


```

57 private void startRecording() {
58     mediaRecorder = new MediaRecorder();
59     mediaRecorder.setAudioSource(MediaRecorder.AudioSource.MIC);
60     mediaRecorder.setOutputFormat(MediaRecorder.OutputFormat.THREE_GPP);
61     mediaRecorder.setAudioEncoder(MediaRecorder.AudioEncoder.AMR_NB);
62     String outputPath = getExternalCacheDir().getAbsolutePath() + "/test.3gp";
63     mediaRecorder.setOutputFile(outputPath);
64
65     try {
66         mediaRecorder.prepare();
67         mediaRecorder.start();
68         isRecording = true;
69         updateGraph();
70     } catch (IOException e) {
71         Log.e("MainActivity", "IOException in mediaRecorder.prepare()", e);
72         Toast.makeText(context, this, "MediaRecorder prepare failed", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
73     } catch (RuntimeException e) {
74         Log.e("MainActivity", "RuntimeException in starting mediaRecorder", e);
75         Toast.makeText(context, this, "MediaRecorder start failed", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
76     }
77 }
78
79 private void stopRecording() {
80     if (mediaRecorder != null) {
81         mediaRecorder.stop();
82         mediaRecorder.release();
83         mediaRecorder = null;
84         isRecording = false;
85         handler.removeCallbacksAndMessages(null);
86     }
87 }
88
89 private void updateGraph() {
90     if (!isRecording) return;
91
92     int amplitude = mediaRecorder.getMaxAmplitude();
93     series.appendData(new DataPoint(lastX++, amplitude), scrollToEnd, true, maxDataPoints: 100);
94     updateDecibelText(amplitude);
95 }

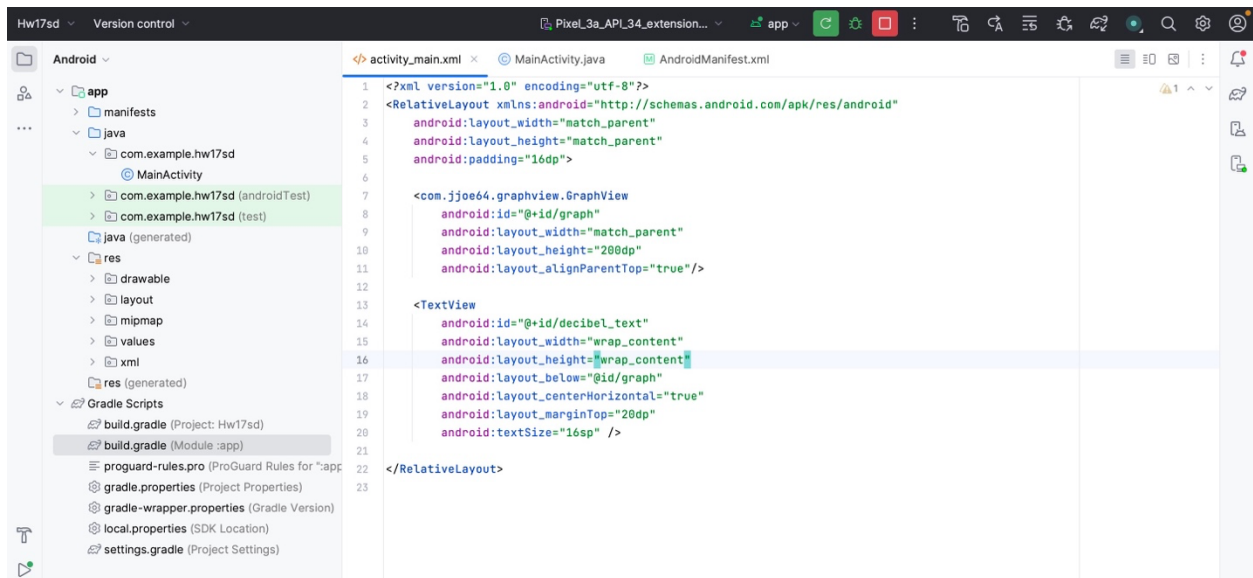
```

```

86 }
87
88 private void updateGraph() {
89     if (!isRecording) return;
90
91     int amplitude = mediaRecorder.getMaxAmplitude();
92     series.appendData(new DataPoint(lastX++, amplitude), scrollToEnd, true, maxDataPoints: 100);
93     updateDecibelText(amplitude);
94     handler.postDelayed(this::updateGraph, delayMills: 500);
95 }
96
97 private void updateDecibelText(int amplitude) {
98     double amplitudeDb = 20 * Math.log10((double) Math.abs(amplitude));
99     decibelText.setText(String.format("Amplitude (dB): %.2f", amplitudeDb));
100 }
101
102 @Override
103 public void onRequestPermissionsResult(int requestCode, String[] permissions, int[] grantResults) {
104     super.onRequestPermissionsResult(requestCode, permissions, grantResults);
105     if (requestCode == REQUEST_RECORD_AUDIO_PERMISSION && grantResults.length > 0 && grantResults[0] == PackageManager.PERMISSION_GRANTED) {
106         startRecording();
107     }
108 }
109
110 @Override
111 protected void onDestroy() {
112     super.onDestroy();
113     if (isRecording) {
114         stopRecording();
115     }
116 }
117 }

```

Activity_main.xml : This XML layout has a 'RelativeLayout' as its base and contains two key UI elements. The 'GraphView' component, which occupies a fixed height at the top, is intended for real-time graphical representation of audio data. A 'TextView' is positioned below the graph to display textual information such as decibel levels. It is centrally aligned below the graph and dynamically updates in sync with the audio data being processed. This layout mixes graphical and textual data presentations in a seamless and user-friendly manner.



Android_manifest.xml : The lines in the Android manifest file '`uses-permission android:name="android.permission.READ_EXTERNAL_STORAGE"/>`' and '`uses-permission android:name="android.permission.WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE"/>`' are permissions requests for accessing the device's external storage. These permissions are required for the app to work, which includes reading and writing data to the device's external storage, such as saving audio recordings or accessing files for processing.

Build.gradle : The line '`implementation 'com.jjoe64:graphview:4.2.2'`' is included in the app's Build.gradle file to integrate the GraphView library, which provides the functionality to display real-time graphs in the app. '`implementation 'androidx.core:core:1.12.0'`' is also used to include the AndroidX Core library, which provides crucial functionalities for current Android development, such as compatibility and utility APIs. These dependencies are essential for improving the app's graphical data display and assuring compatibility with the latest Android features and standards.

Gradle.properties : The line '`android.enableJetifier=true`' is included in the gradle.properties file to enable Jetifier. Jetifier automatically changes existing third-party libraries to be compatible with AndroidX. This ensures that libraries that rely on the older Android Support Library are effortlessly updated to work with the modern AndroidX architecture, preserving app compatibility and functionality.

Additionally, I added a TextView which shows the sound in decibels so just to know that the mic is working below is the screen shot of the app and I teste it on my device as the android studio emulator is not reliable for testing hardware.i even added the zoom in and zoom out feature so it will be easy to to see the values as the graph amplitude is varying with the change in sound.

