## Uganda Marcyrs University

## Faculty of Agriculture

Semester I Final Assessment: 2015/2016

## B. Agriculture 1

Course Unit: SOIL FERTILITY AND PLANT NUTRITION

Time: 9:30 am - 12:30 pm

Date: Thursday, 03<sup>rd</sup> December, 2015

## Instructions:

- Please read the instructions carefully before answering the questions.
- Answer Four (4) questions. All answers should be precise and clear.
- 1. a) What is soil fertility and how is it measured?
  - b) What is the difference between soil fertility and soil productivity and how is the later measured?
  - c) Giving advantages and disadvantages for each, describe 2 methods that a farmer can use to assess soil fertility on his land.
  - d) For an element to be considered **essential for plant growth and development** it must meet three criteria; name the three criteria.
- e) In terms of figures, what is the main difference between primary macronutrients, secondary macronutrients, and micronutrients?
- 2. a) Describe 4 ways through which plant nutrients are made available to crops in the soil and 4 major processes through which they are lost from the soil.
  - b) In view of your answers in a), suggest 4 possible ways a farmer can use to sustain soil fertility as he cultivates his land every season.
  - c) What does the phrase 'integrated soil fertility management, (ISFM)' mean and what does it involve?
- 3. The earth's atmosphere contains 78% nitrogen, making it the largest pool of nitrogen on earth. However this large pool of nitrogen is not available for biological use, leading to scarcity of usable nitrogen in many ecosystems.
  - a) Using a diagram, explain clearly why this large pool of nitrogen in the earth's atmosphere is not available for biological use.

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