Print its Multiplication Table
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>Entered Number for reference</returns>
        public int ReadInput()
            Console.Write("\n Enter any Number To Print its Multiplication Table : ");
            input = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
            Console.WriteLine("\n\n::: Displaying the Multiplication Table for {0} :::\n",
input);
            return input;
```

```
/// <summary>
    /// Printing The Multiplication Table for given input number.
    /// </summary>
    public void PrintMulTable()
         for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
             //Printing OutPut using String Formating
             Console.WriteLine("\{0\} x \{1\} = \{2\}", input, i, input * i);
         Console.WriteLine();
    internal class Program
         static void Main(string[] args)
             // Creating Object for a Class as it is not static
             MultiplicationTable table = new MultiplicationTable();
             table.ReadInput();  // calling the ReadInput Method.
table.PrintMulTable(); // calling the PrintMulTable Method.
             Console.ReadKey();
         }
    }
}
```

```
X
 C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe X
                              +
 Enter any Number To Print its Multiplication Table : 3
::: Displaying the Multiplication Table for 3 :::
3 \times 1 = 3
3 \times 2 = 6
 x 3 = 9
 x 4 = 12
3
 x 5 = 15
3
 x 6 = 18
3
 x 7 = 21
 x 8 = 24
3 \times 9 = 27
3 \times 10 = 30
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Write a C# Code, to check if the given Number is Palindrome or Not Using Object Oriented Approach

Code

```
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : Write a C# Code, To check if the given Number is Palindrome or Not, Using
Object Oriented Approach
// For Reference, Check Day16Project4 in the same Repository.
namespace Day16Project4
    class Palindrome
        int input;
        /// <summary>
        /// Reading Input Value, To Check Palindrome or Not
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>Entered Input Number</returns>
        public int ReadInput()
            Console.Write("\nEnter Any Number To Check, If Palindrome Or Not :
            input = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
            return input;
        }
        /// <summary>
        /// To Check, if the given Input is Palindrome or Not
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>Boolean Value</returns>
        public bool IsPalindrome()
            int rev = 0, rem, m;
            m = input;
            while(m > 0)
                rem = m % 10;
                m = m / 10;
                rev = rev * 10 + rem;
            if (input == rev)
                return true;
                return false;
        }
    internal class Program
        static void Main(string[] args)
            // Creating Object for Palindrome Class
            Palindrome palindrome = new Palindrome();
            int input = palindrome.ReadInput();
                                                    // Calling ReadInput() & storing the
Returned Value.
            bool isPalindrome = palindrome.IsPalindrome(); // Calling IsPalindrome() &
storing the Returned Bool value.
            // Printing the Output Message to Console.
            if (isPalindrome == true)
                Console.WriteLine("\nYes, {0} Is a Palindrome Number", input);
            else
                Console.WriteLine("\nNo, {0} is Not a Palindrome Number", input);
            Console.ReadLine();
       }
   }
```

Output C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe \times + \times - \mathrew \times Enter Any Number To Check, If Palindrome Or Not : 138 No, 138 is Not a Palindrome Number Press any key to continue . . . |

Assignment 8

Create a solution "MyProject" with 2 Class Libraries & 1 Console App.

Code

MyProject-Solution > ClientApp(ConsoleApp)

```
using System;
using ManojLibrary;
using PublicLibrary;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : Creating MyProject Solution with Built-in ManojLibrary & PublicLibrary
// For Reference, Check MyProject in the Same Repository.
namespace ClientApp
    internal class Program
        static void Main(string[] args)
            Console.Write("\nAddition of 5 & 6 is : ");
            Mathematics.Addition(5, 6);
            Console.Write("\nSubtraction of 7 & 3 is : ");
            Mathematics.Subtraction(7, 3);
            Console.Write("\nMultiplication of 8 & 4 is : ");
            Mathematics.Multiplication(8, 4);
            Console.Write("\nDivision of 9 / 5 is : ");
            Mathematics.Division(9, 5);
            Console.Write("\nFinal Velocity is : ");
            Physics.FinalVelocity(5, 5, 5);
            Console.Write("\nCalculated Force is : ");
            Physics.ForceCalculation(10, 5);
            Console.Write("\nBenzene Formula is : ");
            Chemistry.Benzene();
            Console.Write("\nWater Formula is : ");
            Chemistry.Water();
            Console.ReadLine();
        }
    }
```

}

MyProject-Solution > ManojLibrary(Class Library).

```
Solution 'MyProject' (3 of 3 projects)

C: ClientApp

Properties

App.config

C: Program.cs

ManojLibrary

Properties

References

PublicLibrary

PublicLibrary
```

Code:

```
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : This is a Mathematics Class in <ManojLibrary>
// for Reference, Check Mathematics.cs in ManojLibrary inside ManojKarnatapu Solution.
namespace ManojLibrary
    public static class Mathematics
        public static int Addition(int a, int b)
            int sum = a + b;
            Console.WriteLine(sum);
            return sum;
        public static int Subtraction(int a, int b)
            int diff = a - b;
            Console.WriteLine(diff);
            return diff;
        public static int Multiplication(int a, int b)
            int mul = a * b;
            Console.WriteLine(mul);
            return mul;
        }
        public static int Division(int a, int b)
            int div = a / b;
            Console.WriteLine(div);
            return div;
        }
        public static int Factorial(int input)
            int fact = 1;
            for (int i = 1; i <= input; i++)</pre>
                fact *= i;
            return fact;
        }
```

}

MyProject-Solution > PublicLibrary (Class Library) with 2 Separate Classes.

```
Solution 'MyProject' (3 of 3 projects)

Comparison

ManojLibrary

Properties

References

Comparison

PublicLibrary

Properties

References

Comparison

References

Comparison

Properties

Comparison

References

Comparison

Properties

References

Comparison

Compariso
```

Code:

```
Physics Class
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : This is a Mathematics Class in <ManojLibrary>
// for Reference, Check Physics.cs in PublicLibrary inside MyProject Solution.
namespace PublicLibrary
    public class Physics
        /// <summary>
        /// This is a Final Velocity Calculation
        /// </summary>
        /// <param name="u">initial velocity</param>
        /// <param name="a">acceleration</param>
        /// <param name="t">time</param>
        /// <returns>Final Velocity</returns>
        public static int FinalVelocity(int u, int a, int t)
            int finalVelocity = u + a * t;
            Console.WriteLine(finalVelocity);
            return finalVelocity;
        /// <summary>
        /// This is a Force Calculation Method
        /// </summary>
        /// <param name="m">Mass</param>
        /// <param name="a">Acceleration</param>
        /// <returns>Force</returns>
        public static int ForceCalculation(int m, int a)
            int force = m * a;
            Console.WriteLine(force);
            return force;
        }
    }
}
```

Chemistry Class

```
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
```

```
// Purpose : This is a Mathematics Class in <ManojLibrary>
// for Reference, Check Chemistry.cs in PublicLibrary inside MyProject Solution.
namespace PublicLibrary
    public static class Chemistry
        /// <summary>
        /// This is a Benzene Formula
        /// </summary>
        /// <returns>Benzene Formula</returns>
        public static string Benzene()
            Console.WriteLine("C6H6");
            return "C6H6";
        /// <summary>
        /// This is a Water Formula.
        /// </summary>
        public static void Water()
            Console.WriteLine("H20");
    }
}
```

```
C:\Windows\system32' \times + \times - \to \times \times \times \text{Addition of 5 & 6 is : 11}

Subtraction of 7 & 3 is : 4

Multiplication of 8 & 4 is : 32

Division of 9 / 5 is : 1

Final Velocity is : 30

Calculated Force is : 50

Benzene Formula is : C6H6

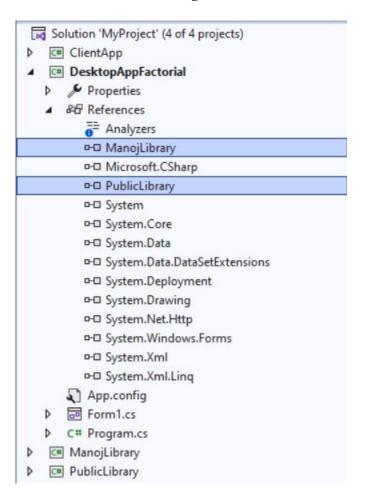
Water Formula is : H2O

Press any key to continue . . .
```

Create a solution "MyProject" with 2 Class Libraries & 1 Windows Forms Application.

Code

Creating Windows Desktop Application & adding User Defined Libraries ManojLibrary & Public Library. As Shown in the Below Diagram.



DesktopAppFactorial > Form1.cs

Code:

		<pre>int factorial = Mathematics.Factorial(input);</pre>		
	}	textBox2.Text = facto	rial.ToString();	
}	}			
S				
O	utput			
	•			
	Form1			- 🗆 X
		Input Number	5	
			Factorial	
		Result	120	
		Result		
				9

Research & Write What is the use of Partial Classes & WRITE EXAMPLE CODE AND PUT SCREEN SHOTS

Code

Uses Of Partial Classes in C#:

A partial class is a special feature of C#. It provides a special ability to implement the functionality of a single class into multiple files and all these files are combined into a single class file when the application is compiled

the general purpose of a partial class is to allow the splitting of a class definition across multiple files.

Day16Project5 > Program.cs

```
using System;
using ManojLibrary;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
```

```
// Purpose : Creating a Mathematics public class for Reusability Using Partial Class in
ManojLibrary.
// For Reference, Check ManojLibrary in Day16Project5 in the same Repository.
namespace Day16Project5
    internal class Program
        static void Main(string[] args)
            Console.WriteLine("\n Executing Mathematical Operations Using Partial Class
\n");
            Console.Write("\nAddition of 5 & 6 is : ");
            Mathematics.Addition(5, 6);
            Console.Write("\nSubtraction of 7 & 3 is : ");
            Mathematics.Subtraction(7, 3);
            Console.Write("\nMultiplication of 8 & 4 is : ");
            Mathematics.Multiplication(8, 4);
            Console.Write("\nDivision of 9 / 5 is : ");
            Mathematics.Division(9, 5);
            Console.WriteLine("\n Factorial of 5 is : {0}", Mathematics.Factorial(5));
            Console.ReadKey();
        }
    }
}
Day16Project5 > ManojLibrary with 2 Separate Partial classes.
Partial class - 1:
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : Creating a Mathematics public class for Reusability Using Partial Class in
ManojLibrary.
// For Reference, Check ManojLibrary in Day16Project5 in the same Repository.
namespace ManojLibrary
{
    public static partial class Mathematics
        public static int Addition(int a, int b)
            int sum = a + b;
            Console.WriteLine(sum);
            return sum;
        }
        public static int Subtraction(int a, int b)
            int diff = a - b;
            Console.WriteLine(diff);
            return diff;
        }
        public static int Multiplication(int a, int b)
            int mul = a * b;
            Console.WriteLine(mul);
            return mul;
        }
        public static int Division(int a, int b)
            int div = a / b;
            Console.WriteLine(div);
            return div;
```

```
}
}
Partial Class - 2:
using System;
// Author : Manoj.Karnatapu
// Purpose : Creating a Mathematics public class for Reusability Using Partial Class in
ManojLibrary.
// For Reference, Check ManojLibrary in Day16Project5 in the same Repository.
namespace ManojLibrary
    public static partial class Mathematics
        public static int Factorial(int input)
            int fact = 1;
            for (int i = 1; i <= input; i++)</pre>
                fact *= i;
            return fact;
        }
    }
}
```

```
Executing Mathematical Operations Using Partial Class

Addition of 5 & 6 is : 11

Subtraction of 7 & 3 is : 4

Multiplication of 8 & 4 is : 32

Division of 9 / 5 is : 1

Factorial of 5 is : 120

Press any key to continue . . .
```

The End