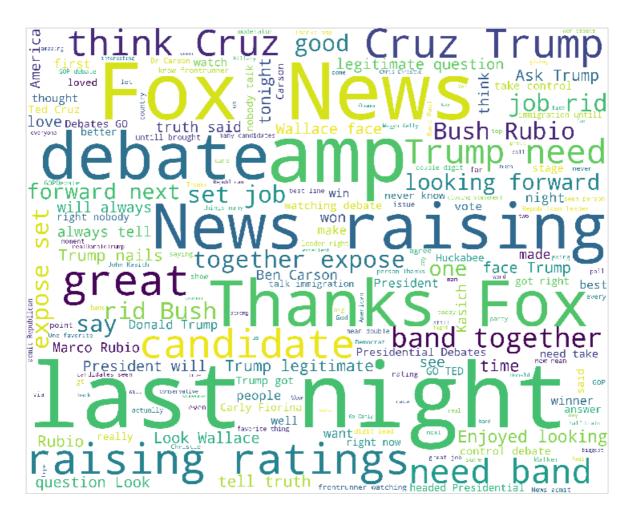
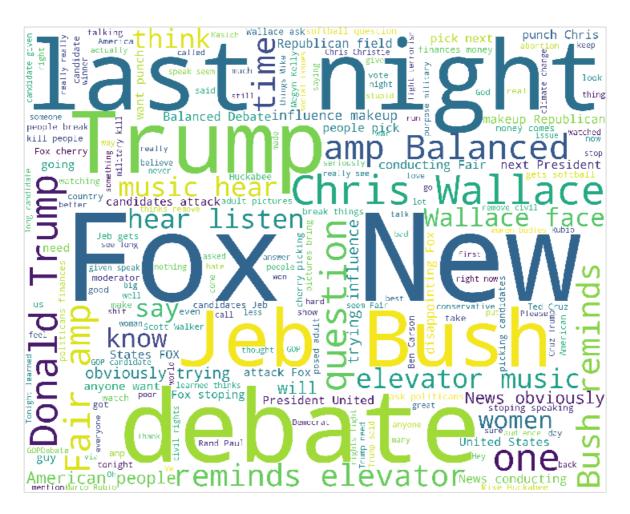
```
In [1]:
import numpy as np # linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read csv)
from sklearn.model_selection import train test split # function for splitting data to train and te
st sets
In [2]:
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.classify import SklearnClassifier
In [4]:
from wordcloud import WordCloud,STOPWORDS
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
In [5]:
from subprocess import check output
In [6]:
data = pd.read csv('/home/yeshua/Documents/study/excel/Sentiment.csv')
# Keeping only the neccessary columns
data = data[['text','sentiment']]
In [7]:
# Splitting the dataset into train and test set
train, test = train test split(data, test size = 0.1)
# Removing neutral sentiments
train = train[train.sentiment != "Neutral"]
In [13]:
train pos = train[ train['sentiment'] == 'Positive']
train pos = train pos['text']
train neg = train[ train['sentiment'] == 'Negative']
train neg = train neg['text']
def wordcloud_draw(data, color = 'white'):
    words = ' '.join(data)
    cleaned_word = " ".join([word for word in words.split()
                            if 'http' not in word
                                and not word.startswith('@')
                                 and not word.startswith('#')
                                 and word != 'RT'
                            ])
    wordcloud = WordCloud(stopwords=STOPWORDS,
                      background color=color,
                      width=2500,
                      height=2000
                     ).generate(cleaned word)
    plt.figure(1, figsize=(13, 13))
    plt.imshow(wordcloud)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
print("Positive words")
wordcloud_draw(train_pos,'white')
print("Negative words")
wordcloud draw(train neg)
```



Negative words



```
In [15]:
import nltk
nltk.download('stopwords')
tweets = []
stopwords set = set(stopwords.words("english"))
for index, row in train.iterrows():
   words_filtered = [e.lower() for e in row.text.split() if len(e) >= 3]
    words cleaned = [word for word in words filtered
       if 'http' not in word
        and not word.startswith('@')
        and not word.startswith('#')
       and word != 'RT']
    words without stopwords = [word for word in words cleaned if not word in stopwords set]
    tweets.append((words without stopwords, row.sentiment))
test_pos = test[ test['sentiment'] == 'Positive']
test pos = test pos['text']
test_neg = test[ test['sentiment'] == 'Negative']
test_neg = test_neg['text']
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /home/yeshua/nltk data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
In [16]:
def get_words_in_tweets(tweets):
   all = []
    for (words, sentiment) in tweets:
       all.extend(words)
    return all
def get word features(wordlist):
    wordlist = nltk.FreqDist(wordlist)
    features = wordlist.keys()
    return features
```

In [17]:

wordcloud draw(w features)

def extract_features(document):
 document_words = set(document)

for word in w features:

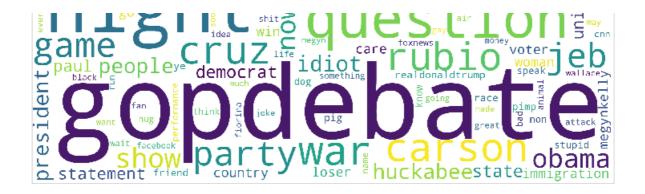
features = {}

return features

w_features = get_word_features(get_words_in_tweets(tweets))

features['contains(%s)' % word] = (word in document_words)

```
americatime politician fuck pro point issue saying issue saying answer morning boy saying issue saying issue
```



In [18]:

```
# Training the Naive Bayes classifier
training_set = nltk.classify.apply_features(extract_features,tweets)
classifier = nltk.NaiveBayesClassifier.train(training_set)
```

In [19]:

```
neg_cnt = 0
pos_cnt = 0
for obj in test_neg:
    res = classifier.classify(extract_features(obj.split()))
    if(res == 'Negative'):
        neg_cnt = neg_cnt + 1
for obj in test_pos:
    res = classifier.classify(extract_features(obj.split()))
    if(res == 'Positive'):
        pos_cnt = pos_cnt + 1

print('[Negative]: %s/%s ' % (len(test_neg), neg_cnt))
print('[Positive]: %s/%s ' % (len(test_pos), pos_cnt))
```

[Negative]: 878/842
[Positive]: 207/75