Calculation note - J.S.Weitz - jsweitz@gatech.edu - 4/18/20 - Risk is $\epsilon \approx 1 - (1 - p_I)^n$ where $p_I = I/(330 \times 10^6)$ and n is event size Updated: April 18, 2020, License: Creative Commons BY-SA 4.0, i.e., Share, Adapt, Attribute Assumes incidence homogeneity, uses last 2 weeks cumulative as baseline with 5x and 20x undercounts for alternative scenarios Code https://github.com/jsweitz/covid-19-event-risk-planner

Small concert

Hockey match

Indy 500

Wedding reception

Dinner party