<u>CALCULATION OF SGPA AND CGPA</u> <u>2019-2020 SYSTEM.</u>

Hello, this document explains the division of Credits and and calculation of SGPA and CGPA. First, lets know the full forms of SGPA and CGPA.

SGPA = Semester Grade Point Average.

SGPA is a measure of your performance in any particular semester.

CGPA = Cumulative Grade Point Average.

CGPA is a measure of your performance right from the first semester of your B.E. Given below is a table of Credits assigned to each subject of a particular cycle. (According to 2019-2020 system)

PHYSICS CYCLE

SUBJECTS	COURSE CODE	CREDITS
ENGG. PHYSICS	18PY1BSPHY	5
ENGG. MATHEMATICS	18MA1BSEM1	4
ELEMENTS OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	18ME1ESEME	4
CONCEPTS OF C PROGRAMMING	18CS1ESCCP	4
ELEMENTS OF ELECTRONICS ENGG.	18EC1ESECE	3
TOTAL		20

CHEMISTRY CYCLE

SUBJECTS	COURSE CODE	CREDITS
ENGG. CHEMISTRY	18CY1BSCHY	5
ENGG. MATHEMATICS	18MA1BSEM1	4
ELEMENTS OF ELECTRICAL ENGG.	18EE1ESEEE	4
ENGG. MECHANICS	18CV1ESENM	4
ELEMENTS OF ENGG. DRAWING	18ME1ESEED	3
TOTAL		20

GRADE ALLOCATION

This actually very simple. College will give grades of all the subjects along with the marks in the final end semester result sheet. This is for the reference. (2019-2020 system).

RANGE OF MARKS	GRADE ALLOCATED	WEIGHTAGE TO BE TAKEN(x)
90-100	S	10
80-89	A	9
70-79	В	8
60-69	С	7
50-59	D	6
40-49	Е	5
<40	F	Considered as fail, hence the subject has no weightage in the final SGPA.

So, the formula becomes:

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i \cdot (credits_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} credits_i}$$

Where Credits_i is the credits allocated to the 'i' th subject.

For example: lets assume in Physics cycle, a person has scored the following marks Physics - 90

EME - 77

EM1 - 89

CCP - 58

ECE - 65

Then, the calculation will be:

$$\frac{10(physics)*5 + 8(EME)*4 + 9(EM1)*4 + 6(CCP)*4 + 7(ECE)*3}{5 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 3} = \frac{\frac{163}{20}}{8} = 8.15$$

So, this is how SGPA is calculated for each semester.

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