# Monte Carlo Simulations (MA323) Lab 1

Name - Kartikeya Singh Roll no - 180123021

### **Question 1**

(Run python3 180123021\_Kartikeya\_Singh\_q1.py, 2 CSV files containing the first 100 terms of each sequence is generated which could be opened by spreadsheet software like MS-Excel)

(If a CSV file with the same name (180123021\_q1\_part1\_output.csv/ 180123021\_q1\_part2\_output.csv) exists in the folder it must be deleted before running the command otherwise the data would be appended to the existing file)

## **Outputs**

 $X_0 = 6$ 

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Case 1: a = 6, b = 0, m = 11
X_0 = 0
Sequence - 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
Repetition Period = 1
X_0 = 1
Sequence - 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, ...
Repetition Period = 10
X_0 = 2
Sequence - 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, ...
Repetition Period = 10
X_0 = 3
Sequence - 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, ...
Repetition Period = 10
X_0 = 4
Sequence - 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, ...
Repetition Period = 10
X_0 = 5
Sequence - 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, ...
Repetition Period = 10
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Sequence - 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, ... Repetition Period = 10

 $X_0 = 7$ 

Sequence - 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, ... Repetition Period = 10

 $X_0 = 8$ 

Sequence - 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, ... Repetition Period = 10

 $X_0 = 9$ 

Sequence - 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, ... Repetition Period = 10

 $X_0 = 10$ 

Sequence - 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 7, 9, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, ... Repetition Period = 10

# Case 2: a = 3, b = 0, m = 11

 $X_0 = 0$ 

Sequence - 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ... Repetition Period = 1

 $X_0 = 1$ 

Sequence - 1, 3, 9, 5, 4, 1, 3, 9, 5, 4, 1, 3, ... Repetition Period = 5

 $X_0 = 2$ 

Sequence - 2, 6, 7, 10, 8, 2, 6, 7, 10, 8, 2, 6, 7, ... Repetition Period = 5

 $X_0 = 3$ 

Sequence - 3, 9, 5, 4, 1, 3, 9, 5, 4, 1, 3, 9, 5, ... Repetition Period = 5

 $X_0 = 4$ 

Sequence - 4, 1, 3, 9, 5, 4, 1, 3, 9, 5, 4, 1, 3, ... Repetition Period = 5

 $X_0 = 5$ 

```
Sequence - 5, 4, 1, 3, 9, 5, 4, 1, 3, 9, 5, 4, 1, ...
Repetition Period = 5
X_0 = 6
Sequence - 6, 7, 10, 8, 2, 6, 7, 10, 8, 2, 6, 7, 10, ...
Repetition Period = 5
X_0 = 7
Sequence - 7, 10, 8, 2, 6, 7, 10, 8, 2, 6, 7, 10, 8, ...
Repetition Period = 5
X_0 = 8
Sequence - 8, 2, 6, 7, 10, 8, 2, 6, 7, 10, 8, 2, 6, ...
Repetition Period = 5
X_0 = 9
Sequence - 9, 5, 4, 1, 3, 9, 5, 4, 1, 3, 9, 5, 4, ...
Repetition Period = 5
X_0 = 10
Sequence - 10, 8, 2, 6, 7, 10, 8, 2, 6, 7, 10, 8, 2, ...
Repetition Period = 5
```

#### **Observations**

- 1) Case 1 (a = 6, b = 0, m = 11) has a period of 1 for  $X_0 = 0$  and a period of 10 for  $X_0 \neq 0$
- 2) Case 2 (a = 3, b = 0, m = 11) has a period of 1 for  $X_0 = 0$  and a period of 5 for  $X_0 \neq 0$
- 3) Case 1 (a = 6) is preferred for the Linear Congruence Generator as it has a higher period, hence a higher degree of randomness

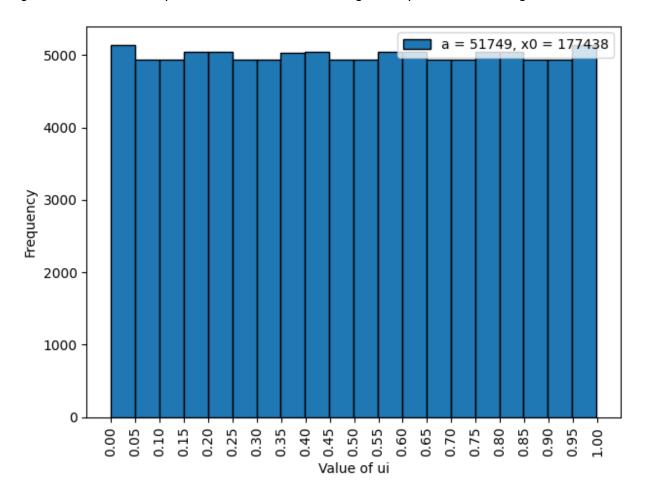
#### **Question 2**

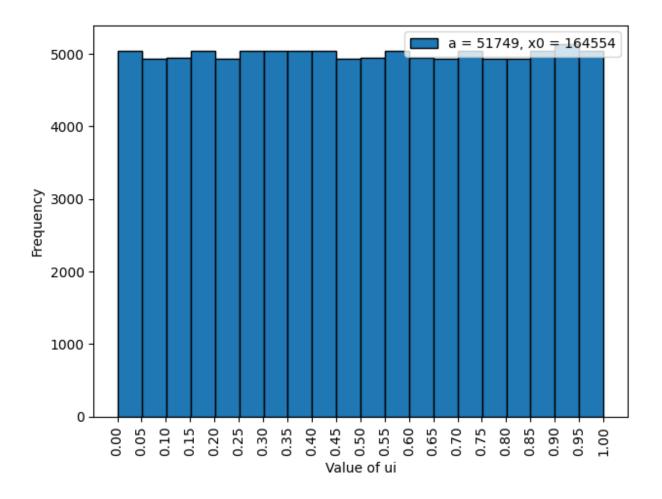
(Run python3 180123021\_Kartikeya\_Singh\_q2.py, a CSV file containing the frequencies in various ranges and 10 images containing the plots are generated, the images might not be same as the ones shown below as the seed( $X_0$ ) is randomly generated) (If a CSV file with the same name (180123021\_q2\_output.csv) exists in the folder it must be deleted before running the command otherwise the data would be appended to the existing file)

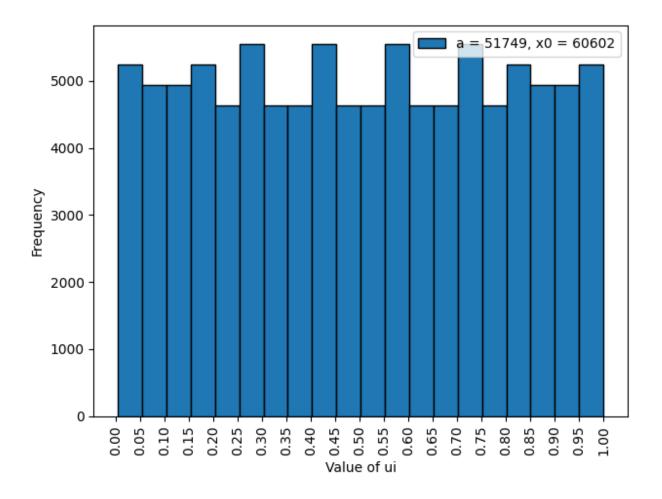
#### **Outputs**

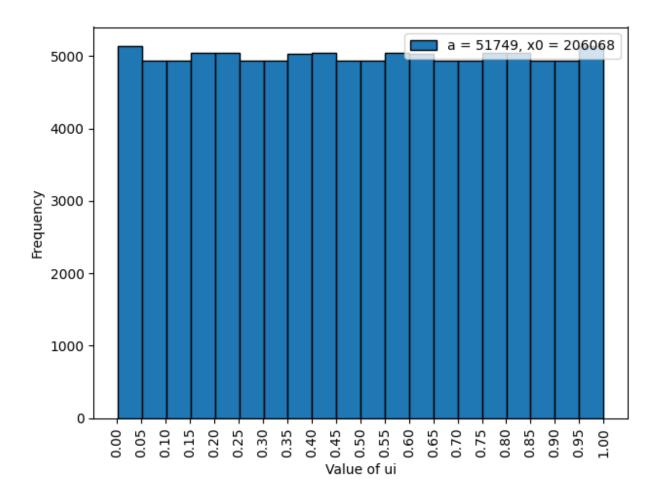
a = 1597 and 51479 (5 values of  $X_0$  each), b = 3436, m = 244944

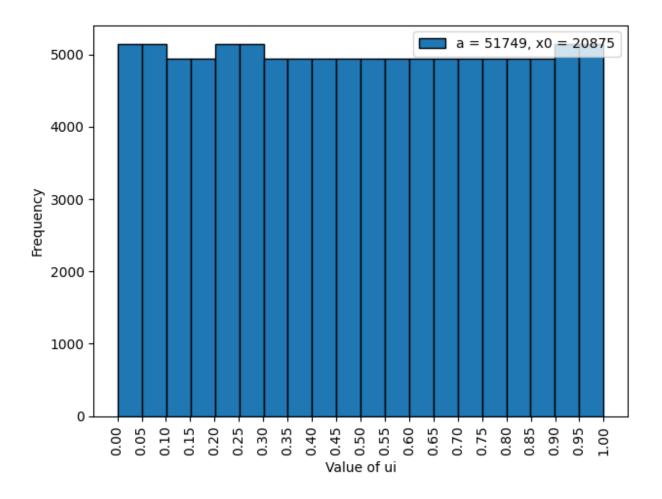
5 distinct values of  $X_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$  are generated randomly and first 100000 elements of the sequence are generated and the frequencies between various ranges are plotted as a histogram.

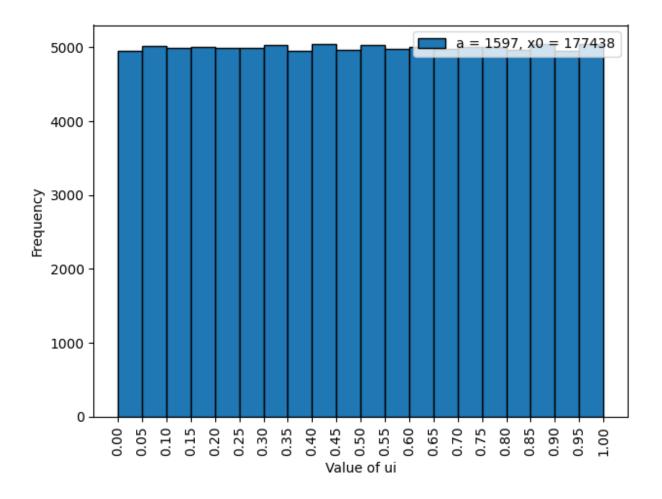


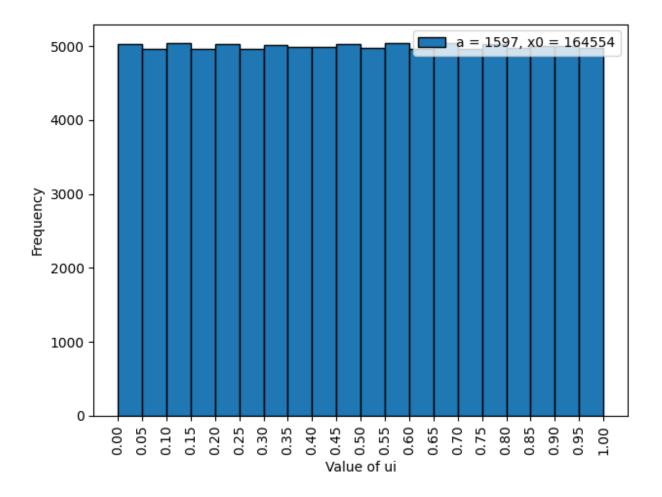


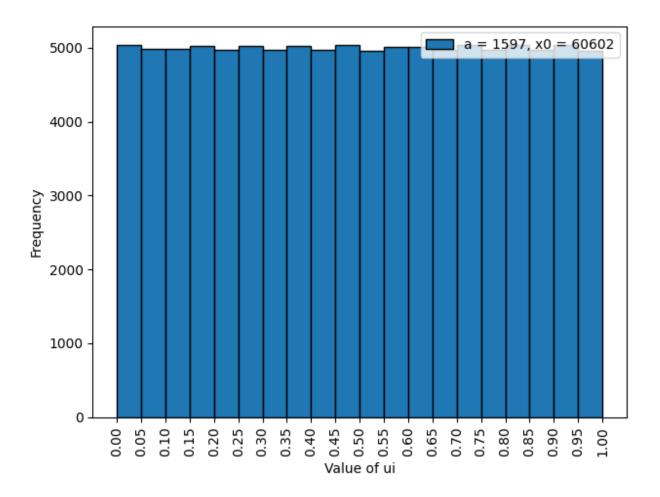


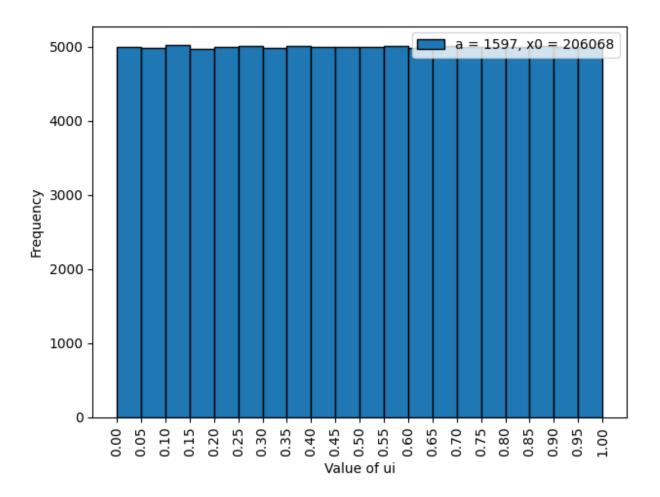


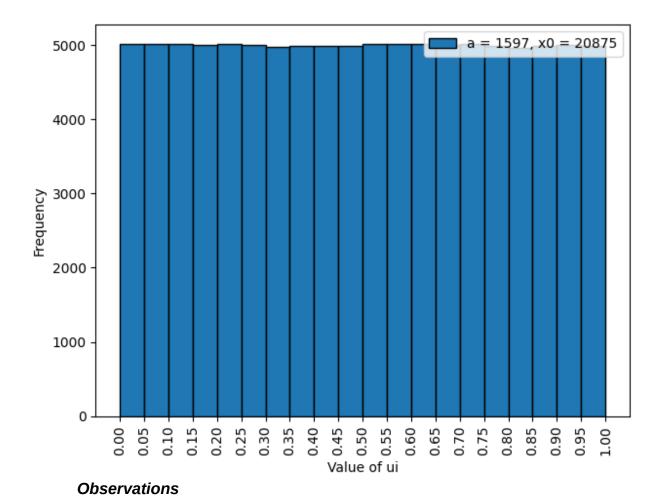










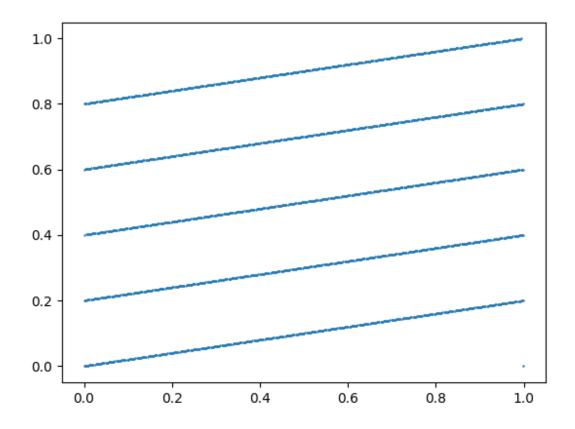


 The frequency of elements in various ranges is almost equal indicating that the values generated are nearly uniformly distributed

# Question 3 (Run python3 180123021\_Kartikeya\_Singh\_q3.py, the plot shown below is generated)

# **Outputs**

The first 10000 elements of the sequence  $(u_n)$  is generated for a = 1229, b = 1, m = 2048, and  $X_0$  chosen randomly and the values of  $(u_{i-1}, u_i)$  are plotted on a scatter plot. The result obtained is -



# **Observations**

- 1) The points  $(u_{i-1}, u_i)$  lie on parallel lines
- 2) This shows the fact that the numbers generated by a linear congruence generator are not completely random ( had it been completely random the plot would be uniformly scattered over the 2-D plane