

**UGANDA MARTYRS UNIVERSITY**  
**School of Arts and Social Sciences**  
**Department of Governance, Peace and International Studies**  
**Master of Arts in Diplomacy and International Studies Group**  
**International Security Studies Examination**

Date: Saturday 18<sup>th</sup> August 2018

Time: 9:30am-12:30pm

**INSTRUCTIONS-**

**ANSWER ONLY THREE QUESTIONS. (Each question carries 25 Marks)**

1. There are efforts from various sources questioning the primacy of the military element and the state in the conceptualization of security. These efforts aim at widening the security agenda. With relevant examples, discuss the implications of, "the *wideners*" and "state-centric" views to international security.
2. "The world political system consists of several actors and can have several models of operation including: bipolarity, multi-polarity, hegemony and other offshoots." Discuss with relevant examples why in the 21st century, there is no fixed bipolar system with determined features and character of participation of actors and what are the implications of this to international security.
3. "International security has been known to be about the search for the conditions in which traditional, inter-state wars can be ended or prevented. However, a new style of warfare has developed, possibly even defining war itself..." Use relevant cases and examples to describe the 'New Wars' affecting the international system.
4. The general rule and the UN charter is that use of force is illegal i.e. it is a violation of international law. Article 2 paragraph 4 of the charter states that no member state shall use force against the territorial integrity of another. Discuss the only two exceptions authorized by the charter looking at the circumstances under which states have right to