LABORATION 3 DISTANCE VECTOR ROUTING



Two Parts

- 1. Theoretical assignment
 - 6 questions

- 2. Programming task
 - Implement a distance vector routing protocol



Distance Vector Simulation

- A node initializes its distance table with costs to each of its neighboring nodes
- 2. A node informs its neighboring routers about its distances (minimum distance to all routers) in route update packets
- 3. When a node receives a route update packet, it should update its distance table
- 4. Simulation ends when there are no scheduled route update packets (event list empty)



Distance Table Update

At node A (A is one of nodes 0, 1, 2, or 3):

For each neighboring node X do

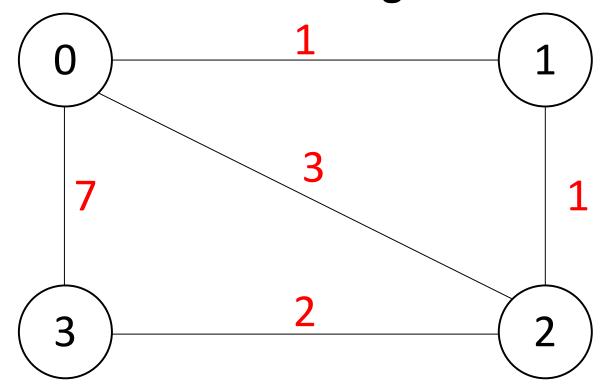
For each node Y in {0, 1, 2, 3} \ {Y} **do**

Cost(A, Y) = Cost(A, X) + mincost(X, Y)

If distance table changed then send route update packet to all neighboring nodes



The Four-node Network being Simulated





Functions to be Implemented

- rtinit() (invoked by rtinit0(), rtinit1(),...)
- rtupdate() (invoked by rtupdate0(), rtupdate1(),...)



Interpreting Distance Tables

Example: Distance table for node 0

D0	1	2	3
1	Distance from node 0 to node 1 via node 1	Distance from node 0 to node 1 via node 2	Distance from node 0 to node 1 via node 3
2	Distance from node 0 to node 2 via node 1	Distance from node 0 to node 2 via node 2	Distance from node 0 to node 2 via node 3
3	Distance from node 0 to node 3 via node 1	Distance from node 0 to node 3 via node 2	Distance from node 0 to node 3 via node 3



Lab Submission Guidelines

- Save answers to questions in a pdf file
- Create an archive file with the following folder stucture:
 - Lab3
 - Teori (answers to theoretical questions)
 - O Kod (source code + readme)
- Supply a readme file with build and execution instructions

