



Introduction to

Internet of Things

Assignment-Week 0

TYPE OF QUESTION: MCQ/MSQ

Number of questions: 15

Total marks: $15 \times 1 = 15$

OUESTION 1:

Layer "X" in HART incorporates channel hopping and channel blacklisting to increase reliability and security. What is X?

- a. Physical layer
- b. Data Link layer
- c. Network layer
- d. Transport layer

Correct Answer: b. Data Link layer

Detailed Solution: HART Data link layer, derived from the IEEE 802.15.4 standard, incorporates channel hopping and channel blacklisting to increase reliability and security.

See lecture 11@ 07:25

OUESTION 2:

What does ISA stand for in ISA 100.11A?

- a. International Society of Automation
- b. Industrial Society of Automation
- c. International Standards of Automation
- d. Industrial Standards of Automation

Correct Answer: a. International Society of Automation

Detailed Solution: ISA100.11A is a wireless networking technology standard

developed by the International Society of Automation (ISA).

See lecture 13@ 14:30

OUESTION 3:

"X" is a web transfer protocol based on Request-Response model designed for M2M applications. What is "X"?





a. AMQP b. CoAP

- c. Both AMQP and CoAP
- d. None of these

Correct Answer: b. CoAP

Detailed Solution: CoAP – Constrained Application Protocol is a web transfer protocol. It is based on request-response model and designed for M2M applications. See lecture 6 @ 01:20

OUESTION 4:

In case of XMPP protocol, binary data must be first encoded to ______ before transmission.

- a. base128
- b. base32
- c. base256
- d. base64

Correct Answer: d. base64

Detailed Solution: Any XML character data contained within the XML elements used in XMPP protocol MUST be encoded using base64. See lecture 7 @ 16:50

OUESTION 5:

Which of the following is NOT a constraint for UAV network?

- a. Prone to environmental effects
- b. Changing topology
- c. Frequent link breakages
- d. None of these

Correct Answer: d. None of these

Detailed Solution: UAV network constraints include frequent link breakages, prone to

environmental effects, prone to malfunction, and changing topology or node position.

See lecture 19 @ 09:43

OUESTION 6:





Is a star topology-based UAV network self-configuring?

a. Yes

b. No

Correct Answer: b. No

Detailed Solution: A star topology-based UAV network is not self-configuring.

See lecture 19 @ 13:05

OUESTION 7:

Which of the following can be used as a position sensor?

- a. RFM3200
- b. Potentiometer
- c. DHT11
- d. PS2591

Correct Answer: b. Potentiometer

Detailed Solution: Potentiometer works by varying the position of a sliding contact across a uniform resistance. It is often used as a position sensor. See lecture 3 (Sensing)

OUESTION 8:

Which of the following is not an inbuilt function of servo library?

- a. Sweep()
- b. Knob()
- c. Move()
- d. None of the above

Correct Answer: c. Move()

Detailed Solution: Knob() and Sweep() are the inbuilt functions.

See lecture 25 @ 11:15

OUESTION 9:





Which of the following is true for "= =" operator in python programming?

- a. compares the values of both the operands and checks for value equality
- b. checks whether both the operands refer to the same object
- c. checks if the value is found in the sequence
- d. None of the above

Correct Answer: a. compares the values of both the operands and checks for value equality

Detailed Solution: As per basics of Python programming.

OUESTION 10:

Which of the following is not a component of a switch?

- a. Application
- b. Operating System
- c. Specialized hardware
- d. None of these

Correct Answer: d. None of these

Detailed Solution: Since switches in non-SDN do not have global view of the network, they use a decentralized method for forwarding the data. (Please refer Lecture 33@9:13)

OUESTION 11:

Which of the following is not a function of the Application Plane in Software-Defined Network (SDN) architecture?

- a. Routing
- b. Security
- c. Traffic Engineering
- d. Forwarding

Correct Answer: d. Forwarding

Detailed Solution: The Data Plane in SDN is responsible for data forwarding. (Please refer Lecture 33@12:25)





OUESTION 12:

Who among the following are benefited on using smart grids?

- a. Consumers
- b. Stakeholders
- c. Both consumers and stakeholders
- d. Neither consumers nor stakeholders

Correct Answer: c. Both consumers and stakeholders

Detailed Answer: Both consumers and stakeholders are benefited on using smart grids. (Please refer Lecture 51@13:54)

OUESTION 13:

Micro-grids can detach from the main smart grids at any point of time without disrupting the core grid.

a. True

b. False

Correct Answer: a. True

Detailed Answer: Micro-grids can detach from the main smart grids at any point of time without disrupting the core grid.

OUESTION 14:

Proactive rule placement in Mobi-Flow depends on which of the following user characteristic?

- a. User portfolio
- b. User movement
- c. User handoff
- d. User type

Correct Answer: b. User movement

Detailed Answer: The proactive rule placement depends on the user movement and position in the

future course of time. (Please refer Lecture 36@15:18)





OUESTION 15:

Fill in the blank: Typically, cloud computing have compone	ents?
a. 4	
b. 5	
<mark>c. 6</mark>	
d. 7	

Correct Answer: c. 6

Detailed Answer: Cloud computing has 6 components. They are clients, services, applications, platforms, storage, and infrastructure. (Please refer Lecture 37@23:31)

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