1.DOWNLOAD THE DATA SET:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn
```

2.LOAD THE DATASET:

data = pd.read_csv(r"file:///C:\Users\Christo\Downloads\Churn_Modelling.csv")

3. VISUALIZATIONS:

```
sns.histplot(data["CreditScore"])
sns.distplot(data["Age"])
sns.boxplot(data['Age'])
```

(ii) BI-VARIATE ANALYSIS:

```
sns.lineplot(x=data.CreditScore, y=data.EstimatedSalary)
sns.barplot(x=data.CreditScore, y=data.Age)
plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
sns.barplot(x=data.Age, y=data.CreditScore)
sns.scatterplot((data['Age'], data['Tenure']))
```

(iii) MULTI-VARIATE ANALYSIS:

```
sns.pairplot(data)
data.corr()
sns.heatmap(data.corr(), annot = True)
```

4. DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS:

```
data.mean()
data.median()
data.mode()
data.var()
data.std()
data.describe()
```

5.HANDLE THE MISSING VALUES:

```
data.isnull().any()
data.isnull().sum()
```

6. FINDING OUTLIERS AND REPLACING THEM:

```
sns.boxplot(x=data['EstimatedSalary'])
Q1= data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.25)
Q2=data['EstimatedSalary'].guantile(0.75)
print(Q1,Q2)
IQR=Q2-Q1
IQRv
upper limit =Q2 + 1.5*IQR
lower_limit =Q1 - 1.5*IQR
upper_limit
lower limit
data=data[data['EstimatedSalary']<upper_limit]
data=data[data['EstimatedSalary']>lower_limit]
sns.boxplot(x=data['EstimatedSalary'])
p99= data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.99)
p99
data = data[data['EstimatedSalary']<=p99]
sns.boxplot(x=data['EstimatedSalary'])
data['EstimatedSalary'] =
np.where(data['EstimatedSalary']>upper_limit,652,data['EstimatedSalary'])
data.shape
NameError
                              Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-7-047ed65ff157> in <module>
----> 1 data.shape
```

NameError: name 'data' is not defined

7. CHECK FOR CATERGORICAL COLUMNS AND PERFORM ENCODING:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder le = LabelEncoder()
oneh = OneHotEncoder()
data['Gender'] = le.fit_transform(data['Gender'])
------
NameError Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-6-cdac9c1b5bfa> in <module>
    2 le = LabelEncoder()
    3 oneh = OneHotEncoder()
```

```
----> 4 data['Gender'] = le.fit_transform(data['Gender'])
NameError: name 'data' is not defined
data.head()
SPLIT THE DATA INTO DEPENDENT AND INDEPENDENT VARIABLE
X=data.drop(columns=['EstimatedSalary'],axis=1)
X.head()
Y=data['EstimatedSalary']
Υ
9. SCALE THE INDEPENDENT VARIABLES:
from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
X=data.drop(columns=['Surname','Geography','Gender'],axis=1)
X.head()
X_scaled=pd.DataFrame(scale(X),columns=X.columns)
X_scaled.head()
10. SPLIT THE DATA INTO TRAINING AND TEST DATA:
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, Y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)
X train
X train.shape
Y_train.shape
X_test
X_test.shape
Y_test
Y_test.shape
```