

204) Given a graph represented by an edge list, implement Kruskal's Algorithm to find the Minimum Spanning Tree (MST) and its total weight.

Test Case 1:

Input:

n = 4

m = 5

edges = [(0, 1, 10), (0, 2, 6), (0, 3, 5), (1, 3, 15), (2, 3, 4)]

Output:

Edges in MST: [(2, 3, 4), (0, 3, 5), (0, 1, 10)]

Total weight of MST: 19

Test Case 2:

Input:

n = 5

m = 7

edges = [(0, 1, 2), (0, 3, 6), (1, 2, 3), (1, 3, 8), (1, 4, 5), (2, 4, 7), (3, 4, 9)]

Output:

Edges in MST: [(0, 1, 2), (1, 2, 3), (1, 4, 5), (0, 3, 6)]

Total weight of MST: 16

AIM: To write a python program for the Minimum Spanning Tree (MST) and its total weight.

PROGRAM:

class DisjointSet:

def __init__(self, n):

self.parent = list(range(n))

self.rank = [0] * n

def find(self, u):

if self.parent[u] != u:

self.parent[u] = self.find(self.parent[u])

return self.parent[u]

def union(self, u, v):

root_u = self.find(u)

root_v = self.find(v)

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if root_u != root_v:
    if self.rank[root_u] > self.rank[root_v]:
        self.parent[root_v] = root_u
    elif self.rank[root_u] < self.rank[root_v]:
        self.parent[root_u] = root_v
    else:
        self.parent[root_v] = root_u
        self.rank[root_u] += 1

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def kruskal(n, edges):
    edges.sort(key=lambda x: x[2]) # Sort edges by weight
    disjoint_set = DisjointSet(n)

    mst_edges = []
    total_weight = 0

    for u, v, weight in edges:
        if disjoint_set.find(u) != disjoint_set.find(v):
            disjoint_set.union(u, v)
            mst_edges.append((u, v, weight))
            total_weight += weight

    return mst_edges, total_weight

```

```

n = 4
m = 5
edges = [ (0, 1, 10), (0, 2, 6), (0, 3, 5), (1, 3, 15), (2, 3, 4) ]
mst_edges, total_weight = kruskal(n, edges)
print("Edges in MST:", mst_edges)
print("Total weight of MST:", total_weight)

```

output:

```
Edges in MST: [(2, 3, 4), (0, 3, 5), (0, 1, 10)]  
Total weight of MST: 19
```

TIME COMPLEXITY: $O(m \log m)$