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# Cryptography & Network Security Lab Assignment No. 1

# Theory:

- Caesar Cipher, also known as the Shift Cipher, is one of the simplest and oldest encryption techniques used to secure information.
- It's a type of substitution cipher where each letter in the plaintext is shifted a certain number of places down or up the alphabet.
- The number of positions a letter is shifted is determined by a key.

## **Encryption:**

### In Encryption, input is a Plain text and output is a Cipher text.

- Step 1: Choose a secret key (a positive integer).
- Step 2: Take the plaintext message you want to encrypt.
- Step 3: Shift each letter in the message forward in the alphabet by the key positions.
- Step 4: Non-alphabetical characters remain unchanged.
- Step 5: The result is the ciphertext, the encrypted message.

## **Decryption:**

#### In Decryption, input is a Cipher text and output is a Plain text.

- Step 1: Have the same key used for encryption.
- Step 2: Take the ciphertext (the encrypted message).
- Step 3: Shift each letter in the ciphertext backward in the alphabet by the key positions.
- Step 4: Non-alphabetical characters remain unchanged.
- Step 5: The result is the plaintext, the original message.

# Caesar Cipher:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

string encrypt(string text, int s)
{
    string result = "";
    for (int i = 0; i < text.length(); i++) {</pre>
```

```
if (isupper(text[i]))
             result += char(int(text[i] + s - 65) % 26 + 65);
        else
            result += char(int(text[i] + s - 97) % 26 + 97);
    return result;
string decrypt(string text, int s)
    string result = "";
    for (int i = 0; i < text.length(); i++) {</pre>
        if (isupper(text[i]))
            result += char(int(text[i] - s - 65) % 26 + 65);
        else
            result += char(int(text[i] - s - 97) % 26 + 97);
    return result;
int main()
    string text;
    cout << "Text : ";</pre>
    cin>>text;
    int s;
    cout << "\nShift: ";</pre>
    cin>>s;
    string dec = encrypt(text, s);
    cout << "\nCipher: " << dec ;</pre>
    cout << "\nDecrypted code: " << decrypt(dec, s);</pre>
    return 0;
```

## **Output:**

```
Text : HelloWorld

Shift: 3

Cipher: KhoorZruog

Decrypted code: HelloWorld

PS C:\Users\Shree Ram Samarth\Documents\CNS\Assign01>
```

## **Decryption of cipher text using nltk library:**

```
import nltk
nltk.download('words')
from nltk.corpus import words
def caesar decrypt(ciphertext, shift):
    decrypted text = ""
    for char in ciphertext:
        if char.isalpha():
            ascii offset = ord('a') if char.islower() else ord('A')
            decrypted char = chr((ord(char) - ascii offset - shift)
% 26 + ascii offset)
            decrypted_text += decrypted_char
        else:
            decrypted text += char
    return decrypted text
def is_meaningful_word(word):
    return word.lower() in words.words()
def decrypt with meaningful text(ciphertext):
    for shift in range(26):
        decrypted_text = caesar_decrypt(ciphertext, shift)
        if all(is_meaningful_word(word) for word in
decrypted_text.split()):
            return decrypted_text
encrypted text = "Ymjd hfs fyyfhp ymj uwjxnijsy"
decrypted answer = decrypt with meaningful text(encrypted text)
```

```
if decrypted_answer:
    print("Decrypted answer:", decrypted_answer)
else:
    print("No valid decryption found.")
```

## **Output:**

```
(base) C:\Users\Shree Ram Samarth\Documents\CNS\Assign01>python decrypt.py
[nltk_data] Downloading package words to C:\Users\Shree Ram
[nltk_data] Samarth\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping corpora\words.zip.
Decrypted answer: They can attack the president

(base) C:\Users\Shree Ram Samarth\Documents\CNS\Assign01>python decrypt.py
[nltk_data] Downloading package words to C:\Users\Shree Ram
[nltk_data] Samarth\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package words is already up-to-date!
```