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Day 13_14 Assignment

Task 1: Tower of Hanoi Solver Create a program that solves the Tower of Hanoi puzzle for n disks. The solution should use recursion to move disks between three pegs (source, auxiliary, and destination) according to the game's rules. The program should print out each move required to solve the puzzle.

Code-

```
package com.epwipro.day13_14;
mport java.util.Scanner;
public class TowerOfHanoi {
  // Recursive function to solve the Tower of <u>Hanoi</u> puzzle
  public static void solveHanoi(int n, char source, char auxiliary, char destination) {
       System.out.println("Move disk 1 from " + source + " to " + destination);
     // Move n-1 disks from source to auxiliary using destination as a temporary peg
     solveHanoi(n - 1, source, destination, auxiliary);
     // Move the nth disk from source to destination
     System.out.println("Move disk " + n + " from " + source + " to " + destination);
     // Move the n-1 disks from auxiliary to destination using source as a temporary peg
     solveHanoi(n - 1, auxiliary, source, destination);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System. in);
     System. out.print("Enter the number of disks: ");
     int n = scanner.nextInt();
     solveHanoi(n, 'A', 'B', 'C'); // A, B, and C are names of the pegs
     scanner.close():
  }
```

Output-

```
Enter the number of disks: 5
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 2 from A to B
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 3 from A to C
Move disk 3 from B to C
Move disk 2 from B to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 4 from A to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
```

```
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 2 from C to A
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 3 from C to B
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 2 from A to B
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 5 from A to C
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 2 from B to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 3 from B to A
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 2 from C to A
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 4 from B to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
Move disk 2 from A to B
Move disk 1 from C to B
Move disk 3 from A to C
Move disk 1 from B to A
Move disk 2 from B to C
Move disk 1 from A to C
```

Task 2: Traveling Salesman Problem Create a function int FindMinCost(int[,] graph) that takes a 2D array representing the graph where graph[i][j] is the cost to travel from city i to city j. The function should return the minimum cost to visit all cities and return to the starting city. Use dynamic programming for this solution.

Code-

```
if (mask == VISITED_ALL) {
        return graph[pos][0];
     if (dp[pos][mask] != Integer.MAX_VALUE) {
        return dp[pos][mask];
     for (int city = 0; city < n; city++) {</pre>
        if ((mask & (1 << city)) == 0) {
           // Calculate the cost to visit the next city and update <u>dp</u> array
           int newCost = graph[pos][city] + tsp(graph, city, mask | (1 << city), dp,</pre>
VISITED_ALL);
          dp[pos][mask] = Math.min(dp[pos][mask], newCost);
     return dp[pos][mask];
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[][] graph = {
        \{0, 10, 15, 20\},\
        {10, 0, 35, 25},
        \{15, 35, 0, 30\},\
        {20, 25, 30, 0}
     };
     System. out.println("The minimum cost to visit all cities and return to the starting city
s: " + FindMinCost(graph));
```

Output-

The minimum cost to visit all cities and return to the starting city is: 80

Task 3: Job Sequencing Problem Define a class Job with properties int Id, int Deadline, and int Profit. Then implement a function List JobSequencing(List jobs) that takes a list of jobs and returns the maximum profit sequence of jobs that can be done before the deadlines. Use the greedy method to solve this problem

Code-

```
package com.epwipro.day13_14;
import java.util.ArrayList;
mport java.util.Collections;
mport <u>iava.util.Comparator;</u>
mport java.util.List;
class Job {
  int Id;
  int Deadline;
  int Profit:
  public Job(int id, int deadline, int profit) {
     Id = id;
     Deadline = deadline;
     Profit = profit;
  @Override
  public String toString() {
     return "Job Id: " + Id + ", Deadline: " + Deadline + ", Profit: " + Profit;
public class JobSequencingProblem {
  public static List<Job> JobSequencing(List<Job> jobs) {
     Collections. sort(jobs, (a, b) -> b.Profit - a.Profit);
     int maxDeadline = 0;
     for (Job job : jobs) {
        if (job.Deadline > maxDeadline) {
          maxDeadline = job.Deadline;
     Job[] result = new Job[maxDeadline];
     boolean[] slot = new boolean[maxDeadline];
     // Iterate through the sorted jobs and assign them to the latest possible slot
     for (Job job : jobs) {
        for (int j = job.Deadline - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
           if (!slot[j]) {
             slot[j] = true;
             result[j] = job;
           }
     List<Job> scheduledJobs = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
for (lob job : result) {
    if (job != null) {
        scheduledJobs.add(job);
    }
}

return scheduledJobs;
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    List<Job> jobs = new ArrayList<>();
    jobs.add(new Job(1, 2, 100));
    jobs.add(new Job(2, 1, 19));
    jobs.add(new Job(3, 2, 27));
    jobs.add(new Job(4, 1, 25));
    jobs.add(new Job(5, 3, 15));

List<Job> jobSequence = JobSequencing(jobs);
    System.out.println("The maximum profit sequence of jobs is:");
    for (Job job : jobSequence) {
        System.out.println(job);
    }
}
```

Output-

```
The maximum profit sequence of jobs is:
Job Id: 3, Deadline: 2, Profit: 27
Job Id: 1, Deadline: 2, Profit: 100
Job Id: 5, Deadline: 3, Profit: 15
```