Paper Name: Information Retrieval

Code: PEC-CS801D

Credit: 3

**Professional Elective I** 

#### **Course Outcome:**

- 1. Students will be able to remember the concepts of Information Retrieval architecture with the essence of different models.
- 2. Students will be able to understand the concepts of Tokenizing, Indexing.
- 3. Students will be able to apply the different concepts of Web Search and Categorization with different experimental evaluations.
- 4. Students will be able to analyse the process of Clustering and Language Model based translation techniques.
- 5. Students will be able to evaluate different recommender systems as well as different information extraction processes and question answering systems.
- 6. Students will be able to create one intelligent and personalized IR system with different Machine and Deep Learning techniques.

Detailed Syllabus: Module No.	Content	Hrs./Modul e
1	Introduction: Goals and history of IR. The impact of the web on IR.	5
	<b>Basic IR Models</b> : Boolean and vector-space retrieval models; ranked retrieval; text-similarity metrics; TF-IDF (term frequency/inverse document frequency) weighting; cosine similarity.	
2	Basic Tokenizing, Indexing, and Implementation of Vector-Space Retrieval: Simple tokenizing, stop-word removal, and stemming; inverted indices; efficient processing with sparse vectors; Java implementation.	6
	Experimental Evaluation of IR: Performance metrics: recall,	

precision, F-measure, and NDCG; Evaluations on benchmark text

collections.

**Query Operations**: Relevance feedback; Query expansion.

8

**Text Representation**: Word statistics; Zipf's law; Porter stemmer; morphology; index term selection; using thesauri.

**Web Search**: Search engines; spidering; meta crawlers; directed spidering; link analysis (e.g. hubs and authorities, Google PageRank); shopping agents.

4 Text Categorization: Categorization algorithms: Rocchio, nearest neighbour, and naive Bayes. Applications to information filtering and organization.

**Text Clustering**: Clustering algorithms: agglomerative clustering; k-means; expectation maximization (EM).

#### **Text Books and Reference Books:**

- **1.** Christopher D. Manning, Prabhakar Raghavan and Hinrich Schütze, Introduction to Information Retrieval, Cambridge University Press. 2008.
- **2.** Cheng Xiang Zhai, Statistical Language Models for Information Retrieval (Synthesis Lectures Series on Human Language Technologies), Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2008.

Paper Name: Data Science

Code: PEC-CS801E

Credit: 3

**PRE-REQUISITES** 

**Introduction to Programming** 

Probability

#### **OBJECTIVES**

The objective of this course is to impart necessary knowledge of the mathematical foundations needed for data science and develop programming skills required to build data science applications.

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

At end of this course, the students will be able to:

Demonstrate understanding of the mathematical foundations needed for data science.

Collect, explore, clean, munge and manipulate data.

Implement models such as k-nearest Neighbors, Naive Bayes, linear and logistic regression, decision trees, neural networks and clustering.

Build data science applications using Python based toolkits.

#### **DETAIL CONTENTS**

1. Introduction to Data Science (4 Hours)

Concept of Data Science, Traits of Big data, Web Scraping, Analysis vs Reporting

- 2. Introduction to Programming Tools for Data Science (6 Hours)
- 2.1 Toolkits using Python: Matplotlib, NumPy, Scikit-learn, NLTK
- 2.2 Visualizing Data: Bar Charts, Line Charts, Scatterplots
- 2.3 Working with data: Reading Files, Scraping the Web, Using APIs (Example: Using the Twitter APIs), Cleaning and Munging, Manipulating Data, Rescaling,
- Dimensionality Reduction 3. Mathematical Foundations (12 Hours)
- 3.1 Linear Algebra: Vectors, Matrices,
- 3.2 Statistics: Describing a Single Set of Data, Correlation, Simpson's Paradox,

Correlation and Causation

3.3 Probability: Dependence and Independence, Conditional Probability, Bayes's

Theorem, Random Variables, Continuous Distributions, The Normal Distribution,

The Central Limit Theorem

- 3.4 Hypothesis and Inference: Statistical Hypothesis Testing, Confidence Intervals, Phacking, Bayesian Inference
- 4. Machine Learning (16 Hours)

Overview of Machine learning concepts – Over fitting and train/test splits, Types of Machine learning – Supervised, Unsupervised, Reinforced learning, Introduction to Bayes Theorem, Linear Regression- model assumptions, regularization (lasso, ridge, elastic net), Classification and Regression algorithms- Naïve Bayes, K-Nearest Neighbors, logistic regression, support vector machines (SVM), decision trees, and random forest, Classification Errors, Analysis of Time

Series- Linear Systems Analysis, Nonlinear Dynamics, Rule Induction, Neural NetworksLearning And Generalization,

Overview of Deep Learning.

5. Case Studies of Data Science Application ( 6 Hours)

Weather forecasting, Stock market prediction, Object recognition, Real Time Sentiment Analysis.

## LIST OF PRACTICALS

- 1. Write a programme in Python to predict the class of the flower based on available attributes.
- 2. Write a programme in Python to predict if a loan will get approved or not.
- 3. Write a programme in Python to predict the traffic on a new mode of transport.
- 4. Write a programme in Python to predict the class of user.
- 5. Write a programme in Python to indentify the tweets which are hate tweets and which are not.
- 6. Write a programme in Python to predict the age of the actors.
- 7. Mini project to predict the time taken to solve a problem given the current status of the user

#### LIST OF SUGGESTED BOOKS

- 1. Joel Grus, "Data Science from Scratch: First Principles with Python", O'Reilly Media
- 2. Aurélien Géron, "Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn and Tensor Flow:

Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media

- 3. Jain V.K., "Data Sciences", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.
- 4. Jain V.K., "Big Data and Hadoop", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.
- 5. Jeeva Jose, "Machine Learning", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.
- 6. Chopra Rajiv, "Machine Learning", Khanna Publishing House, Delhi.
- 7. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press

#### http://www.deeplearningbook.org

8. Jiawei Han and Jian Pei, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Third Edition, Morgan

#### **Kaufmann Publishers**

Paper Name: Human Resource Development and Organizational Development

Code: OEC-CS801D

Credit: 3
Course:

**Module 1**-Human Resource Management: Meaning & Definition, Functions, Scope & Objectives, Qualities of a HR Manager

**Module 2-** Human Resource Planning: Meaning & Definition, Importance of HRP, HRP Process. Barriers of HRP, Factors of sound HRP. Recruitment – Meaning & Definition, Sources of Recruitment, Recruitment Process, Effective Recruitment. Training & Performance Appraisal-Definition & Objective, Areas of Training, Meaning & Definition of Performance Appraisal, process, Effective principles of performance Appraisal.

**Module 3**- Industrial Relations: Concept & Meaning, Objective & Importance, Reasons of poor Industrial Relation. Industrial Disputes- Meaning & Definition, Causes of Industrial Dispute, Prevention of Industrial Dispute, Conditions for good Industrial Relation.

**Module 4-** Workers Participation in Management: Meaning & Need, Forms of Participation, Scheme of participation, Merits & Demerits. Collective Bargain- Meaning & Definition, Objective & Importance, Process of Collective Bargain, Effective Condition. Employee Discipline-Guidelines for action, Penalties & Punishment, Rewards of Discipline.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Human Resource Management. P. Subba Rao, Himalaya Publishing House, 2012.
- 2. Human Resource Management. K.Aswathappa. Mc GRAW HILL Education, 2013.

## Reference Books:

- 1. Human Resource Development Management. A. M.Seikh S.Chand, 2003.
- 2. Human Resource Management. S.S.Khanka, S. Chand, 2014.

Course Code : OEC-CS 801E
Course Title : Enterprise System

Credit : 3

# [Course Outcomes]

- 1. Remembering the basic concept of enterprise systems.
- 2. Understanding different types and components of enterprise systems.

- 3. Apply that knowledge to understand architectures and the enterprise systems market.
- 4. Analyse system integration and strategies for implementing and using enterprise systems.
- 5. Evaluation of trends, opportunities and issues with enterprise systems.
- 6. Create new concepts to overcome Modern Enterprise system challenges.

**Module 1:** Fundamentals of enterprise systems, introduces concepts: Enterprise Resource Planning, Supply Chain Management, Customer Relationship Management, Business Process Management. Organisational behaviour. [10L]

**Module 2:** Evolution of enterprise systems and provide a theoretical understanding of enterprise systems in organisation, Enterprise resource planning and utilisation.

[8L]

**Module 3:** Enterprise Systems implementation and use, enterprise systems implementation life cycle and use in organisations. Case-studies, insight opportunities and challenges of enterprise systems in organisations. hands-on experiences with enterprise systems applications, Communication: Use, advantages and barriers. [8L]

**Module 4:** Contemporary issues in Enterprise Systems practice, analyse an enterprise systems implementation, Implementation of new tools and technology to overcome challenges, solutions or change measures. [8L]

**Module 5:** Finance and Accounting concepts, Rate of Return Methods, Break even analysis, Financial statements, basic accounting concept. [10L]

## [Books/References]

- 1. Enterprise Systems for Management, J. Thompson.
- 2. Design of Enterprise Systems: Theory, Architecture, and Methods, Ronald Giachetti.
- 3. Enterprise Supply Chain Management, V Sehgal
- 4. Enterprise Performance Management Done Right: An Operating System for Your Organization, Ron Dimon
- 5. The Flexible Enterprise (Flexible Systems Management), by Sushil and Edward A. Stohr.

Mobile Computing (OECCS802D)

Contracts: 3L

Credits- 3

Prerequisite:

Computer Network, Data Communication

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this course, student will be able

CO1: To understand concepts of Mobile Communication.

CO2: To understand network and transport layers of Mobile Communication

CO3: Analyse various protocols of all layers for mobile and ad hoc wireless communication networks.

CO4: To understand IP and TCP layers of Mobile Communication.

Module 1: Introduction to Personal Communications Services (PCS): PCS Architecture, Mobility management, Networks signalling. Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM) system overview: GSM Architecture, Mobility management, Network signalling. [5L]

Module 2: General Packet Radio Services (GPRS): GPRS Architecture, GPRS Network Nodes. Mobile Data Communication: WLANs (Wireless LANs) IEEE 802.11 standard, Mobile IP. [5L]

Module 3: Wireless Application Protocol (WAP): The Mobile Internet standard, WAP Gateway and Protocols, wireless mark-up Languages (WML). Wireless Local Loop (WLL): Introduction to WLL Architecture, wireless Local Loop Technologies. [7L]

Module 4: Third Generation (3G) Mobile Services: Introduction to International Mobile Telecommunications 2000 (IMT 2000) vision, Wideband Code Division Multiple Access (W-CDMA), and CDMA 2000, Quality of services in 3G. [7L]

Module 5: Global Mobile Satellite Systems; case studies of the IRIDIUM and GLOBALSTAR systems. Wireless Enterprise Networks: Introduction to Virtual Networks, Blue tooth technology, Blue tooth Protocols. [7L]

Module 6: Server-side programming in Java, Pervasive web application architecture, Device independent example application [8L]

#### Text:

- T1. "Pervasive Computing", Burkhardt, Pearson
- T2. "Mobile Communication", J. Schiller, Pearson

T3. "Wireless and Mobile Networks Architectures", Yi-Bing Lin & Imrich Chlamtac, John Wiley & Sons, 2001

T4. "Mobile and Personal Communication systems and services", Raj Pandya, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.

#### Reference:

- R1. "Guide to Designing and Implementing wireless LANs", Mark Ciampa, Thomson learning, Vikas Publishing House, 2001.
- R2. "Wireless Web Development", Ray Rischpater, Springer Publishing,
- R3. "The Wireless Application Protocol", Sandeep Singhal, Pearson.

R4. "Third Generation Mobile Telecommunication systems", by P. Stavronlakis, Springer Publishers

Course Code : OEC-CS 802E

**Course Title** : Real Time Operating System

Credit : 3

#### **Course Outcome**

- 1. Students will be able to remember the concepts of OS, BIOS, BOOT, Threads, Scheduling, Process etc.
- 2. Students will be able to understand the different RTOS concepts.
- 3. Students will be able to apply the different RTOS process management concepts.
- 4. Students will be able to analyse the different IPC concepts.
- 5. Students will be able to evaluate different memory management aspects.
- 6. Students will be able to create different segments of RTOS by knowing the different real life case studies.

# **Detailed Syllabus:**

Module	Content	Hrs./Module
No. 1	INTRODUCTION: Introduction to Operating System: Computer Hardware Organization, BIOS and Boot Process,	10
2	Multi-threading concepts, Processes, Threads, Scheduling. <b>BASICS OF REAL-TIME CONCEPTS:</b> Terminology: RTOS concepts and definitions, real-time design issues, examples, Hardware Considerations: logic states, CPU, memory, I/O,	13
3	Architectures, RTOS building blocks, Real-Time Kernel.  PROCESS MANAGEMENT: Concepts, scheduling, IPC,  RPC, CPU Scheduling, scheduling criteria,  scheduling algorithms Threads: Multi-threading models,	13
4	threading issues, thread libraries, synchronization Mutex: creating, deleting, prioritizing mutex, mutex internals  INTER-PROCESS COMMUNICATION: Messages, Buffers, mailboxes, queues, semaphores, deadlock, priority	6

inversion,

PIPES MEMORY MANAGEMENT: Process stack	6
management, run-time buffer size, swapping, overlays,	
block/page management, replacement algorithms, real-time	
garbage collection	
<b>CASE STUDIES:</b> Case study Linux POSIX system, RTLinux	12
/ RTAI, Windows system, Vxworks, ultron Kernel Design	
Issues: structure, process states, data	
structures, inter-task communication mechanism, Linux	
Scheduling	
	management, run-time buffer size, swapping, overlays, block/page management, replacement algorithms, real-time garbage collection  CASE STUDIES: Case study Linux POSIX system, RTLinux / RTAI, Windows system, Vxworks, ultron Kernel Design Issues: structure, process states, data structures, inter-task communication mechanism, Linux

## **Text Books and Reference Books:**

- 1. J. J Labrosse, "MicroC/OS-II: The Real –Time Kernel", Newnes, 2002.
- **2.** Jane W. S. Liu, "Real-time systems", Prentice Hall, 2000.
- **3.** W. Richard Stevens, "Advanced Programming in the UNIX® Environment", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education India, 2011.