

Project Report

Big Data Management Analytics

**ERD - LIBRARY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

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## Entity-Relationship Diagram - Library Management System

The ERD describes the database structure for a Library Management System, including entities, their attributes, primary keys (PK), foreign keys (FK), and relationships between tables.

### Schema for the chosen database :

Authors, Publishers, and Categories: These lookup tables provide descriptive data used by Books.

Books and BookAuthors: A book can have one or more authors (handled by the BookAuthors join table), and each book is assigned one publisher and one category.

LibraryBranches and BookCopies: Instead of storing a single book record, the system tracks individual copies available at various branches.

Members, Loans, and Reservations: Members borrow book copies (Loans) and can also reserve a copy (Reservations).

Fines: When loans are overdue, fines are applied and linked back to both the member and the specific loan.

Librarians: Staff are tied to specific library branches.

BookReviews: Members can leave reviews for books they have read.

### → Schema Constraints and Optimizations

- **Primary Keys (PK)**: Ensures unique identification of records.
- **Foreign Keys (FK)**: Maintains relationships between tables and enforces referential integrity.
- **Unique Constraints**:
  - ISBN in Books to prevent duplicate books.
  - Email in Members and Librarians to ensure unique user accounts.
- **Indexes**:
  - Index on ISBN in Books for executing faster lookups.
  - Index on MemberID in Issue and Reservations for quick member-related search.

## → Data Relationships and Indexing

- **One-to-Many (1:M):** Publishers → Books, Categories → Books, Books → BookCopies, LibraryBranches → BookCopies
- **Many-to-Many (M:M):** Books ↔ Authors (via BookAuthors), Books ↔ Members (via BookReviews)
- **Indexes:**
  - Index on ISBN in Books for executing fast searches.
  - Index on Email in Members and Librarians for quick authentication.
  - Index on BookID and BranchID in BookCopies for efficient book location search.

The schema efficiently supports library operations while enabling data-driven decision-making. The structured relationships help track book availability, member transactions, librarian management, and fine collection while ensuring data consistency and scalability.

## 1. Entities and Attributes

### 1.1 Authors

- Primary Key: AuthorID (INT)
- Attributes: FirstName (VARCHAR), LastName (VARCHAR), Bio (TEXT)

### 1.2 Publishers

- Primary Key: PublisherID (INT)
- Attributes: PublisherName (VARCHAR), Address (VARCHAR), Phone (VARCHAR)

### 1.3 Categories

- Primary Key: CategoryID (INT)
- Attributes: CategoryName (VARCHAR)

### 1.4 Books

- Primary Key: BookID (INT)
- Attributes: Title (VARCHAR), ISBN (VARCHAR), PublicationYear (INT), Summary (TEXT)
- Foreign Keys: PublisherID (INT), CategoryID (INT)

### 1.5 Book Authors (Associative Table)

- A join table that connects Books and Authors via a composite primary key (BookID, AuthorID)
- Primary Key: (BookID, AuthorID) (Composite Key)

- Foreign Keys: BookID (INT), AuthorID (INT)

## 1.6 Library Branches

- Primary Key: BranchID (INT)
- Attributes: BranchName (VARCHAR), Address (VARCHAR), Phone (VARCHAR)

## 1.7 Book Copies

- Tracks individual copies with CopyID, along with BookID, BranchID, and Status.
- Primary Key: CopyID (INT)
- Attributes: Status (VARCHAR)
- Foreign Keys: BookID (INT), BranchID (INT)

## 1.8 Members

- Primary Key: MemberID (INT)
- Attributes: FirstName (VARCHAR), LastName (VARCHAR), Email (VARCHAR), Phone (VARCHAR), Address (VARCHAR), MembershipDate (DATE)

## 1.9 Issue (Borrowing Records)

- Records book loans
- Primary Key: IssueID (INT)
- Attributes: LoanDate (DATE), DueDate (DATE), ReturnDate (DATE)
- Foreign Keys: CopyID (INT), MemberID (INT)

## 1.10 Reservations

- Logs reservations with ReservationID, CopyID, MemberID, ReservationDate, and Status.
- Primary Key: ReservationID (INT)
- Attributes: ReservationDate (DATE), Status (VARCHAR)
- Foreign Keys: CopyID (INT), MemberID (INT)

## 1.11 Fines

- Keeps fine records using FineID, MemberID, IssueID, Amount, DateIssued, and DatePaid.
- Primary Key: FineID (INT)
- Attributes: Amount (DECIMAL), DateIssued (DATE), DatePaid (DATE)
- Foreign Keys: MemberID (INT), IssueID (INT)

### 1.12 Librarians

- Lists LibrarianID, personal details, and the associated BranchID.
- Primary Key: LibrarianID (INT)
- Attributes: FirstName (VARCHAR), LastName (VARCHAR), Email (VARCHAR), Phone (VARCHAR)
- Foreign Key: BranchID (INT)

### 1.13 Book Reviews

- Allows members to review books with ReviewID, BookID, MemberID, Rating, Comment, and ReviewDate.
- Primary Key: ReviewID (INT)
- Attributes: Rating (INT), Comment (TEXT), ReviewDate (DATE)
- Foreign Keys: BookID (INT), MemberID (INT)

## **2. Relationships Between Tables**

### **1. Books & Publishers**

- The Books table references Publishers.
- A book is linked to one publisher (PublisherID in Books table).
- A publisher publishes many books. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)

### **2. Books & Categories**

- A book is linked to a category (CategoryID in Books table).
- A category contains many books. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)

### **3. Books & Authors (Many-to-Many Relationship using BookAuthors table)**

- A book can be written by multiple authors.
- An author can write multiple books.
- BookAuthors displays this [many-to-many relationship](#).

### **4. Library Branches & Book Copies**

- Each BookCopy is associated with a LibraryBranch, indicating the physical location.
- A branch contains multiple copies of books.
- A book copy belongs to a specific branch. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)

### **5. Book Copies & Issue (Borrowing)**

- Members can issue (loan) books, reserve copies, and have fines recorded against specific issues.
- A book copy can be issued to a member.

- An issue refers to a single book copy. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)
- 6. Members & Issue**
  - A member can borrow multiple books.
  - An issue is linked to one member. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)
- 7. Book Copies & Reservations**
  - A book copy can be reserved by multiple members.
  - A reservation belongs to one copy. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)
- 8. Issue & Fines**
  - A fine is related to a specific issue.
  - A member may have multiple fines. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)
- 9. Librarians & Library Branches**
  - Librarians are linked to their respective branches.
  - A librarian works at one branch.
  - A branch can have multiple librarians. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)
- 10. Book Reviews & Books**
  - Connects Books and Members, indicating which member wrote a review for which book.
  - A book can have multiple reviews.
  - A review belongs to a single book. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)
- 11. Book Reviews & Members**
  - A member can write multiple reviews.
  - A review is written by one member. [\(One-to-Many\)](#)

The diagram also displays relationship labels such as "belongs\_to," "relates\_to," "involves," "refers\_to," "works\_at," "reviews," and "written\_by." These are meant to describe how the entities interact.

### **3. Primary and Foreign Key Table**

Entity	Primary Key (PK)	Foreign Keys (FK)
Authors	AuthorID	-
Publishers	PublisherID	-
Categories	CategoryID	-
Books	BookID	PublisherID, CategoryID
BookAuthors	BookID, AuthorID	BookID, AuthorID
LibraryBranches	BranchID	-
BookCopies	CopyID	BookID, BranchID
Members	MemberID	-
Issue	IssueID	CopyID, MemberID
Reservations	ReservationID	CopyID, MemberID
Fines	FineID	MemberID, IssueID
Librarians	LibrarianID	BranchID
BookReviews	ReviewID	BookID, MemberID



## 4. ERD Diagram

