⚙ Introduction to Hydra in the Lightning-Hydra-Template

🔍 What is Hydra?

- Hydra is a **configuration framework** developed by **Facebook Research**.
- Used in the **Lightning-Hydra-Template** to:
  - Manage **hierarchical configurations**.
  - Modify settings dynamically via YAML or CLI.
- Hydra dynamically instantiates target classes (via the `_target_` key) in `train.py` using config files.

🗂️ Configuration Structure

configs/
├── common # Folder with many configs (hydra, trainer, and paths in config_base.yaml)
├── data/ # Datasets
├── experiment/ # Experiments
├── model/ # Models
── train.yaml # Main training config
── eval.yaml # Main evaluation config

The main file is `configs/train.yaml`, which defines the default training configuration.

train.yaml:5-10

```yaml
# @package _global_

# specify here default configuration
# order of defaults determines the order in which configs override each other
defaults:
  - _self_
  - common/config_base
  - data: mnist
  - model: mnist
  - /common/callbacks@callbacks: default  # Notation explicite
  - /common/logger@logger: mlflow   # set logger here or use command line (e.g. `python train.py logger=tensorboard`)

  # experiment configs allow for version control of specific hyperparameters
  # e.g. best hyperparameters for given model and datamodule
  - experiment: null

  ...
```

We will load `configs/common/config_base.yaml`, which contains the trainer parameters and paths.

```yaml
# ---------- PATHS ----------
paths:
  root_dir: ${oc.env:PROJECT_ROOT}  # Root directory of the project, set via environment variable
  data_dir: ${paths.root_dir}/data/  # Directory where the datasets are stored
  log_dir: ${paths.root_dir}/logs/  # Directory where logs will be saved
  output_dir: ${hydra:runtime.output_dir}  # Output directory generated by Hydra for each run
  work_dir: ${hydra:runtime.cwd}  # Current working directory where the job is launched

# ---------- TRAINER ----------
trainer:
  _target_: lightning.pytorch.trainer.Trainer #target class for trainer
  default_root_dir: ${paths.output_dir}
  min_epochs: 1
  max_epochs: 10
  accelerator: gpu
  ...
```

We also load the datamodule (in this case, MNIST): `configs/data/mnist.yaml`

```yaml
_target_: src.data.mnist_datamodule.MNISTDataModule #target class for datamodule
data_dir: ${paths.data_dir}
batch_size: 128 # Needs to be divisible by the number of devices (e.g., if in a distributed setup)
train_val_test_split: [55_000, 5_000, 10_000]
num_workers: 0
pin_memory: False
```

We load our model (MNIST): `configs/model/mnist.yaml`

```yaml
_target_: src.models.mnist_module.MNISTLitModule #target class for the model

optimizer:
  _target_: torch.optim.Adam #target class for the optimizer
  _partial_: true
  lr: 0.001
  weight_decay: 0.0

scheduler:
  _target_: torch.optim.lr_scheduler.ReduceLROnPlateau #target class for the scheduler
  _partial_: true
  mode: min
  factor: 0.1
  patience: 10

net:
  _target_: src.models.components.simple_dense_net.SimpleDenseNet #target class selfmade for the net
  input_size: 784
  lin1_size: 64
  lin2_size: 128
  lin3_size: 64
  output_size: 10

# compile model for faster training with pytorch 2.0
compile: false

# learning rate scheduler update interval: "epoch" or "step"
lr_interval: epoch
```

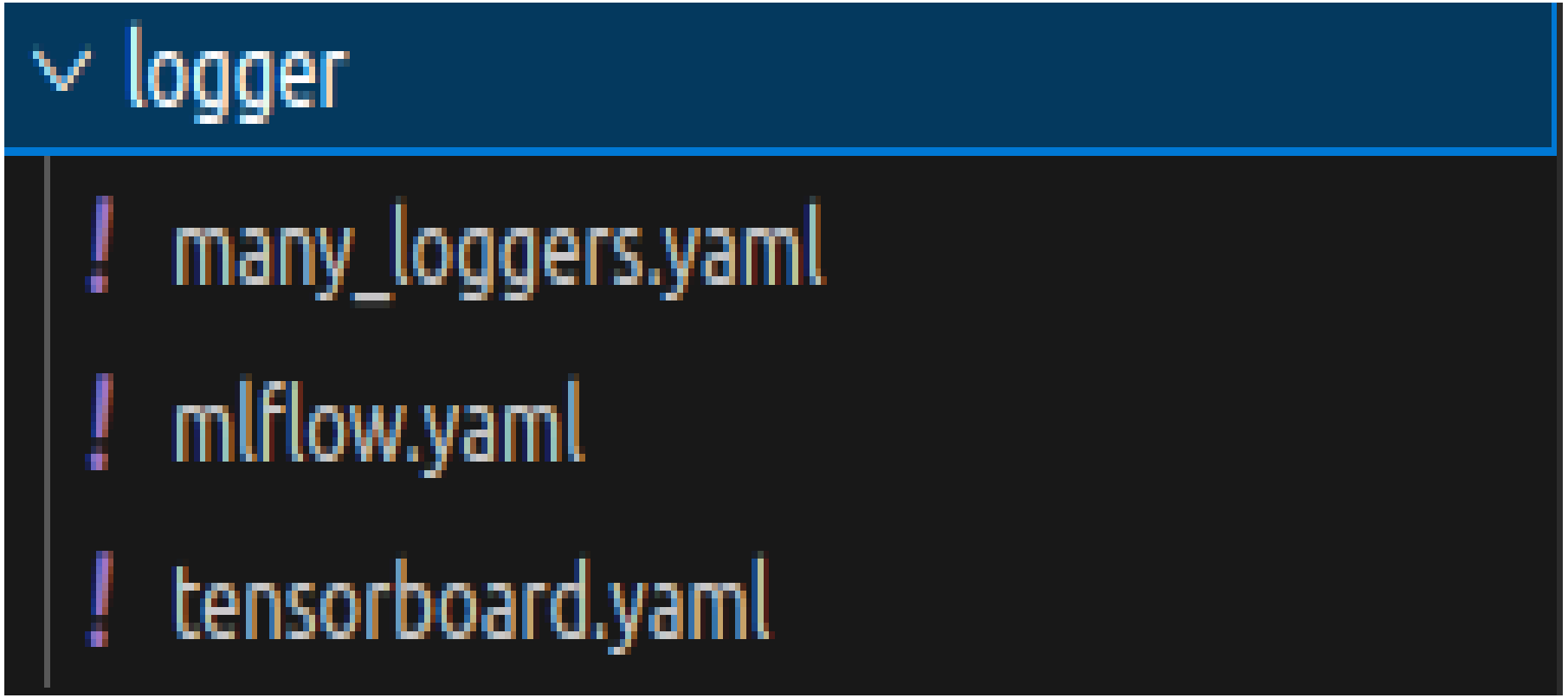
We also load the callbacks: `configs/common/callbacks/default.yaml`

```yaml
defaults:
  - model_checkpoint
  - early_stopping
  - model_summary
  - rich_progress_bar
  - callback_images
  - _self_

  ...
```

This file lists the callbacks we want to use by default.

Finally, we load the logger from `configs/common/logger` — here are the available options:



⚙ How to Modify Configuration Variables

You can change values in several ways:

1. Direct Modification in YAML Files

Change values directly in YAML files. For example, modify the number of max epochs in `configs/common/config_base.yaml`:

```yaml
trainer:
  _target_: lightning.pytorch.trainer.Trainer
  default_root_dir: ${paths.output_dir}
  min_epochs: 1
  max_epochs: 10
  accelerator: gpu
  devices: 1
  check_val_every_n_epoch: 1
  deterministic: false
```

2. Override via Command Line

Change one or more parameters without modifying YAML files:

```
python src/train.py model.optimizer.lr=0.001 data.batch_size=64
```

3. Alternative Configurations

Use a different model or logger:

```
python src/train.py model=autre_modele common/logger@logger=nom_logger
```

IMPORTANT: To override logger or callbacks, use the following syntax:

```
python src/train.py common/logger@logger=nom_logger
```

```
python src/train.py common/callbacks@callbacks=nom_callbacks
```

🧪 Experiment Configurations

Goal:

Define a full experiment configuration in a single YAML file
(to avoid manually changing all individual config files):

- Model
- Dataset
- Callbacks
- Number of epochs
- Seed

Example: `configs/experiment/mon_experience.yaml`

```yaml
# @package _global_
defaults:
  - override /data: mnist
  - override /model: mnist
  - override /common/callbacks@callbacks: default
  - override /common/logger@logger: mlflow

# Paramètres spécifiques à cette expérience
tags: ["mnist"]

# Surcharger des paramètres spécifiques
trainer:
  max_epochs: 10
  min_epochs: 5
  gradient_clip_val: 0.5
  accelerator: cpu
  devices: 1

model:
  optimizer:
    lr: 0.002
  net:
    lin1_size: 128
    lin2_size: 256
    lin3_size: 64

data:
  batch_size: 64
```

Then launch your training with:

```
    python src/train.py experiment=mon_experience
```

This will load:

-MNIST dataset

-MNIST model

-Default callbacks

-Seed 12345

-20 epochs

-Learning rate of 0.002

So, before overriding parameters in an experiment, refer to the original config file to check the variable structure.

✅ Final Check

If everything went well...

You should see this image generated at the start of training in the terminal: