

**OPERATIONS RESEARCH ASSIGNMENT II , TO BE SUBMITTED AFTER  
TWO WEEKS . TO BE DONE IN GROUPS OF FIVE STUDENTS**

**NO ASSIGNMENT WILL BE COLLECTED AFTER THIS SAID DATE. MR. KICHE**

**SECTION A.**

Q1.) A company has 5 salesmen and 5 customers to attend to on a particular day. The company has estimated the savings in dollars associated with assigning a particular salesman to a specific client. These estimates are as given in the table below

		Clients				
		1	2	3	4	5
Salesmen	A	30	37	40	28	40
	B	40	24	27	21	36
	C	40	32	33	30	35
	D	25	38	40	36	36
	E	29	62	41	34	39

Determine who should be assigned which client and the maximum profit the company can achieve from the allocations.

Q2) A company has fixed funds to undertake three projects through contractors. Five contractors have already applied to do the job and each has submitted a quotation for each project from which the company has estimated the saving associated with allocating a given project to a specific contractor. The figures are given in the table below and the company's policy is to give one project per contractor.

Contractor	Project		
	1	2	3
A	1020	1080	1050
B	1500	1410	1050
C	1110	750	1050
D	1080	1020	1080
E	1470	1290	1590

Determine who should be assigned which project and the maximum saving the company can make.

Q3) Five applicants are competing for four jobs . The scores from aptitude tests related to the four vacancies are given below. It is believed the tests measure an applicant possible performance in the job.

	JOBS			
APPLICANTS	1	2	3	4
A	18	15	12	25
B	9	11	10	15
C	12	10	14	16
D	9	10	10	21
E	14	18	26	26

Determine who should be assigned which job in order to maximize overall output.

**SECTION B.**

Q1.) Solve the following linear programming problem using the simplex method:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Maximize} \quad z = 14x + 15y \\
 &\quad \text{subject to} \\
 &\quad 13x + 15y \leq 80 \\
 &\quad -12x - 17y \geq -120 \\
 &\quad x \geq 0, \quad y \geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Q2) Use the simplex method to obtain the optimal solution of the dual of following linear programming model

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Minimize} \quad P = 70x_1 + 50x_2 \\
 &\quad \text{subject to} \\
 &\quad 40x_1 + 30x_2 \leq 2400 \\
 &\quad -20x_1 - 10x_2 \geq 1000 \\
 &\quad x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Q3) Use the simplex method to obtain the optimal solution of the following linear programming model

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Maximize} \quad Z = 35x_1 + 50x_2 \\
 &\quad \text{subject to} \\
 &\quad 3x_1 + x_2 \leq 30 \\
 &\quad x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 15 \\
 &\quad 4x_1 + 4x_2 \leq 40 \\
 &\quad x_1, x_2 \geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Q4) Solve the dual of the following linear programming problem using the simplex method.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & P = 20x + 30y + 45z \\ \text{subject to} \quad & 20x + 40y + 30z \leq 800 \\ & 30x + 20y + 40z \leq 800 \\ & 20x + 10y + 30z \leq 1000 \\ & x \geq 0, \quad y \geq 0, \quad z \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Q5) Solve the following linear programming problem using the simplex method.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize} \quad & P = 2100y_1 + 2400y_2 + 10y_3 - 70y_4 \\ \text{subject to} \quad & 25y_1 + 15y_2 + y_3 \geq 250 \\ & 20y_1 + 30y_2 - y_3 - y_4 \geq 300 \\ & y_1 \geq 0, \quad y_2 \geq 0, \quad y_3 \geq 0, \quad y_4 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Q6) Consider the following primal problem;

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize} \quad & X_0 = 2X_1 + 3X_2 + 5X_3 + 4X_4 \\ \text{subject to} \quad & 4X_1 + 6X_2 + X_3 + 2X_4 \geq 12 \\ & -2X_1 - X_2 - 6X_3 - 5X_4 \leq 14 \\ & X_1 + 2X_2 + 4X_3 + 3X_4 = 8 \\ & X_i \geq 0, i = 1, 2, 3, 4 \end{aligned}$$

Use simplex method to solve the dual of the above primal problem.

### **SECTION C.**

(Q1) Explain ways in which the CPM type of networks differ from PERT networks

Q2) A small project is composed of 8 activities whose time estimates are listed below

	Activity		Time in weeks		
	i	j	Optimistic(a)	Most likely(M)	Pessimistic(b)
A	1	2	2	5	8
B	2	3	4	7	10
C	2	4	4	9	11
D	3	5	6	10	20
E	4	6	1	3	5
F	4	5	3	6	9
G	5	7	4	5	12
H	6	7	6	8	10

- Develop a PERT network for the project .
- Determine the expected value and the variance for every activity.
- Calculate EST and LCT for every node.
- Find the critical path for the project .
- Compute the probability of completing the project in 36 weeks .

Q3) A small project is composed of seven activities whose time estimates in hours are given below.

Activity	1-2	1-3	1-4	2-5	3-5	4-6	5-6
a	1	1	2	1	2	2	3
b	7	7	8	1	14	8	15
M	1	4	2	1	5	5	6

a=optimistic time.

b=pessimistic time

M=Most likely time.

- Draw the project network.
- Find the expected duration and variance of each activity.
- Determine the critical path.
- Find the expected project completion time.
- Calculate the probability that the project will be completed three weeks earlier than expected.
- If the project's due date is 18 weeks, find the probability of not meeting the due date.

Q4) A small project is composed of 7 activities whose time estimates in weeks are listed below:

Activity	Predecessors	Optimistic	Most likely	Pessimistic
A	-	1	2	4
B	-	5	6	7
C	-	2	4	5
D	A	1	3	4
E	C	4	5	7
F	A	3	4	5
G	B,D,E	1	2	3

- Draw the network.
- Calculate the expected duration and variance of every task.
- Determine the critical path.
- Calculate the expected project duration and the variance of the project duration based on network analysis.
- Calculate the probability that the project will be completed on or before a deadline of 10 weeks

Q5) A certain industrial project has the following data.

Activity (i,j)	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Predecessor(s)	-	-	A	A	B	B	D,E	D,E	D,E	C,G	F,I	C,G	J,H,K
$t_0$	7	5	8	12	12	14	3	16	4	14	13	6	16
$t_m$	8	9	10	14	14.5	15	5	22	7	17	16	8	18
$t_p$	9	10	12	16	17	16	7	25	10	20	22	13	26

- Explain the meaning of three time estimates  
 $t_0$ ,  $t_m$ ,  $t_p$
- Construct the network diagram.
- Find the critical path
- For each activity, compute the expected time and variance.
- Find the expected project duration and its variance.
- Determine the probability of completing the project within 25 weeks.

