CSBB 311: Machine Learning

LAB ASSIGNMENT 1: Analysis Of Data Using Python Library

Submitted By:

Name: KARTIK MITTAL

Roll No: 221210056

Branch: CSE

Semester: 5th

Group: 2

Submitted To: Dr. Preeti Mehta
Department of Computer Science and Engineering

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY DELHI



2024	•	

Q1: - Loading of data file

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd

import pandas as pd

total the Titanic dataset from seaborn's built-in dataset

data = pd.read_csv('tested.csv')

final total the dataset

print("Data Loaded:")

print(data.head())
```

Result:-

Q2: - Size of features and names of features

Code:-

```
import loadData
from loadData import data

# Size of the dataset
data_shape = data.shape
print(f"Size of the dataset: {data_shape}")

# Names of the features
features = data.columns.tolist()
print(f"Names of Features: {features}")
```

Result :-

Q3: - Finding the missing entities

Code:-

```
# Finding missing data
missing_data = data.isnull().sum()
print("Missing Entities in Each Feature:")
print(missing_data)
```

Result:-

```
Missing Entities in Each Feature:
PassengerId
Survived
Pclass
                0
Name
Sex
                0
Age
                86
SibSp
                 0
Parch
                 0
Ticket
                 0
Fare
                 1
Cabin
               327
Embarked
                 0
dtype: int64
PS C:\Users\HP\Desktop\college\semester 5\Machine Learning>
```

Q4: - Creating of file 1 and file 2 for the missing entities

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd

# Load the Titanic dataset

df = pd.read_csv('tested.csv')

# Identify missing values in critical and non-critical columns

missing_critical = df[df[['Age', 'Fare']].isnull().any(axis=1)]

missing_non_critical = df[df[['Cabin', 'Ticket']].isnull().any(axis=1)]

# Save to file1.csv (critical columns)

missing_critical.to_csv('file1.csv', index=False)

# Save to file2.csv (non-critical columns)

missing_non_critical.to_csv('file2.csv', index=False)

# Save to file2.csv (non-critical columns)
```

Q5: - Normalization of new files using two approaches

APPROACH 1:- Using Normalization

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Load the normalized files
file1 = pd.read_csv('file1_normalized.csv')
file2 = pd.read_csv('file2_normalized.csv')

# Plot histograms for numerical columns in file1
file1.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64']).hist(figsize=(12, 10), bins=30)
plt.suptitle('Histograms for file1')
plt.show()

# Plot histograms for numerical columns in file2
file2.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64']).hist(figsize=(12, 10), bins=30)
plt.suptitle('Histograms for file2')
plt.show()
```

APPROACH 2: Using Standardized

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
     from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
     file1 = pd.read_csv('file1.csv')
     file2 = pd.read_csv('file2.csv')
     # Initialize the StandardScaler
     scaler = StandardScaler()
     # Normalize the data in both files
     file1 normalized = file1.copy()
    file2_normalized = file2.copy()
     for column in file1_normalized.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64']).columns:
        file1_normalized[[column]] = scaler.fit_transform(file1_normalized[[column]])
18
     for column in file2_normalized.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64']).columns:
       file2_normalized[[column]] = scaler.fit_transform(file2_normalized[[column]])
     # Save the normalized files
     file1_normalized.to_csv('file1_standardized.csv', index=False)
     file2_normalized.to_csv('file2_standardized.csv', index=False)
```

Q5: - Visualization of features using different plots

Using Histograms:-

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

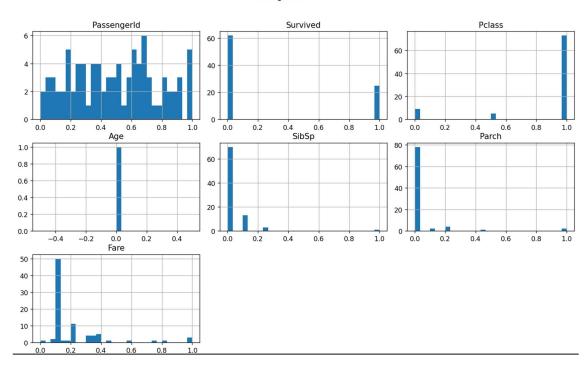
# Load the normalized files
file1 = pd.read_csv('file1_normalized.csv')
file2 = pd.read_csv('file2_normalized.csv')

# Plot histograms for numerical columns in file1
file1.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64']).hist(figsize=(12, 10), bins=30)
plt.suptitle('Histograms for file1')
plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0.03, 1, 0.95]) # Adjust layout to make room for the title
plt.show()

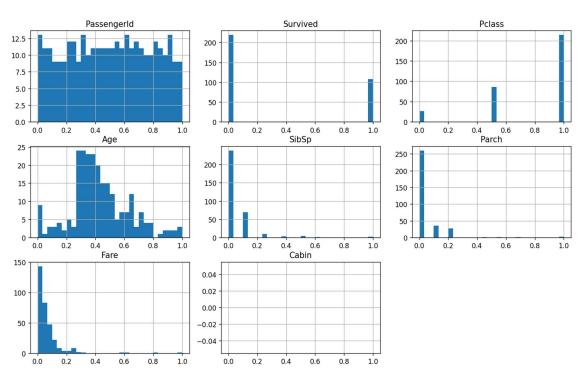
# Plot histograms for numerical columns in file2
file2.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64']).hist(figsize=(12, 10), bins=30)
plt.suptitle('Histograms for file2')
plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0.03, 1, 0.95]) # Adjust layout to make room for the title
plt.show()
```

Result :-

Histograms for file1



Histograms for file2



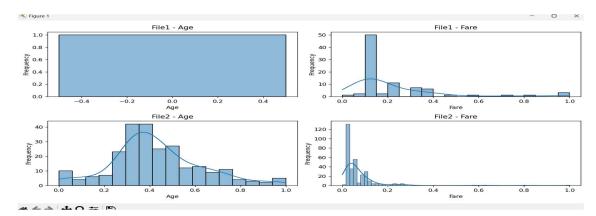
Using Scatters:

Code:-

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# Load the normalized files
file1_normalized = pd.read_csv('file1_normalized.csv')
file2_normalized = pd.read_csv('file2_normalized.csv')
# Replace 'Feature1' and 'Feature2' with actual column names
features = ['Age', 'Fare'] # Example feature names
# Plot histograms for file1
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
for i, feature in enumerate(features):
    plt.subplot(2, len(features), i + 1)
    sns.histplot(file1_normalized[feature], kde=True)
    plt.title(f'File1 - {feature}')
    plt.xlabel(feature)
   plt.ylabel('Frequency')
# Plot histograms for file2
for i, feature in enumerate(features):
    plt.subplot(2, len(features), len(features) + i + 1)
    sns.histplot(file2_normalized[feature], kde=True)
   plt.title(f'File2 - {feature}')
```

```
plt.xlabel(feature)
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
for i in range(len(features)):
    for j in range(i + 1, len(features)):
         plt.subplot(len(features) - 1, len(features) - 1, (i * (len(features) - 1)) + j)
         plt.scatter(file1_normalized[features[i]], file1_normalized[features[j]], alpha=0.5)
         plt.title(f'File1: {features[i]} vs {features[j]}')
         plt.xlabel(features[i])
         plt.ylabel(features[j])
          plt.subplot(len(features) - 1, len(features) - 1, (i * (len(features) - 1)) + j + len(features) - 1) \\ plt.scatter(file2\_normalized[features[i]], file2\_normalized[features[j]], alpha=0.5) 
         plt.title(f'File2: {features[i]} vs {features[j]}')
         plt.xlabel(features[i])
         plt.ylabel(features[j])
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Result:-

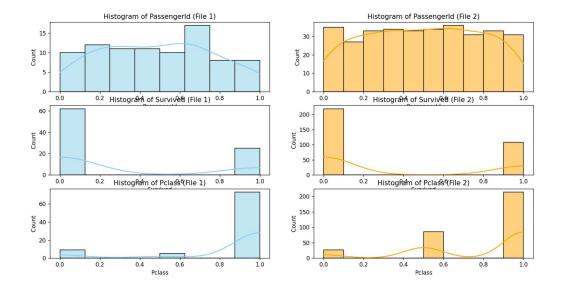


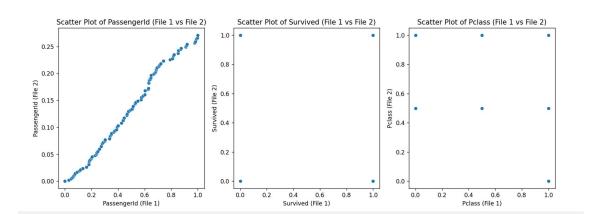
Using Mean Errors:-

```
import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import numpy as np
    # Load the normalized data
    file1_normalized = pd.read_csv('file1_normalized.csv')
    file2_normalized = pd.read_csv('file2_normalized.csv')
    # Select 2-3 features to visualize
    features = ['PassengerId', 'Survived', 'Pclass'] # Replace with actual feature names
    # Set up the plotting environment
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=3, ncols=2, figsize=(15, 12))
    # Plot histograms
17 v for i, feature in enumerate(features):
         sns.histplot(file1_normalized[feature], kde=True, ax=axes[i, 0], color='skyblue')
         axes[i, 0].set_title(f'Histogram of {feature} (File 1)')
         sns.histplot(file2_normalized[feature], kde=True, ax=axes[i, 1], color='orange')
         axes[i, 1].set_title(f'Histogram of {feature} (File 2)')
     fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=3, figsize=(18, 5))
```

```
Scatter plots between featur
     for i, feature in enumerate(features):
         sns.scatterplot(x=file1_normalized[feature], y=file2_normalized[feature], ax=axes[i])
         axes[i].set_title(f'Scatter Plot of {feature} (File 1 vs File 2)')
         axes[i].set_xlabel(f'{feature} (File 1)')
        axes[i].set_ylabel(f'{feature} (File 2)')
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
    means_file1 = file1_normalized[features].mean()
    stds_file1 = file1_normalized[features].std()
   means_file2 = file2_normalized[features].mean()
    stds_file2 = file2_normalized[features].std()
    # Plot mean and error bars
44 ax.errorbar(features, means_file1, yerr=stds_file1, fmt='o', capsize=5, label='File 1', color='skyblue
45 ax.errorbar(features, means_file2, yerr=stds_file2, fmt='o', capsize=5, label='File 2', color='orange'
46 ax.set_title('Mean and Error Bars for Selected Features')
    ax.set_xlabel('Features')
     ax.set_ylabel('Mean ± Standard Deviation')
    ax.legend()
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

Result :-





Mean and Error Bars for Selected Features

