Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 6_MCQ_Updated_1

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 13

Section 1: MCQ

1. What is the best sorting algorithm to use for the elements in an array that are more than 1 million in general?

Answer

Quick sort.

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What happens when Merge Sort is applied to a single-element array?

Answer

The array remains unchanged and no merging is required

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. What happens during the merge step in Merge SoAnswerTwo sorted subarrays are combined into one sorted array	, 1674080
Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
4. Is Merge Sort a stable sorting algorithm?	
Answer	
Yes, always stable. Status: Correct	Marks: 1/1 ₈₀ 17 ^{A7}
5. Consider the Quick Sort algorithm, which sorts eleorder using the first element as a pivot. Then which of sequences will require the maximum number of comalgorithm is applied to it?	of the following input
Answer	
52 25 89 67 76	
Status : Wrong	Marks: 0/1
Morgo port is 10801	10807
6. Merge sort is	1107kg
V Answer V	V'
Non-comparison sorting algorithm	Marks : 0/1
Status : Wrong	Warks . U/ I
7. Which of the following methods is used for sorting in merge sort?	
Answer	147
merging	10801
Answer merging Status: Correct	Marks: 1/1

Which of the following is true about Quicksort?

Answer

It is an in-place sorting algorithm

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Which of the following statements is true about the merge sort algorithm?

Answer

None of the mentioned options

Marks : 0/1 Status: Wrong

10. What is the main advantage of Quicksort over Merge Sort?

Answer

Quicksort requires less auxiliary space

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. Why is Merge Sort preferred for sorting large datasets compared to **Quick Sort?**

Answer

Merge Sort has better worst-case time complexity

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Let P be a quick sort program to sort numbers in ascending order using the first element as a pivot. Let t1 and t2 be the number of comparisons made by P for the inputs {1, 2, 3, 4, 5} and {4, 1, 5, 3, 2}, respectively. Which one of the following holds?

Answer

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

13. Which of the following sorting algorithms is based on the divide and conquer method?

Answer

Merge Sort

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Which of the following modifications can help Quicksort perform better on small subarrays?

Answer

Switching to Insertion Sort for small subarrays

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Which of the following strategies is used to improve the efficiency of Quicksort in practical implementations?

Answer

Always selecting the first element as the pivot

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

16. The following code snippet is an example of a quick sort. What do the 'low' and 'high' parameters represent in this code?

```
void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
  if (low < high) {
    int pivot = partition(arr, low, high);
    quickSort(arr, low, pivot - 1);
    quickSort(arr, pivot + 1, high);
}</pre>
```

} 201747

Answer

The range of elements to sort within the array

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. In a quick sort algorithm, where are smaller elements placed to the pivot during the partition process, assuming we are sorting in increasing order?

Answer

To the left of the pivot

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. In a quick sort algorithm, what role does the pivot element play?

Answer

It is used to partition the array

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. Which of the following scenarios is Merge Sort preferred over Quick Sort?

Answer

When minimizing recursion depth

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

20. Which of the following is not true about QuickSort?

Answer

It as an adaptive sorting algorithm

Status: Wrong

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1