

# Practical - 3

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Roll no. 158

## # Cross Account Role

Creating IAM user in account1

The screenshot shows the 'Specify user details' step of the IAM user creation wizard. The user name is set to 'sakshi'. The 'Provide user access to the AWS Management Console - optional' checkbox is checked. Under 'User type', 'I want to create an IAM user' is selected. In the 'Console password' section, 'Autogenerated password' is chosen. A note states: 'You can view the password after you create the user.' Below it, 'Custom password' is listed as an option. At the bottom, there are notes about programmatic access and a link to learn more.

Step 1  
Specify user details

User details

User name: sakshi

Provide user access to the AWS Management Console - optional

Are you providing console access to a person?

User type

Specify a user in Identity Center - Recommended

I want to create an IAM user

Console password

Autogenerated password

Show password

Users must create a new password at next sign-in - Recommended

If you are creating programmatic access through access keys or service-specific credentials for AWS CodeCommit or Amazon Keyspaces, you can generate them after you create this IAM user.

Cancel Next

Screenshot of the AWS IAM 'Create user' wizard Step 2: Set permissions.

**Step 1**: Specify user details  
**Step 2**: Set permissions (selected)  
**Step 3**: Review and create  
**Step 4**: Retrieve password

**Set permissions**  
Add user to an existing group or create a new one. Using groups is a best-practice way to manage user's permissions by job functions. [Learn more](#)

**Permissions options**

- Add user to group**  
Add user to an existing group, or create a new group. We recommend using groups to manage user permissions by job functions.
- Copy permissions**  
Copy all group memberships, attached managed policies, and inline policies from an existing user.
- Attach policies directly**  
Attach a managed policy directly to a user. As a best practice, we recommend attaching policies to a group instead. Then, add the user to the appropriate group.

**User groups (1)**

Group name	Users	Attached policies	Created
a1	0	-	2025-08-21 (1 month ago)

**Set permissions boundary - optional**

[Create group](#) | [Cancel](#) | [Previous](#) | [Next](#)

Screenshot of the AWS IAM 'Create user' wizard Step 3: Review and create.

**Step 1**: Specify user details  
**Step 2**: Set permissions  
**Step 3**: Review and create (selected)  
**Step 4**: Retrieve password

**Review and create**  
Review your choices. After you create the user, you can view and download the autogenerated password, if enabled.

**User details**

User name	Console password type	Require password reset
sakshi	Autogenerated	No

**Permissions summary**

Name	Type	Used as
No resources		

**Tags - optional**  
Tags are key-value pairs you can add to AWS resources to help identify, organize, or search for resources. Choose any tags you want to associate with this user.  
No tags associated with the resource.

[Add new tag](#)  
You can add up to 50 more tags.

[Cancel](#) | [Previous](#) | [Create user](#)

The screenshot shows the 'Create user' process in the AWS IAM console. Step 4, 'Retrieve password', has been completed successfully. A green banner at the top right says 'User created successfully'. Below it, a message states: 'You can view and download the user's password and email instructions for signing in to the AWS Management Console.' A 'View user' button is available. On the left, a vertical navigation bar lists steps: Step 1 (Specify user details), Step 2 (Set permissions), Step 3 (Review and create), and Step 4 (Retrieve password). The 'Console sign-in details' section displays the 'Console sign-in URL' (https://692977928139.sigin.aws.amazon.com/console), 'User name' (sakshi), and 'Console password' (\*\*\*\*\*). Buttons for 'Email sign-in instructions' (with a link icon), 'Download .csv file', and 'Return to users list' are present. The bottom of the screen includes standard AWS footer links like CloudShell, Feedback, and Copyright information.

## Attaching inline policy directly to created user

The screenshot shows the 'Create policy' process in the AWS IAM console. Step 1, 'Specify permissions', is selected. The 'Policy editor' interface is shown, allowing users to build permission statements using the JSON editor. The 'STS' service is selected, showing 'All actions' under the 'Actions allowed' section. Actions listed include Read (Selected 5/5), Write (Selected 7/7), and Tagging (Selected 1/1). The 'Effect' is set to 'Allow'. The 'Resources' section shows 'All' selected. A note at the bottom cautions: 'The all wildcard '\*' may be overly permissive for the selected actions. Allowing specific ARNs for these service resources can improve security.' A 'Request conditions - optional' section is also visible. The bottom of the screen includes standard AWS footer links like CloudShell, Feedback, and Copyright information.

Screenshot of the AWS IAM 'Create policy' wizard - Step 2: Review and create.

**Review and create** Info

Review the permissions, specify details, and tags.

**Policy details**

**Policy name** Info  
Enter a meaningful name to identify this policy.  
**STSAdminRole**

Maximum 128 characters. Use alphanumeric and '+', '.', '-' characters.

**Permissions defined in this policy** Info

Permissions defined in this policy document specify which actions are allowed or denied. To define permissions for an IAM identity (user, user group, or role), attach a policy to it.

**Allow (1 of 449 services)**

Service	Access level	Resource	Request condition
STS	Full access	All resources	None

**Cancel** **Previous** **Create policy**

Screenshot of the AWS IAM User details page for 'sakshi'.

**Identity and Access Management (IAM)**

**sakshi** Info

**Summary**

ARN: arn:aws:iam::692977928139:user/sakshi  
Created: October 02, 2025, 18:17 (UTC+05:30)

Console access: Enabled without MFA

Last console sign-in: Never

Access key 1: Create access key

**Permissions** **Groups** **Tags** **Security credentials** **Last Accessed**

**Permissions policies (1/1)**

Permissions are defined by policies attached to the user directly or through groups.

Policy name	Type	Attached via
STSAdminRole	Customer inline	Inline

**Permissions boundary (not set)**

**Generate policy based on CloudTrail events**

You can generate a new policy based on the access activity for this user, then customize, create, and attach it to this role. AWS uses your CloudTrail events to identify the services and actions used and generate a policy. [Learn more](#)

**Generate policy**

No requests to generate a policy in the past 7 days.

## Creating new role in account2

The screenshot shows the 'Select trusted entity' step of the IAM role creation wizard. The 'AWS account' option is selected, allowing entities in other AWS accounts belonging to you or a 3rd party to perform actions in this account. The 'Account ID' field contains '69297928139'. Other options like 'AWS service', 'SAML 2.0 federation', and 'Custom trust policy' are also listed.

## Adding s3 full access permissions

The screenshot shows the 'Add permissions' step of the IAM role creation wizard. The 'AmazonS3FullAccess' policy is selected under the 'Permissions policies' section. This policy provides full access to all buckets via s3. The search bar shows 's3f', and the filter is set to 'All types' with '1 match' found.

Screenshot of the AWS IAM 'Create role' wizard Step 1: Name, review, and create.

**Role details**

**Role name:** S3FullAccessForSakshi

**Description:** Add a short explanation for this role.

**Step 1: Select trusted entities**

**Trust policy:**

```
1 - [{
2 -     "Version": "2012-10-17",
3 -     "Statement": [
4 -         {
5 -             "Effect": "Allow",
6 -             "Action": "sts:AssumeRole",
7 -             "Principal": "*"
8 -         }
9 -     ]
10 -    "Condition": {}
11 - }
12 - ]
13 - ]
```

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Screenshot of the AWS IAM 'Create role' wizard Step 2: Add permissions.

**Permissions policy summary**

Policy name	Type	Attached as
AmazonS3FullAccess	AWS managed	Permissions policy

**Step 3: Add tags**

**Add tags - optional** Info

Tags are key-value pairs that you can add to AWS resources to help identify, organize, or search for resources.

No tags associated with the resource.

**Add new tag**

You can add up to 50 more tags.

Cancel Previous Create role

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## Creating s3 bucket in account2

The screenshot shows the 'Create bucket' configuration page in the AWS S3 console. The 'General configuration' section is active, showing the following settings:

- AWS Region:** Europe (Stockholm) eu-north-1
- Bucket type:** General purpose (selected)
- Bucket name:** sakshi-deshmukh-jaws-bucket
- Copy settings from existing bucket - optional:** Choose bucket (sakshi-deshmukh-jaws-bucket)
- Object Ownership:** ACLs disabled (recommended)

At the bottom right, there are links for CloudShell, Feedback, © 2025, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates., Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences.

## Login to iam user of account1

The screenshot shows the 'IAM user sign in' page. The left side contains the sign-in form with the following fields:

- Account ID or alias (Don't have?) input field: 692977928139
- Remember this account
- IAM username input field: sakshi
- Password input field (redacted)
- Show Password
- [Having trouble?](#)
- [Sign in](#) button
- [Sign in using root user email](#)
- [Create a new AWS account](#)

Below the form, there is a small note about agreeing to AWS Customer Agreement or other agreements for AWS services, and the Privacy Notice. It also mentions that the site uses essential cookies and provides a link to the [Cookie Notice](#).

The right side of the page features a promotional banner for Amazon Lightsail, which is described as the easiest way to get started on AWS. It includes a cartoon character and a 'Learn more' button.

The screenshot shows the AWS Console Home page with a dark theme. At the top right, it displays the account ID: 6929-7792-8139 and the region: Europe (Stockholm). The main area features several service dashboards:

- Recently visited**: Shows a cube icon and a message: "No recently visited services. Explore one of these commonly visited AWS services." It lists EC2, S3, Aurora and RDS, and Lambda.
- Welcome to AWS**: Includes sections for "Getting started with AWS", "Training and certification", and "AWS Builder Center".
- AWS Health**: Shows a heart rate monitor icon and a message: "No health data. You don't have permissions to access AWS Health."
- Applications (0)**: Shows a message: "Access denied to servicelogicListApplications" and a link to "Diagnose with Amazon Q".
- Cost and usage**: Shows current month, forecasted month end, and savings opportunities, all with "Access denied" messages.

At the bottom, there are links for CloudShell, Feedback, Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences.

## Switching role to account2's role

The screenshot shows the "Switch Role" dialog box in the AWS IAM console. The title is "Switch Role". The instructions state: "Switching roles enables you to manage resources across Amazon Web Services accounts using a single user. When you switch roles, you temporarily take on the permissions assigned to the new role. When you exit the role, you give up those permissions and get your original permissions back. [Learn more](#)".

The form fields are as follows:

- Account ID**: The 12-digit account number or the alias of the account in which the role exists. Value: 772548858659
- IAM role name**: The name of the role that you want to assume which can be found at the end of the role's ARN. Example: TestRole. Value: \$3FullAccessForSakshi
- Display name - optional**: This name will appear in the console navigation bar when active. Choose a name to help identify the permission set assigned to the role. Value: \$3FullAccessForSakshi @ 772548858659
- Display color - optional**: The selected color displays in the console navigation when this role is active. Value: Yellow

At the bottom are "Cancel" and "Switch Role" buttons. The "Switch Role" button is highlighted with a yellow background.

The screenshot shows the AWS Console Home page. In the top right corner, the account ID is listed as 7725-4885-8659 and the region as Europe (Stockholm). The Applications section displays a message: "Access denied to servicecatalog>ListApplications". Below this, there are sections for Welcome to AWS, AWS Health, and Cost and usage.

Bucket was successfully accessed

The screenshot shows the Amazon S3 console. The left sidebar lists various S3 features like General purpose buckets, Access Grants, and Storage Lens. The main area shows a table for "General purpose buckets" with one entry: "sakshi-deshmukh-aws-bucket" located in Europe (Stockholm) eu-north-1. To the right, there are sections for "Account snapshot" and "External access summary - new".

aws Search [Alt+S]

Amazon S3 > Buckets > sakshi-deshmukh-aws-bucket

Amazon S3

General purpose buckets

- Directory buckets
- Table buckets
- Vector buckets
- Access Grants
- Access Points (General Purpose Buckets, Fsx file systems)
- Access Points (Directory Buckets)
- Object Lambda Access Points
- Multi-Region Access Points
- Batch Operations
- IAM Access Analyzer for S3

Block Public Access settings for this account

▼ Storage Lens

- Dashboards
- Storage Lens groups
- AWS Organizations settings

Feature spotlight 11

► AWS Marketplace for S3

sakshi-deshmukh-aws-bucket info

Objects (0)

Objects are the fundamental entities stored in Amazon S3. You can use [Amazon S3 inventory](#) to get a list of all objects in your bucket. For others to access your objects, you'll need to explicitly grant them permissions. [Learn more](#)

Find objects by prefix

Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
No objects You don't have any objects in this bucket.				

Upload

Actions ▼ Create folder Upload

Account ID: 7725-4885-8659 Europe (Stockholm) S3FullAccessForSakshi @ 772548858659

CloudShell Feedback

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