



Computer Graphics

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents.....	1
Lab 03.....	2
AIM.....	2
Submission.....	2
How to Run.....	2
How to Use.....	2
4 Connected.....	3
Algorithm.....	3
Code.....	4
8 Connected.....	6
Algorithm.....	6
Code.....	7
ScreenShots.....	9

> All the code to this lab can be found in my github repository : <https://github.com/KarthikS373/graphics>



Lab 03

Implementation of Flood fill algorithms:

1. 4 Connected
2. 8 Connected

AIM

The aim of this lab is to implement the flood fill algorithms - 4 connected and 8 connected. This involves understanding the theory behind these algorithms, coding them and evaluating their performance. The assignment provides a Python GUI application that allows users to fill using these algorithms interactively

Submission

How to Run

- Install poetry from [\[here\]](#) if not already installed
- Clone the project and install the dependencies using [poetry install](#)
- Run the project using ``poetry run python path_to_main.py``

How to Use

- Launch the application
- Select the drawing algorithm by clicking the respective buttons
- Input the center coordinates and radius of the circle in the provided entry fields
- Click the "Submit" button to execute the selected algorithm and draw the circle
- View the calculation logs displayed on the GUI

4 Connected

Algorithm

Inputs:

- (x, y): Starting coordinates
- canvas: The canvas to perform the flood-fill on
- min_x, min_y, max_x, max_y: Optional bounding box for the fill
- color: Desired color for the fill

Max bounds initialization:

```
max_x = max_x if max_x else canvas.winfo_width()
max_y = max_y if max_y else canvas.winfo_height()
```

If the starting point is already occupied:

Return logs

Initialize a stack to store coordinates to fill:

```
coords_to_fill = [(x, y)]
```

Initialize a set to keep track of filled coordinates:

```
filled_coords = set()
```


While there are coordinates to fill in the stack:

Pop a coordinate (x, y) from the stack

If (x, y) is already filled or outside the bounding box:

Continue to the next iteration


```
setPixel(x, y, x+1, y+1)
```



```
For each direction (dx, dy) in [(0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0)] (4 connected):  
    Compute the new coordinates (new_x, new_y) by adding (dx, dy) to (x, y)  
  
    If the new pixel is already occupied:  
        Continue to the next direction  
  
    Add (new_x, new_y) to the coordinates to fill stack  
  
Add (x, y) to the filled coordinates set
```

Code

```
def flood_fill_4_connected(x, y, canvas, min_x=0, min_y=0, max_x=None, max_y=None, color="red"):  
    max_x = max_x if max_x else canvas.winfo_width()  
    max_y = max_y if max_y else canvas.winfo_height()  
  
    if canvas.find_overlapping(x, y, x, y):  
        return  
  
    coords_to_fill = [(x, y)]  
    filled_coords = set()  
  
    while coords_to_fill:  
        x, y = coords_to_fill.pop()  
  
        if (x, y) in filled_coords or x < min_x or x >= max_x or y < min_y or y >= max_y:  
            continue
```



```
canvas.create_rectangle(x, y, x+1, y+1, outline=color, fill=color)

directions = [(0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0)]

for dx, dy in directions:
    new_x, new_y = x + dx, y + dy
    if canvas.find_overlapping(new_x, new_y, new_x, new_y):
        continue
    coords_to_fill.append((new_x, new_y))

filled_coords.add((x, y))
```

8 Connected

Algorithm

Inputs:

- (x, y): Starting coordinates
- canvas: The canvas to perform the flood-fill on
- min_x, min_y, max_x, max_y: Optional bounding box for the fill
- color: Desired color for the fill

Max bounds initialization:

```
max_x = max_x if max_x else canvas.winfo_width()
max_y = max_y if max_y else canvas.winfo_height()
```

If the starting point is already occupied:

Return logs

Initialize a stack to store coordinates to fill:

```
coords_to_fill = [(x, y)]
```

Initialize a set to keep track of filled coordinates:

```
filled_coords = set()
```

While there are coordinates to fill in the stack:

Pop a coordinate (x, y) from the stack

If (x, y) is already filled or outside the bounding box:

Continue to the next iteration

```
setPixel(x, y, x+1, y+1)
```

```

    For each direction (dx, dy) in [(0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0), (1, 1), (1, -1), (-1, -1),
    (-1, 1)] (8 connected):

        Compute the new coordinates (new_x, new_y) by adding (dx, dy) to (x, y)

        If the new pixel is already occupied:

            Continue to the next direction

        Add (new_x, new_y) to the coordinates to fill stack

    Add (x, y) to the filled coordinates set

```

Code

```

def flood_fill_8_connected(x, y, canvas, min_x=0, min_y=0, max_x=None, max_y=None):

    color = "blue"

    max_x = max_x if max_x else canvas.wininfo_width()
    max_y = max_y if max_y else canvas.wininfo_height()

    if canvas.find_overlapping(x, y, x, y):

        return logs

    coords_to_fill = [(x, y)]
    filled_coords = set()

    while coords_to_fill:

        x, y = coords_to_fill.pop()

        if (x, y) in filled_coords or x < min_x or x >= max_x or y < min_y or y >= max_y:

            continue

```



```
canvas.create_rectangle(x, y, x+1, y+1, outline=color, fill=color)

directions = [(0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0), (1, 1), (1, -1), (-1, -1), (-1, 1)]

for dx, dy in directions:
    new_x, new_y = x + dx, y + dy
    if canvas.find_overlapping(new_x, new_y, new_x, new_y):
        continue
    coords_to_fill.append((new_x, new_y))

filled_coords.add((x, y))

logs.append(f"Filling 8-connected: ({x}, {y})\n")

return logs
```

ScreenShots

