Here are some practice questions

```
-- Find all employees
SELECT*
FROM employee;
-- Find all clients
SELECT*
FROM clients;
-- Find all employees ordered by salary
SELECT *
from employee
ORDER BY salary ASC/DESC;
-- Find all employees ordered by sex then name
SELECT*
from employee
ORDER BY sex, name;
-- Find the first 5 employees in the table
SELECT*
from employee
LIMIT 5;
-- Find the first and last names of all employees
SELECT first_name, employee.last_name
FROM employee;
-- Find the forename and surnames names of all employees
SELECT first name AS forename, employee.last name AS surname
FROM employee;
-- Find out all the different genders
SELECT DISCINCT sex
FROM employee;
-- Find all male employees
SELECT *
FROM employee
WHERE sex = 'M';
-- Find all employees at branch 2
SELECT *
```

FROM employee

WHERE branch id = 2;

```
-- Find all employee's id's and names who were born after 1969 SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name FROM employee WHERE birth_day >= 1970-01-01;
```

-- Find all female employees at branch 2 SELECT * FROM employee WHERE branch_id = 2 AND sex = 'F';

-- Find all employees who are female & born after 1969 or who make over 80000 SELECT *

FROM employee

WHERE (birth_day >= '1970-01-01' AND sex = 'F') OR salary > 80000;

-- Find all employees born between 1970 and 1975 SELECT * FROM employee WHERE birth_day BETWEEN '1970-01-01' AND '1975-01-01';

-- Find all employees named Jim, Michael, Johnny or David SELECT *

FROM employee

WHERE first_name IN ('Jim', 'Michael', 'Johnny', 'David');

Employee

emp id	first_name	last_name	birth_date	sex	salary	super_id	branch_id
100	David	Wallace	1967-11-17	М	250,000	NULL	1
101	Jan	Levinson	1961-05-11	F	110,000	100	1
102	Michael	Scott	1964-03-15	М	75,000	100	2
103	Angela	Martin	1971-06-25	F	63,000	102	2
104	Kelly	Kapoor	1980-02-05	F	55,000	102	2
105	Stanley	Hudson	1958-02-19	М	69,000	102	2
106	Josh	Porter	1969-09-05	М	78,000	100	3
107	Andy	Bernard	1973-07-22	М	65,000	106	3
108	Jim	Halpert	1978-10-01	М	71,000	106	3

Branch

branch id	branch_name	mgr_id	mgr_start_date
1	Corporate	100	2006-02-09
2	Scranton	102	1992-04-06
3	Stamford	106	1998-02-13

Works_With

emp id	client id	total_sales
105	400	55,000
102	401	267,000
108	402	22,500
107	403	5,000
108	403	12,000
105	404	33,000
107	405	26,000
102	406	15,000
105	406	130,000

Client

client id	client_name	branch_id
400	Dunmore Highschool	2
401	Lackawana Country	2
402	FedEx	3
403	John Daly Law, LLC	3
404	Scranton Whitepages	2
405	Times Newspaper	3
406	FedEx	2

Branch Supplier

branch id	supplier name	supply_type
2	Hammer Mill	Paper
2	Uni-ball	Writing Utensils
3	Patriot Paper	Paper
2	J.T. Forms & Labels	Custom Forms
3	Uni-ball	Writing Utensils
3	Hammer Mill	Paper
3	Stamford Lables	Custom Forms

Labels

Primary Key
Foreign Key
Attribute

```
CREATE TABLE employee (
emp_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
first_name VARCHAR(40),
last_name VARCHAR(40),
birth_day DATE,
sex VARCHAR(1),
salary INT,
super_id INT,
branch_id INT
);
```

-- we cant define super_id ,branch_id as foreign key because table is not existed yet

CREATE TABLE branch (
branch_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
branch_name VARCHAR(40),
mgr_id INT,
mgr_start_date DATE,

```
FOREIGN KEY (mgr_id) REFERENCES employee(emp_id) ON DELETE SET NULL
);
-- now adding super_id ,branch_id as foreign key
ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEE
ADD FOREIGN KEY(super_id)
references employee(emp_id)
on delete set null;
/*on delete set null table are interconnected/ dependent on each other if we have to delete
something after deleting it will become null*/
alter table employee
add foreign key(branch_id) references branch(branch_id)
on delete set null:
CREATE TABLE client (
 client_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
 client_name VARCHAR(40),
 branch id INT,
 FOREIGN KEY(branch_id) REFERENCES branch(branch_id) ON DELETE SET NULL
);
CREATE TABLE works with (
 emp id INT,
 client_id INT,
 total sales INT,
 PRIMARY KEY(emp_id, client_id),
 FOREIGN KEY(emp_id) REFERENCES employee(emp_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
 FOREIGN KEY(client id) REFERENCES client(client id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
/* ON DELETE CASCADE because emp_id is a primary key and primary key will never be
null
thats why ON DELETE CASCADE*/
CREATE TABLE branch supplier (
 branch_id INT,
 supplier_name VARCHAR(40),
 supply type VARCHAR(40),
 PRIMARY KEY(branch_id, supplier_name),
 FOREIGN KEY(branch id) REFERENCES branch(branch id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
-- Corporate
```

```
INSERT INTO employee VALUES(100, 'David', 'Wallace', '1967-11-17', 'M', 250000, NULL,
NULL);
INSERT INTO branch VALUES(1, 'Corporate', 100, '2006-02-09');
UPDATE employee
SET branch id = 1
WHERE emp id = 100;
INSERT INTO employee VALUES(101, 'Jan', 'Levinson', '1961-05-11', 'F', 110000, 100, 1);
-- Scranton
INSERT INTO employee VALUES(102, 'Michael', 'Scott', '1964-03-15', 'M', 75000, 100,
NULL);
INSERT INTO branch VALUES(2, 'Scranton', 102, '1992-04-06');
UPDATE employee
SET branch id = 2
WHERE emp id = 102;
INSERT INTO employee VALUES(103, 'Angela', 'Martin', '1971-06-25', 'F', 63000, 102, 2);
INSERT INTO employee VALUES(104, 'Kelly', 'Kapoor', '1980-02-05', 'F', 55000, 102, 2);
INSERT INTO employee VALUES(105, 'Stanley', 'Hudson', '1958-02-19', 'M', 69000, 102, 2);
-- Stamford
INSERT INTO employee VALUES(106, 'Josh', 'Porter', '1969-09-05', 'M', 78000, 100, NULL);
INSERT INTO branch VALUES(3, 'Stamford', 106, '1998-02-13');
UPDATE employee
SET branch id = 3
WHERE emp_id = 106;
INSERT INTO employee VALUES(107, 'Andy', 'Bernard', '1973-07-22', 'M', 65000, 106, 3);
INSERT INTO employee VALUES(108, 'Jim', 'Halpert', '1978-10-01', 'M', 71000, 106, 3);
-- BRANCH SUPPLIER
INSERT INTO branch supplier VALUES(2, 'Hammer Mill', 'Paper');
INSERT INTO branch_supplier VALUES(2, 'Uni-ball', 'Writing Utensils');
INSERT INTO branch supplier VALUES(3, 'Patriot Paper', 'Paper');
INSERT INTO branch_supplier VALUES(2, 'J.T. Forms & Labels', 'Custom Forms');
INSERT INTO branch_supplier VALUES(3, 'Uni-ball', 'Writing Utensils');
INSERT INTO branch supplier VALUES(3, 'Hammer Mill', 'Paper');
```

```
INSERT INTO branch_supplier VALUES(3, 'Stamford Lables', 'Custom Forms');
-- CLIENT
INSERT INTO client VALUES(400, 'Dunmore Highschool', 2);
INSERT INTO client VALUES(401, 'Lackawana Country', 2);
INSERT INTO client VALUES(402, 'FedEx', 3);
INSERT INTO client VALUES(403, 'John Daly Law, LLC', 3);
INSERT INTO client VALUES(404, 'Scranton Whitepages', 2);
INSERT INTO client VALUES(405, 'Times Newspaper', 3);
INSERT INTO client VALUES(406, 'FedEx', 2);
-- WORKS WITH
INSERT INTO works_with VALUES(105, 400, 55000);
INSERT INTO works_with VALUES(102, 401, 267000);
INSERT INTO works with VALUES(108, 402, 22500);
INSERT INTO works with VALUES(107, 403, 5000);
INSERT INTO works_with VALUES(108, 403, 12000);
INSERT INTO works with VALUES(105, 404, 33000);
INSERT INTO works_with VALUES(107, 405, 26000);
INSERT INTO works_with VALUES(102, 406, 15000);
INSERT INTO works with VALUES(105, 406, 130000);
```

Here are some practice questions

```
-- Find all employees
SELECT *
FROM employee;

-- Find all clients
SELECT *
FROM clients;

-- Find all employees ordered by salary
SELECT *
from employee
ORDER BY salary ASC/DESC;

-- Find all employees ordered by sex then name
SELECT *
from employee
ORDER BY sex, name;
```

-- Find the first 5 employees in the table

```
SELECT *
from employee
LIMIT 5;
-- Find the first
SELECT first_r
```

- -- Find the first and last names of all employees SELECT first_name, employee.last_name FROM employee;
- -- Find the forename and surnames names of all employees SELECT first_name AS forename, employee.last_name AS surname FROM employee;
- Find out all the different genders
 SELECT DISCINCT sex
 FROM employee;
- -- Find all male employees SELECT * FROM employee WHERE sex = 'M';
- -- Find all employees at branch 2
 SELECT *
 FROM employee
 WHERE branch_id = 2;
- -- Find all employee's id's and names who were born after 1969 SELECT emp_id, first_name, last_name FROM employee WHERE birth_day >= 1970-01-01;
- -- Find all female employees at branch 2
 SELECT *
 FROM employee
 WHERE branch_id = 2 AND sex = 'F';
- -- Find all employees who are female & born after 1969 or who make over 80000 SELECT $^{\star}\,$

FROM employee

WHERE (birth_day >= '1970-01-01' AND sex = 'F') OR salary > 80000;

-- Find all employees born between 1970 and 1975 SELECT * FROM employee WHERE birth_day BETWEEN '1970-01-01' AND '1975-01-01';

-- Find all employees named Jim, Michael, Johnny or David SELECT *

FROM employee WHERE first_name IN ('Jim', 'Michael', 'Johnny', 'David');