

# Probability Assignment 1

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**Question :** Consider communication over a memoryless binary symmetric channel using a (7, 4) Hamming code. Each transmitted bit is received correctly with probability  $(1 - \epsilon)$ , and flipped with probability  $\epsilon$ . For each codeword transmission, the receiver performs minimum Hamming distance decoding, and correctly decodes the message bits if and only if the channel introduces at most one bit error.

For  $\epsilon = 0.1$ , the probability that a transmitted codeword is decoded correctly is \_\_\_\_\_ (rounded off to two decimal places). (rounded off to two decimal places).

**Solution:** Given that, Let  $X$  be a random variable representing the number of bit errors introduced during transmission over the binary symmetric channel. Then,  $X$  is a binomial distribution with parameters

$$n = 7 \quad p = \epsilon = 0.1 \quad (1)$$

the pmf of  $X$  is given by

$$p_X(k) = {}^7C_k(\epsilon)^k(1 - \epsilon)^{7-k} \quad (2)$$

the cdf of  $X$  is given by

$$F_X(k) = \sum_{i=0}^k {}^7C_i(\epsilon)^i(1 - \epsilon)^{7-i} \quad (3)$$

From equation (3), the probability of getting one or less error is given by

$$F_X(1) = \sum_{i=0}^1 {}^7C_i(\epsilon)^i(1 - \epsilon)^{7-i} \quad (4)$$

$$= {}^7C_0(\epsilon)^0(1 - \epsilon)^7 + {}^7C_1(\epsilon)^1(1 - \epsilon)^6 \quad (5)$$

$$= (1 - \epsilon)^7 + 7(\epsilon)^1(1 - \epsilon)^6 \quad (6)$$

From (1) and (6),

$$F_X(1) = (1 - 0.1)^7 + 7(0.1)^1(1 - 0.1)^6 \quad (7)$$

$$= 0.85 \quad (8)$$

$\therefore$  the probability that a transmitted codeword is decoded correctly is 0.85.