CS 461 - Computer Graphics

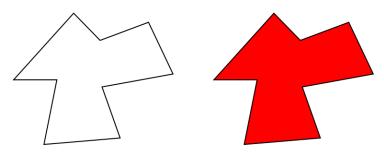
Polygon Filling

Amal Dev Parakkat



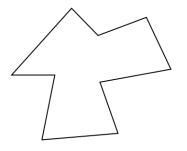
Fill Algorithms

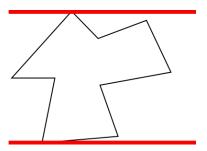
- ► Fill all the pixels inside the polygon
- ► Three algorithms:
 - ► Scan-line fill
 - Boundary fill
 - ► Flood fill
- ► Depends on the requirement



Scan-line fill algorithm - concept

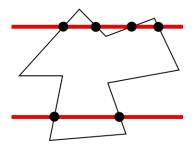
- Finding the *min*s and *max*s
- ► Moving the line up/down
- ► Find intersections





Odd/even intersections

- Odd intersections start coloring
- ► Even intersections stop coloring



Overall algorithm

Algorithm 1: Scan-line fill Algorithm

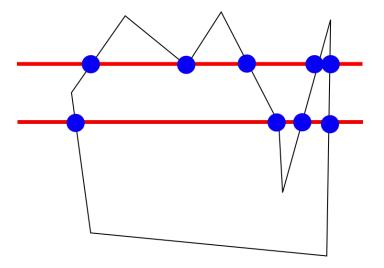
Find the intersections of the scan line with all edges of the polygons

Sort the intersections (based on x-coordinates)

Fill in all pixels between pairs of intersections

Vertex-line intersection

► Previous idea is not good enough



Handling vertex-line intersection

► Two cases

- Advantages
- ► Concept of SET (Sorted Edge Table)

Boundary-fill algorithm

- ▶ 4-connected
- ▶ 8-connected





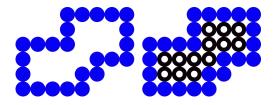
Boundary-fill algorithm

Algorithm 2: boundaryFill4(x,y,fillColor,borderColor) int color getPixel(x,y,color) if (color!=borderColor&&color!=fillColor) then setPixel(x,y) boundaryFill4(x+1,y,fillColor,borderColor)

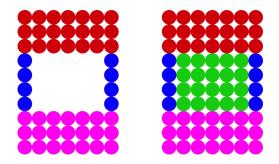
boundaryFill4(x-1,y,fillColor,borderColor) boundaryFill4(x,y+1,fillColor,borderColor) boundaryFill4(x,y-1,fillColor,borderColor)

end

Boundary-fill algorithm - example



Flood-fill algorithm - example



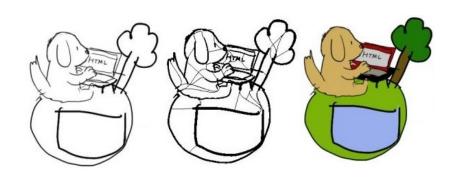
Flood-fill algorithm

```
Algorithm 3: FloodFill4(x,y,fillColor,interiorColor)
int color
getPixel(x,y,color)
if (color==interiorColor) then
| setPixel(x,y)
FloodFill4(x+1,y,fillColor,interiorColor)
FloodFill4(x-1,y,fillColor,interiorColor)
FloodFill4(x,y+1,fillColor,interiorColor)
FloodFill4(x,y-1,fillColor,interiorColor)
end
```

Coloring sketches with gaps



A fast and efficient semi-guided algorithm for flat coloring line-arts



Delaunay-based coloring



Next class

- ► Schedule: 17th Sep 9-10
- ► Topic: Clipping algorithms
- ► Seminars???