Task 4: Logistic Regression Binary Classifier

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# Import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from
       sklearn.metrics
                         import
                                   confusion_matrix,
                                                       classification_report,
                                                                               roc_auc_score,
                                                                                                  roc_curve,
accuracy_score
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# Load dataset
from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer
# Load Breast Cancer Wisconsin dataset
data = load_breast_cancer()
X = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
y = pd.Series(data.target)
# Display first few rows
print(X.head())
# Split into train/test sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
# Standardize the features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
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# Fit Logistic Regression model
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
# Predict probabilities
y_probs = model.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[:, 1]
# Predict class labels
y_pred = model.predict(X_test_scaled)
# Evaluate with confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues')
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.show()
# Classification report (Precision, Recall, F1-score)
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
# ROC-AUC Score
roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_probs)
print("ROC-AUC Score:", roc_auc)
# Plot ROC Curve
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_probs)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label='ROC curve (area = %0.2f)' % roc_auc)
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC)')
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plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.show()
# Threshold Tuning Example
optimal_idx = np.argmax(tpr - fpr)
optimal_threshold = thresholds[optimal_idx]
print("Optimal Threshold:", optimal_threshold)
# Predict with new threshold
y_pred_new = (y_probs >= optimal_threshold).astype(int)
# New confusion matrix
cm_new = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_new)
sns.heatmap(cm_new, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Greens')
plt.title('Confusion Matrix (Tuned Threshold)')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.show()
# Print new classification report
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_new))
# Sigmoid function explanation
def sigmoid(z):
  return 1/(1 + np.exp(-z))
# Example usage of sigmoid
z = np.linspace(-10, 10, 100)
plt.plot(z, sigmoid(z))
plt.title("Sigmoid Function")
plt.xlabel("z")
plt.ylabel("Sigmoid(z)")
plt.grid(True)
```

