Monument Recognition



By,

Team -5

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Project Report -3
Big Data Analytics and Applications

1 Introduction:

Nowadays finding the matching of images in order to establish a measure of similarity is a major problem. Here we introduce a "Monument Recognition System". It takes monument image as input from user and gives description about that images as output. For this first we want create our own data set for different monuments. Based on different algorithms, we can find input belongs to which category. Based on that monument category and apis we can give description about that monument.

2 Project Objectives:

2.1 Significance:

Whenever we visit a place we not only want to take the pictures in front of it but we would like to know history about that place. So instead of relying on some guide or go through the Google and search, a simple website which will help to know about the place in details in both text and audio format. Our objective is to develop a simple website where for the website we will accept input as a image which might be a statue or a building. we will learn about the image and know what it is like statue of liberty and we will get the details of that image like who developed and where it is etc and we will display about it. And we want to turn this text into voice and user should be able to listen to it.

2.2 Features:

- User can open the application on web browser and see the home page. On clicking on home page user will see signin and signup pages.
- User needs to create an account by clicking on signup page.
- User can login by using his credentials
- On Successful login we navigate user to main page.
- In main page, user can upload an image.
- User can learn about the monument
- User can find related places
- User can hear the speech about monument.

3 Approach

3.1 Data Sources:

Here we can create our own data set for different monuments. And we can use google and some apis for retrieving data about monuments.

3.2 Analytical Tools:

Clarifai API:

This is used to detect what is present in a given. We use the monument dataset and the Clarifai API for detecting what is present in the image.

Spark(ML Library):

The Spark machine learning library is used for training the the image data set with various machine learning algorithms such as k-means etc which are in-built in the Spark ML library and this can later be used to test the images after we get a trained model.

Tensor Flow:

Tensor Flow is also being used for the image classification purpose.

3.3 Analytical Tasks

Initially the images are used for building the model. This is called the training phase. After building the model testing can be done to get the information about image. The input image is first analysed for extracting the key features. Then the histograms are built from these key features which represent the bag of words present in the image. This is then used as input for training the model. After the model is finally is tested with various sets of inputs and the process is repeated by tuning the parameters until desired accuracy and acceptable error rate, precision, recall and f-measure are obtained. After the model gets ready it can be used for the end-user app. In addition this the Clarifai API and tensor flow are also used to get better results.

3.4 Expected Inputs/Outputs:

When we finish developing this system, it should be able to provide movies recommendation to users. Based on user preferences, out system will recommend movies to users.



Fig 1

When the user opens our application, first it shows login page. User need to create an account. By using the user credentials, he can login into the application. On successful login, it will navigate into main page.



User can upload monument image

Fig 2

Monument Recognition

Description about Monument

User can see the description about that monument

Fig 3

3.5 Algorithms

There are several algorithms that can be used for the purpose of analysing the data sets.

However, based the application appropriate algorithms need to be chosen. For example, Naive Bayes performs better when the data set is a text data. On the other hand image data gets better results when k-means is used. Hence we used K-means for classifying the image.

Initially the number of clusters and iterations are predefined and the given dataset is clustered into different clusters based on the common attributes. Then the model is built based on the training data. After that testing can also be done.

We also used random forest algorithm for image classification. Random forest proves to be more advantageous when compared to decision tree as decision tree involves only one tree whereas random forest is an ensemble of decision trees in parallel thereby giving better accuracy and lesser error rate.

4 Related Work:

4.1 Open Source Projects:

The image classification model in the project has been inspired from the model below. It has several programs for classification of images.

https://github.com/nteetor/Image-Classifier

A list of projects along with guidelines to do them has been provide in the below link which were all used as a part of final year projects

http://www.di.ens.fr/willow/teaching/recvis09/final_project/

4.2 Literature Reviews:

Two pairs also helped in getting an idea of what image classification is about. The first gives a clean account of the process that has to be adopted for doing any image classification.

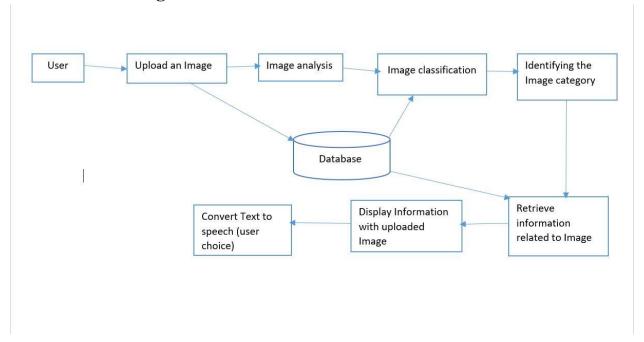
The second one is more subjective I.e. it provides a way of distinguishing images (which is explicit from the name of the paper!). http://cs229.stanford.edu/proj2013/KrzesinskiWilder-ImageObjectClassification.pdf

https://sites.ualberta.ca/~bang3/files/DogCat_report.pdf

5 Application Specification:

5.1 Software Architecture:

5.2 Work flow Diagram:



5.3 Sequence Diagaram:

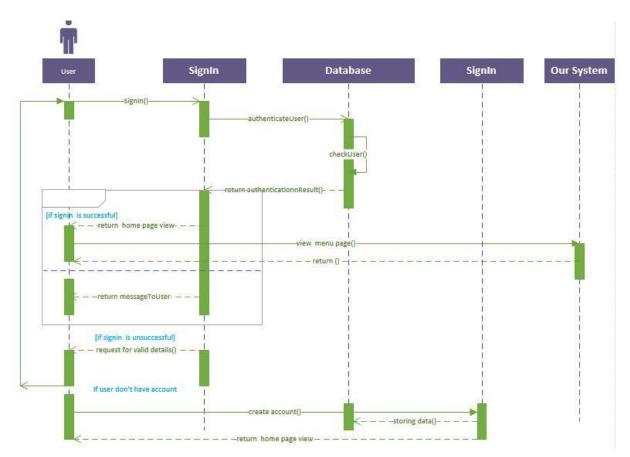


Fig 4

6. Implementation:

6.1 Clarifai API outputs:

```
21
22
       public class ImageAnnotation {
23
           public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
               final ClarifaiClient client = new ClarifaiBuilder( applD: "KKQIegBW9u0l_3vaMSzqq4QCfPNyNBvB7XNBz
24
Run:
                         ImageAnnotation
         /usr/lib/java/jdk1.8.0_121/bin/java ...
         mammal - 0.9961703
         animal - 0.9665432
    Ţ.
         no person - 0.9605458
    4-5
         wildlife - 0.9501431
         elephant - 0.91439927
    B
         group - 0.9048673
-11
         two - 0.90253234
         nature - 0.8836016
    面
cute - 0.86116207
         people - 0.8519159
         funny - 0.84840024
180
         one - 0.8444712
×
         bull - 0.83605736
         zoo - 0.83487666
         wild - 0.8283373
         safari - 0.80364776
         grass - 0.80207586
         illustration - 0.8003653
         outdoors - 0.79099995
         domestic - 0.78200275
         Process finished with exit code 0
```

Fig 5

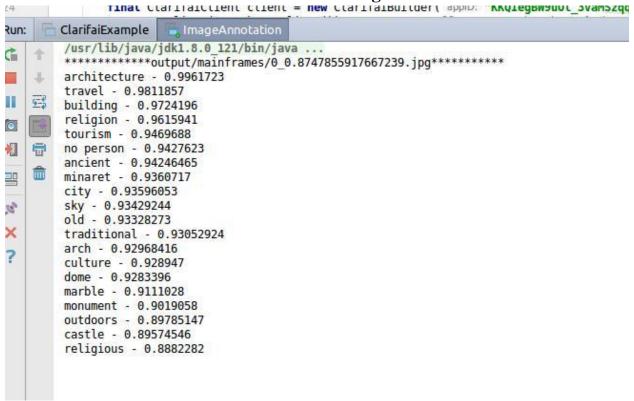


Fig 6

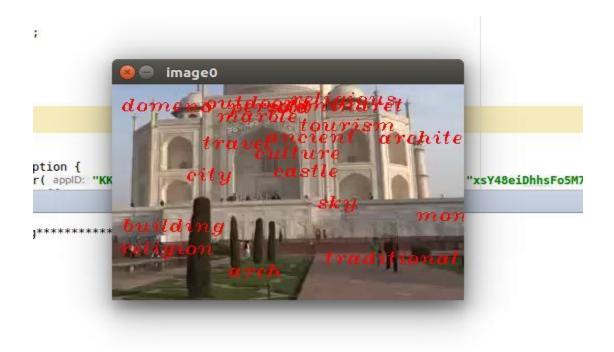


Fig 7

6.2 Google Conversation API outputs:

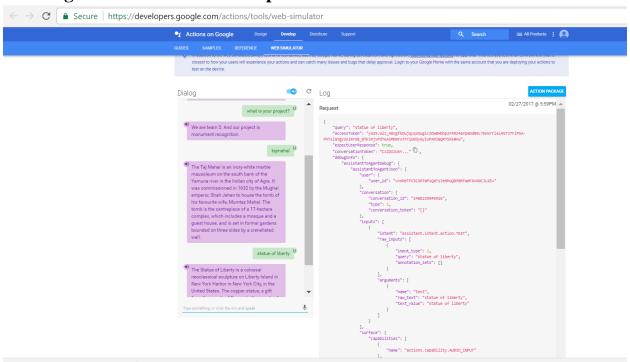


Fig 8

6.3 Application using Spark Program:

Apache Spark - Image Classification

Image Class Prediction



Predict Test image predicted as: Statue of Liberty

Select an Image:









Fig 9

10.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	7.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
6.0	1.0	7.0	2.0	8.0	0.0	1.0	7.0	1.0
3.0	6.0	8.0	1.0	10.0	0.0	1.0	4.0	0.0
2.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	9.0	2.0	4.0	3.0	5.0
5.0	3.0	5.0	4.0	8.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	4.0
4.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	3.0	7.0	2.0	3.0
2.0	4.0	0.0	2.0	8.0	4.0	6.0	1.0	6.0
3.0	1.0	5.0	7.0	6.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	5.0
1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	5.0	2.0	11.0	1.0	7.0

Fig 10

6.4 Tensor flow outputs:

Testing Results: Accuracy of 90%

```
Process finished with exit code \theta
```

Fig 11

Cross Entropy Visualization

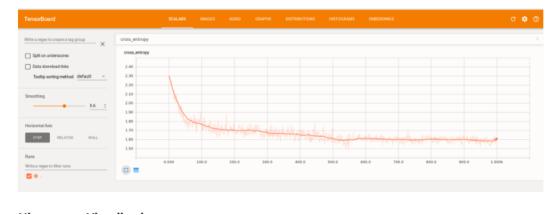


Fig 12

6.5 Question And Answering System using Tensor flow:

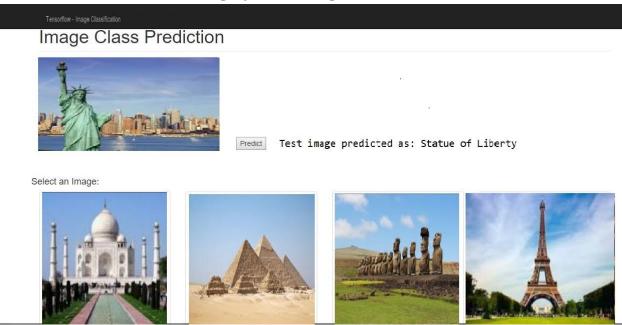


Fig 13

» Apps G Gladwin Analytics: W * D Actions on Google 'expectus erResponse': true, "conversationToten": "CLORESMY..." D, "debugDinfo": { "isssistantTorgentDebug": { "assistantiolgantison": { "iser": { mauscleum on the south bank of the Yamura river in the Indian city of Agra. It "user_id": "vvaletFv3CARthPsQdfsDerhugeF60Fx4FsV4bCDL6Ex" was commissioned in 1632 by the Mughal "conversation": { emperor. Shah Jahan to house the tomb of "conversation_id": "1488139945916", his favourte wife, Muntaz Mahal. The "type": 2; "conversation_token": "[]" tomb is the centrepiece of a 17-hectare guest house, and is set in formal gardens bounded on three sides by a cresellated "intent": "assistant.intent.action.TEXT", "assistantToAgentJs

6.6 Question and Answering System using Google Conversation API:

Fig 14

7 Project Management:

7.1 Contribution of Team Mates:

Class Id	Name	Responsibility
32	Panja, Kumara Satya Goal	Google Conversation API, Desgining UML
		diagrams and Expected outcomes,
		Application using Spark, Tensor Flow
		Applicaion, Research Paper
21	Linga, Siva Rama Krishna	Clarifai API, Workflow Diagaram, Data
		collection, Tensor Flow Application,
		Research Paper, Documentation
30	Padarthi, Vikesh	Architecture Diagram, User Interface,
		Testing, Dataset collection, Project
		Management, Research Paper,
		Documentation
43	Vundela, Karhik	Project Management, Gathering
		Requirements, Documentation, Google
		Cardboard

Table 1

7.2 Issues:

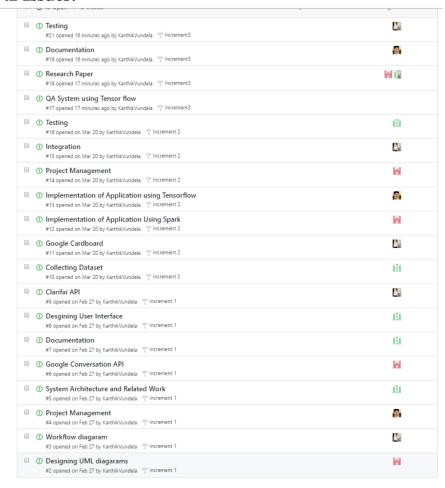


Fig 15

7.3 Burndown Charts:

7.3.1 Increment 1:

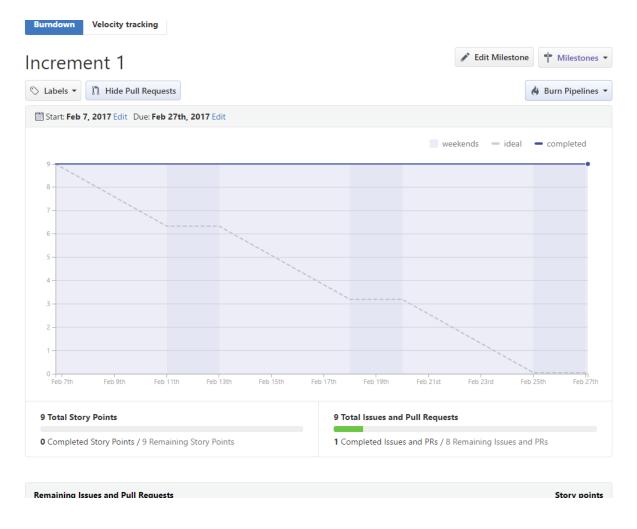
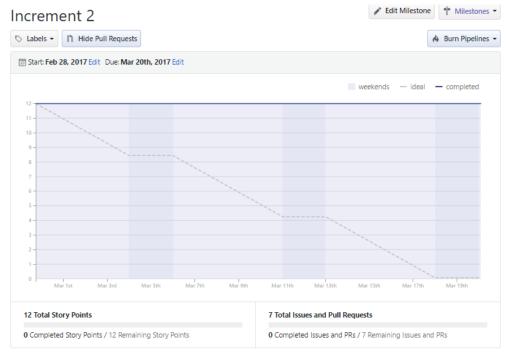


Fig 16

7.3.2 Increment 2:



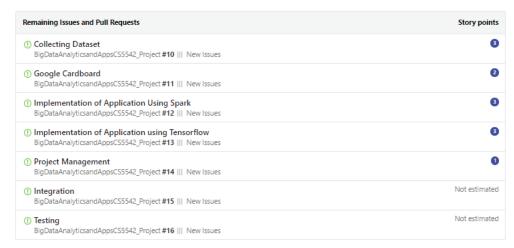


Fig 17

7.3.3 Increment 3:

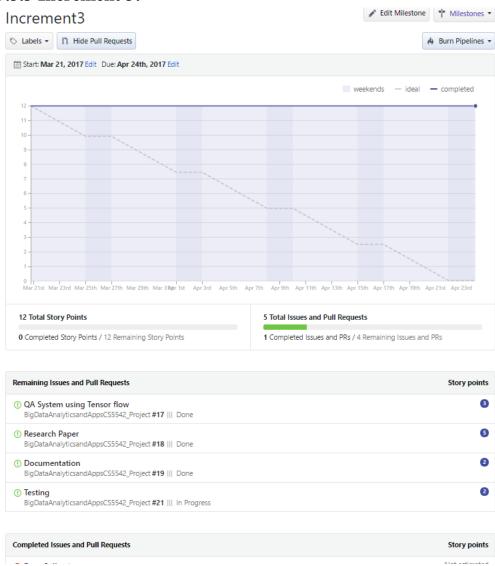


Fig 18

7.4 Zenhub Board:

7.4.1 After completion of Increment 1:

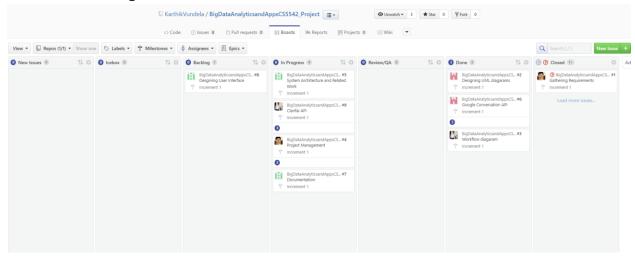


Fig 19

7.4.2 After completion of Increment 2:

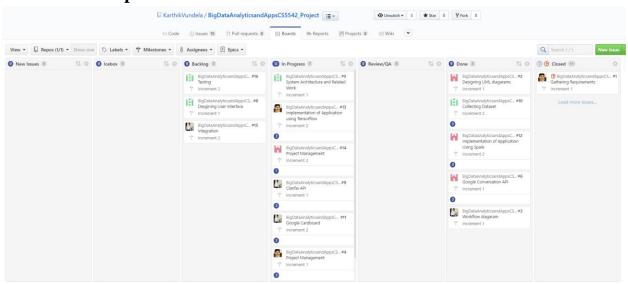


Fig 20

7.4.3 After completion of Increment 3:

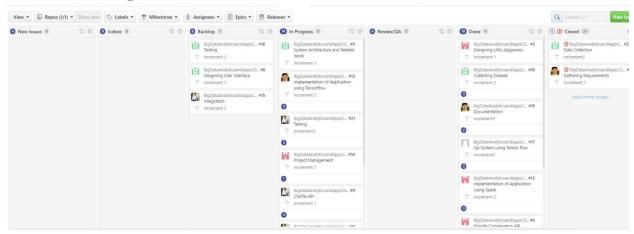


Fig 21

7.5 Work Completed:

Google Conversation, Clarifai API, Designing UML Diagarams, Software Architecture, Gathering Requirements, Data set collection, Spark Application, Tensor flow Application, Research Paper

7.6 Work need to be Completed:

Google Cardboard API, User Interface, Text to voice conversion, Video for demo

8 References:

https://github.com/nteetor/Image-Classifier

http://www.di.ens.fr/willow/teaching/recvis09/final_project/