Assignment

Karthikeya hanu prakash kanithi (EE22BTECH11026)

Question: Consider communication over a memoryless binary symmetric channel using a (7, 4) Hamming code. Each transmitted bit is received correctly with probability $(1-\epsilon)$, and flipped with probability ϵ . For each codeword transmission, the receiver performs minimum Hamming distance decoding, and correctly decodes the message bits if and only if the channel introduces at most one bit error.

For $\epsilon=0.1$, the probability that a transmitted codeword is decoded correctly is _____(rounded off to two decimal places). (rounded off to two decimal places).

Solution: Given that, Let X be a random variable defined in the Table I;

RV	Value	Description
n (or) p	7	The total number of bits
ϵ	0.1	Probability of error in transimmited bit
X	$0 \le X \le 7$	The number of bit errors in transmission
	-	TARLE I

RANDOM VARIABLE X DECLARATION

Then, $X \sim Bin(n, p)$ where

$$n = 7 \quad p = \epsilon = 0.1 \tag{1}$$

the pmf of X is given by

$$p_X(k) = {}^{7}C_k(\epsilon)^k (1 - \epsilon)^{7-k}$$
 (2)

the cdf of X is given by

$$F_X(k) = \sum_{i=0}^{k} {}^{7}C_i(\epsilon)^i (1 - \epsilon)^{7-i}$$
 (3)

From equation (3), the probability of getting one or less error is given by

$$F_X(1) = \sum_{i=0}^{1} {}^{7}C_i(\epsilon)^i (1 - \epsilon)^{7-i}$$
 (4)

$$= {}^{7}C_{0}(\epsilon)^{0}(1-\epsilon)^{7} + {}^{7}C_{1}(\epsilon)^{1}(1-\epsilon)^{6}$$
 (5)

$$= (1 - \epsilon)^7 + 7(\epsilon)^1 (1 - \epsilon)^6 \tag{6}$$

From (1) and (6),

$$F_X(1) = (1 - 0.1)^7 + 7(0.1)^1 (1 - 0.1)^6$$
 (7)

$$= 0.85$$
 (8)

 \therefore the probability that a transmitted codeword is decoded correctly is 0.85.

Gaussian

Let parameters be defined in the Table II;

	RV	Value	Description
	$\mu = np$	0.7	Mean of Binomial distribution
	$\sigma^2 = npq$	0.63	Varience of Binomial distribution
TADI E II			

TABLE II Parameters

Let Y be the guassian approximation of X then the central limit theroem states that ,Z be a random variable

$$Z \approx \frac{Y - \mu}{\sigma} \tag{9}$$

Z converges to normal distribution for large value of n

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \tag{10}$$

Q function is defined

$$Q(x) = \int_{-x}^{\infty} f(x) dx$$
 (11)

then CDF of X is:

$$F_Y(k) = \int_{-\infty}^x f(x) \, dx \tag{12}$$

$$=1-\int_{x}^{\infty}f(x)dx\tag{13}$$

$$=1-Q(x) \tag{14}$$

From (1) and (14),

$$F_Y(1) = 1 - Q(1) \tag{15}$$

$$= 0.84134$$
 (16)

∴ the probability that a transmitted codeword is decoded correctly is 0.84134. The CDF plot is given in fig1

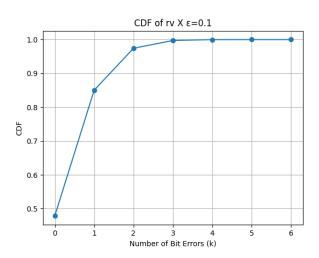


Fig. 1. CDF plot