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### Advanced Analytics and Data Science

SGH Warsaw School of Economics 7 November 2017





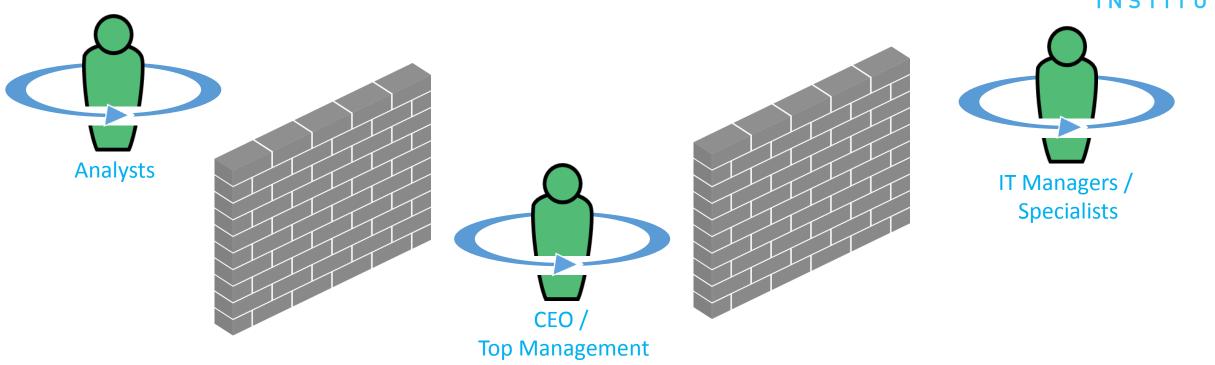




# Managers and analysts: the Chinese wall and how to break it?

Siergiej Fuks, Co-founder, AMA Institute Karol Przanowski, Co-founder, AMA Institute





Contemporary competition environment requires to abandon some management theories and business practices



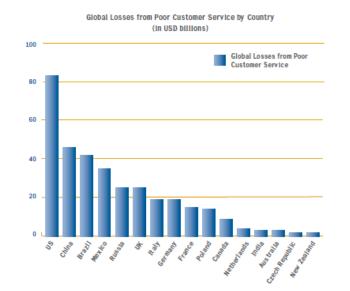
### Financial losses that are caused by poor customer service

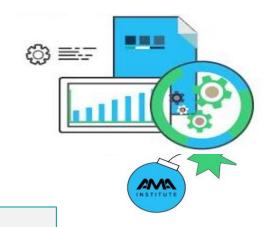
World - over

300 billion \$

Poland - over

20 billion \$





- Competitive environment is very dynamic
- A lot of previous competitive advantages will be lost in the near future
- The way an organization service a customer becomes one of the most long lasting and unique competitive advantage that an organization can build

### Fighting silos is on CEO radar...



- Overcome silos and organizational structure ineffectiveness
- Becoming <u>agile</u>

**14%** 

believe their organizations are ready for a change

**21**%

believe they have expertise to build cross-functional teams

**12%** 

understand, how their teams work together

Failers...

**17%** 

**Fluctuation** 



Corporate experience - career success:

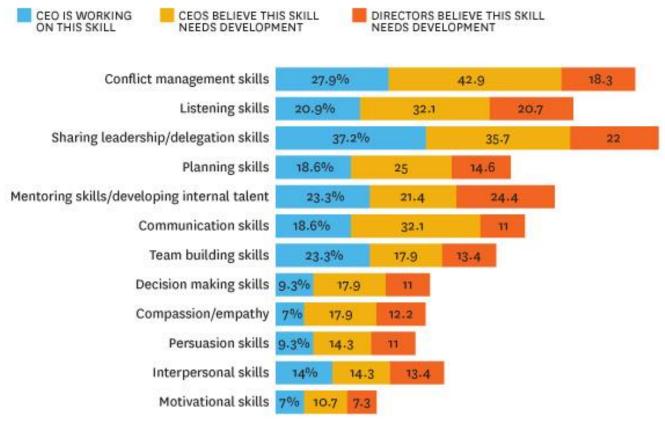
skills' toolkit

### CEO / Top Management



#### WHAT AREAS ARE CEOS GETTING COACHING IN?

The priorities of CEOs and boards often differ.



SOURCE 2013 EXECUTIVE COACHING SURVEY, STANFORD UNIVERSITY AND THE MILES GROUP

HBR.ORG

### **Conflict Management**

Team building skills

Motivation, compassion, persuasion



#### **Technical skills**

**Analytics** 

**Computer Science** 

Education

Python coding

SAS/R

Hadoop platform

SQL database/coding

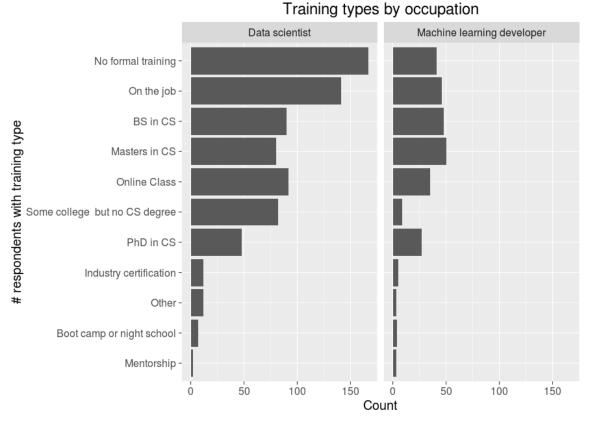
Unstructured data

#### **Business skills**

Intellectual curiosity

Business acumen

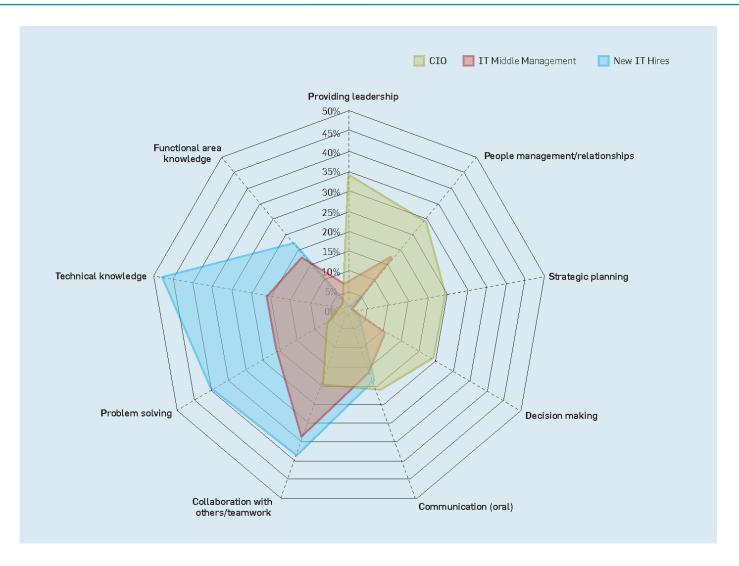
Communication skills



Source: https://www.kdnuggets.com/2016/05/10-must-have-skills-data-scientist.html

### IT Manager / specialists





People management

Collaboration with others

Technical & problem solving

Source: Skills for success at different stages of an IT professional's career, ACM 2016



### Assumptions:

- o 20 000 of customers
- 348 campaigns yearly
- ~7 mln decisions should an offer be sent or not?
- Cost of contact: 5
- Income if customer will buy: 800
- Average response rate: 0,5%



#### All offers are sent

- Income: 28 000 000
- Cost: 35 000 000
- o Profit: -7 000 000

Unprofitable





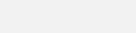
### Offer selection by expert knowledge

Income: 15 895 139

o Cost: 12 250 000

o Profit: 3 645 139

Good enough profit

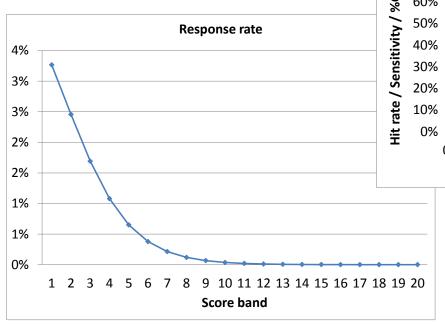


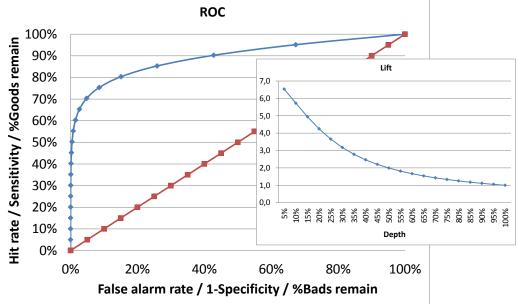
### Example – analyst's view

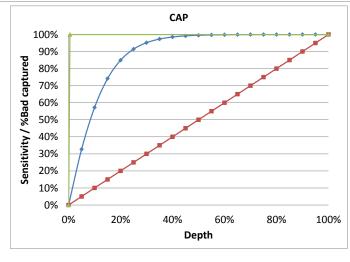


Number of cases	7 000 000
Average income on responded case	800
Average cost of contact, offer, campaign	5
Gini global	78,36%
Global response rate	0,5%
Accepted response rate	1,83%
Acceptance rate	25,00%
Cummulative lift on accepted	3,66
Captured percent (Gains)	91,43%
Global cost	35 000 000
Global income	28 000 000
Global profit	-7 000 000
Accepted cost	8 750 000
Accepted income	25 599 340
Accepted profit	16 849 340
Number of offers	1 750 000
Number of expected responders	31 999

Number of campaigns	29
Number of months	12
Number of customers	20 115
Number of cases	7 000 000







### Simple case study in Excel file:

http://administracja.sgh.waw.pl/pl/OW/publikacje/Strony/2015.aspx

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### Model\_A – basic data

Income: 21 531 163

o Cost: 12 250 000

o Profit: 9 281 163

More than 5,5 mln profit uplift vs expert rules

### Model\_B – specific data, enhanced and unique customer characteristics

o Income: 25 599 340

o Cost: 8 750 000

o Profit: 16 849 340

The best profit and the lowest cost

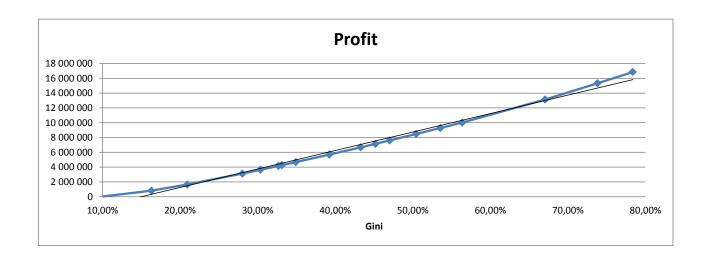






Variable: Number of campain emails sent in the last 2 months				
Category number	Condition	Response rate (rr)	Percent of population (%POP)	
1	1 < VAR_N_EMAIL_2M	5,69%	19,84%	
2	0 < VAR_N_EMAIL_2M <= 1	5,17%	18,84%	
3	not missing(VAR_N_EMAIL_2M) and VAR_N_EMAIL_2M <= 0	4,27%	61,31%	
			100,00%	

Delta Gini	Delta Profit		
1%	272 569		
5%	1 362 844		
10%	2 725 687		





Market observations - analytical tools' availability:

SME vs Big corporations



### EXAMPLES OF DECISION CHALLANGES, WHERE ANALYTICS MAY HELP

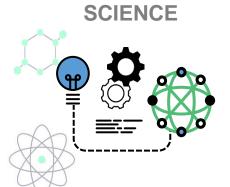
Will a customer buy a product? Will a customer prolong the contract?

Will a customer pay on time? Will there be delays in timely payments?

Is there a risk a customer will no longer require our service?

Will a customer make another transaction? Will the value of the transaction increase?

Is a customer prone to buy another product?





### ANY INDUSTRY REQUIRES ADVANCED ANALYTICS

### **FINANCIAL**

- Investment funds
- Insurance
- Credit / Leasing / Factoring
- Collection
- Anti-fraud management

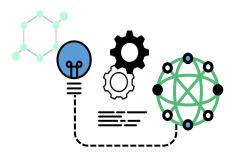
### **MARKETING**

- Frequency and type of customer contact
- Loyalty programs
- Retention in subscription services
- Price promotions
- E-commerce

### OTHER

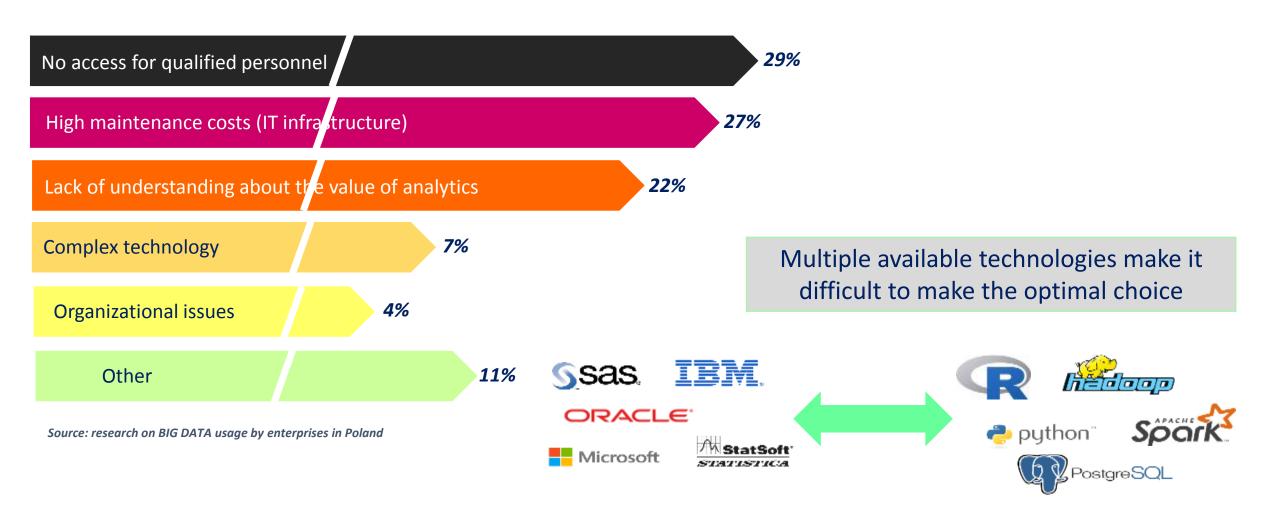
- Shared Service Centers
- Customer service
- Mail-order companies
- Logistics
- ...and many other

#### **SCIENCE**





### Barriers in implementing effective BI

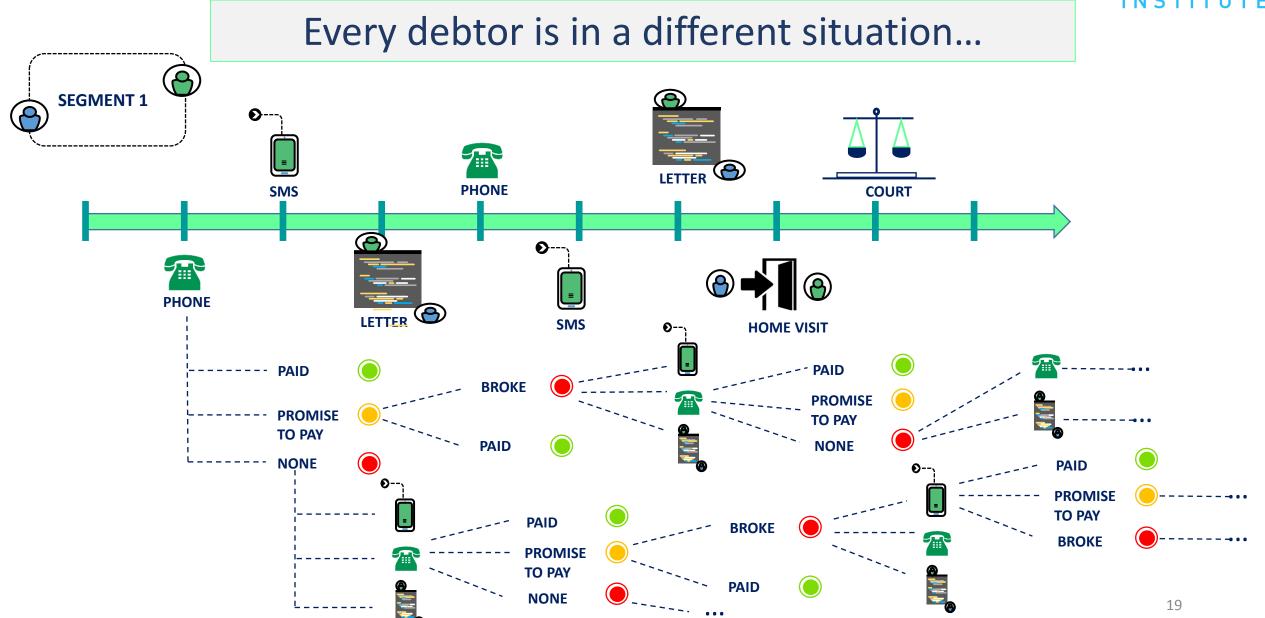




Case study 1:

Collection industry







# **EXPERT OPINION**

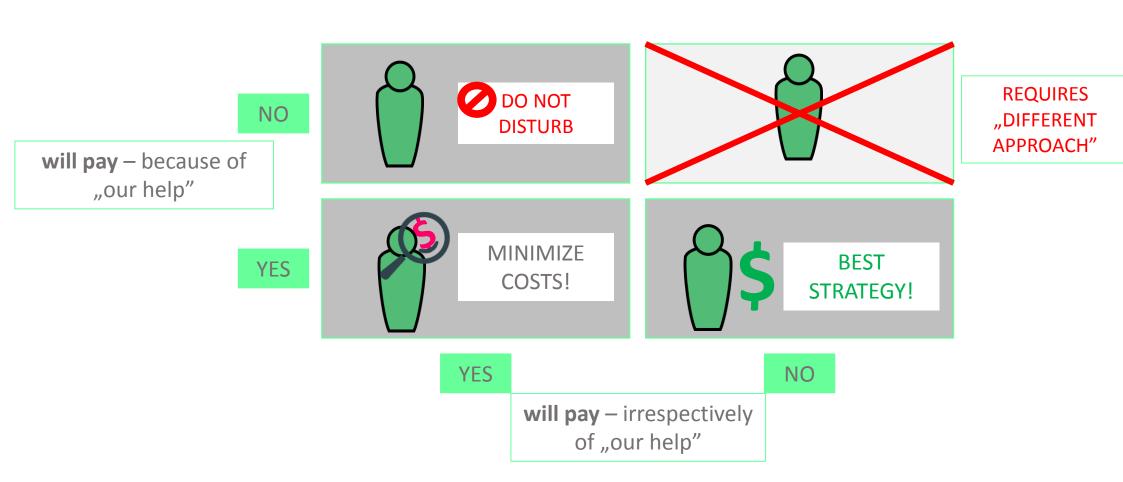
- Different people have different opinions about the same phenomenon
- "We have hired a great expert, so it will be better now..."
- "I progressed to the top management position, so I have a good feeling what works and what does not..."
- o "It seems to me, it will not work…"
- "If we send more letters to our customers then the conversion rate will increase and we will have a better financial results…"

# DATA DRIVEN DECISION MAKING

- "A letter of such strength increases the probability of payment by 15%…"
- o "If we make 2 times more phone calls, then the probability of payment increases just 2%…"
- "45% of customers does not wish to be contacted in the first 30 days..."
- "We need to enrich customer data, because the probability of successful contact is only 5%…"



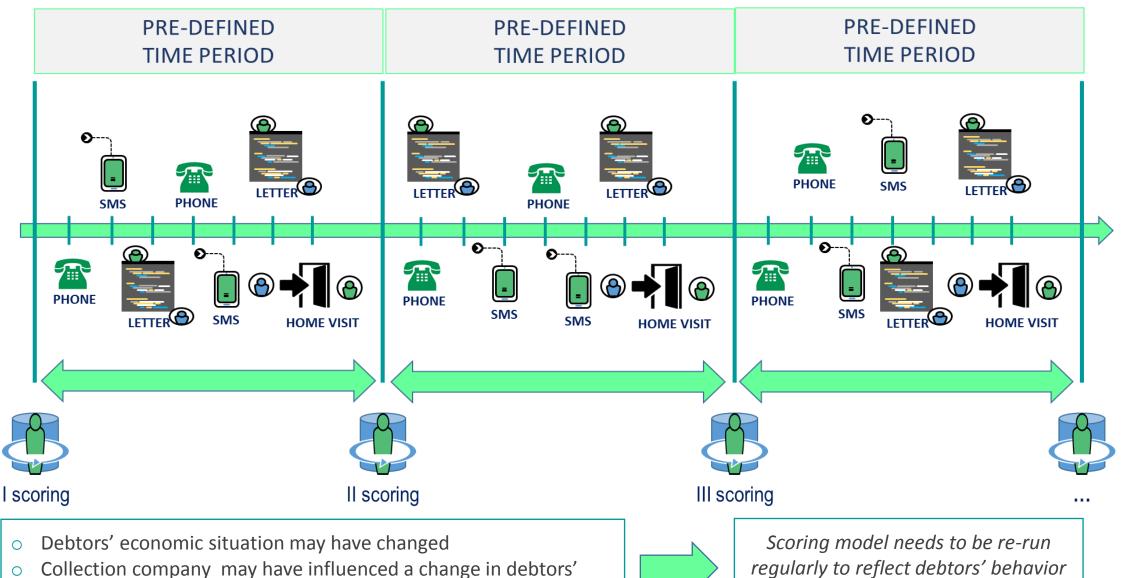
### **Segments**



### Segmentation based on scoring models should be regularly performed

behavior

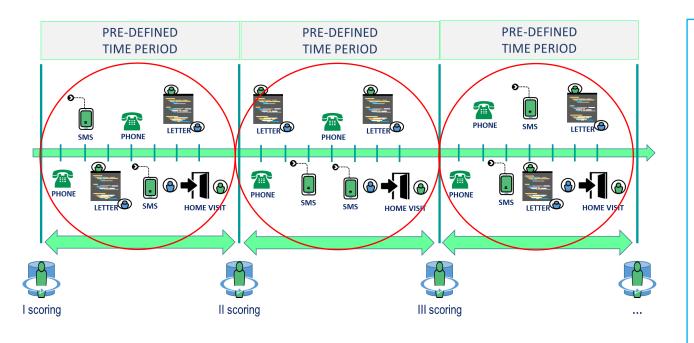


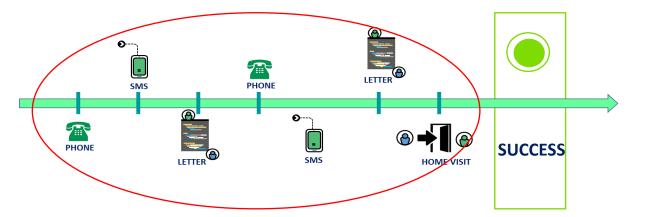


change

### Optimal collection strategies (sequences of defined actions towards debtor) need to be identified







- Define the most optimal sequence of actions that need to be applied towards debtors
- Sequence of optimal actions towards a debtor may be different depending on each particular debtor's segment (based on scoring model)

 Historical data analysis should show the optimal sequence of actions towards a debtor: higher probability of SUCCESS

Markov model / Shapley's methodology



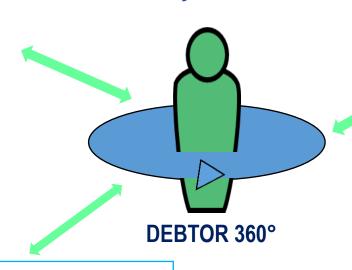
### Decision Engine



- Governs the execution of respective collection strategies for each debtor's case and each debtors' segment
- Monitors the process of assigning actions towards debtors

### One source of decisions making

### **ABT = Analytical Base Table**

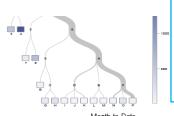


Defined and implemented to reflect respective collection strategies

All implemented processes are tediously monitored

### Reports





Automatic reporting describes KPIs that reflect business and operational needs

Important measures and their definitions are aligned within whole organization

vs prev. month (same day)

+786 +8%

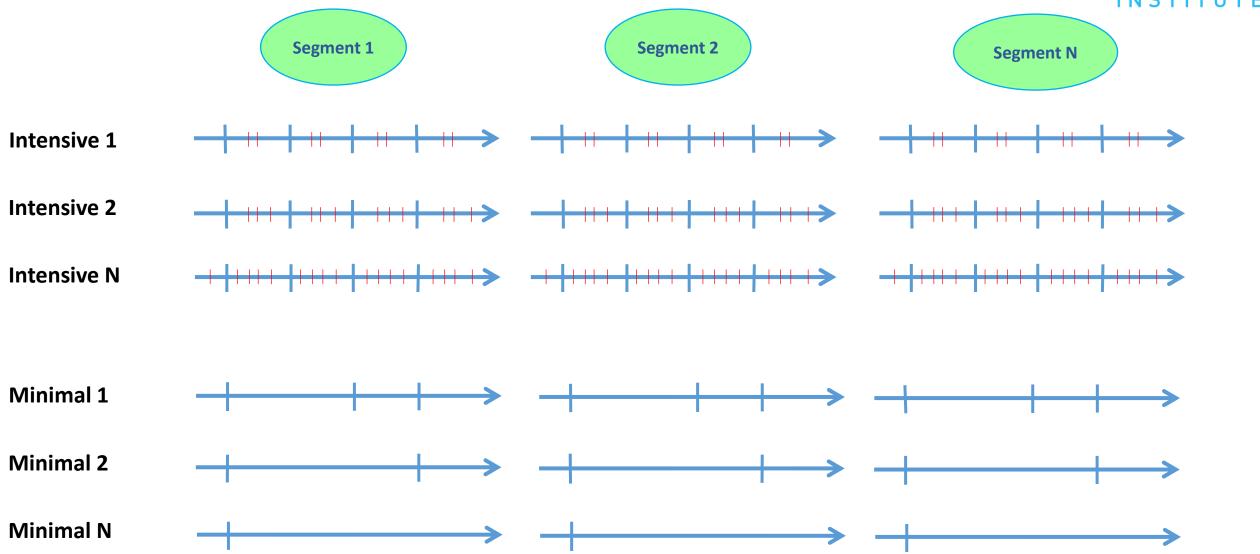
One source of information

**Process** 

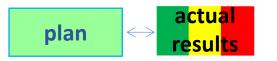
One source of reporting

One place for back-testing

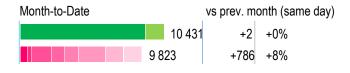






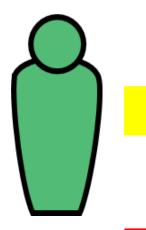


### Do we need higher gross collection or lower expenses this month\*?



MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

\*time horizon depends on business needs



- Results show good trend
- Gross collection levels exceed the expected forecast
- Gross collection levels show moderately lower results than required financial plan
- Current collection strategies may not improve the situation
- Gross collection levels show unsatisfactory results
- Company actions need to be remedied immediately

### **Change needed?**













### **EXPERT OPINION**

- Different people have different opinions about the same phenomenon
- "We have hire a great expert, so it will be better now…"
- "I progressed to the top management position, so I have a good feeling what works and what does not..."
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Case study 2:

Transportation industry



### **EXPERT OPINION**

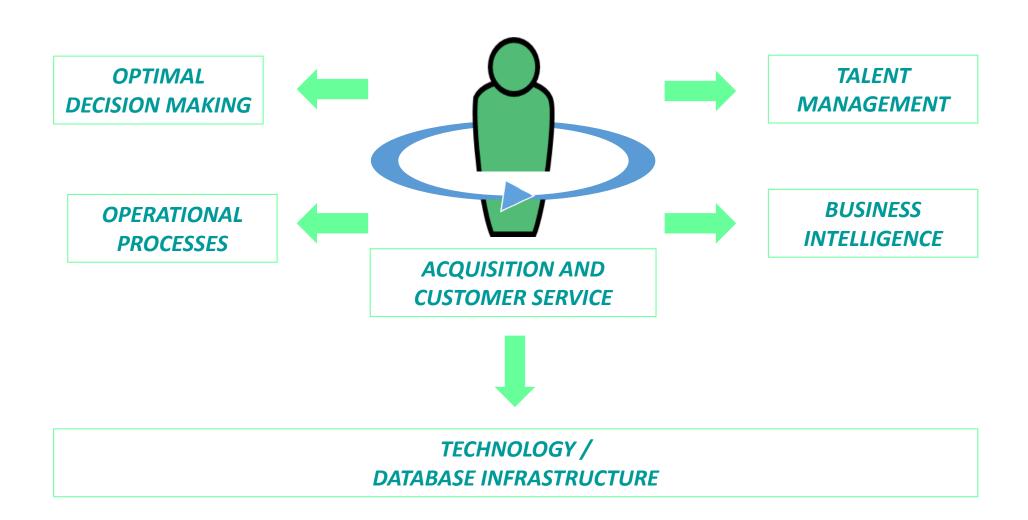
- "I have many years of work experience in transportation industry…"
- "I know my customers and no one else knows better them than I do…"
- "I think the price for this root is acceptable…"
- "I think the number of cars in our own fleet is optimal..."
- "I think our drivers do not optimally drive…"

# DATA DRIVEN DECISION MAKING

- "I know what roots were not profitable…"
- "I know what are the main determinants of roots' / orders profitability..."
- "We never undertake the unprofitable order…"
- "We identified the determinants that signal us when to increase or decrease our fleet."
- optimize the fuel costs..."

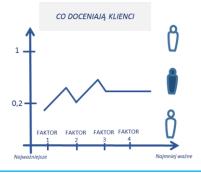


### **Competitive advantage**





### Target groups/ defining the needs/ values' map



- O Who are my customers?
- Who we would like to work for?
- What are the main needs?
- Do our services meet those needs?
- How do we stand against competition?

### **Acquisition model**

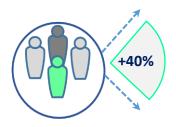
#### new customers



- A list of potential customers
- Sales pipe-line
- Price policy
- Dedicated resources
- Aligned incentive system

### **Share of wallet increase**

### existing customers



- **Segmentation**
- Estimation: share of wallet
- Define service model
- Define price model
- Acquire new contracts



### **Managing roots**

### estimating profitability



- Estimating profitability/ the minimal acceptable prices
- Define rules for rejecting the orders
- Minimize opportunity costs
- Pro-active management of recurring business
- Quickness and repetitiveness of decision making process

#### Fleet model

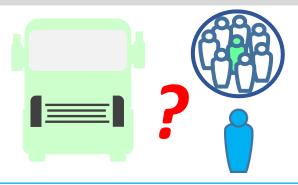
### own/ outsourced



- Estimating supply (demand for transport services)
- Align capabilities with customers' demands
- Align orders with own / outsourcing fleets
- Costs optimization
- Rules for own fleet increase / decrease

### **Management model**

### car drivers / outsourcing



- Defining the optimal number of car drivers / outsourcing
- Segmenting car drivers / outsourcing companies
- Defining work standards
- Defining training programs
- Defining controlling mechanisms

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# **EXPERT OPINION**

- "I have many years of work experience in transportation industry…"
- "I know my customers and no one else knows better them than I do.."
- "I think the price for this root is acceptable…"
- "I think the number of cars in our own fleet is optimal..."
- "I think our drivers do not optimally drive…"

# DATA DRIVEN DECISION MAKING

- "I know what roots were not profitable…"
- "I know what are the main determinants of roots' / orders profitability…"
- "We never undertake the unprofitable order…"
- "We identified the determinants that signal us when to increase or decrease our fleet…"
- "I know the driving style of car drivers, who optimize the fuel costs…"

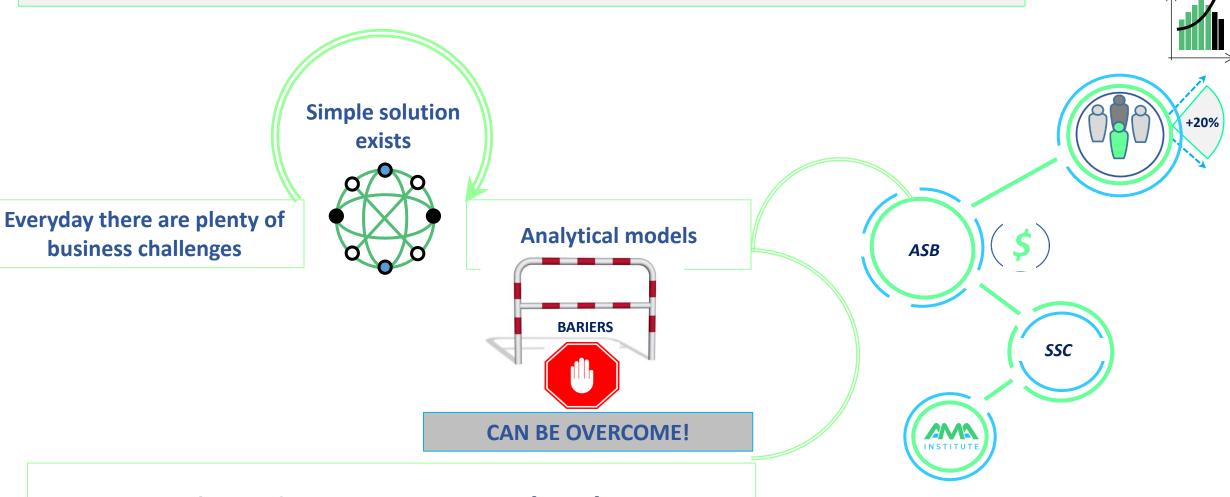


Case study 3:

**Shared Service Centers** 



### ANALYTICS – CREATING VALUE FOR SSC CUSTOMERS



**Shared Service Center (SSC)** 



### ASB

### Methodology of PoC (proof of concept) presentation

Quick implementation / agile approach

### **Credit scoring**

- 12 steps based on real life business experience
- Automatic documentation in PDF

### Implementation and testing

- Dedicated decision engine
- Automatic calculation of new variables
- Automatic reports

### Additional business knowledge

 Every reports allows to distinguish the process gap and customer knowledge

### Methodology of business process optimization

Proper cut-off choice

### Methodology of measuring the business process

Stability / evolution in time (reports)



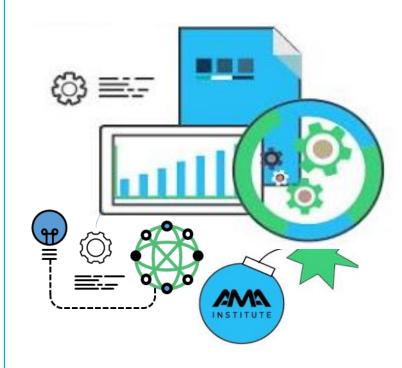


### **ASB**

### Low price

### ASB consists of the following:

- Quick methodology of building ABT
- A lot of measures to choose variables (ex. delta Gini, Kullback-Leibler distance, information value, index stability)
- Testing variables' evolution in time
- Different categorization methodologies (ex. to force monotonic dependence)
- Automatic monitoring
- Automatic model documentation





Case study 4:

Payment providers industry

### Typical questions that every SME is asking...



Which customer segments attend my sales shops?

Which particular products require additional support?

Do my shops operate effectively and what should be done to increase sales?

How to attract new customers?

What marketing actions will produce the most effective results?

How do I stand vs competition?



...to address them one requires advanced analytics and *Business Intelligence (BI)* 

### Cashier receipts data is rich of business information...

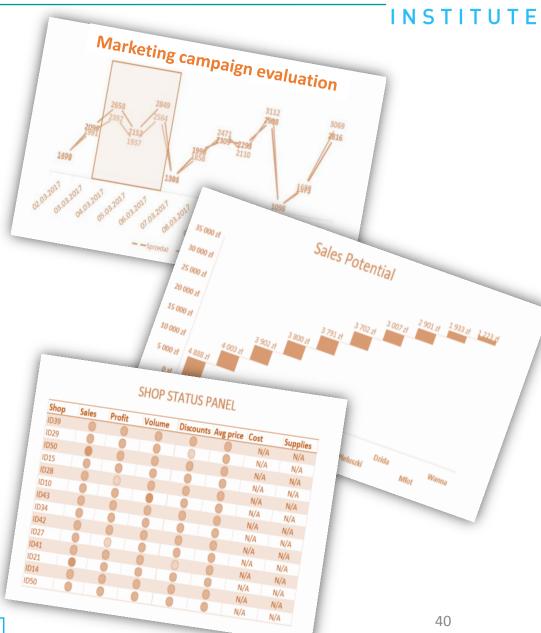




#### SHOP STATUS PANEL

Shop	Sales	Profit	Volume	Discounts	Avg price	Cost	Supplies
ID39						N/A	N/A
ID29						N/A	N/A
ID50						N/A	N/A
ID15						N/A	N/A
ID28						N/A	N/A
ID10						N/A	N/A
ID43						N/A	N/A
ID34						N/A	N/A
ID42						N/A	N/A
ID27						N/A	N/A
ID41						N/A	N/A
ID21						N/A	N/A
ID14						N/A	N/A
ID50						N/A	N/A
ID12						N/A	N/A
ID41						N/A	N/A
ID33						N/A	N/A
ID18						N/A	N/A
ID34						N/A	N/A
ID13						N/A	N/A
ID12						N/A	N/A
ID13						N/A	N/A





AMA solution (with chosen BI partner)



Learnings



Data driven organizations may require to fully rethink <u>organizational design</u> and management structure / skills' requirements

Plenty of companies and industries may not be aware of <u>true value of data</u>
<u>usefulness</u> to their business

In some industries, the way a company transforms a data into impeccable customer service will be the only possibility to build a <u>long lasting competitive advantage</u>



What steps could be taken?



#### **Education**

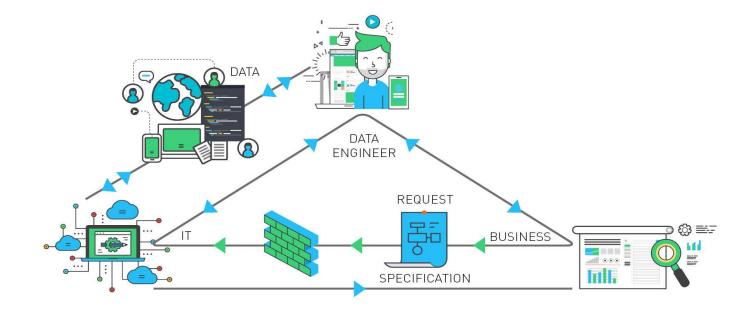
 Academia programs should have rich common curriculum for either IT, analysts or business studies

### Organizational leadership

Both experience (expert) and data usefulness knowledge should be critical for the next generation of leaders

### Analytical software provider

 Commoditization of analytics will speed up the process of creating a new generation of Data Scientists / Engineers





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