

The seven Wonders of the world



Taj Mahal

The Taj Mahal 'Crown of the Palace' is an ivory-white marble mausoleum on the right bank of the river Yamuna in the Indian city of Agra. It was commissioned in 1631 by the Mughal emperor Shah Jahan (r. 1628–1658) to house the tomb of his favourite wife, Mumtaz Mahal;



China Wall

The Great Wall of China pinyin: Wànlǐ Chángchéng, literally "ten thousand li wall") is a series of fortifications that were built across the historical northern borders of ancient Chinese states and Imperial China as protection against various nomadic



The Great Pyramid of Giza

The Great Pyramid of Giza[a] is the largest Egyptian pyramid and the tomb of Fourth Dynasty pharaoh Khufu. Built in the early 26th century BC during a the pyramid is the oldest of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World,



Mausoleum at Halicarnassus

A museum (/mjuːˈziːəm/ mew-ZEE-əm; plural museums or, rarely, musea) institution that cares for and displays a collection of artifacts and other objects of historical, or scientific importance.[1] Many public museums make these items available for public v



Hanging Gardens of Babylon

The Hanging Gardens of Babylon were one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World listed by Hellenic culture. They were described as a remarkable feat of engineering with an ascending series of tiered gardens a wide variety of trees,



Eiffel Tower

The Eiffel Tower (/ˈaɪfəl/ EYE-fəl; French: tour Eiffel [tuʁ_ɛfɛl] (listen)) is a wrought-iron lattice tower on the Champ de Mars in Paris, France. It is named after the engineer Gustave Eiffel, whose company designed and built the tower.