Customer Shopping Behavior Analysis

1. Project Overview

This project analyzes customer shopping behavior using transactional data from 3,900 purchases across various product categories. The goal is to uncover insights into spending patterns, customer segments, product preferences, and subscription behavior to guide strategic business decisions.

2. Dataset Summary

- Rows: 3,900 - Columns: 18 - Key Features:

- Customer demographics (Age, Gender, Location, Subscription Status)
- Purchase details (Item Purchased, Category, Purchase Amount, Season, Size, Color)
- Shopping behavior (Discount Applied, Promo Code Used, Previous Purchases, Frequency of Purchases, Review Rating, Shipping Type)
- Missing Data: 37 values in Review Rating column

3. Exploratory Data Analysis using Python

We began with data preparation and cleaning in Python:

- Data Loading: Imported the dataset using pandas.
- Initial Exploration: Used df.info() to check structure and .describe() for summary statistics.

	Customer ID	Age	Gender	Item Purchased	Category	Amount (USD)	Location	Size	Color	Season	Review Rating	Subscription Status	Shipping Type	Discou Appli
count	3900.000000	3900.000000	3900	3900	3900	3900.000000	3900	3900	3900	3900	3863.000000	3900	3900	39
unique	NaN	NaN	2	25	4	NaN	50	4	25	4	NaN	2	6	
top	NaN	NaN	Male	Blouse	Clothing	NaN	Montana	М	Olive	Spring	NaN	No	Free Shipping	
freq	NaN	NaN	2652	171	1737	NaN	96	1755	177	999	NaN	2847	675	22
mean	1950.500000	44.068462	NaN	NaN	NaN	59.764359	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	3.750065	NaN	NaN	N
std	1125.977353	15.207589	NaN	NaN	NaN	23.685392	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.716983	NaN	NaN	N
min	1.000000	18.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	20.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	2.500000	NaN	NaN	N
25%	975.750000	31.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	39.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	3.100000	NaN	NaN	N
50%	1950.500000	44.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	60.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	3.800000	NaN	NaN	N
75%	2925.250000	57.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	81.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	4.400000	NaN	NaN	N
max	3900.000000	70.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	100.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	5.000000	NaN	NaN	N

Discount Applied	Promo Code Used	Previous Purchases	Payment Method	Frequency of Purchases
3900	3900	3900.000000	3900	3900
2	2	NaN	6	7
No	No	NaN	PayPal	Every 3 Months
2223	2223	NaN	677	584
NaN	NaN	25.351538	NaN	NaN
NaN	NaN	14.447125	NaN	NaN
NaN	NaN	1.000000	NaN	NaN
NaN	NaN	13.000000	NaN	NaN
NaN	NaN	25.000000	NaN	NaN
NaN	NaN	38.000000	NaN	NaN
NaN	NaN	50.000000	NaN	NaN

- **Missing Data Handling:** Checked for null values and imputed missing values in the Review Rating column using the median rating of each product category.
- Column Standardization: Renamed columns to snake case for better readability and documentation.
- Feature Engineering:
 - Created age_group column by binning customer ages.
 - Created **purchase_frequency_days** column from purchase data.
- Data Consistency Check: Verified if discount_applied and promo_code_used were redundant; dropped promo_code_used.
- **Database Integration:** Connected Python script to PostgreSQL and loaded the cleaned DataFrame into the database for SQL analysis.

4. Data Analysis using SQL (Business Transactions)

We performed structured analysis in PostgreSQL to answer key business questions:

1. What is the total revenue generated by male vs. female customers?

Objective: Compare total spending between male and female customers to understand genderbased contribution to overall sales.

	Gender	Revenue	
•	Male	157890	
	Female	75191	

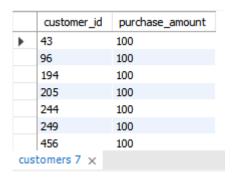
2. How many customers belong to each gender, and what's their average and total spending?

Objective: Analyze the customer distribution by gender and understand how much each gender spends on average.

	Gender	Total_Customers	Revenue	Avg_Purchase
•	Male	2652	157890	59.54
	Female	1248	75191	60.25

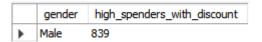
3. Which customers used discounts but still spent more than the overall average purchase amount?

Objective: Identify high-value customers who utilized discounts yet made above-average purchases



4. Which gender has the highest number of high-spending discount users?

Objective: Check whether male or female customers are more likely to spend above average even with discounts applied



5. What are the top 5 products with the highest average review ratings?

Objective: Identify the best-rated products to understand customer satisfaction trends

	item_purchased	average_rating_product	total_reviews
•	Gloves	3.86	140
	Sandals	3.84	160
	Boots	3.82	144
	Hat	3.8	154
	Handbag	3.78	153

6. What is the average purchase amount for Standard vs. Express shipping types?

Objective: Compare how much customers spend depending on their shipping preference.

	shipping_type	avg_purchase_amount
•	Express	60.48
	Standard	58.46

7. Which shipping type contributes the most to overall revenue?

Objective: Analyze order volume, average spend, and total revenue by shipping method.

	shipping_type	total_orders	total_revenue	avg_purchase_amount
•	Express	646	39067	60.48
	Standard	654	38233	58.46

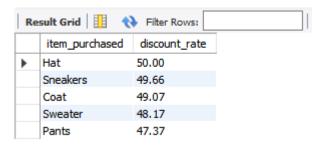
8. Do subscribed customers spend more than non-subscribers?

Objective: Compare subscribers vs. non-subscribers in terms of total customers, average spend, and revenue contribution.

	subscription_status	total_customer	avg_spend	total_spend	revenue_percentage
•	No	2847	59.87	170436	73.12
	Yes	1053	59.49	62645	26.88

9. What is the discount usage rate per product?

Objective: Identify which products are most frequently purchased using discounts.



10. How do purchase behaviors differ between discounted and non-discounted orders for each product?

Objective: Compare how discounts influence spending patterns across products.



11. How can customers be segmented based on previous purchases (New, Returning, Loyal)?

Objective: Classify customers based on loyalty and analyze their contribution to total sales.

	customer_segment	customer_count	percentage_share	
•	Loyal	3116	79.90	
	Returning	701	17.97	
	New	83	2.13	

12. What is the average spending of each customer segment?

Objective: Understand which customer group contributes the most to overall revenue.



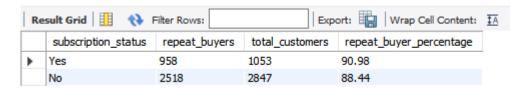
13. What are the top 3 most purchased products within each category?

Objective: Determine product popularity across different categories.

Re	sult Grid	Filter Rows:		Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	<u>‡A</u>
	category	item_rank	item_purchased	total_order		
•	Accessories	1	Jewelry	171		
	Accessories	2	Sunglasses	161		
	Accessories	3	Belt	161		
	Clothing	1	Blouse	171		
	Clothing	2	Pants	171		
	Clothing	3	Shirt	169		
	Footwear	1	Sandals	160		
Res	sult 23 ×					

14. Are repeat buyers (more than 5 previous purchases) more likely to subscribe?

Objective: Evaluate the relationship between repeat buying and subscription behavior.



15. What is the revenue contribution of each age group?

Objective: Analyze how much each age group contributes to total revenue.



5. Dashboard in Power BI

Finally, we built an interactive dashboard in **Power BI** to present insights visually.



6. Business Summary Insights & Recommendations

Overall Performance:

\$233K revenue from 3.9K customers (Avg. Purchase: \$59.8 | Rating: 3.75)

-Improve customer experience and aim for >4.0 rating through post-purchase feedback.

Subscription Program:

Only 27% customers subscribed; subscribers spend more.

-Run awareness campaigns, offer 10% sign-up discounts, and add exclusive member perks.

Product Category Insights:

Clothing leads revenue; footwear lags in value per buyer.

-Bundle footwear with accessories and promote top-rated, high-performing products.

Customer Segmentation:

Loyal customers generate the highest revenue share.

-Enhance loyalty programs and send personalized offers to boost repeat purchases.

Age Group Analysis:

Middle-age & adults drive major revenue (~\$50K-60K).

-Focus marketing on these groups and introduce trendy, affordable options for youth.

Shipping Insights:

Express shipping users show higher spending behavior.

-Offer limited free express upgrades and target them with premium product deals.

Gender-Based Observations:

Males contribute more revenue; females rate higher satisfaction.

-Promote female-favorite products and design premium bundles for male customers.