Natural Language Processing

Fake News Detection

```
pip install ftfy
     Collecting ftfy
       Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/ce/b5/5da463f9c7823e0e575e9908d004
                                       71kB 3.1MB/s
     Requirement already satisfied: wcwidth in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from 1
     Building wheels for collected packages: ftfy
       Building wheel for ftfy (setup.py) ... done
       Created wheel for ftfy: filename=ftfy-6.0.1-cp37-none-any.whl size=41573 sha256=f2bda@
       Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/ae/73/c7/9056e14b04919e5c262fe80b54133b1a
     Successfully built ftfy
     Installing collected packages: ftfy
     Successfully installed ftfy-6.0.1
# import libraries
import ftfy
import nltk
import json
import re
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import pandas as pd
import csv
import numpy as np
import nltk
import seaborn as sb
import warnings
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.base import BaseEstimator, TransformerMixin
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline, FeatureUnion
from sklearn.feature extraction import DictVectorizer
from sklearn.feature selection import SelectKBest, chi2
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.model selection import cross validate, StratifiedKFold
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
from sklearn.preprocessing import Binarizer
```

```
from collections import Counter
from os import listdir, makedirs
from os.path import isfile, join, splitext, split
from nltk.stem import SnowballStemmer
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from collections import defaultdict
from nltk.corpus import wordnet as wn
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk import pos_tag
#nltk.download('stopwords')
from sklearn import metrics
import itertools
from wordcloud import STOPWORDS, WordCloud
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline, FeatureUnion
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.decomposition import TruncatedSVD
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, classification report, confusion matrix
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_validate, StratifiedKFold
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn import model selection, naive bayes, svm
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from xgboost import XGBClassifier # need to import xboost calssifer
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
np.random.seed(0)
```

Loading the Train Dataset

```
!pip install -U -q PyDrive
from pydrive.auth import GoogleAuth
from pydrive.drive import GoogleDrive
from google.colab import auth
from oauth2client.client import GoogleCredentials
```

```
auth.authenticate user()
gauth = GoogleAuth()
gauth.credentials = GoogleCredentials.get_application_default()
drive = GoogleDrive(gauth)
#https://drive.google.com/file/d/1uvJIi0Kdeo1xqKhRNLknCEWdWtIXvgB4/view?usp=sharing
fileDownloaded = drive.CreateFile({'id':'1uvJIi0Kdeo1xqKhRNLknCEWdWtIXvgB4'})
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/gdrive')
     Mounted at /content/gdrive
fileDownloaded.GetContentFile('train.csv')
import nltk
nltk.download('stopwords')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
                   Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data]
     True
import pandas as pd
df_rraw= pd.read_csv('train.csv' )
df rraw.head()
```

	id	title	author	text	label
0	0	House Dem Aide: We Didn't Even See Comey's Let	Darrell Lucus	House Dem Aide: We Didn't Even See Comey's Let	1
1	1	FLYNN: Hillary Clinton, Big Woman on Campus	Daniel J. Flynn	Ever get the feeling your life circles the rou	0
2	2	Why the Truth Might Get You Fired	Consortiumnews.com	Why the Truth Might Get You Fired October 29,	1
2	ာ	15 Civilians Killed In Single US	Jacoba Durkina	Videos 15 Civilians Killed In	4

```
# The file contains 5 columns
df_rraw.shape
df_raw=df_rraw.dropna()
print(df_raw.shape)
df_raw=df_raw.reset_index()
```

text label 0 President Donald Trump signaled his support fo... 0 1 Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any... 1 2 NASA is getting new looks at Jupiter, from clo... 3 (Before It's News)\nAs advanced as our Job Pos... 4 In my timeline it was Michael Barage, Rump and... 1 5 In the tech business, you often invent the pro... 0 WASHINGTON — Navy SEALs led an unsuccessful... 0 7 "Be ye therefore perfect . . . even as your Fa... 8 9 Images reveal crashed Schiaparelli Mars lander... 1

```
# some of the statements
df raw['text'].head(10).tolist()
```

```
['President Donald Trump signaled his support for activists attending the March for Li 'Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Anyway 14, 2016 \nTrumpism as a stress to 'NASA is getting new looks at Jupiter, from close up and far away. Its Juno spacecraft "(Before It's News)\nAs advanced as our Job Posting Analytics have become—including the 'In my timeline it was Michael Barage, Rump and Billary Mandella Mail with questions or 'In the tech business, you often invent the product first and find out what it's for la 'WASHINGTON — Navy SEALs led an unsuccessful raid last month to free an American uni '"Be ye therefore perfect . . . even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect." \nI
```

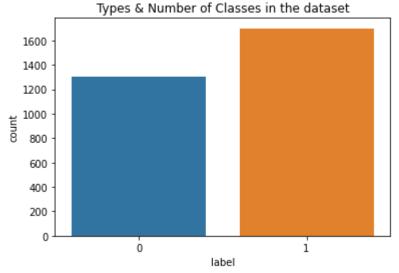
"Images reveal crashed Schiaparelli Mars lander page: 1 link We knew as time passed tha

Exploratory Data Analysis

```
sns.countplot(x='label',data=df_raw)
```

plt.title('Types & Number of Classes in the dataset')

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Types & Number of Classes in the dataset')



df_raw.head()

```
text label
President Donald Trump signaled his support fo...
Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any...
NASA is getting new looks at Jupiter, from clo...
(Before It's News)\nAs advanced as our Job Pos...
In my timeline it was Michael Barage, Rump and...
```

```
def binary_class_dataset(data):
    data=data.iloc[:,[0,1]]
    data.columns = ['text','label']
    Original_labels = {
        1: 'Fake',
        0: 'True',
    }
    data['label'] = data['label'].map(Original_labels)
    return data

bi_class= binary_class_dataset(df_raw)
bi_class.head(2)
```

text label

- O President Donald Trump signaled his support fo...
- 1 Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any... Fake

Creating Word Clouds for the text 'text' in the train dataset

```
np.random.seed(0) # setting seed to get similar results over multiple experiments.

# word cloud for all the statements in the entire dataset

text = bi_class['text'].values

wordcloud = WordCloud(width=3000, height=2000, background_color='white',stopwords=STOPWORDS).

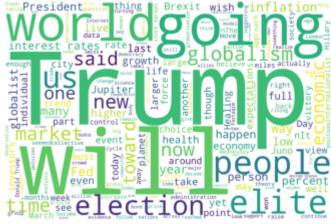
plt.imshow(wordcloud)

plt.axis('off')

plt.title("Word Cloud of 'text' in dataset")

plt.show()
```

Word Cloud of 'text' in dataset



(1700, 2)

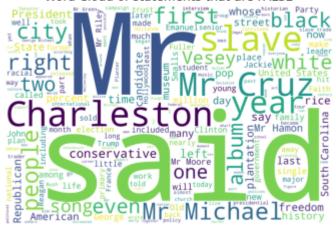
```
np.random.seed(0)
# creating word cloud for only those statements that are TRUE
text_true = true_statements_dataset['text'].values
wordcloud_true = WordCloud(width=3000, height=2000, background_color='white',stopwords=STOPWO
plt.imshow(wordcloud_true)
plt.axis('off')
plt.title("Word Cloud of statements that are TRUE")
plt.show()
```

Word Cloud of statements that are TRUE



```
np.random.seed(0)
# creating word cloud for or only those statements that are FAKE
text_false = fake_statements_dataset['text'].values
wordcloud_false = WordCloud(width=3000, height=2000, background_color='white',stopwords=STOPW
plt.imshow(wordcloud_false)
plt.axis('off')
plt.title("Word Cloud of statements that are FALSE")
plt.show()
```

Word Cloud of statements that are FALSE



Irony data exploration

```
def parse dataset(fp):
   Loads the dataset .txt file with label-tweet on each line and parses the dataset.
    :param fp: filepath of dataset
    :return:
       corpus: list of tweet strings of each tweet.
       y: list of labels
   y = []
   corpus = []
   with open(fp, 'rt') as data in:
       for line in data in:
            if not line.lower().startswith("tweet index"): # discard first line if it contain
                line = line.rstrip() # remove trailing whitespace
                label = int(line.split("\t")[1])
                tweet = line.split("\t")[2]
                y.append(label)
                corpus.append(tweet)
   return corpus, y
path = "/content/gdrive/My Drive/collab/ironyA.txt"
tweets, labels = parse_dataset(path)
data_irony = pd.DataFrame({'text': tweets, 'label':labels})
data_irony[:10]
```

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Types & Number of Classes in the dataset')



```
stop = stopwords.words('english')
def common_words(df, num=10):
    words = ' '.join(df['text']).lower().split()
    words_cleaned = [word for word in words if word not in stop]
    return pd.Series(words_cleaned).value_counts()[:num]

print('Common Ironic words')
print(common_words(ironic))
```

Ironic	words
160	
113	
94	
83	
81	
79	
61	
60	
	160 113 94 83 81 79 61

```
can't
                54
     one
                52
     dtype: int64
print('Non-ironic words')
print(common words(non ironic))
     Non-ironic words
     i'm
              91
     get
              80
              72
     &
     like
              71
              57
              55
     one
     would
              52
     think
              45
     love
              44
     new
              44
     dtype: int64
```

Clickbait Exploration

```
path = "/content/gdrive/My Drive/collab/clickbait_data.txt"
   path2 = "/content/gdrive/My Drive/collab/non clickbait data.txt"
   def parse_dataset():
        clickbait = []
        non_clickbait = []
        with open(path, 'rt') as data_in:
            for line in data_in:
                if line.strip():
                    clickbait.append(line.strip())
        with open(path2, 'rt') as data_in:
            for line in data_in:
                if line.strip():
                    non clickbait.append(line.strip())
        return clickbait, non_clickbait
   clickbait, non_clickbait = parse_dataset()
   df_clickbait = pd.DataFrame({'text':clickbait,'label':1})
   print (df clickbait)
https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1fY14qSMl88n5d 3UMfvXKvZQhb-tbCJ5#printMode=true
```

df_nonclickbait = pd.DataFrame({'text':non_clickbait,'label':0})
print (df_nonclickbait)

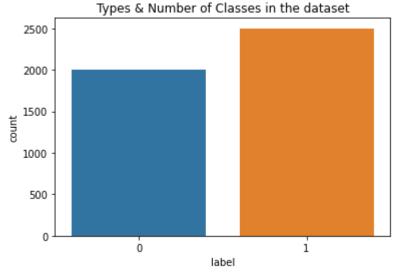
```
text label
0
                                       Should I Get Bings
                                                               1
1
           Which TV Female Friend Group Do You Belong In
                                                               1
2
       The New "Star Wars: The Force Awakens" Trailer...
                                                               1
3
       This Vine Of New York On "Celebrity Big Brothe...
                                                               1
4
       A Couple Did A Stunning Photo Shoot With Their...
                                                               1
. . .
                                                              . . .
      There Was A Mini "Sisterhood Of The Traveling ...
15994
                                                               1
15995
         21 Dogs Who Are Thankful For Their Best Friends
                                                               1
15996
       People Are Proving No Dick Is Too Big By Dropp...
                                                               1
15997
                              I'm An Atheist, But I'm Not
                                                               1
15998
      An Artist Drew Disney Men As Justin Bieber And...
                                                               1
[15999 rows x 2 columns]
                                                     text
                                                          label
       Bill Changing Credit Card Rules Is Sent to Oba...
1
       In Hollywood, the Easy-Money Generation Toughe...
                                                               0
2
       1700 runners still unaccounted for in UK's Lak...
3
       Yankees Pitchers Trade Fielding Drills for Put...
                                                               0
4
       Large earthquake rattles Indonesia; Seventh in...
                                                               0
      To Make Female Hearts Flutter in Iraq, Throw a...
15996
                                                               0
15997
       British Liberal Democrat Patsy Calton, 56, die...
15998
       Drone smartphone app to help heart attack vict...
       Netanyahu Urges Pope Benedict, in Israel, to D...
15999
                                                               0
16000
       Computer Makers Prepare to Stake Bigger Claim ...
```

[16001 rows x 2 columns]

```
df=pd.concat([df_clickbait.iloc[0:2500,], df_nonclickbait.iloc[0:2000,]],ignore_index=True)
df = df.sample(frac=1).reset_index(drop=True)
df.head(10)
```

text label

 ${\sf Text(0.5,\ 1.0,\ 'Types\ \&\ Number\ of\ Classes\ in\ the\ dataset')}$



```
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
stop = stopwords.words('english')
```

```
def most_common_words(sentences, num=10):
    words = ' '.join(sentences).lower().split()
    words_cleaned = [word for word in words if word not in stop]
    return pd.Series(words_cleaned).value_counts()[:num]

print('Clickbait')
```

Clickbait	
things	994
people	909
know	800
make	760
17	670

print(most_common_words(clickbait))

```
21
                  642
     based
                  607
     19
                  578
                  577
     actually
     times
                  507
     dtype: int64
print('Non-Clickbait')
print(most_common_words(non_clickbait))
     Non-Clickbait
     new
                    797
                    598
     us
                    523
     u.s.
     dies
                    341
     killed
                    333
                    321
     dead
     president
                    288
     uk
                    282
     kills
                    277
     australian
                    270
     dtype: int64
df.shape,df_raw.shape,data_irony.shape
     ((4500, 2), (3000, 2), (3834, 2))
```

Specifying features and labels

```
['@hoplitnet The fact that Whites are prone to universal thinking is actually racial in
      'Second stone circle found one mile from Stonehenge',
      'Strong earthquake strikes Indonesia',
      'Serbian goal keeper debuts in Croatian football club Rijeka',
      'A judge in Maryland has granted a new trial to Adnan Syed, setting aside his conviction
#sample labels
y.head(5)
     0
     1
          0
     2
          0
     3
          0
     Name: label, dtype: int64
# specifying train and test split with ratio of 80:20
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y, test_size=0.2, random_state = 0, str
print(len(X train), len(X test))
print(len(y_train), len(y_test))
     9067 2267
     9067 2267
```

Custom Pre - Processing and Tokenisation of the data

```
""" Regular expression for cleaning the statements"""
hashtag re = re.compile(r"#\w+")
mention re = re.compile(r"@\w+")
url_re = re.compile(r''(?:https?://)?(?:[-\w]+\.)+[a-zA-Z]{2,9}[-\w/#~:;.?+=&\@~]*")
extras_re = re.compile("[.;:!\'?,\"()\[\]]")
emoji pattern = re.compile("["
                           u"\U0001F600-\U0001F64F" # emoticons
                           u"\U0001F300-\U0001F5FF" # symbols & pictographs
                           u"\U0001F680-\U0001F6FF"
                                                     # transport & map symbols
                                                     # flags (iOS)
                           u"\U0001F1E0-\U0001F1FF"
                           u"\U00002702-\U000027B0"
                           u"\U000024C2-\U0001F251"
                           "]+", flags=re.UNICODE)
""" Preprocessing the text in the statements"""
def preprocess(text):
```

```
p text = hashtag re.sub("",text)
    p_text = mention_re.sub("",p_text)
   p_text = extras_re.sub("",p_text)
   p_text = url_re.sub("",p_text)
   p text = ftfy.fix text(p text)
   p_text = emoji_pattern.sub(" ", p_text)
   return p_text.lower()
def Tokenizer(str input):
   words = re.sub(r"[^A-Za-z0-9\-]", " ", str_input).lower().split()
   porter_stemmer=nltk.PorterStemmer()
   words = [porter stemmer.stem(word) for word in words]
    return words
# stop words list set to english
stopwords_list = stopwords.words('english') # stop word list
```

Defining custom functions for displaying results of Classification

```
# function for results of cross-validation
def print cv scores summary(name, scores):
    print("{}: mean = {:.2f}%, sd = {:.2f}%, min = {:.2f}, max = {:.2f}".format(name, scores.
# fucntion for results of model fitting
def print scores(predictions):
   print("Accuracy: ", accuracy score(y test, predictions))
   print(classification_report(y_test, predictions))
   print(confusion matrix(y test, predictions))
# function for displaying confusion matrix
def confusion_matrix_heatmap(cm, index):
   cmdf = pd.DataFrame(cm, index = index, columns=index)
   dims = (10, 8)
   fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=dims)
   sns.heatmap(cmdf, annot=True, cmap="BuPu", center=0, fmt='g')
   ax.set ylabel('Actual')
   ax.set_xlabel('Predicted')
from sklearn import metrics
```

```
import itertools
def plot confusion matrix(cm, classes,
                          normalize=False,
                          title='Confusion matrix',
                          cmap=plt.cm.Blues):
   plt.imshow(cm, interpolation='nearest', cmap=cmap)
   plt.title(title)
   plt.colorbar()
   tick marks = np.arange(len(classes))
   plt.xticks(tick marks, classes, rotation=45)
   plt.yticks(tick marks, classes)
   if normalize:
        cm = cm.astype('float') / cm.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis]
        print("Normalized confusion matrix")
   else:
        print('Confusion matrix, without normalization')
   thresh = cm.max() / 2.
   for i, j in itertools.product(range(cm.shape[0]), range(cm.shape[1])):
        plt.text(j, i, cm[i, j],
                 horizontalalignment="center",
                 color="white" if cm[i, j] > thresh else "black")
   plt.tight layout()
   plt.ylabel('True label')
   plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
# function for displaying confusion matrix in percentage terms
def confusion_matrix_percent_heatmap(cm, index):
    cmdf = pd.DataFrame(cm, index = index, columns=index)
   percents = cmdf.div(cmdf.sum(axis=1), axis=0)*100
   dims = (10, 10)
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=dims)
    sns.heatmap(percents, annot=True, cmap="PiYG", center=0, vmin=0, vmax=100)
   ax.set ylabel('Actual')
   ax.set xlabel('Predicted')
   cbar = ax.collections[0].colorbar
   cbar.set ticks([0, 25, 50, 75, 100])
   cbar.set_ticklabels(['0%', '25%', '50%', '75%', '100%'])
#list(df columns.columns))-list(df raw['labels'])"coolwarm"'Blues'PiYG'BuPu'
```

Creating Pipeline with TFID Vectorizer along with Feature Union of 'total words' in the 'text'

```
trom skiearn.base import BaseEstimator, IranstormerMixin
class TextSelector(BaseEstimator, TransformerMixin):
   def __init__(self, field):
        self.field = field
   def fit(self, X, y=None):
        return self
   def transform(self, X):
        return X[self.field]
class NumberSelector(BaseEstimator, TransformerMixin):
   def __init__(self, field):
        self.field = field
   def fit(self, X, y=None):
        return self
   def transform(self, X):
        return X[[self.field]]
df_raw_tfid= df_raw.copy()
```

df_raw_tfid.head(2)

	text	label
0	President Donald Trump signaled his support fo	0
1	Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any	1

header list=["text","label","TotalWords","Lemmatised words"]

```
df raw tfid = df raw tfid.reindex(columns = header list)
df raw tfid.head(2)
```

	text	label	TotalWords	Lemmatised_words
0	President Donald Trump signaled his support fo	0	NaN	NaN
1	Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any	1	NaN	NaN

creating new column to hold total number of words in the text and calculating the total wor df_raw_tfid['TotalWords'] = df_raw_tfid['text'].str.split().str.len()

```
df raw tfid.head(2)
```

taxt labol TotalWands Lammaticad wands

Lemmatisation of the 'statements' by giving POS (parts of speech) Tags as context

```
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron tagger')
     [nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
                   Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data]
     [nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data]
                   Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data] Downloading package averaged perceptron tagger to
     [nltk_data]
                     /root/nltk data...
                   Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-
     [nltk_data]
     [nltk data]
     True
"""WordNetLemmatizer requires Pos tags to understand if the word is noun or verb or adjective
        By default it is set to Noun. Here we consider only POS tags of Noun, Adjective, Verb
corpus=[]
def lemmatize():
   for state in df raw tfid['text']:
        texts=preprocess(state)
        token=nltk.word tokenize(texts)
        corpus.append(token)
   tag map = defaultdict(lambda : wn.NOUN)
    tag_map['J'] = wn.ADJ
   tag map['V'] = wn.VERB
   tag_map['R'] = wn.ADV
   for index,entry in enumerate(corpus):
        # looping through the entries and saving in the corpus
        Final words = []
        # fitting WordNetLemmatizer()
       word Lemmatized = WordNetLemmatizer()
        # pos tag will provide the 'tag' i.e if the word is Noun(N) or Verb(V) etc.
        for word, tag in pos tag(entry):
        # condition is to check for Stop words and consider only alphabets
            if word not in stopwords.words('english') and word.isalpha():
                word Final = word Lemmatized.lemmatize(word, tag map[tag[0]])
                Final_words.append(word_Final)
        # The processed words for each 'statement' will be store in column 'lemmatised words
```

```
at_raw_t+1a.loc[index, Lemmatised_words] = str(Final_words)
lemmatize()
# sample lemmatised text of the 'statements'
# We can see that new column 'Lemmtised_words is created which stores the lemmatised words of
df raw tfid.head
     <bound method NDFrame.head of</pre>
                                                                                        text
           President Donald Trump signaled his support fo...
                                                                     ['president', 'donald', '1
                                                                . . .
     1
           Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any...
                                                                    ['trump', 'brexit', 'defea
                                                                ... ['nasa', 'get', 'new', 'lc
     2
           NASA is getting new looks at Jupiter, from clo...
                                                                ... ['news', 'advance', 'job',
     3
           (Before It's News)\nAs advanced as our Job Pos...
           In my timeline it was Michael Barage, Rump and...
                                                                    ['timeline', 'michael', 't
     2995 < > Arnaldo Rodgers is a trained and educated ...
                                                                ... ['arnaldo', 'rodgers', 'tr
                                                               ... ['think', 'jim', 'comey',
     2996 .@CLewandowski : "I think Jim Comey is in big ...
                                                               ... ['stock', 'market', 'reach
     2997 The stock market reached yet another new high ...
     2998 Fastaqim Positions Overrun, Fighters Detained ... ['fastaqim', 'position',
     2999 The Trump Election Will Spark More Individual ... ... ['trump', 'election', 'spark More Individual ... ...
     [3000 \text{ rows x 4 columns}]
# X=df raw tfid['Lemmatised words'].tolist()
# y=df_raw_tfid['label']
# # fitting TfidfVectorizer with the lemmatised 'statements'
# Encoder = LabelEncoder()
# y = Encoder.fit transform(y)
```

```
# y = Encoder.fit_transform(y)

# Tfidf_vect = TfidfVectorizer()

# Tfidf_vect.fit(df_raw_tfid['Lemmatised_words'])

# X = Tfidf_vect.transform(X)
```

Converting the Multiclass labels into Binary class labels (Fake & True) and predicting

```
bi_class.head(30)
```

	text	label
0	President Donald Trump signaled his support fo	True
1	Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any	Fake
2	NASA is getting new looks at Jupiter, from clo	True
3	(Before It's News)\nAs advanced as our Job Pos	Fake
4	In my timeline it was Michael Barage, Rump and	Fake
5	In the tech business, you often invent the pro	True
6	WASHINGTON — Navy SEALs led an unsuccessful	True
7	"Be ye therefore perfect even as your Fa	Fake
8		Fake
9	Images reveal crashed Schiaparelli Mars lander	Fake
10	The RB singer Chris Brown was arrested by th	True
11	LONDON — Joe Corré, the son of Malcolm McLa	True
12	Tweet Widget A Black Agenda Radio commentary b	Fake
13	1861 Views October 29, 2016 10 Comments Guest	Fake
14	The Top 5 Conspiracy Theories That Were Prov	Fake
15	On Tuesday's "Good Morning America," George	True
16	Share on Facebook Share on Twitter Human histo	Fake
17	By Tera Graham\nWe spend an overwhelming amoun	Fake
18	By Lasha Darkmoon on November 1, 2016 Tom Leon	Fake
19	Home / BREAKING NEWS / DAPL Protesters Proven	Fake
20	Updated, 10:34 a. m. Good morning on this temp	True
21	Senator John McCain, the 2008 Republican presi	True
22	\nAn absolutely astonishing Security Council (Fake
23	\nThe Deep State's most prescient elements mus	Fake
24	RIO DE JANEIRO — Soon after the first news	True
25	LOS ANGELES — anthropomorphic food. Meryl	True
26	by Michael Pento, Market Oracle : \nOn electio	Fake

df_raw_tfid.head(30)

	text	label	TotalWords	Lemmatised_words
0	President Donald Trump signaled his support fo	0	144	['president', 'donald', 'trump', 'signal', 'su
1	Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any	1	1104	['trump', 'brexit', 'defeat', 'globalism', 'an
2	NASA is getting new looks at Jupiter, from clo	0	286	['nasa', 'get', 'new', 'look', 'jupiter', 'clo
3	(Before It's News)\nAs advanced as our Job Pos	1	244	['news', 'advance', 'job', 'post', 'analytics'
4	In my timeline it was Michael Barage, Rump and	1	45	['timeline', 'michael', 'barage', 'rump', 'bil
5	In the tech business, you often invent the pro	0	871	['tech', 'business', 'often', 'invent', 'produ
6	WASHINGTON — Navy SEALs led an unsuccessful	0	998	['washington', 'navy', 'seal', 'lead', 'unsucc
7	"Be ye therefore perfect even as your Fa	1	774	['ye', 'therefore', 'perfect', 'even', 'father
8		1	0	
9	Images reveal crashed Schiaparelli Mars lander	1	319	['image', 'reveal', 'crash', 'schiaparelli', '
10	The RB singer Chris Brown was arrested by th	0	460	['rb', 'singer', 'chris', 'brown', 'arrest', '
11	LONDON — Joe Corré, the son of Malcolm McLa	0	847	['london', 'joe', 'corré', 'son', 'malcolm', '
12	Tweet Widget A Black Agenda Radio commentary b	1	740	['tweet', 'widget', 'black', 'agenda', 'radio'
13	1861 Views October 29, 2016 10 Comments Guest	1	1622	['view', 'october', 'comment', 'guest', 'post'
14	The Top 5 Conspiracy Theories That Were Prov	1	842	['top', 'conspiracy', 'theory', 'prove', 'true
15	On Tuesday's "Good Morning America," George	0	131	['tuesday', 'good', 'morning', 'america', 'geo
16	Share on Facebook Share on Twitter Human histo	1	1173	['share', 'facebook', 'share', 'twitter', 'hum
17	By Tera Graham\nWe spend an overwhelming amoun	1	775	['tera', 'graham', 'spend', 'overwhelming', 'a
18	By Lasha Darkmoon on November 1, 2016 Tom Leon	1	1046	['lasha', 'darkmoon', 'november', 'tom', 'leon

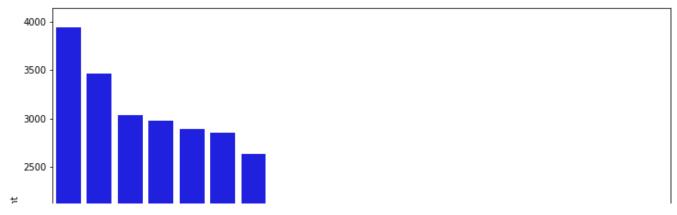
df_raw_tfid["text2"]="null"
df_raw_tfid

	text	label	TotalWords	Lemmatised_words	text2
0	President Donald Trump signaled his support fo	0	144	['president', 'donald', 'trump', 'signal', 'su	null
1	Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any	1	1104	['trump', 'brexit', 'defeat', 'globalism', 'an	null
2	NASA is getting new looks at Jupiter, from clo	0	286	['nasa', 'get', 'new', 'look', 'jupiter', 'clo	null
3	(Before It's News)\nAs advanced as our Job Pos	1	244	['news', 'advance', 'job', 'post', 'analytics'	null
4	In my timeline it was Michael Barage, Rump and	1	45	['timeline', 'michael', 'barage', 'rump', 'bil	null
2995		1	268	['arnaldo', 'rodgers', 'trained', 'educated',	null
2996	.@CLewandowski_: "I think Jim Comey is in big	0	198	['think', 'jim', 'comey', 'big', 'trouble', 'j	null
	The stock market reached vet			['stock' 'market' 'reach'	

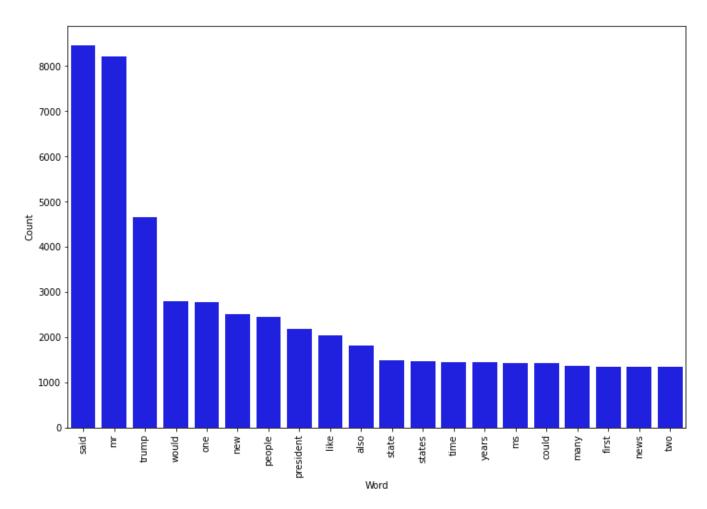
df_raw_tfid["text2"]=df_raw_tfid["text"].replace(to_replace=r"[^A-Za-z0-9\-]", value=r" ", re

[#] Exclude stopwords with Python's list comprehension and pandas.DataFrame.apply.
df_raw_tfid["text2"] = df_raw_tfid["text2"].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word for word in x.lowe
df_raw_tfid

			text	label	TotalWords	Lemmatised_words	text2
	0	President Donald signaled his suppo		0	144	['president', 'donald', 'trump', 'signal', 'su	president donald trump signaled support activi
	1	Trump and Brexit I Globalism, for Now		1	1104	['trump', 'brexit', 'defeat', 'globalism', 'an	trump brexit defeat globalism anyway 14 2016 t
from	nltk imp	ort tokenize					
toke	n_space =	tokenize.Whitesp	aceTok	(enizer	()		
def	counter(t	ext, column_text,	quant	ity):			
	all_words	= ' '.join([text	for t	ext in	text[column_	_text]])	
	token_phr	ase = token_space	.toker	nize(all	L_words)		
		= nltk.FreqDist(_				
	dt_treque	ncy = pd.DataFram				y.keys()), requency.values())]	!)
	df_freque	ncy = df_frequenc		•	•	equency", n = quant	•
		e(figsize=(12,8))					
		<pre>barplot(data = df abel = "Count")</pre>	_frequ	iency, >	<pre>< = "Word", y</pre>	y = "Frequency", co	olor = 'blue')
	1,2	s(rotation='verti	cal')				
	plt.show()						
	•	nt words in fake		2.02		"	
<pre>counter(df_raw_tfid[df_raw_tfid["label"] == 1], "text2", 20)</pre>							



Most frequent words in real news
counter(df_raw_tfid[df_raw_tfid["label"] == 0], "text2", 20)



df_raw_tfid[df_raw_tfid["label"] == 1]

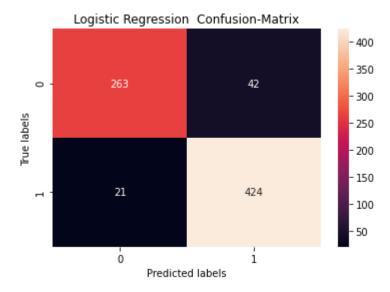
	text	label	TotalWords	Lemmatised_words	text2	
1	Trump and Brexit Defeat Globalism, for Now Any	1	1104	['trump', 'brexit', 'defeat', 'globalism', 'an	trump brexit defeat globalism anyway 14 2016 t	
3	(Before It's News)\nAs advanced as our Job Pos	1	244	['news', 'advance', 'job', 'post', 'analytics'	news advanced job posting analytics become inc	
4	In my timeline it was Michael Barage, Rump and	1	45	['timeline', 'michael', 'barage', 'rump', 'bil	timeline michael barage rump billary mandella	
7	, "Be ye therefore perfect even as your Fa	1	774	['ye', 'therefore', 'perfect', 'even', 'father	ye therefore perfect even father heaven perfec	
8	\$	1	0			
290	Короткая ссылка 25 Совет	1	148	['короткая', 'ссыпка' 'совет'	25 - 10 2 5 1 5	
bi_class	['TotalWords'] = bi_class['te	ext'].s	tr.split().s	tr.len()		
	5			ſ'lance'. 'schuttler'.	lance schuttler	
$X = df_r$	aw_tfid[['Lemmatised_words',	'Total	Nords','text	']]		
Y= df_raw_tfid['label']						
<pre>X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.25)</pre>						
<pre>X_train.head()</pre>						

		Lemmatised_words	TotalWords	text
	1733	['washington', 'kellyanne', 'conway', 'counsel	431	WASHINGTON — Kellyanne Conway, counselor to
	2078	['headline', 'news', 'report', 'flood', 'accou	568	Headlines and news reports have been flooded w
	2132	['jane', 'bailey', 'jane', 'bailey', 'author',	1381	Jane Bailey Jane Bailey is a self-published au
	4000	['obama', 'secret', 'muslim', 'list',	1170	Obama's Secret Muslim List Why enemies
y_tra	ain.head	()		
	1733 2078 2132 1923	0 1 1 1		

```
1913
             0
     Name: label, dtype: int64
classifier biclass = Pipeline([
    ('features', FeatureUnion([
        ('text', Pipeline([
            ('colext', TextSelector('text')),
            ('tfidf', TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='word',preprocessor=preprocess, tokenizer=Toke
                     min df=.0025, max df=0.25, ngram range=(1,3))),
                       ('svd', TruncatedSVD(algorithm='randomized', n_components=300)),
        1)),
        ('words', Pipeline([
            ('wordext', NumberSelector('TotalWords')),
            ('wscaler', StandardScaler()),
        ])),
    1)),
    ('clf', LogisticRegression(solver='liblinear', random_state=0)),
    ])
a=classifier_biclass.fit(X_train, y_train)
a_predictions = a.predict(X_test)
print scores(a predictions)
     Accuracy:
                0.916
                   precision
                                recall f1-score
                                                    support
                0
                        0.93
                                   0.86
                                             0.89
                                                        305
                1
                        0.91
                                   0.95
                                             0.93
                                                        445
                                             0.92
                                                        750
         accuracy
                                             0.91
                        0.92
                                   0.91
                                                        750
        macro avg
     weighted avg
                        0.92
                                   0.92
                                             0.92
                                                        750
     [[263 42]
      [ 21 424]]
score3=accuracy_score(y_test,a_predictions)
LRS=round(score3*100,2)
print(f'Accuracy: {LRS}%')
     Accuracy: 91.6%
X_test.head()
```

	Lemmatised_words	TotalWords	text
1274	['november', 'nuclear', 'weapon', 'foreign', '	203	November 11, 2016 Nuclear weapons: how foreign
1933	['great', 'wall', 'con', 'job', 'part', 'recov	280	The Great Wall Street/Washington Con Job: Part

```
matrix=confusion_matrix(y_test, a_predictions) # getting the results of confusion matrix from
sns.heatmap(matrix, annot = True,fmt='g') # printing the matrix
plt.title('Logistic Regression Confusion-Matrix')
plt.ylabel('True labels')
plt.xlabel('Predicted labels');
```



classifier_biclass.set_params(clf=GaussianNB())
b=classifier_biclass.fit(X_train, y_train)
b_predictions = b.predict(X_test)
print_scores(b_predictions)

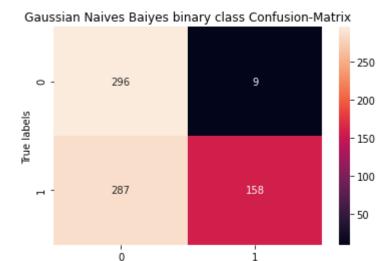
Accuracy:	0.	605333333333			
-		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.51	0.97	0.67	305
	1	0.95	0.36	0.52	445
accura	су			0.61	750
macro a	vg	0.73	0.66	0.59	750
weighted a	vg	0.77	0.61	0.58	750
[[296 9] [287 158]					

score3=accuracy_score(y_test,b_predictions)

```
GNR=Lonua( 2cole3±100,7)
print(f'Accuracy: {GNB}%')
```

Accuracy: 60.53%

matrix=confusion_matrix(y_test, b_predictions) # getting the results of confusion matrix from sns.heatmap(matrix, annot = True,fmt='g') # printing the matrix plt.title('Gaussian Naives Baiyes binary class Confusion-Matrix') plt.ylabel('True labels') plt.xlabel('Predicted labels');



Predicted labels

classifier_biclass.set_params(clf=svm.SVC(C=1.0, kernel='linear', degree=3, gamma='auto',prob c=classifier_biclass.fit(X_train, y_train) c_predictions = c.predict(X_test)

print_scores(c_predictions)

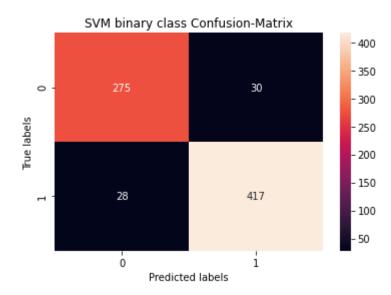
0

Accuracy:	0.9226666666666666				
		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.91	0.90	0.90	305
	1	0.93	0.94	0.93	445
accura	су			0.92	750
macro a	vg	0.92	0.92	0.92	750
weighted avg		0.92	0.92	0.92	750
[[275 30] [28 417]					

score3=accuracy score(y test,c predictions) SVM=round(score3*100,2) print(f'Accuracy: {SVM}%')

Accuracy: 92.27%

```
matrix=confusion_matrix(y_test, c_predictions) # getting the results of confusion matrix from
sns.heatmap(matrix, annot = True,fmt='g') # printing the matrix
plt.title('SVM binary class Confusion-Matrix')
plt.ylabel('True labels')
plt.xlabel('Predicted labels');
```



```
labels={'LogisticRegressorClassifier':LRS,'GaussianNBClassifier':GNB,'SVM':SVM}
for model,accuracy in labels.items():
    print(str(model)+' : '+str(accuracy))

    LogisticRegressorClassifier : 91.6
    GaussianNBClassifier : 60.53
    SVM : 92.27

plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
plt.title('Comparing Accuracy of ML Models',fontsize=20)
colors=['red','yellow','green']
plt.xticks(fontsize=10,color='blue')
plt.yticks(fontsize=20,color='blue')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy',fontsize=20)
plt.xlabel('Models',fontsize=20)
plt.bar(labels.keys(),labels.values(),edgecolor='black',color=colors, linewidth=2,alpha=0.5)
```

<BarContainer object of 3 artists>

Comparing Accuracy of ML Models



```
def plot_roc_multi(X_test, y_true, models,save=False):
   plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
   for name, model in models.items():
```

proba = model.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]

```
plt.plot(xx, xx)

plt.xlabel("FPR")
plt.ylabel("TPR")
plt.title("ROC curves")
plt.legend()
if save:
    plt.savefig('ROC_Curve')
```

from sklearn import metrics

```
classifier_grid = Pipeline([
    ('features', FeatureUnion([
```

```
('text', Pipeline([
            ('colext', TextSelector('text')),
            ('tfidf', TfidfVectorizer(analyzer='char_wb', preprocessor=preprocess, tokenizer=
                     min_df=.0025, max_df=0.25, ngram_range=(1,3))),
            ('svd', TruncatedSVD(algorithm='randomized', n_components=300)), #for XGB
        1)),
        ('words', Pipeline([
            ('wordext', NumberSelector('TotalWords')),
            ('wscaler', StandardScaler()),
        ])),
   ])),
   ('clf',None),
   1)
param_grid={
  # 'selector__k': [100, 50,150],
    'clf': [LogisticRegression(solver='liblinear', random_state=0),
   svm.SVC(C=1.0, kernel='linear', degree=3, gamma='auto',probability=True),GaussianNB() ],
}
```

X test

text	TotalWords	Lemmatised_words	
November 11, 2016 Nuclear weapons: how foreign	203	['november', 'nuclear', 'weapon', 'foreign', '	1274
The Great Wall Street/Washington Con Job: Part	280	['great', 'wall', 'con', 'job', 'part', 'recov	1933
Photo by The U.S. Army CC BY 2.0 \n\nHere is	2034	['photo', 'u', 'army', 'cc', 'list', 'notewort	954
0 comments \nMegyn Kelly seems to think that s	842	['comment', 'megyn', 'kelly', 'seem', 'think',	620
Videos Police Departments Refuse Participation	1163	['videos', 'police', 'department', 'refuse', '	936
Clinton Campaign STUNNED As FBI Reportedly Reo	345	['clinton', 'campaign', 'stun', 'fbi', 'report	856
Print \nAs Marco Rubio and Patrick Murphy squa	160	['print', 'marco', 'rubio', 'patrick', 'murphy	2250
Emma Morano the last surviving nerson		l'emma' 'morano' 'laet' 'eurvivina'	

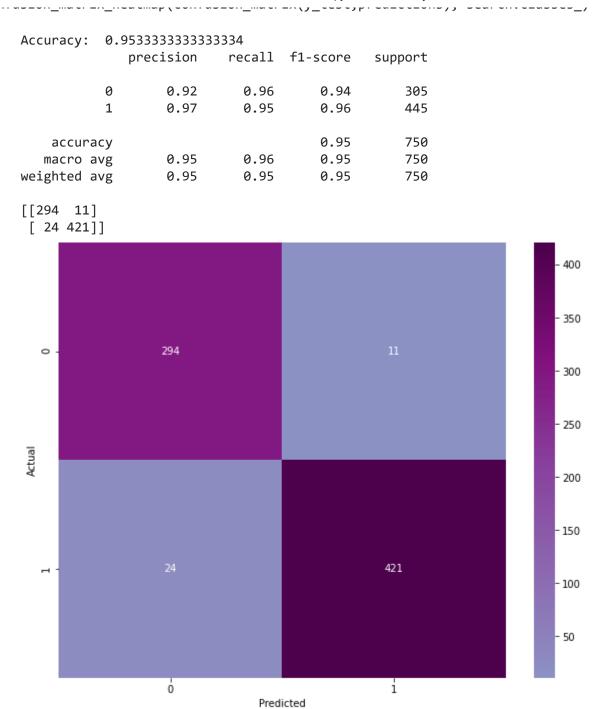
```
search.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

pd.DataFrame(search.cv results)

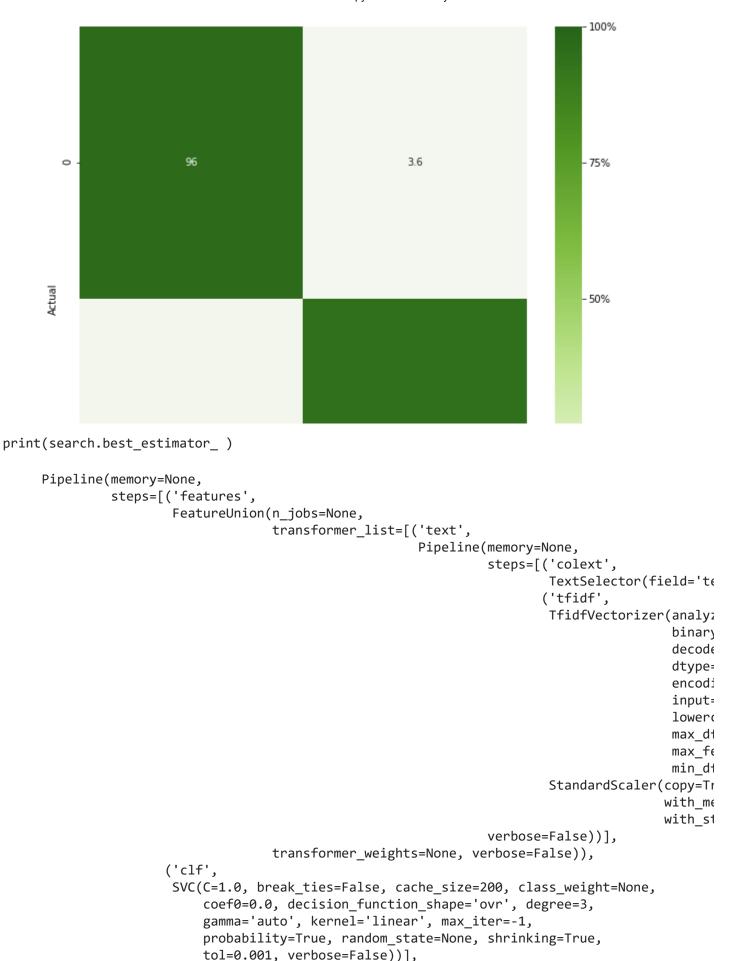
param_clf	std_score_time	mean_score_time	std_fit_time	mean_fit_time	
LogisticRegression(C=1.0, class_weight=None, d	0.619877	7.755028	0.455250	30.328162	0
SVC(C=1.0, break_ties=False, cache_size=200, c	0.614107	7.963194	0.505246	34.341699	1
GaussianNB(priors=None, var_smoothing=1e-09)	0.640950	7.926197	0.506116	30.568783	2

```
predictions = search.predict(X_test)

print("Accuracy: ", accuracy_score(y_test, predictions))
print(classification_report(y_test, predictions))
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions))
```

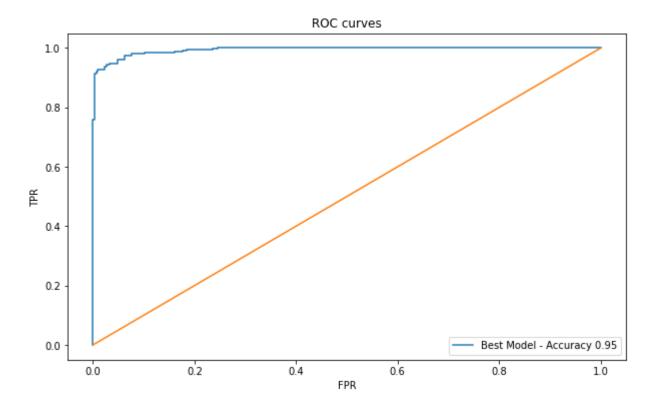


confusion_matrix_percent_heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test,predictions), search.classes_)



verbose=False)

```
models = {
    "Best Model": search.best_estimator_
}
plot_roc_multi(X_test, y_test, models, save=True)
```



```
search.best score
     0.9483945881641912
print(search.best_params_)
     {'clf': SVC(C=1.0, break ties=False, cache size=200, class weight=None, coef0=0.0,
         decision_function_shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma='auto', kernel='linear',
        max iter=-1, probability=True, random state=None, shrinking=True, tol=0.001,
        verbose=False)}
print(search.scorer_)
     {'accuracy': make_scorer(accuracy_score), 'precision_weighted': make_scorer(precision_sc
   def predict_proba(self, X):
```

Return probability estimates for the test vector X. https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1fY14qSMl88n5d 3UMfvXKvZQhb-tbCJ5#printMode=true

```
Parameters
        _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
       X : array-like of shape (n samples, n features)
        Returns
        C : array-like of shape (n_samples, n_classes)
            Returns the probability of the samples for each class in
            the model. The columns correspond to the classes in sorted
            order, as they appear in the attribute :term:`classes`.
        return np.exp(self.predict_log_proba(X))
x=predict_proba(search.best_estimator_ , X_test)
Х
     array([[2.00671738e-02, 9.79932826e-01],
            [2.26149391e-09, 9.99999998e-01],
            [1.86845684e-07, 9.99999813e-01],
            [7.20244826e-01, 2.79755174e-01],
            [2.84609631e-06, 9.99997154e-01],
            [9.59035818e-01, 4.09641818e-02]])
x[0,0]+x[0,1]
     0.99999999999999
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/gdrive')
     Drive already mounted at /content/gdrive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mou
!ls /content/gdrive/My Drive
     ls: cannot access '/content/gdrive/My': No such file or directory
     ls: cannot access 'Drive': No such file or directory
pip install torch
     Requirement already satisfied: torch in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (1.8.1+cu
     Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packas
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tor
```

path = "_/content/gdrive/My Drive/collab/fnd.pkl"

```
import joblib
joblib.dump(search.best estimator , "fnd.pkl")
joblib.dump(search.best_estimator_, path, compress = 1)
   ['/content/gdrive/My Drive/collab/fnd.pkl']
loaded model = joblib.load(path)
result = loaded model.predict(X test)
print(result)
   0\;1\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;0\;0\;0\;1\;1\;1\;1\;1\;0\;0\;0\;1\;0\;1\;0\;1\;0\;0\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;1\;1\;0\;0
    0\;1\;1\;0\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;0\;1\;0\;1\;0\;0\;1\;0\;0\;1\;0\;1\;0\;1\;0\;1\;1\;1\;1\;1\;0\;0\;0
    0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1
    1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1
    0\;1\;1\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;0\;0\;0\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;1\;0\;0\;0\;0\;0\;1\;1\;1
    1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1
    0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;0\;0\;1\;0\;1\;1\;1\;1\;0\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;1\;1\;0\;1\;0\;1\;1
    0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0
    0001111010]
a=loaded model.predict proba(X test)
а
   array([[2.00671738e-02, 9.79932826e-01],
       [2.26149391e-09, 9.99999998e-01],
       [1.86845684e-07, 9.99999813e-01],
       [7.20244826e-01, 2.79755174e-01],
       [2.84609631e-06, 9.99997154e-01],
       [9.59035818e-01, 4.09641818e-02]])
y test
   1274
        1
   1933
        1
   954
        1
```

620

1

```
936
             1
     856
             1
     2250
             1
     852
             0
     1663
             1
     1925
     Name: label, Length: 750, dtype: int64
y_train
     1733
             0
     2078
             1
     2132
             1
     1923
             1
     1913
             0
     1329
             0
     726
             1
     1307
             0
     235
             0
     1088
     Name: label, Length: 2250, dtype: int64
```