Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - ECE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 14

Section 1: MCQ

1. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

Last node

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

2. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

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Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct

What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
  return (top == -1);
int isFull() {
 return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
```

```
void push(int item) {
        if (isFull())
           printf("Stack Overflow\n");
         else
           stack[++top] = item;
      }
      int main() {
         printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
         push(10);
         push(20);
                                                                            2716240801747
         push(30);
         printf("%d\n", isFull());
       return 0;
      Answer
      10
      Status: Correct
                                                                         Marks: 1/1
      6. What will be the output of the following code?
                                                                            2116240801741
      #include <stdio.h>
      #define MAX_SIZE 5
      void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
         if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
           printf("Stack Overflow\n");
           return;
         }
         stack[++(*top)] = item;
      int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
         if (*top == -1) {
           printf("Stack Underflow\n");
           return -1;
return stack[(*top)--];
```

```
int main() {
  int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
  push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  return 0;
}

Answer
302010Stack Underflow
Status: Wrong

Marks: 0/1
```

7. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(2);
pop();
pop();
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer

Underflow Occurs

Status: Correct
```

Marks : 1/1

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8.	What is the pri	mary advantage of usi	ng an array-based stac	k with a
	xed size?	24080	17/08/08/08/08/08	1,4080,
2 ¹ Ai	nswer	21,00	21101	21/101
Ef	fficient memory us	age		,
St	tatus : Correct			Marks : 1/1
at st po po po po po po			rations on the stack of s number of elements pr	
1 \$1	nswer tatus: Correct O. The result aft	er evaluating the postf	fix expression 10 5 + 60	Marks : 1/1
		erevaluating the poot	ix expression to o . oc	0 10
Ai 7	nswer 1			
	' tatus : Wrong			Marks : 0/1
	1. Elements are	Added on of th	ne Stack.	2116240801141

Marks: 1/1 Status : Correct

12. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
  if (top == -1) {
    printf("Stack is empty\n");
  } else {
     printf("Stack elements: ");
    for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
       printf("%d ", stack[i]),
    printf("\n");
void push(int value) {
  if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  } else {
     stack[++top] = value;
int main() {
 display();
```

```
push(10);
push(20);
push(30);
display();
push(40);
push(50);
push(60);
display();
return 0;
}

Answer

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30 20 10 

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1
```

14. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status : Correct Marks : 1/1

17. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

2

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

18. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

A Parantheses Balancing Program

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

19. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?

Answer

1

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

20. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1