

STRONGEST POST-CONDITION

SYMBOLIC EXECUTION IN THE FORWARD DIRECTION

- Given a set of states S and a command c , the strongest post-condition $sp(S, c)$ consists of all states that can be obtained after executing c on any state in S .

$$sp(S, c) \triangleq \{\sigma' \mid \exists \sigma \in S. (\sigma, c) \hookrightarrow^* (\sigma', \text{skip})\}$$

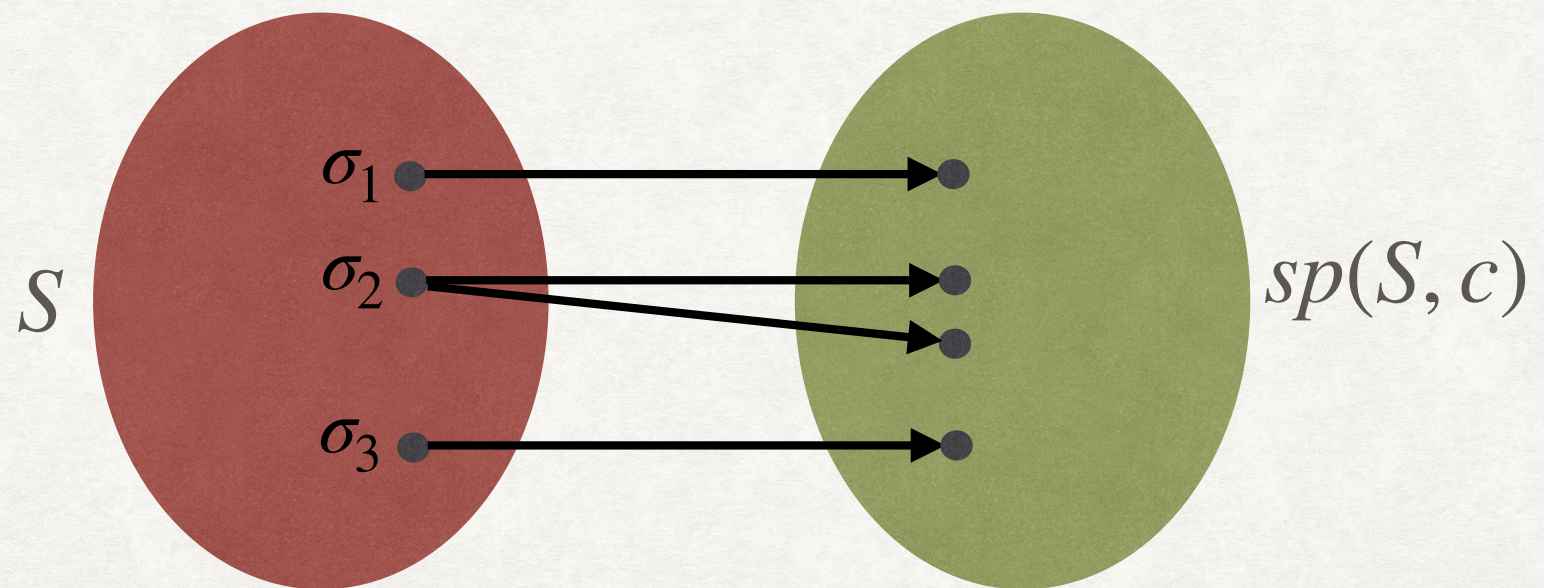
Equivalently, $\sigma' \in sp(S, c) \leftrightarrow \exists \sigma \in S. (\sigma, c) \hookrightarrow^* (\sigma', \text{skip})$

STRONGEST POST-CONDITION

SYMBOLIC EXECUTION IN THE FORWARD DIRECTION

- Given a set of states S and a command c , the strongest post-condition $sp(S, c)$ consists of all states that can be obtained after executing c on any state in S .

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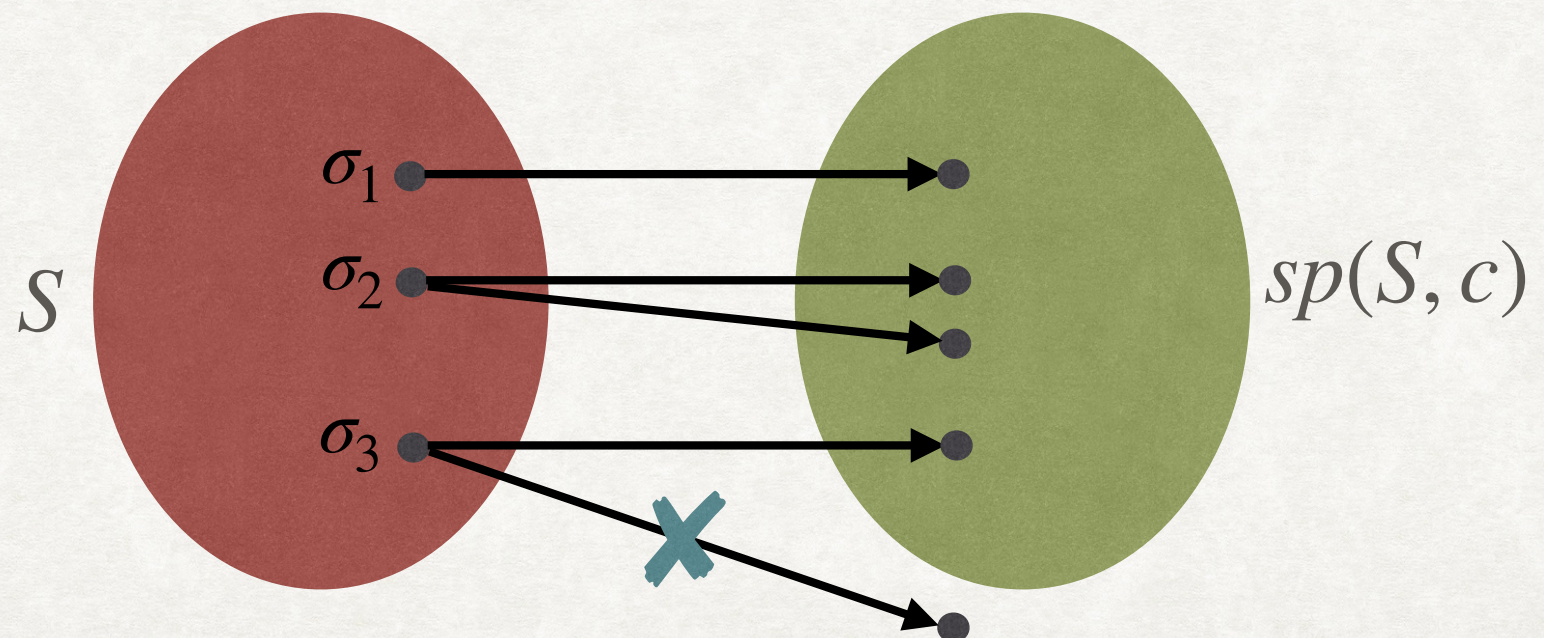


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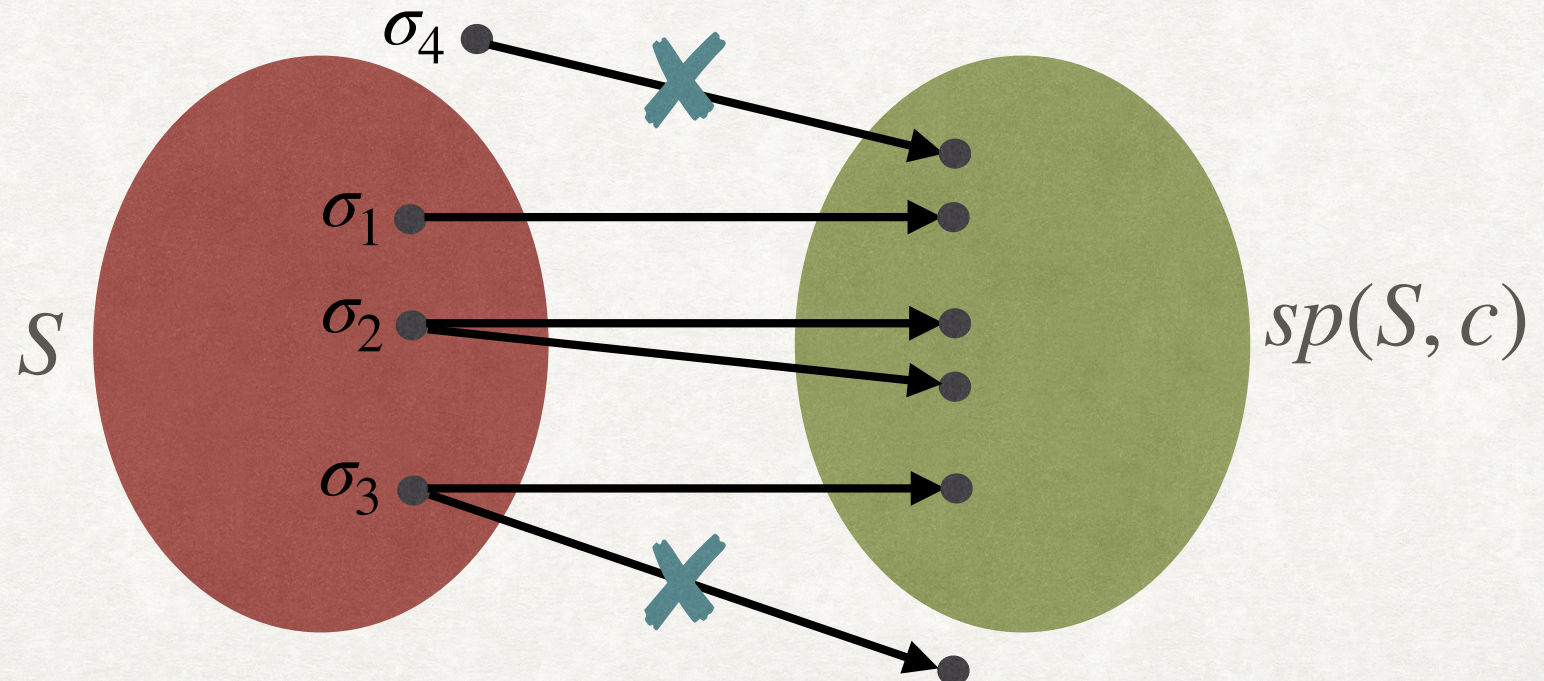


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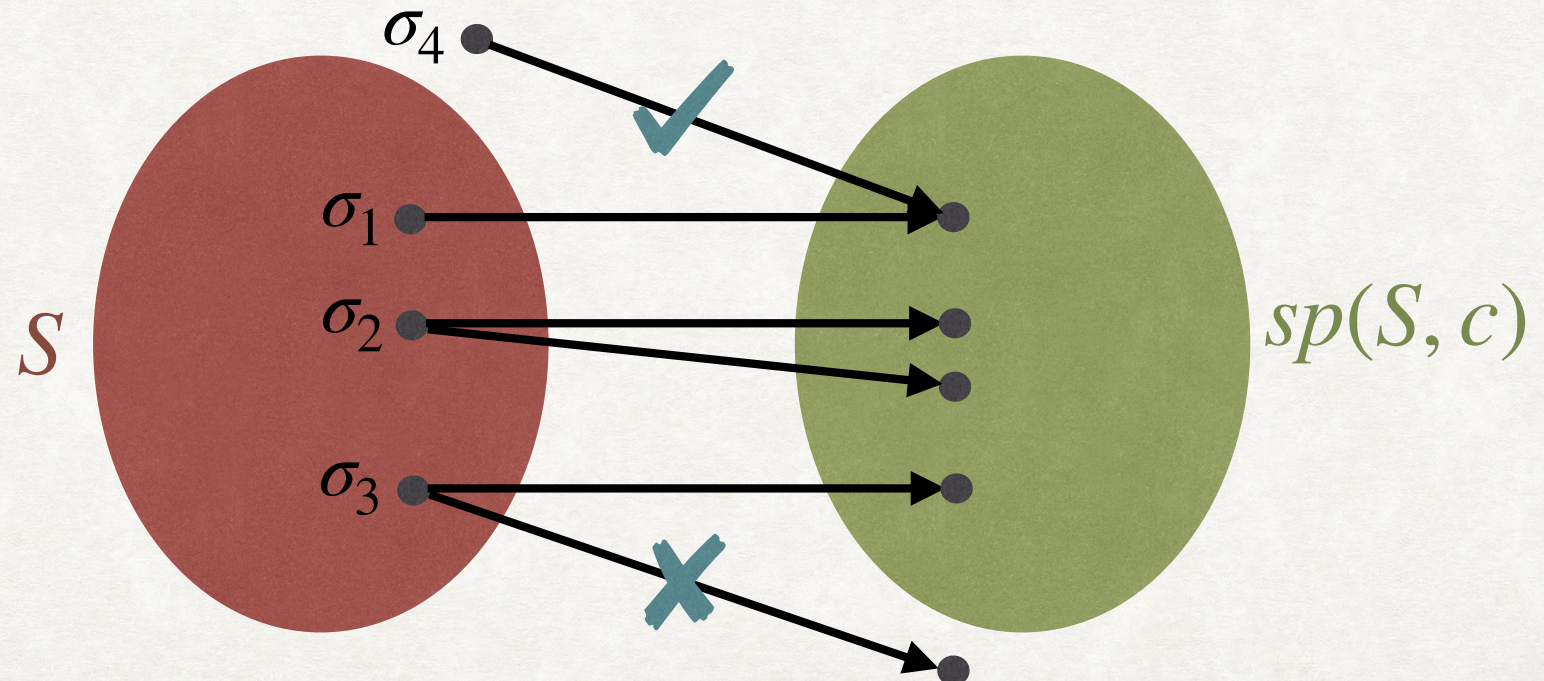


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- We can use a FOL formula F to represent a set of states.
- The symbolic strongest post-condition operator can be defined as:

$$\sigma' \models sp(F, c) \Leftrightarrow \exists \sigma. \sigma \models F \wedge (\sigma, c) \hookrightarrow^* (\sigma', \text{skip})$$

- We can now use the semantics in FOL (ρ) to define symbolic sp :

$$sp(F, c) \triangleq (\exists V. F \wedge \rho(c))[V/V']$$

FIRST ELIMINATE EXISTENTIAL QUANTIFICATION
ON V , THEN SUBSTITUTE V FOR V'

QUANTIFIER ELIMINATION

- Eliminate quantifiers in a formula F to obtain an equivalent formula G (equivalent modulo $T_{\mathbb{Q}}$).
 - A decidable procedure exists for $T_{\mathbb{Q}}$ -formulae.
 - Ferrante and Rackoff's Method (BM Chapter 7)
- Consider the formula: $\exists y. x = y + 1$.
 - Equivalent formula after eliminating y : \top
- Consider the formula: $\exists y. y > 1 \wedge x = 2y$
 - Equivalent formula after eliminating y : $x > 2$
- What about $\exists y. x = 2y \wedge x > y$?
 - Equivalent formula: $x > 0$

STRONGEST POST-CONDITION

EXAMPLE

$$sp(F, c) \triangleq (\exists V. F \wedge \rho(c))[V/V']$$

Lets calculate $sp(y > 0, x := y + 1)$

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Lets calculate $sp(y > 0, x := y + 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} sp(y > 0, x := y + 1) &\triangleq \exists x. \exists y. y > 0 \wedge \rho(x := y + 1) \\ &\equiv \exists x. \exists y. y > 0 \wedge x' = y + 1 \wedge y' = y \\ &\equiv y' > 0 \wedge x' = y' + 1 \leftarrow \\ &\equiv y > 0 \wedge x = y + 1 \leftarrow \end{aligned}$$

Eliminate x and y

Substitute x' and y' with x and y

ANNOUNCEMENT

- Assignments : Late Submission Policy
 - 1 Day late : 25% Penalty
 - 2 Days late : 50% Penalty
 - Submissions after 2 days will be ignored.

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EXAMPLE

$$sp(F, c) \triangleq (\exists V. F \wedge \rho(c))[V/V']$$

Lets calculate $sp(y > 0, x := y + 1)$

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Alternative Formulation for Assignment Statement:

$$sp(F, x := e) \equiv \exists x'. F[x'/x] \wedge x = e[x'/x]$$

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MORE EXAMPLES

$$sp(y > 0, x := \text{havoc}) \triangleq ???$$

STRONGEST POST-CONDITION

MORE EXAMPLES

$$\begin{aligned} sp(y > 0, x := \text{havoc}) &\triangleq \exists x. \exists y. y > 0 \wedge y' = y \quad [\rho(x := \text{havoc}) \triangleq \text{frame}(x)] \\ &\triangleq y > 0 \end{aligned}$$

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MORE EXAMPLES

$$\begin{aligned} sp(y > 0, x := \text{havoc}) &\triangleq \exists x. \exists y. y > 0 \wedge y' = y \quad [\rho(x := \text{havoc}) \triangleq \text{frame}(x)] \\ &\triangleq y > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$sp(F, x := \text{havoc}) \triangleq \exists x. F$$

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MORE EXAMPLES

$$\begin{aligned} sp(y > 0, x := \text{havoc}) &\triangleq \exists x. \exists y. y > 0 \wedge y' = y \\ &\triangleq y > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$sp(F, \text{assume}(G)) \triangleq ???$$

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MORE EXAMPLES

$$\begin{aligned} sp(y > 0, x := \text{havoc}) &\triangleq \exists x. \exists y. y > 0 \wedge y' = y \\ &\triangleq y > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$sp(F, \text{assume}(G)) \triangleq F \wedge G$$

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$$sp(F, \text{assume}(G)) \triangleq F \wedge G$$

$$sp(F, \text{assert}(G)) \triangleq ???$$

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MORE EXAMPLES

$$\begin{aligned} sp(y > 0, x := \text{havoc}) &\triangleq \exists x. \exists y. y > 0 \wedge y' = y \\ &\triangleq y > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$sp(F, \text{assume}(G)) \triangleq F \wedge G$$

$$\begin{aligned} sp(F, \text{assert}(G)) &\triangleq \exists V. F \wedge (G \rightarrow \text{frame}(\emptyset)) \\ &\equiv \exists V. F \wedge (\neg G \vee \text{frame}(\emptyset)) \\ &\equiv \exists V. (F \wedge \neg G) \vee \exists V. (F \wedge \text{frame}(\emptyset)) \\ &\equiv \exists V. (F \wedge \neg G) \vee F[V'/V] \\ &\equiv (\exists V. F \wedge \neg G) \vee F \end{aligned}$$

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MORE EXAMPLES

$$\begin{aligned} sp(y > 0, x := \text{havoc}) &\triangleq \exists x. \exists y. y > 0 \wedge y' = y \\ &\triangleq y > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$sp(F, \text{assume}(G)) \triangleq F \wedge G$$

$$sp(F, \text{assert}(G)) \triangleq (\exists V. F \wedge \neg G) \vee F$$

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MORE EXAMPLES

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$$sp(F, \text{assume}(G)) \triangleq F \wedge G$$

$$sp(F, \text{assert}(G)) \triangleq (\exists V. F \wedge \neg G) \vee F$$

$$sp(\text{false}, c) \triangleq ???$$

STRONGEST POST-CONDITION

EXAMPLES

$$\begin{aligned} sp(y > 0, x := \text{havoc}) &\triangleq \exists x. \exists y. y > 0 \wedge y' = y \\ &\triangleq y > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$sp(F, \text{assume}(G)) \triangleq F \wedge G$$

$$sp(F, \text{assert}(G)) \triangleq (\exists V. F \wedge \neg G) \vee F$$

$$sp(\text{false}, c) \triangleq \text{false}$$

EXAMPLES

- $sp(x > 5, \text{assume}(x < 20)) \equiv ???$
- $sp(x > 5, \text{assert}(x < 0)) \equiv ???$
- $sp(x > 0, x := x + 1) \equiv ???$

EXAMPLES

- $sp(x > 5, \text{assume}(x < 20)) \equiv x > 5 \wedge x < 20$
- $sp(x > 5, \text{assert}(x < 0)) \equiv \text{true}$
- $sp(x > 0, x := x + 1) \equiv x > 1$

STRONGEST POST-CONDITION

COMPOUND STATEMENTS

- $sp(F, c; c') \triangleq ???$

STRONGEST POST-CONDITION

COMPOUND STATEMENTS

- $sp(F, c; c') \triangleq sp(sp(F, c), c')$ (Homework: Prove this formally.)

STRONGEST POST-CONDITION

COMPOUND STATEMENTS

- $sp(F, c; c') \triangleq sp(sp(F, c), c')$
- $sp(F, \text{if}(G) \text{ then } c \text{ else } c') \triangleq ???$

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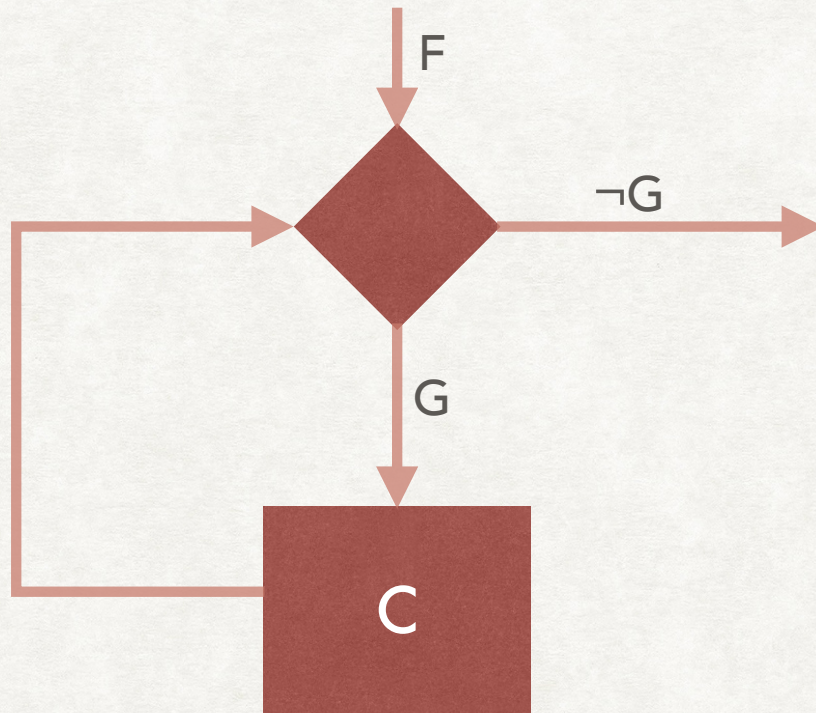
COMPOUND STATEMENTS

- $sp(F, c; c') \triangleq sp(sp(F, c), c')$
- $sp(F, \text{if}(G) \text{ then } c \text{ else } c') \triangleq sp(F \wedge G, c) \vee sp(F \wedge \neg G, c')$ (Homework: Prove this formally.)

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WHILE LOOPS

- How to find $sp(F, \text{while}(G) \text{ do } c)$?

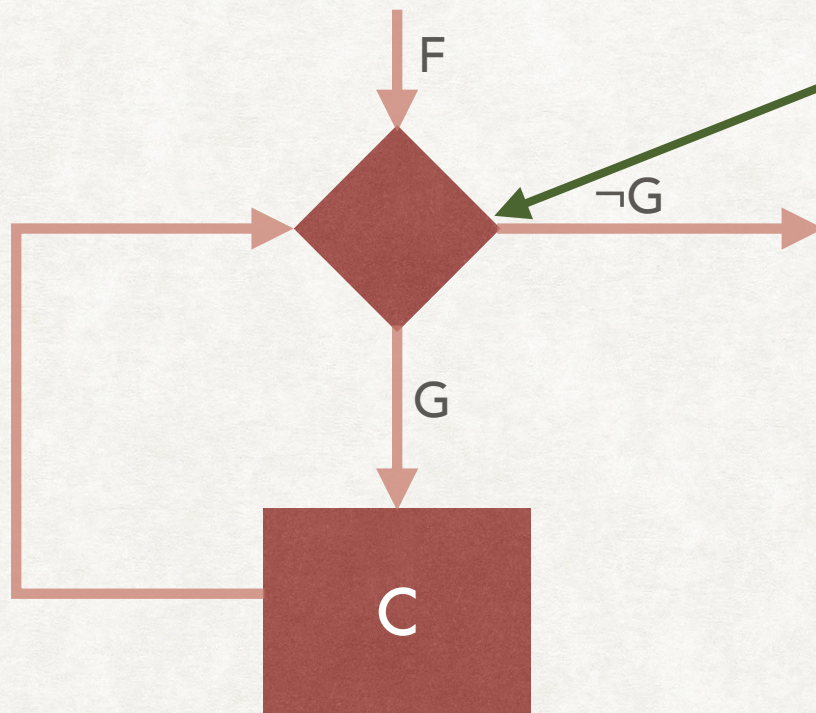


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WHILE LOOPS

- How to find $sp(F, \text{while}(G) \text{ do } c)$?

Let us collect all states possible
at the end of any iteration



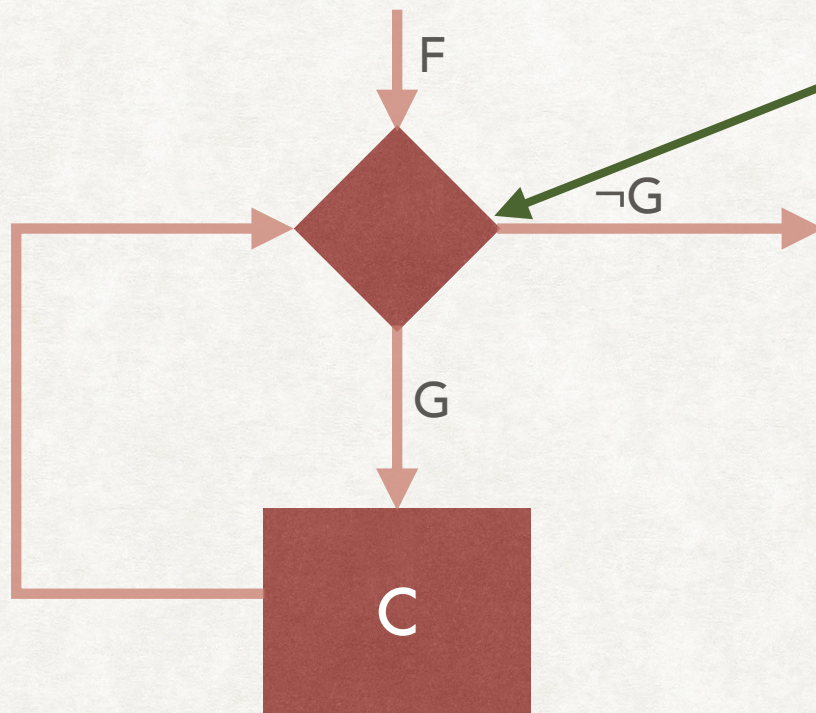
| Iteration i | States possible at iteration i |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 | |
| 1 | |
| 2 | |
| ... | ... |

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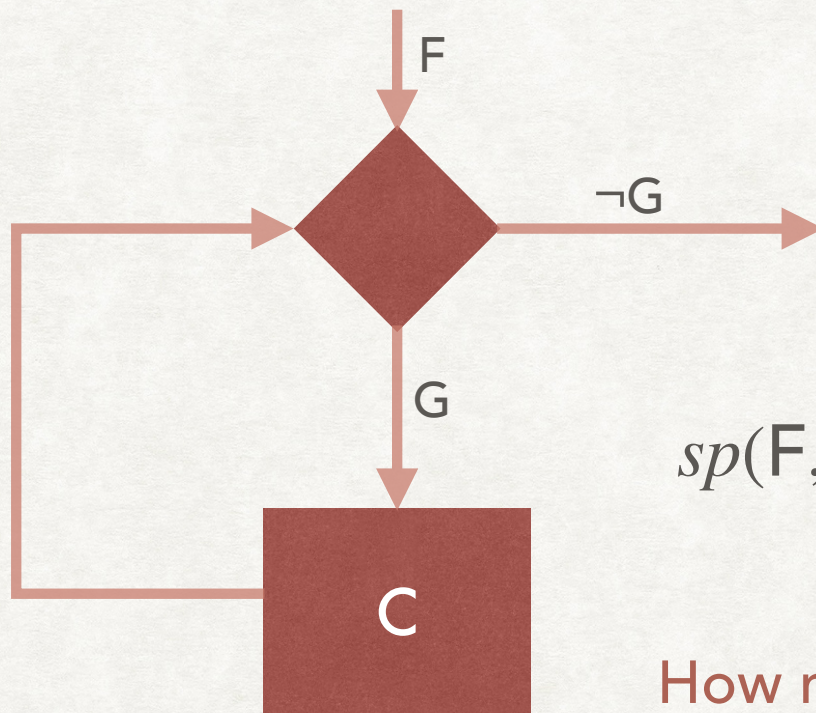


| Iteration i | States possible at iteration i |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0 | F |
| 1 | $sp(F \wedge G, c)$ |
| 2 | $sp(sp(F \wedge G, c) \wedge G, c)$ |
| ... | ... |

STRONGEST POST-CONDITION

WHILE LOOPS

- How to find $sp(F, \text{while}(G) \text{ do } c)$?



$$F^0 = F$$

$$F^k = sp(F^{k-1} \wedge G, c)$$

$$sp(F, \text{while}(G) \text{ do } c) \triangleq \bigvee_{k=0}^{\infty} F^k \wedge \neg G$$

How many F^k should be calculated?