## 1

## Probability Assignment 2

## EE22BTECH11026 - KARTHIKEYA HANU PRAKASH KANITHI

Question: Verify that

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{E} - \mathbf{D} \tag{1}$$

The quadrilateral AFDE is defined to be parallelogram

**Solution:** Given that,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

From Problem 1.2.1 We know that, The point  $\mathbf{D}, \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{F}$  is

$$\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-7}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{E} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-3}{2} \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

Evaluating the R.H.S of the equation

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-3}{2} \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{-7}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

Evaluating the L.H.S of the equation

$$\mathbf{E} - \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-7}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{-7}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

Hence verified that, R.H.S = L.H.S i.e.,

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{E} - \mathbf{D} \tag{8}$$

From the figure, It is verified that AFDE is a parallelogram

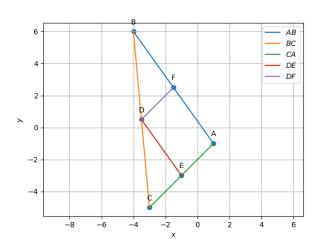


Fig. 0. AFDE form a parallelogram in triangle ABC