```
In [7]: # Consider a DataFrame df where there is an integer column {'X':[7, 2, 0, 3, 4, 2]
         import pandas as pd
         df = pd.DataFrame({'X': [7, 2, 0, 3, 4, 2, 5, 0, 3, 4]})
         import numpy as np
         izero = np.r_{-1}, (df['X'] == 0).nonzero()[0]]
         izero
Out[7]: array([-1, 2, 7], dtype=int64)
In [9]: idx = np.arange(len(df))
         idx
Out[9]: array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
In [10]: | df['Y'] = idx - izero[np.searchsorted(izero - 1, idx) - 1]
Out[10]:
            X Y
          1 2 2
          2 0 0
            3 1
          4 4 2
          5 2 3
            5 4
          7 0 0
          9 4 2
```

```
In [11]: # Create a DatetimeIndex that contains each business day of 2015 and use it to in
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         dti = pd.date_range(start='2015-01-01', end='2015-12-31', freq='B')
         s = pd.Series(np.random.rand(len(dti)), index=dti)
         dti
Out[11]: DatetimeIndex(['2015-01-01', '2015-01-02', '2015-01-05', '2015-01-06',
                         '2015-01-07', '2015-01-08', '2015-01-09', '2015-01-12',
                         '2015-01-13', '2015-01-14',
                         '2015-12-18', '2015-12-21', '2015-12-22', '2015-12-23',
                        '2015-12-24', '2015-12-25', '2015-12-28', '2015-12-29',
                         '2015-12-30', '2015-12-31'],
                       dtype='datetime64[ns]', length=261, freq='B')
In [12]: # Find the sum of the values in s for every Wednesday
         s[s.index.weekday ==2].sum()
Out[12]: 25.39553852129597
In [13]: # Average For each calendar month
         s.resample('M').mean()
Out[13]: 2015-01-31
                       0.408277
         2015-02-28
                       0.446370
         2015-03-31
                       0.570302
         2015-04-30
                       0.465476
         2015-05-31
                       0.305510
         2015-06-30
                       0.543327
                       0.545429
         2015-07-31
         2015-08-31
                       0.481999
         2015-09-30
                       0.475058
         2015-10-31
                       0.506685
         2015-11-30
                       0.476767
                       0.409516
         2015-12-31
         Freq: M, dtype: float64
In [14]: # For each group of four consecutive calendar months in s, find the date on which
         s.groupby(pd.Grouper(freq='4M')).idxmax()
Out[14]: 2015-01-31
                      2015-01-01
         2015-05-31
                      2015-05-21
         2015-09-30
                      2015-07-09
         2016-01-31
                      2015-11-03
         dtype: datetime64[ns]
 In [ ]:
```