

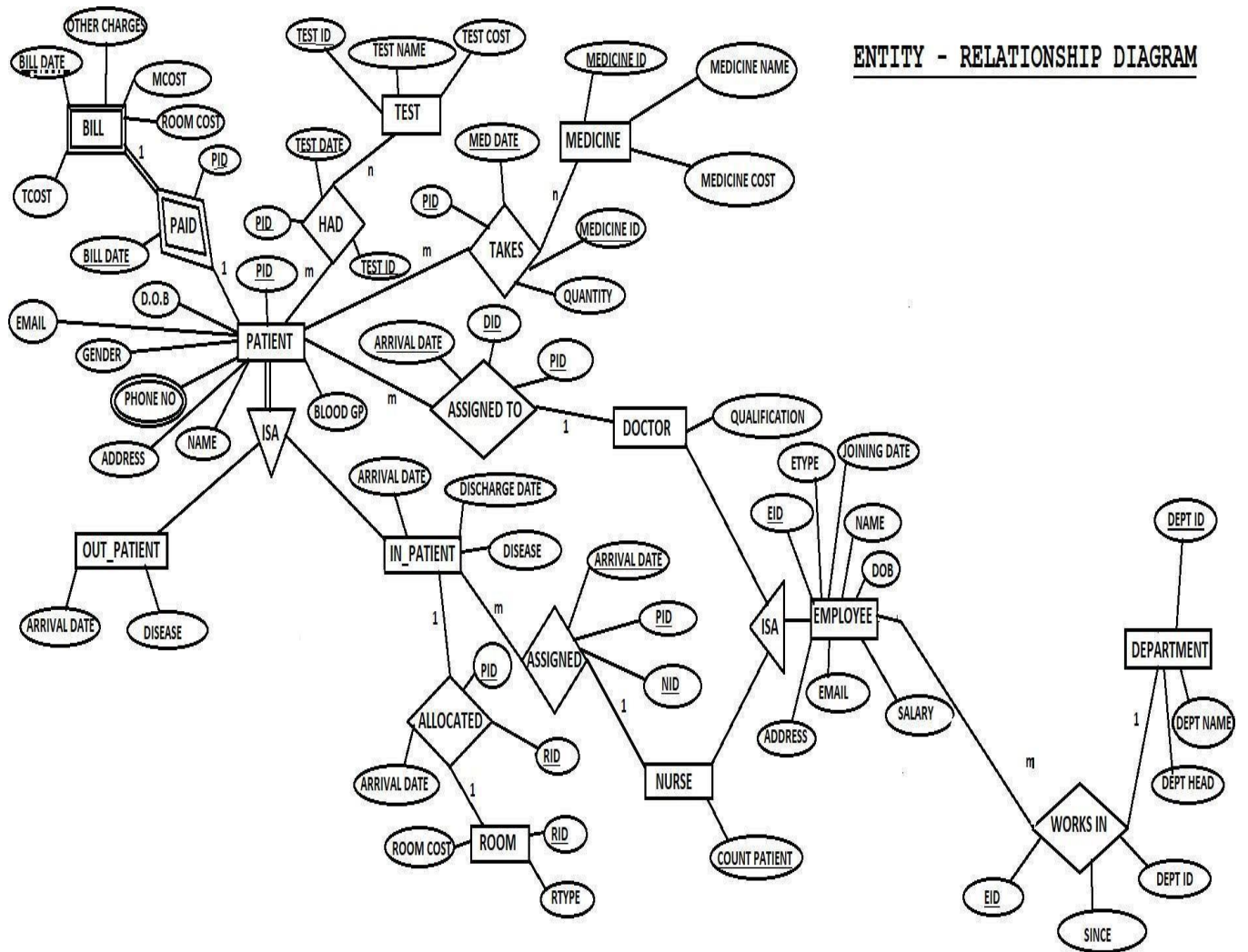
# **HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

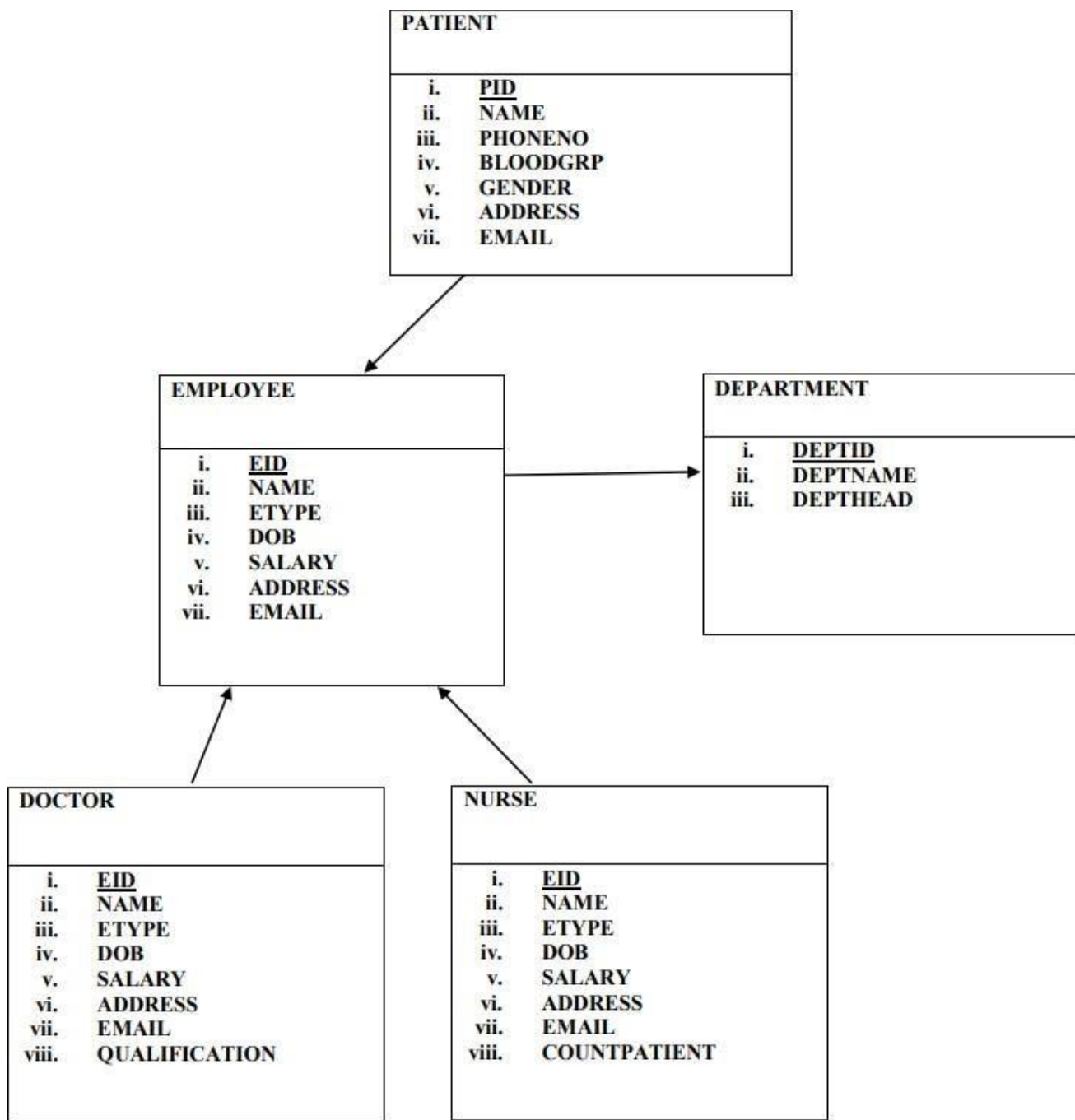
**BY-**

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# ER-DIAGRAM





## **AIM:-**

Our project is based on Hospital Management System. In our project we have tried to make it easy for a patient to book an appointment of a doctor and doctor will tell him disease. Final bill for a patient will also be updated.

## **Description:**

In this project, we have focused on 3 main tables namely

Employee->Doctor , Nurse, Patient,Department. In this project, we have used technologies like SQL and PL/SQL for various operations that can be performed in our database.

## **Normalization Process:**

### **1NF- First Normal Form**

If a relation contains a composite or multi-valued attribute, it violates the first normal form, or the relationship is in the first normal form if it does not contain any composite or multi-valued attribute. A relation is in its first normal form if every attribute in that relation is singled valued attribute. A table is in 1 NF iff:

1. There are only Single Valued Attributes.
2. Attribute Domain does not change.
3. There is a unique name for every Attribute/Column.
4. The order in which data is stored does not matter.

### **Patient Table**

---

pid – pid column satisfies all the above conditions.

Patient name –Name column satisfies all the above conditions.

blood grp– blood grp column satisfies all the above conditions.

Phone No – Here phone number is a multivalued column. To get our table in a 1NF form we need to make it a single-valued column.

Gender-gender column satisfies all the above conditions.

Address-address column satisfies all the above conditions.

Email-email column satisfies all the above condition

## PATIENT

<u>PID</u>	NAME	BLOODGRP	PHONENO	GENDER	ADDRESS	EMAIL
------------	------	----------	---------	--------	---------	-------

<u>PID</u>	NAME	BLOODGRP	PHONENO1	PHONENO2	GENDER	ADDRESS	EMAIL
------------	------	----------	----------	----------	--------	---------	-------

## EMPLOYEE Table

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Eid – eid column satisfies all the above conditions.

etype – etype column satisfies all the above conditions.

Name – name column satisfies all the above conditions.

Dob – dob column satisfies all the above conditions.

salary-salary column satisfies all the above conditions.

Address-address column satisfies all the above conditions.

Email-email column satisfies all the above conditions.

All the attributes satisfy the above 4 conditions. Our EMPLOYEE table is already in First Normal Form

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## EMPLOYEE

---

<u>EID</u>	NAME	ETYPE	DOB	GENDER	SALARY	EMAIL
------------	------	-------	-----	--------	--------	-------

## DOCTOR Table

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All the attributes satisfy the above 4 conditions. Our Complaint table is already in First Normal Form.

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## DOCTOR

---

<u>EID</u>	NAME	ETYPE	DOB	GENDER	SALARY	QUALIFICATION	EMAIL
------------	------	-------	-----	--------	--------	---------------	-------

## NURSE Table

---

All the attributes satisfy the above 4 conditions. Our Complaint table is already in First Normal Form.

## NURSE

<u>EID</u>	NAME	ETYPE	DOB	GENDER	SALARY	COUNTPATIENT	EMAIL
------------	------	-------	-----	--------	--------	--------------	-------

## DEPARTMENT

---

All the attributes satisfy the above 4 conditions. Our Complaint table is already in First Normal Form.

<u>DEPTID</u>	DEPTNAME	DEPTHEAD
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Now we have our database schema normalized to First Normal Form



## 2NF- Second Normal Form

To be in the second normal form, a relation must be in the first normal form and the relation must not contain any partial dependency. A relation is in 2NF if it has No Partial Dependency, i.e., no non-prime attribute (attributes that are not part of any candidate key) is dependent on any proper subset of any candidate key of the table.

Patient Table

---

PATIENT			
<u>PID</u>	NAME		
<u>PID</u>	PHONE_NO_1	PHONE_NO_2	
<u>PID</u>	ADDRESS	GENDER	EMAIL

EmployeeTable

---

Employee						
<u>EID</u>	NAME	ETYPE	DOB	GENDER	SALARY	EMAIL

DOCTOR Table

---

DOCTOR							
<u>EID</u>	NAME	ETYPE	DOB	GENDER	SALARY	QUALIFICATION	EMAIL

NURSE Table

<b>NURSE</b>							
--------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

<u>EID</u>	NAME	ETYPE	DOB	GENDER	SALARY	COUNTPATIENT	EMAIL
------------	------	-------	-----	--------	--------	--------------	-------

DEPARTMENT Table

<b>DEPARTMENT</b>
-------------------

<u>DEPTID</u>	DEPTNAME	DEPTHEAD
---------------	----------	----------

### 3NF- Third Normal Form

A relation that is in First and Second Normal Form and in which no non-primary key attribute is transitively dependent on the primary key, then it is in Third Normal Form (3NF). If  $A \rightarrow B$  and  $B \rightarrow C$  are two FDs then  $A \rightarrow C$  is called transitive dependency.

#### Patient

<u>PID</u>	NAME
------------	------

<u>PID</u>	PHONE_NO_1	PHONE_NO_2
------------	------------	------------

<u>PID</u>	ADDRESS	GENDER	EMAIL
------------	---------	--------	-------

#### EmployeeTable

---

#### Employee

<u>EID</u>	NAME	ETYPE	DOB	GENDER	SALARY	EMAIL
------------	------	-------	-----	--------	--------	-------

#### DOCTOR Table

---

#### DOCTOR

<u>EID</u>	NAME	ETYPE	DOB	GENDER	SALARY	QUALIFICATION	EMAIL
------------	------	-------	-----	--------	--------	---------------	-------

NURSE Table

<b>NURSE</b>
--------------

<u>EID</u>	NAME	ETYPE	DOB	GENDER	SALARY	COUNTPATIENT	EMAIL
------------	------	-------	-----	--------	--------	--------------	-------

DEPARTMENT Table

<b>DEPARTMENT</b>
-------------------

<u>DEPTID</u>	DEPTNAME	DEPTHEAD
---------------	----------	----------

---

## **PLSQL COMMANDS TO CREATE TABLE AND TRIGGERS**

```
CREATE TABLE patient(  
    pid int,  
    fname varchar(20) not null,  
    lname varchar(20),  
    gender varchar(6) not null,  
    dob date not null,  
    blood_group varchar(3),  
    doc_id int,  
    HNo varchar(10),  
    street varchar(20),  
    city varchar(16),  
    state varchar(20),  
    email varchar(30),  
    Primary Key(pid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE Employee(  
    empid int,  
    fname varchar(20) not null,  
    mname varchar(20),  
    lname varchar(20),  
    gender varchar(6) not null,  
    emptye varchar(20) not null,  
    Hno varchar(10),  
    street varchar(20),  
    city varchar(20), state  
    varchar(20),  
    date_of_joining date,  
    email varchar(30),  
    deptid int,  
    since date,  
    date_of_birth date,  
    PRIMARY key(empid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE department(  
    deptid int,  
    dname varchar(20) not null,  
    dept_headid int(10),  
    PRIMARY key(deptid));
```

```
CREATE table salary(  
    etype varchar(20),  
    salary float(20,2),  
    PRIMARY key(etype));
```

---

```
CREATE TABLE nurse_assigned(  
    nid int,  
    countpatient int,  
    PRIMARY KEY(nid),  
    FOREIGN KEY(nid) REFERENCES employee(empid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE out_patient(  
    pid int,  
    arrival_date date,  
    disease varchar(40),  
    PRIMARY key(pid,arrival_date),  
    FOREIGN KEY(pid) REFERENCES patient(pid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE room(  
    rid int,  
    roomtype varchar(20),  
    PRIMARY key(rid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE in_patient(  
    pid int,  
    nid int,  
    rid int,  
    arrival_date date,  
    discharge_date date,  
    disease varchar(40),  
    primary key(pid,arrival_date),  
    FOREIGN key(pid) REFERENCES patient(pid),  
    FOREIGN KEY(nid) REFERENCES employee(empid),  
    FOREIGN key(rid) REFERENCES room(rid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE room_cost(  
    roomtype varchar(20),  
    rcost int,  
    PRIMARY KEY(rtype));
```

```
CREATE TABLE test(  
    tid int,  
    tname varchar(20),  
    tcost float(10,2),  
    primary KEY(tid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE hadtest(  
    pid int,  
    tid int,  
    testdate date,  
    PRIMARY KEY(pid,tid,testdate),  
    FOREIGN KEY(pid) REFERENCES patient(pid),  
    FOREIGN key(tid) REFERENCES test(tid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE medicine(  
    mid int,  
    mname varchar(40) not null,  
    mcost float(20,2),  
    PRIMARY key(mid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE doctor(  
  doc_id int,  
  qualification varchar(20),  
  PRIMARY KEY(doc_id),  
  FOREIGN KEY(doc_id) REFERENCES employee(empid) ON DELETE CASCADE);
```

```
CREATE TABLE had_medicine(  
  mid int,  
  med_date date,  
  qty int,  
  PRIMARY KEY(pid,mid,med_date),  
  FOREIGN KEY(pid) REFERENCES patient(pid),  
  FOREIGN KEY(mid) REFERENCES medicine(mid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE pt_phone(  
  pid int,  
  phoneno varchar(10),  
  PRIMARY KEY(pid,phoneno),  
  FOREIGN KEY(pid) REFERENCES patient(pid));
```

```
CREATE TABLE emp_phone(  
  empid int,  
  phoneno varchar(10),  
  PRIMARY KEY(empid,phoneno));
```

```
CREATE TABLE bill(  
  pid int,  
  mcost float(20,2),  
  tcost float(20,2),  
  roomcharges float(20,2),  
  othercharges float(20,2),  
  billdate date,  
  PRIMARY KEY(pid,billdate));
```

```
CREATE TABLE "DOCTORS"  
(  
  "DOC_ID" NUMBER(5,0) NOT NULL ENABLE,  
  "DOC_NAME" VARCHAR2(200) NOT NULL ENABLE,  
  "HIRE_DATE" DATE,  
  "SALARY" NUMBER(12,2),  
  "NATIONALITY" VARCHAR2(200),  
  "DOB" DATE,  
  "DEPT_ID" NUMBER(2,0) NOT NULL ENABLE,  
  "P_COUNT" NUMBER(5,0),  
  CONSTRAINT "DOCTORS_PK" PRIMARY KEY ("DOC_ID") ENABLE  
)
```

**DELIMITER //**

```
CREATE TRIGGER transfer_to_passive BEFORE DELETE ON employee  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN
```

```
  INSERT into employee_inactive  
  SELECT  
empid,fname,mname,lname,gender,emptype,hno,street,city,state,date_of_joining,CURRENT_DATE,email FROM  
employee WHERE employee.empid=OLD.empid;  
END;
```

```

DELIMITER //
CREATE TRIGGER on_insertemployee_update_dept
AFTER INSERT ON employee
for EACH ROW
BEGIN
SET @ab=(SELECT dept_headid FROM department WHERE department.deptid=NEW.deptid);
UPDATE department SET dept_headid=CASE
WHEN (@ab is NULL AND department.deptid=NEW.deptid)
THEN new.empid
else dept_headid
END;
END;//
DELIMITER ;

```

```

CREATE TABLE prev_department(
    empid int,
    deptid int,
    date_of_joining date,
    date_of_leaving date,
    PRIMARY KEY(empid,deptid,date_of_leaving));

```

```

DELIMITER //
CREATE TRIGGER transfer_to_prev_department AFTER UPDATE ON employee FOR
EACH ROW
BEGIN
    IF NEW.deptid<>OLD.deptid THEN
        INSERT into prev_department values(OLD.empid,OLD.deptid,OLD.since,CURRENT_TIMESTAMP); SET
        @ab=(SELECT dept_headid FROM department WHERE department.deptid=NEW.deptid); UPDATE
        department SET dept_headid=CASE
        WHEN (@ab is NULL)
        THEN new.empid
        else dept_headid
        END;
        SET @bb=(SELECT dept_headid FROM department WHERE department.deptid=OLD.deptid);

        IF OLD.empid=@bb THEN
            SET @gb=(SELECT empid FROM employee WHERE deptid=OLD.deptid);
            SET @mn=(SELECT MIN(since) FROM employee WHERE empid=@gb);
            SET @mm=(SELECT MIN(empid) FROM employee WHERE employee.since=@mn);
            UPDATE department SET dept_headid=@mm WHERE department.deptid=OLD.deptid;
        END IF;
    END IF;
END;//
DELIMITER ;

```

```

DELIMITER //
CREATE TRIGGER employee_on_delete AFTER DELETE ON employee FOR
EACH ROW
BEGIN
    INSERT into prev_department values(OLD.empid,OLD.deptid,OLD.since,CURRENT_TIMESTAMP); SET

    @bb=(SELECT dept_headid FROM department WHERE department.deptid=OLD.deptid);

    IF OLD.empid=@bb THEN
        SET @gb=(SELECT empid FROM employee WHERE deptid=OLD.deptid);
        SET @mn=(SELECT MIN(since) FROM employee WHERE empid=@gb);

```



```

SET @mm=(SELECT MIN(empid) FROM employee WHERE employee.since=@mn);
UPDATE department SET dept_headid=@mm WHERE department.deptid=OLD.deptid; END
IF;

END;//
DELIMITER ;

```

## **PLSQL COMMANDS FOR PROCEDURES AND INSERTING VALUES IN TABLE**

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE
INSERTDOCTOR( D_NAME IN DOCTORS.DOC_NAME%TYPE, D_HIREDATE IN
DOCTORS.HIRE_DATE%TYPE, D_SALARY IN DOCTORS.SALARY%TYPE, D_NATIONALITY
IN DOCTORS.NATIONALITY%TYPE, D_DOB IN DOCTORS.DOB%TYPE, D_DEPT_ID IN
DOCTORS.DEPT_ID%TYPE)
IS
BEGIN
INSERT INTO DOCTORS(DOC_NAME, HIRE_DATE, SALARY, NATIONALITY, DOB,
DEPT_ID) VALUES(D_NAME, D_HIREDATE, D_SALARY, D_NATIONALITY, D_DOB,
D_DEPT_ID);
END;

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE INSERTPATIENT( P_NAME IN
PATIENTS.PAT_NAME%TYPE, P_GENDER IN PATIENTS.GENDER%TYPE, P_AGE IN
PATIENTS.AGE%TYPE, P_DIAGNOSIS IN PATIENTS.DIAGNOSIS%TYPE, P_DOCID IN
PATIENTS.DOC_ID%TYPE, P_ROOM IN PATIENTS.ROOM_NO%TYPE, P_BILL IN
PATIENTS.BILL%TYPE)
IS
BEGIN
INSERT INTO PATIENTS( PAT_NAME, GENDER, AGE, DIAGNOSIS, DOC_ID, ROOM_NO, BILL,
ADMITTED) VALUES (P_NAME, P_GENDER, P_AGE, P_DIAGNOSIS, P_DOCID, P_ROOM,
P_BILL, TO_DATE(SYSDATE, 'DD-MM-YYYY')); END;

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE UPDATEPATIENT( P_NAME IN
PATIENTS.PAT_NAME%TYPE, P_GENDER IN PATIENTS.GENDER%TYPE, P_AGE IN
PATIENTS.AGE%TYPE, P_DIAGNOSIS IN PATIENTS.DIAGNOSIS%TYPE, P_DOCID IN
PATIENTS.DOC_ID%TYPE, P_ROOM IN PATIENTS.ROOM_NO%TYPE, P_BILL IN
PATIENTS.BILL%TYPE, P_ADMITTED IN PATIENTS.ADMITTED%TYPE, P_INPUT_ID IN
PATIENTS.PAT_ID%TYPE)

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE BILL(PATIENT_ID IN PATIENTS.PAT_ID%TYPE) IS
DAYS NUMBER(8);
BEGIN
DAYS:=CALCULATEDAYS(PATIENT_ID);
UPDATE PATIENTS SET BILL = BILL+(3000*DAYS) WHERE PAT_ID = PATIENT_ID;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('FINALIZED BILL');
EXCEPTION
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('USER INVALID');
END;

INSERT test (1,"X-RAY",100); INSERT
test (2,"BLOOD TEST",300); INSERT
test (3,"URINE TEST",100); INSERT
test (4,"MRI SCAN",1200); INSERT test
(5,"ENDOSCOPY",3000);

```

INSERT test (6,"BIOPSY",3500);  
INSERT test (7,"ULTRASOUND",900);  
INSERT test (8,"CT-SCAN",1100);  
INSERT test (9,"CBC",350);  
INSERT test (10,"FLU TEST",1500);

TID	TNAME	TCOST
1	X-RAY	100
2	BLOOD TEST	300
3	URINE TEST	100
4	MRI SCAN	1200
5	ENDOSCOPY	3000
6	BIOPSY	3500
7	ULTRASOUND	900
8	CT-SCAN	1100
9	CBC	350
10	FLU TEST	1500

INSERT salary ("DOCTOR",70000);  
INSERT salary ("NURSE",25000);  
INSERT salary ("RECEPTIONIST",20000);  
INSERT salary ("ACCOUNTANT",15000);  
INSERT salary ("CLEANER",14000);  
INSERT salary ("SECURITY",12000);  
INSERT salary ("AMBULANCE DRIVER",13000);

ETYPE	SALARY
DOCTOR	70000
NURSE	25000
RECEPTIONIST	20000
ACCOUNTANT	15000
CLEANER	14000
SECURITY	12000
AMBULANCE DRIVER	13000

INSERT medicine (1,"CROCINE",10);  
INSERT medicine (2,"ASPIRIN",8); INSERT  
medicine (3,"NAMOSLATE",8); INSERT  
medicine (4,"GLUCOSE",200); INSERT  
medicine (5,"TARIVID",80); INSERT  
medicine (6,"CANESTEN",12); INSERT  
medicine (7,"DICLOFENAC",18); INSERT  
medicine (8,"ANTACIDS",8); INSERT  
medicine (9,"VERMOX",40); INSERT  
medicine (10,"OVEX",25); INSERT medicine  
(11,"OMEE",35); INSERT medicine  
(12,"AVIL",4);  
INSERT medicine (13,"HIDRASEC",50);  
INSERT medicine (14,"UTINOR",80);  
INSERT medicine (15,"PARIET",8); INSERT  
medicine (16,"CIPROXIN",6); INSERT  
medicine (17,"CYPROSTAT",12); INSERT  
medicine (18,"ANDROCUR",80); INSERT  
medicine (19,"DESTOLIT",82); INSERT  
medicine (20,"URSOFALK",15); INSERT  
medicine (21,"ORS",7);  
INSERT medicine (22,"URSOGAL",20);  
INSERT medicine (23,"OMNI GEL",30);  
INSERT medicine (24,"DETTOL",45);  
INSERT medicine (25,"BETADINE",8);  
INSERT medicine (26,"LIVER-52",100);  
INSERT medicine (27,"METHYLPHENIDATE",12);  
INSERT medicine (28,"BETA-BLOCKER",90);  
INSERT medicine (29,"BENZODIAZEPINES",120);  
INSERT medicine (30,"Z-DRUG",150);  
INSERT medicine (31,"ANTIPSYCHOTIC",200);  
INSERT medicine (32,"SSRI-ANTIDEPRESSANT",250);  
INSERT medicine (33,"MAOI-DRUG",140);  
INSERT medicine (34,"BICASUL",1);  
INSERT medicine (35,"NASAL DECONGESTANTS",20);  
INSERT medicine (36,"EXPECTORANTS",10);  
INSERT medicine (37,"COUGH SUPPRESSANTS",60);  
INSERT medicine (38,"ANTI HISTAMINES",40);  
INSERT medicine (39,"ACETAMINOPHEN",60);  
INSERT medicine (40,"HPV VACCINE",140); INSERT  
medicine (41,"SYRINGE",3);  
INSERT medicine (42,"INJECTION",10);  
INSERT medicine (43,"MORFIN",5);  
INSERT medicine (44,"ORLISTAT",10);  
INSERT medicine (45,"ZALASTA",85);  
INSERT medicine (46,"ZANTAC",84);  
INSERT medicine (47,"ZEFFIX",82);  
INSERT medicine (48,"ZINNAT",100);  
INSERT medicine (49,"ZOFRAN",80);  
INSERT medicine (50,"ZOCOR",18);

MID	MNAME	MCOST
1	CROCINE	10
2	ASPIRIN	8
3	NAMOSLATE	8
4	GLUCOSE	200
5	TARIVID	80
6	CANESTEN	12
7	DICLOFENAC	18
8	ANTACIDS	8
9	VERMOX	40
10	OVEX	25

11	OMEE	35
12	AVIL	4
13	HIDRASEC	50
14	UTINOR	80
15	PARIET	8
16	CIPROXIN	6
17	CYPROSTAT	12
18	ANDROCUR	80
19	DESTOLIT	82
20	URSOFALK	15
21	ORS	7

22	URSOGAL	20
23	OMNI GEL	30
24	DETTOL	45
25	BETADINE	8
26	LIVER-52	100
27	METHYLPHENIDATE	12
28	BETA-BLOCKER	90
29	BENZODIAZEPINES	120
30	Z-DRUG	150
31	ANTIPSYCHOTIC	200
32	SSRI-ANTIDEPRESSANT	250
33	MAOI-DRUG	140
34	BICASUL	1
35	NASAL DECONGESTANTS	20
36	EXPECTORANTS	10
37	COUGH SUPPRESSANTS	60
38	ANTI HISTAMINES	40
39	ACETAMINOPHEN	60
40	HPV VACCINE	140
41	SYRINGE	3
42	INJECTION	10
43	MORFIN	5

44	ORLISTAT	10
45	ZALASTA	85
46	ZANTAC	84
47	ZEFFIX	82
48	ZINNAT	100
49	ZOFRAN	80
50	ZOCOR	18

```

DELIMITER //
CREATE TRIGGER update_nurse_assigned BEFORE INSERT ON employee
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
IF NEW.emptype="NURSE" THEN
INSERT INTO nurse_assigned VALUES(New.empid,0);
end if;
end; //

```

**DELIMITER ;**

```

DELIMITER //
CREATE TRIGGER decrease_on_discharge BEFORE INSERT ON bill FOR
EACH ROW
BEGIN
UPDATE room set isfree=0 WHERE rid=(SELECT rid FROM in_patient WHERE in_patient.pid=NEW.pid AND
discharge_date is null);

```

```
UPDATE nurse_assigned SET count patient=countpatient-1 WHERE nid=(SELECT nid FROM in_patient WHERE
END; // DELIMITER ;
```

```
insert department (1,"ALLERGY",NULL);
insert department (2,"INTENSIVE CARE",NULL);
insert department (3,"ANESTHESIOLOGY",NULL);
insert department (4,"CARDIOLOGY",NULL);
insert department (5,"ENT",NULL);
insert department (6,"NEUROLOGY",NULL);
insert department (7,"ORTHOPEDICS",NULL);
insert department (8,"PATHOLOGY",NULL);
insert department (9,"RADIOLOGY",NULL);
insert department (10,"SURGERY",NULL); insert
department (11,"NURSE",NULL);
insert department (12,"ACCOUNTS",NULL);
insert department (13,"SECURITY",NULL);
insert department (14,"CLEANER",NULL);
```

DEPTID	DNAME	DEPT_HEADID
1	ALLERGY	-
2	INTENSIVE CARE	-
3	ANESTHESIOLOGY	-
4	CARDIOLOGY	-
5	ENT	-
6	NEUROLOGY	-
7	ORTHOPEDICS	-
8	PATHOLOGY	-
9	RADIOLOGY	-

7	ORTHOPEDICS	-
8	PATHOLOGY	-
9	RADIOLOGY	-
10	SURGERY	-
11	NURSE	-
12	ACCOUNTS	-
13	SECURITY	-
14	CLEANER	-

```
ALTER TABLE employee ADD FOREIGN KEY(deptid) REFERENCES department(deptid) ON UPDATE CASCADE;

ALTER TABLE employee ADD FOREIGN KEY(emptytype) REFERENCES salary(etype) ON DELETE RESTRICT;
DELIMITER //
CREATE TRIGGER delete_null_disease_from_outpatient AFTER INSERT ON bill
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
#SET @bb=SELECT pid,arrival_date FROM out_patient WHERE out_patient.pid=NEW.pid AND arrival_date is
NULL;
DELETE FROM out_patient WHERE disease is NULL;
END; //
DELIMITER ;
```