



Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering & Technology

Department of Computer Engineering

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Experiment No. 4
Creating functions, classes and objects using python
Date of Performance:
Date of Submission:



## Experiment No. 4

**Title:** Creating functions, classes and objects using python

**Aim:** To study and create functions, classes and objects using python

**Objective:** To introduce functions, classes and objects in python

**Theory:**

A function is a block of code which only runs when it is called.

You can pass data, known as parameters, into a function.

A function can return data as a result.

A class is a user-defined blueprint or prototype from which objects are created. Classes provide a means of bundling data and functionality together. Creating a new class creates a new type of object, allowing new instances of that type to be made. Each class instance can have attributes attached to it for maintaining its state. Class instances can also have methods (defined by their class) for modifying their state.

To understand the need for creating a class let's consider an example, let's say you wanted to track the number of dogs that may have different attributes like breed, age. If a list is used, the first element could be the dog's breed while the second element could represent its age. Let's suppose there are 100 different dogs, then how would you know which element is supposed to be which? What if you wanted to add other properties to these dogs? This lacks organization and it's the exact need for classes.

Class creates a user-defined data structure, which holds its own data members and member functions, which can be accessed and used by creating an instance of that class. A class is like a blueprint for an object.

**Code:**

```
def is_prime(n):
```

```
    if n < 2:
```



```
        return False
    for i in range(2, int(n**0.5) + 1):
        if n % i == 0:
            return False
    return True
num = int(input("Enter a Number"))
if is_prime(num):
    print(num, "is a prime number")
else:
    print(num, "is not a prime number")
```

### Output:

```
C:\Users\Student\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\.venv\Scripts\python.exe C:
Enter a Number5
5 is a prime number

Process finished with exit code 0
```

### Code:

```
def factorial(n):
    if n == 0 or n == 1:
        return 1
    else:
        return n * factorial(n-1)

num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
print("Factorial of", num, "is", factorial(num))
```

### Output:



```
C:\Users\Student\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\.venv\Scripts\python.exe
Enter a number: 2
Factorial of 2 is 2

Process finished with exit code 0
```

### Code:

```
class Student:
    def __init__(self):
        self.name='Kashif'
        self.age= 19
        self.marks= 85

    def abc(self):
        print("Name of the student:",self.name )
        print("Age of the student:", int(self.age))
        print("Marks of the student:", int(self.marks))

s = Student()
s.abc()
```

### Output:

```
C:\Users\Student\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\.venv\Scripts\python.exe
Name of the student: Kashif
Age of the student: 19
Marks of the student: 85

Process finished with exit code 0
```

### Conclusion:

we have successfully studied and implemented Classes and object and functions in this experiment