

Exp. No.:

DFS with Water Jug

Date:

Aim:

To implement the DFS algorithm to Water Jug, to measure exactly a target amount of water using two jugs with given capacities:

ALGORITHM:

Step - 1: Initialise starting state with both jugs empty (0,0) and create a set visited to track.

Step - 2: Mark current state as visited.

Step - 3: If amount of water in either jug equals the target, print the solution and terminate.

Step - 4: Generate all possible next states.

Step - 5: Recursively apply DFS to each unvisited state.

Step - 6: If a solution found, terminate recursion.

Step - 7: If no solution, print no solution.

CODE:

```
def waterJugDFS(jug1-capacity, jug2-capacity, target, current-  
state = None, visited = None):  
    if visited is None:  
        visited = set()  
    if current-state is None:  
        current-state = (0,0)
```

if current-state in visited:

return False

visited.add(current-state)

jug1, jug2 = current-state

Print(f" Jug1: {jug1}, Jug2: {jug2}")

if jug1 == target or jug2 == target:

Print("solution found")

return True

Possible_moves = [(jug1-capacity, jug2), (jug1, jug2-capacity),
(0, jug2), (jug1, 0),
(min(jug1-capacity, jug1+jug2),
max(jug2-capacity-jug1)),
(max(0, jug1-(jug2-capacity-jug2)),
min(jug2-capacity, jug1+jug2))]

for next-state in possible_moves:

if waterJugDFS(jug1-capacity, jug2-capacity, target,
next-state, visited):

return True

return False

if __name__ == "__main__":

jug1-capacity = 4

jug2-capacity = 3

target = 2

Print("DFS Traversal for water Jug Problem:")

if not waterJugDFS(jug1-capacity, jug2-capacity, target):

Print("No solution found")

Output :

DFS Traversal for water Jug Problem:

Jug1:0 , Jug2:0

Jug1:4 , Jug2:0

Jug1:4 , Jug2:3

Jug1:0 , Jug2:3

Jug1:3 , Jug2:0

Jug1:3 , Jug2:3

Jug1:4 , Jug2:2

Solution found!

RESULT :

The program has been successfully executed and the output is verified!