

WEAKEST-PRECONDITION

SYMBOLIC EXECUTION IN THE BACKWARD DIRECTION

- Given an error condition or a post-condition, propagate the condition backwards through the program.
- Given a set of states S and a command c , the weakest pre-condition operator $wp(S, c)$ consists of all states that would always lead to a state in S after executing c .

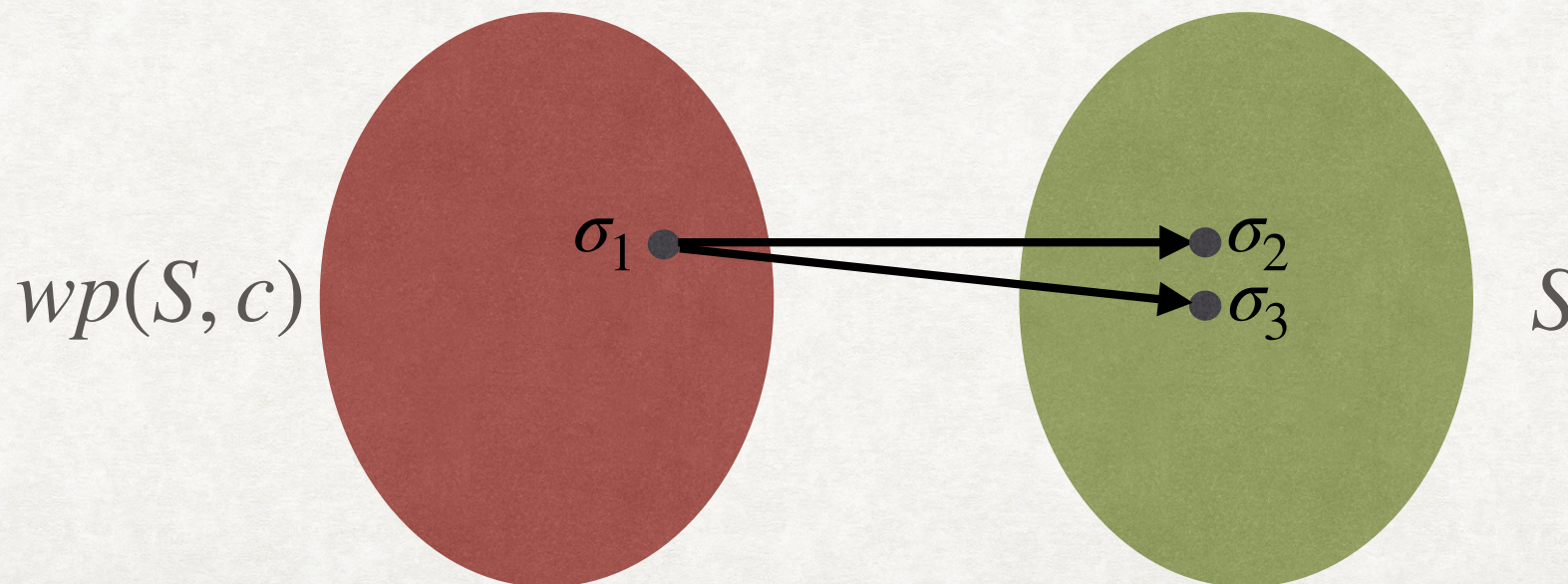
$$wp(S, c) \triangleq \{\sigma \mid \forall \sigma'. (\sigma, c) \hookrightarrow^* (\sigma', \text{skip}) \rightarrow \sigma' \in S\}$$

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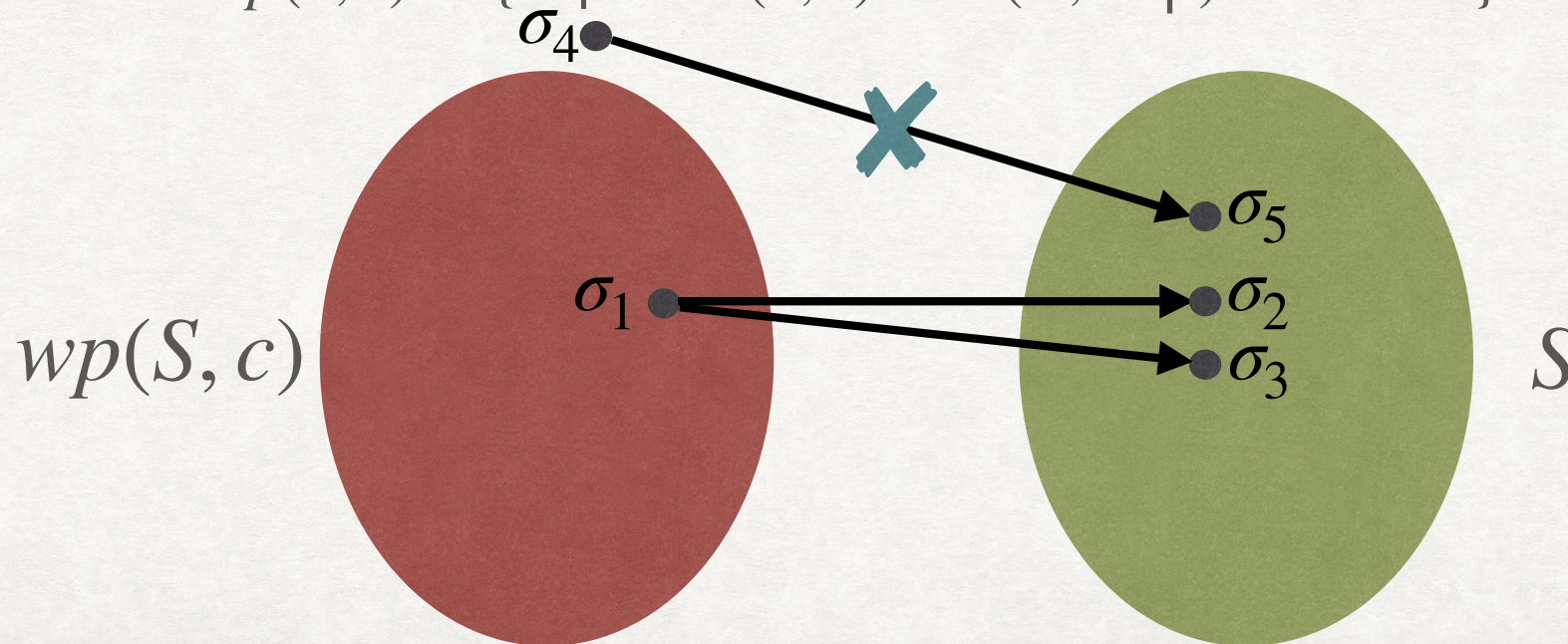


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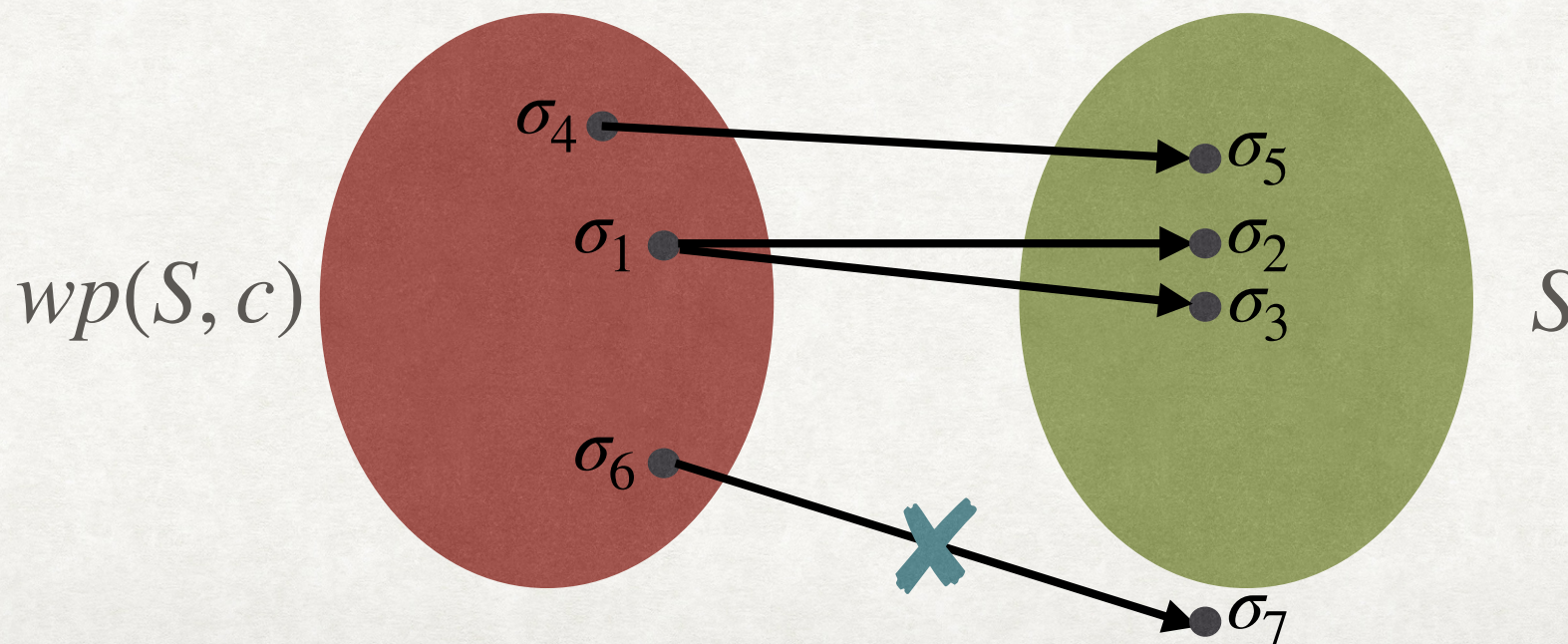


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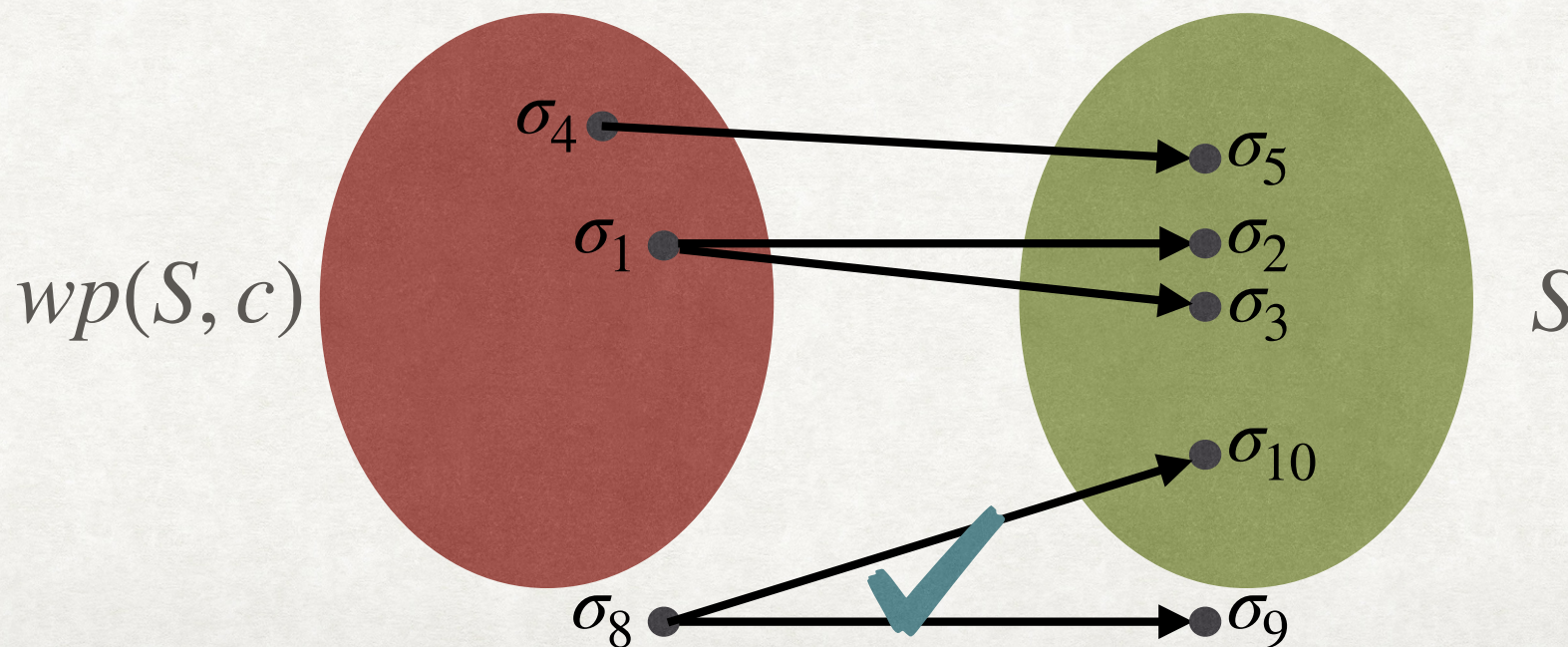


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- We can use a FOL formula F to represent a set of states.
- The symbolic weakest precondition operator can be defined as:

$$\sigma \models wp(F, c) \Leftrightarrow \forall \sigma'. (\sigma, c) \hookrightarrow^* (\sigma', \text{skip}) \rightarrow \sigma' \models F$$

- We now use the symbolic FOL semantics (ρ) for individual commands:

$$wp(F, c) \triangleq \forall V'. \rho(c) \rightarrow F[V'/V]$$

WEAKEST PRE-CONDITION

EXAMPLES

$$\begin{aligned} wp(x > 10, x := x + 1) &\triangleq \forall x'. x' = x + 1 \rightarrow x' > 10 \\ &\equiv x + 1 > 10 \equiv x > 9 \end{aligned}$$

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$$wp(true, c) \equiv ???$$

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$$wp(\text{false}, \text{assume}(x > 0)) \equiv ???$$

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$$\begin{aligned} wp(\text{false}, \text{assume}(x > 0)) &\equiv \forall x'. x > 0 \wedge x' = x \rightarrow \text{false} \\ &\equiv x \leq 0 \end{aligned}$$

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ASSIGNMENT STATEMENT

- $wp(F, x:=e) \triangleq F[e/x]$

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$$wp(F, x:=e) \triangleq \forall V'. \rho(x:=e) \rightarrow F[V'/V]$$

$$\equiv \forall V'. x' = e \wedge \text{frame}(x') \rightarrow F[V'/V]$$

$$\equiv F[e/x]$$