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EX. NO.5

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Implementation of Kalman Filter

Aim:

To Construct a Python Code to implement the Kalman filter to predict the position and velocity of an object.

Algorithm:

Step 1: Define the state transition model F , the observation model H , the process noise covariance Q , the measurement noise covariance R , the initial state estimate x_0 , and the initial error covariance P_0 .

Step 2: Create a KalmanFilter object with these parameters.

Step 3: Simulate the movement of the object for a number of time steps, generating true states and measurements.

Step 3: For each measurement, predict the next state using `kf.predict()`.

Step 4: Update the state estimate based on the measurement using `kf.update()`.

Step 5: Store the estimated state in a list.

Step 6: Plot the true and estimated positions.

Program:



```
import numpy as np

class KalmanFilter:
    def __init__(self, F, H, Q, R, x0, P0):
        self.F = F
        self.H = H
        self.Q = Q
        self.R = R
        self.x = x0
        self.P = P0
    def predict(self):
        self.x = np.dot(self.F, self.x)
        self.P = np.dot(np.dot(self.F, self.P), self.F.T) + self.Q

    def update (self, z):
        y=z - np.dot(self.H, self.x)
        S = np.dot (np.dot(self.H, self.P), self.H.T)+ self.R
        K = np.dot (np.dot (self.P, self.H.T), np.linalg.inv(S))
        self.x = self.x + np.dot (K, y)
        self.P = np.dot (np.eye(self.F.shape[0]) -np.dot (K, self.H), self.P)

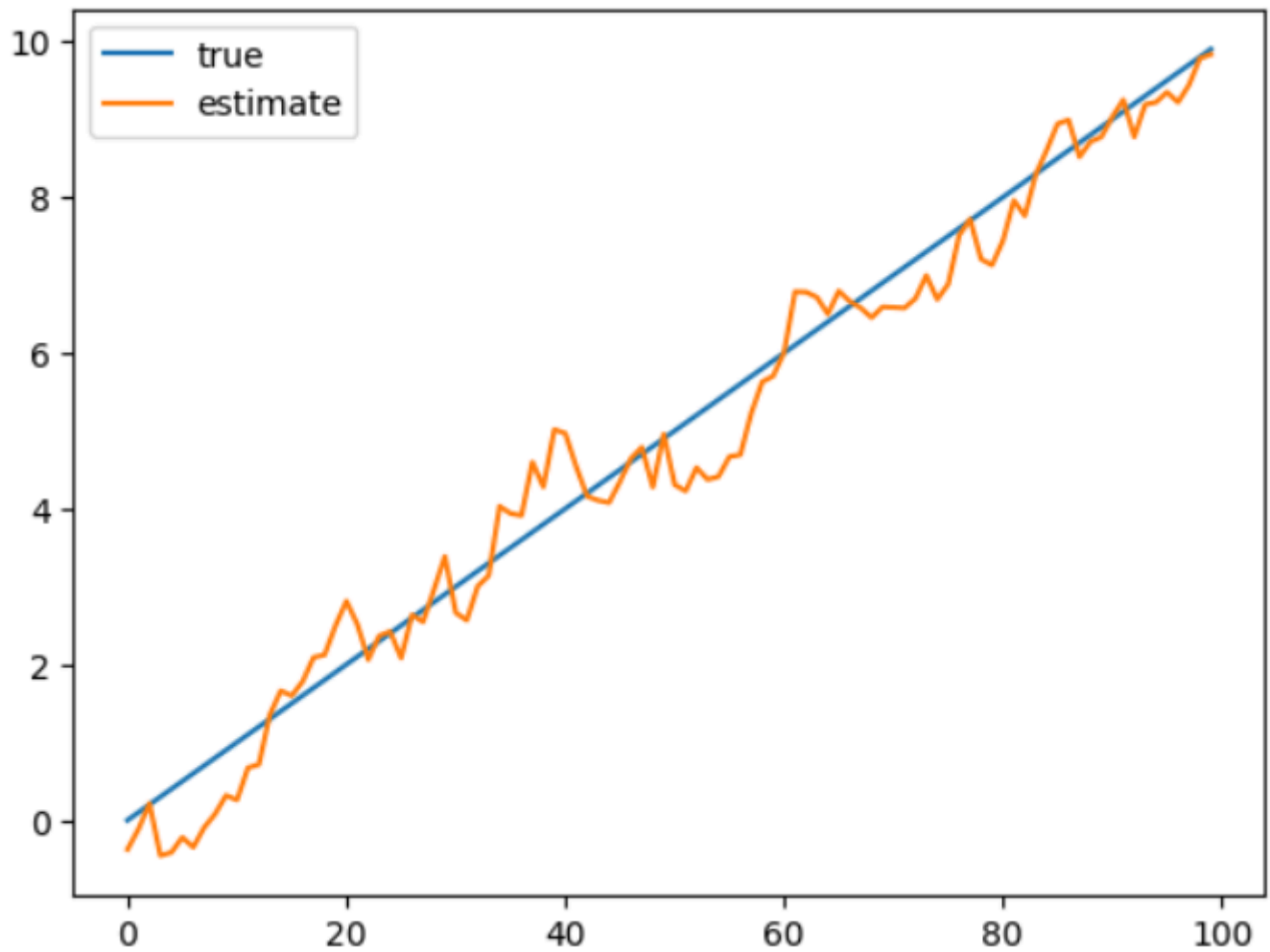
dt = 0.1
F = np.array([[1, dt], [0, 1]])
H = np.array([[1, 0]])
Q = np.diag([0.1, 0.1])
R = np.array([[1]])
x0 = np.array([0, 0])
P0 = np.diag([1, 1])

kf=KalmanFilter(F,H,Q,R,x0,P0)

true_states = []
measurements = []
for i in range(100):
    true_states.append([i*dt, 1])
    measurements.append(i*dt +np.random.normal(scale=1))
est_states=[]
for z in measurements:
    kf.predict()
    kf.update (np.array([z]))
    est_states.append(kf.x)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot([s[0] for s in true_states], label='true')
plt.plot([s[0] for s in est_states], label='estimate')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Output:



Results:

Thus, Kalman filter is implemented to predict the next position and velocity in Python