168) Write a program to implement Meet in the Middle Technique. Given an array of integers and a target sum, find the subset whose sum is closest to the target. You will use the Meet in the Middle technique to efficiently find this subset.

```
a) Set[] = {45, 34, 4, 12, 5, 2} Target Sum : 42
b) Set[]= {1, 3, 2, 7, 4, 6} Target sum = 10:
```

AIM: find the subset whose sum is closest to the target. You will use the Meet in the Middle technique to efficiently find this subset.

```
PROGRAM:
```

```
import itertools
```

```
def subset_sum_closest(arr, target):
  n = len(arr)
  mid = n // 2
  first_half = arr[:mid]
  second_half = arr[mid:]
  subsets_first_half = []
  for r in range(len(first_half) + 1):
     subsets first half += list(itertools.combinations(first half, r))
  subsets_second_half = []
  for r in range(len(second half) + 1):
     subsets_second_half += list(itertools.combinations(second_half, r))
  sums_first_half = [sum(subset) for subset in subsets_first_half]
  sums_second_half = [sum(subset) for subset in subsets_second_half]
  sums_second_half.sort()
  closest_sum = float('inf')
  best\_subset = None
  for sum1 in sums_first_half:
     10 = 0
     hi = len(sums_second_half) - 1
     while lo <= hi:
       mid = (lo + hi) // 2
       sum2 = sums_second_half[mid]
       total\_sum = sum1 + sum2
       if abs(target - total_sum) < abs(target - closest_sum):
          closest sum = total sum
          best subset = (sum1, sum2)
```

```
if total_sum < target:
    lo = mid + 1
elif total_sum > target:
    hi = mid - 1
else:
    return target, (sum1, sum2)

return closest_sum, best_subset

set1 = [45, 34, 4, 12, 5, 2]
target1 = 42
print("Set 1 - Target Sum:", target1)
result1 = subset_sum_closest(set1, target1)
print("Closest Subset Sum:", result1[0])
print("Subset:", result1[1])
Set 1 - Target Sum: 42
```

Subset: (34, 7)

INPUT: Closest Subset Sum: 41

OUTPUT:

TIME COMPLEXITY: O(2^N)