

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE- SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2020****Subject Code:2150703****Date:22/01/2021****Subject Name:Analysis and Design of Algorithms****Time:10:30 AM TO 12:30 PM****Total Marks: 56****Instructions:**

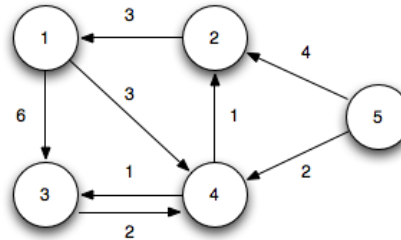
1. Attempt any FOUR questions out of EIGHT questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Define O , Ω , Θ notations with example. **03**
(b) Sort following functions in increasing order of running time for large values of n : n , $\log_2 n$, 2^n , $n^2 \log n$, n^3 **04**
(c) (i) What are the different parameters to analyze any algorithm? **03**
(ii) Solve the following using Master's theorem:
A. $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + 1$ **04**
B. $T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n$
- Q.2** (a) Explain Master Theorem for all three cases. **03**
(b) (i) What is the smallest value of n such that an algorithm whose running time is $100n^2$ is runs faster than an algorithm whose running time is 2^n on the same machine? **04**
(ii) What is meaning of $T(n) = O(1)$. Explain with suitable example.
(c) Given the four matrices $P_{5 \times 4}$, $Q_{4 \times 6}$, $R_{6 \times 2}$, $T_{2 \times 7}$. Find the optimal sequence for the computation of multiplication operation. **07**
- Q.3** (a) Mention the parameters for finding suitable algorithm among many candidate algorithms. Justify parameter with suitable example. **03**
(b) i. Which version of algorithm is preferred when memory resources are limited, Iterative or recursive? Justify your answer. **04**
ii. An asymptotically fast algorithm running on Slow computer is better than asymptotically slow algorithm is running on fast computer for larger input size. (**True/False**) Justify your answer with supporting arguments.
(c) Analyze Selection sort and Insertion Sort algorithms in best case and worst case scenarios. **07**
- Q.4** (a) Merge sort algorithm have similar time complexity in best, average and worst case. (**True/False**). Justify your answer. **03**
(b) Differentiate between greedy approach and Dynamic approach.. **04**
(c) How the selection of pivot affects the performance of Quick Sort? Discuss all possible scenarios. **07**
- Q.5** (a) How to solve knapsack problem using dynamic programming? **03**
(b) Given two strings from 26 symbols set, $X = \text{"BITTER"}$, $Y = \text{"BUTTER"}$ obtain the longest common subsequence. **04**

- (c) Compare and contrast Branch and Bound and Backtracking Methods with suitable example. 07

Q.6 (a) Generate Huffman Code for symbols with probability as $A_1(0.5), A_2(0.25), A_3(0.125), A_4(0.0625), A_5(0.0625)$. 03

- (b) Find the all pair shortest path using Floyd-Warshall Algorithm for directed graph shown below: 04



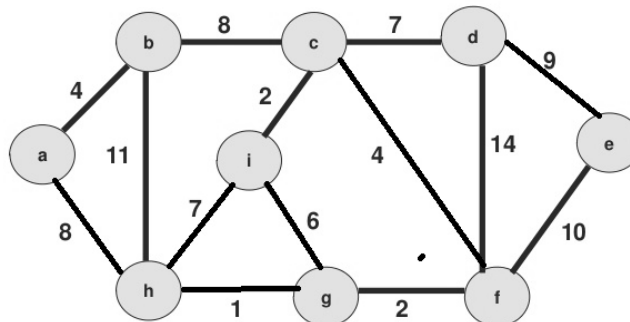
- (c) How to solve 0-1 knapsack problem using dynamic programming? Consider Items having Value(Rs.)={60,100,120} , Weight(KG)={10,20,30} respectively, Weight Capacity =50 KG. 07

Q.7 (a) Define terms: Articulation Point, Isolated , Adjacency 03

- (b) Solve the following Task Assignment problem for minimization using following cost matrix.(Cost matrix represents cost of Task T performed by Person P. 04

	T1	T2	T3
P1	10	20	25
P2	20	23	26
P3	12	16	25

- (c) Find minimum spanning tree for the following undirected weighted graph using Kruskal's algorithm. 07



Q.8 (a) What is the significance of Hashing in Rabin-Karp Pattern matching algorithm? 03

- (b) Draw the Finite automata which accepts String over 26 letter alphabet of {A...Z} : ACACAGA 04

- (c) Explain the concept of P, NP and NP-complete problem 07
