## Data Base Management System(DBMS)-Sem 4

### **UNIT 1: Introduction to DBMS**

- \*What is a Database? Explain the features of DBMS.
- \*Difference between File System and DBMS.
- \*Explain Three-schema architecture in DBMS.
- \*What is Data Independence? Distinguish between Logical and Physical independence.
- \*Roles and responsibilities of a Database Administrator (DBA).

#### UNIT 2: Data Models & ER Model

- \*Define Entity, Attribute, and Relationship with examples.
- \*Draw and explain an ER Diagram for a library or hospital system.
- \*What are the types of Attributes in DBMS? (Simple, Composite, Derived, etc.)
- \*Define and explain Generalization, Specialization, and Aggregation.
- \*How do you convert an ER diagram to a relational schema?

#### **UNIT 3: Relational Model & SQL**

- \*What is the Relational Data Model? Explain its components.
- \*Types of Keys in DBMS: Primary, Candidate, Foreign, Super, Composite
- \*Write SQL queries for:

Table creation using constraints

Insert, update, delete records

Select with conditions (WHERE, LIKE, BETWEEN)

- \*Explain different types of JOINS in SQL with examples.
- \*Difference between TRUNCATE, DELETE, and DROP commands.

#### **UNIT 4: Normalization**

- \*What is Normalization? Why is it needed?
- \*Explain 1NF, 2NF, 3NF with examples.
- \*Define Functional Dependency with example.
- \*Identify candidate keys and normalize a table up to 3NF.
- \*Discuss the problems caused by redundancy and anomalies in unnormalized tables.

# UNIT 5: Transactions and Concurrency

- \*Define Transaction. Explain ACID Properties with examples.
- \*What is Concurrency Control? Why is it important?
- \*Define Deadlock. How can it be prevented in DBMS?
- \*Explain Lock-based protocols and Timestamp-based protocols.
- \*What is Database Recovery? Explain types of failures and recovery methods.