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# UGANDA MARTYRS UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT BAM I SUPPLEMENTARY/ SPECIAL EXAMINATION, 2013/2014 Fundamental Accounting I- NKOZI CAMPUS

Date: 06th/08/2014

Time: 3 hours

## Instructions

Show all the necessary workings.

Section A is compulsory and carries 40 marks. Attempt any three questions of your choice from section B.

Be neat and orderly in your presentations

#### **SECTION A**

The following trial balance has been extracted from the books of Mr. Cosmos, a sole trader: Trial Balance as at 31 December 2012

Trial Balance as at 31 December 2012	Dr Shs '000	Cr Shs '000 414,234
Sales -	2.47.050	414,234
Purchases C	247,050	
Carriage	15,432	
Pad debts	<del>2,</del> 631	200
Provision for bad debts		390
T	3,990	
	19.000	
Stationery Drawings	23,400	
Salaries	<del>79</del> .260	
Salaries	36,360	
Trade receivables	30,300	19,413
Trade payables	35,781	
Inventory at 1 January 2012	03,701	
Cash:	331	
Fauinment at cost.	<del>174,000 </del> ≱	
Bank Equipment at cost.  Accumulated depreciation (Par)		57,000
Accumulated depreciation		159,273
Capital	650,310	650,310

# Additional information:

(i) Equipment is depreciated at 15% per annum.

(ii) Carriage on purchases amounted to Shs 6,633,000. It is included in the figure of carriage.

(iii) Lighting is accrued by Shs 630,000.

(iv) The provision for bad debts is to be increased by Shs. 120,000.

(v) Heating expenses have been prepaid by Shs. 2,640,000.

(vi) Inventory at 31 December was Shs. 40,653,000.

a) Journalize the adjustments (6 marks)

b) Open up the T accounts affected and post the adjusting entries (10 marks)

c) Prepare a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2012 (12 marks)

d) Prepare a Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2012 (12 marks)

#### **SECTION B**

## **Question Two**

Briefly explain the following concepts as used in Accounting (4 marks each)

- i) Duality Concept
- ii) Prudence Concept
- iii) Accrual Concept
- iv) Business Entity Concept
- v) Going Concern

#### **Question Three**

Mulondo commenced a stationary business on 1st January 2009 with his salary savings of Shs. 50,000 which he kept with KCB Bank. He transformed his personal account into a business account. He also took on his sister as his assistant in the business and was to be paid a salary of Shs. 5,000 per month. During the month of January, he carried out the following transactions:

Jan. 1 He withdrew shs. 10,000 for use in the day-to-day operations of the business

2 Bought stationery worth shs. 15,000 from ABC stationers on credit, and also transferred his furniture worth shs. 10,000 from home for use in the business

3 Bought more stock of stationery at shs. 18,000 and paid by cheque. He also paid shs. 1,500 for transporting the stationery to the place of work paying cash

5 Cash sales were shs. 8,000. He also sold stationery to Katwe Primary School at shs. 14,000 on credit.

7 Paid ABC Stationers shs. 9,000 by cheque for stationery previously bought, he returned as well some spoilt stationery worth shs. 700 on the same day

10 Bought stationery worth shs. 20,000 from Kim Investments Ltd on credit

13 Katwe Primary School paid shs. 6,000 by cheque and returned some items worth shs. 800 which had not been ordered for

★ 20 Sold books worth shs. 23,000 to Kibuye Primary School on condition that payment is made before the end of the month

25 Paid salary to his assistant, by cheque.

Base P

- He agreed with Picfare Industries Ltd to purchase stationery worth shs. 20,000 per month and delivery would begin early February. Required:
  - i. Record transactions into the books of original entry. (10 marks)
  - ii. Post the entries into the respective ledger accounts (10 marks)

#### **Question Four**

The following transactions took place between 1 - 30 November 2012 for Mukasa:

Balances b/f:

Cash in hand Shs 1,266,000 Cash at bank Shs 23,904,000

Paid the following accounts by cheque less discount of 5% in each case: 2

Muntu Shs 480,000.

Mukama Shs 1,560,000.

Mwalye Shs 2,640,000.

Kamiti paid Mukasa a cheque of Shs 588,000. 4

Cash sales paid directly into the bank Shs 294,000.

Paid insurance by cash Shs 390,000. 7

The following trade debtors paid their account after deducting 2.5% discount: 9 Abdul Shs 960,000 Gabriel Shs 3,840,000 Gupta Shs 3,120,000.

Paid motor expenses cash Shs 600,000 12

Cash sales Shs 588,000 18

Paid salaries by cheque Shs 720,000 21

Paid rent by cash 360,000. 23

Received a cheque for Shs 3,000,000 being loan from Makwasi. 28

Paid for stationery by cheque Shs 162,000. 30

Required:

i. Prepare Mukasa's Cash book. Balance it off at the end of the month (10 marks)

ii. Post to the different ledger accounts and also close them off. (10 marks)

## **Question Five**

(a) Why should a trial balance be prepared? (4 marks)

(b) Explain six errors that do not affect the trial balance. (6 marks)

(c) The following account balances were extracted from the books of Zizu for the period ended 30 November 2012: Shs

'000' 148,000 Purchases 224,000 Sales 778 Purchases returns 8,016 Sales returns

#### Bank statement

2013	DEBIT (SHS)	CREDIT (SHS)	BALANCE (SHS)
Nov 1 Balance b/d			420,000
Nov 9 11334	148,000		568,000
Nov 11 Sundries		160,000	408,000
Nov 12 Bank charges	82,000		490,000
Nov 17 Standing order: O Browne	150,000		640,000
Nov 18 Sundries		230,000	410,000
Nov 26 11335	190,000		600,000
Nov 27 Sundries		172,000	428,000
Nov 29 Dividends		128,000	300,000

# Required:

- a) Write up the cash book up to date and state the new balance as on 30 November 2013. (8 marks)
- b) Draw up a bank reconciliation statement as on 30 November 2013. (8 marks)