



BusinessCase

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Data Dictionary

RATINGS FILE DESCRIPTION

All ratings are contained in the file "ratings.dat" and are in the following format:

UserID::MovieID::Rating::Timestamp

- **UserIDs** range between 1 and 6040
- **MovieIDs** range between 1 and 3952
- **Ratings** are made on a 5-star scale (whole-star ratings only)
- **Timestamp** is represented in seconds
- Each user has at least 20 ratings

USERS FILE DESCRIPTION

User information is in the file "users.dat" and is in the following format:

UserID::Gender::Age::Occupation::Zip-code

All demographic information is provided voluntarily by the users and is not checked for accuracy. Only users who have provided some demographic information are included in this data set.

Gender is denoted by a "M" for male and "F" for female

Age is chosen from the following ranges:

- 1: "Under 18"
- 18: "18-24"
- 25: "25-34"
- 35: "35-44"

- 45: "45-49"
- 50: "50-55"
- 56: "56+"

Occupation is chosen from the following choices:

- 0: "other" or not specified
- 1: "academic/educator"
- 2: "artist"
- 3: "clerical/admin"
- 4: "college/grad student"
- 5: "customer service"
- 6: "doctor/health care"
- 7: "executive/managerial"
- 8: "farmer"
- 9: "homemaker"
- 10: "K-12 student"
- 11: "lawyer"
- 12: "programmer"
- 13: "retired"
- 14: "sales/marketing"
- 15: "scientist"
- 16: "self-employed"
- 17: "technician/engineer"
- 18: "tradesman/craftsman"
- 19: "unemployed"
- 20: "writer"

MOVIES FILE DESCRIPTION

=====

Movie information is in the file "movies.dat" and is in the following format:

MovieID::Title::Genres

Titles are identical to titles provided by the IMDB (including year of release)

Genres are pipe-separated and are selected from the following genres:

- Action
- Adventure
- Animation
- Children's
- Comedy
- Crime
- Documentary
- Drama
- Fantasy
- Film-Noir
- Horror
- Musical
- Mystery
- Romance
- Sci-Fi
- Thriller
- War
- Western

Concepts Tested:

- Recommender Engine
- Collaborative Filtering (Item-based & User-based Approach)
- Pearson Correlation
- Nearest Neighbors using Cosine Similarity
- Matrix Factorization

Importing all the required packages

```
In [ ]: !pip install cmfrec
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: cmfrec in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (3.5.1.post11)
Requirement already satisfied: cython in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (3.0.12)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.25 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (1.14.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: findblas in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (0.1.26.post1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->cmfrec) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->cmfrec) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->cmfrec) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas->cmfrec) (1.17.0)
```

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
from google.colab import drive
import chardet
import pickle
import re
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
from scipy import sparse
from sklearn.neighbors import NearestNeighbors
from cmfrec import CMF
from sklearn.metrics import (r2_score, mean_squared_error as mse,
                            mean_absolute_error as mae,
                            root_mean_squared_error as rmse,
                            mean_absolute_percentage_error as mape)
```

```
In [ ]: pd.set_option('display.float_format', '{:.3f}'.format)
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
drive.mount('/content/drive')
path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessCases/12_Zee_Recom'
for i in ['zee-movies', 'zee-ratings', 'zee-users']:
    with open(path.format(i), 'rb') as f:
        result = chardet.detect(f.read(10000))
        print(result)
```

```
Mounted at /content/drive
{'encoding': 'ISO-8859-1', 'confidence': 0.73, 'language': ''}
{'encoding': 'ascii', 'confidence': 1.0, 'language': ''}
{'encoding': 'ascii', 'confidence': 1.0, 'language': ''}
```

```
In [ ]: df_movies = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessC
df_ratings = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessC
df_users = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessC
```

Data Cleaning

```
In [ ]: df_movies.head()
```

| | Movie ID | Title | Genres |
|---|----------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story (1995) | Animation Children's Comedy |
| 1 | 2 | Jumanji (1995) | Adventure Children's Fantasy |
| 2 | 3 | Grumpier Old Men (1995) | Comedy Romance |
| 3 | 4 | Waiting to Exhale (1995) | Comedy Drama |
| 4 | 5 | Father of the Bride Part II (1995) | Comedy |

```
In [ ]: df_movies['Genres'] = df_movies['Genres'].str.split('|')
df_exploded = df_movies.explode('Genres')
df_exploded.head()
```

| | Movie ID | Title | Genres |
|---|----------|------------------|------------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story (1995) | Animation |
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story (1995) | Children's |
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story (1995) | Comedy |
| 1 | 2 | Jumanji (1995) | Adventure |
| 1 | 2 | Jumanji (1995) | Children's |

```
In [ ]: def get_only_title(title):
    return [title.rsplit(' ', 1)[0], title.rsplit(' ', 1)[1].strip('()')]

df_movies[['MovieTitle', 'ReleaseYear']] = df_movies.loc[:, 'Title'].apply(get_only_title)
df_movies.drop(columns=['Title'], inplace=True)
df_movies.rename({'MovieTitle': 'Title'}, axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: df_movies.head()
```

| | Movie ID | Genres | Title | ReleaseYear |
|---|----------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| 0 | 1 | [Animation, Children's, Comedy] | Toy Story | 1995 |
| 1 | 2 | [Adventure, Children's, Fantasy] | Jumanji | 1995 |
| 2 | 3 | [Comedy, Romance] | Grumpier Old Men | 1995 |
| 3 | 4 | [Comedy, Drama] | Waiting to Exhale | 1995 |
| 4 | 5 | [Comedy] | Father of the Bride Part II | 1995 |

```
In [ ]: genre_dummies = pd.get_dummies(df_exploded['Genres']).groupby(df_exploded.index).sum()
genre_dummies.head(5)
```

Out[]:

| | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime | Documentary | Drama | Fantasy | Film-Noir | Nc |
|---|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|---------|-----------|----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

In []: unique_genere = genre_dummies.columns
unique_genere

Out[]: Index(['Action', 'Adventure', 'Animation', 'Children's', 'Comedy', 'Crime', 'Documentary', 'Drama', 'Fantasy', 'Film-Noir', 'Horror', 'Musical', 'Mystery', 'Romance', 'Sci-Fi', 'Thriller', 'War', 'Western'], dtype='object')

In []: final_movie_df = df_movies.join(genre_dummies, how='inner', lsuffix='', rsuffix='')
final_movie_df.drop('Genres', axis=1, inplace=True)
final_movie_df.head()

Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Title | ReleaseYear | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime | Doc |
|---|----------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|-----|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 2 | Jumanji | 1995 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 3 | Grumpier Old Men | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 4 | Waiting to Exhale | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | 5 | Father of the Bride Part II | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

In []: df_ratings.head()
df_ratings['Timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(df_ratings['Timestamp'], unit='s')
df_ratings['Month'] = df_ratings['Timestamp'].dt.strftime('%b')
df_ratings['Year'] = df_ratings['Timestamp'].dt.year
df_ratings['Day'] = df_ratings['Timestamp'].dt.strftime('%a')
df_ratings['Hour'] = df_ratings['Timestamp'].dt.hour

In []: df_ratings

Out[]:

| | UserID | MovielID | Rating | | Timestamp | Month | Year | Day | Hour |
|---------|--------|----------|--------|---------------------|-----------|-------|------|-----|------|
| 0 | 1 | 1193 | 5 | 2000-12-31 22:12:40 | Dec | 2000 | Sun | 22 | |
| 1 | 1 | 661 | 3 | 2000-12-31 22:35:09 | Dec | 2000 | Sun | 22 | |
| 2 | 1 | 914 | 3 | 2000-12-31 22:32:48 | Dec | 2000 | Sun | 22 | |
| 3 | 1 | 3408 | 4 | 2000-12-31 22:04:35 | Dec | 2000 | Sun | 22 | |
| 4 | 1 | 2355 | 5 | 2001-01-06 23:38:11 | Jan | 2001 | Sat | 23 | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 1000204 | 6040 | 1091 | 1 | 2000-04-26 02:35:41 | Apr | 2000 | Wed | 2 | |
| 1000205 | 6040 | 1094 | 5 | 2000-04-25 23:21:27 | Apr | 2000 | Tue | 23 | |
| 1000206 | 6040 | 562 | 5 | 2000-04-25 23:19:06 | Apr | 2000 | Tue | 23 | |
| 1000207 | 6040 | 1096 | 4 | 2000-04-26 02:20:48 | Apr | 2000 | Wed | 2 | |
| 1000208 | 6040 | 1097 | 4 | 2000-04-26 02:19:29 | Apr | 2000 | Wed | 2 | |

1000209 rows × 8 columns

In []:

```
df_users.head()
```

Out[]:

| | UserID | Gender | Age | Occupation | Zip-code |
|---|--------|--------|-----|------------|----------|
| 0 | 1 | F | 1 | 10 | 48067 |
| 1 | 2 | M | 56 | 16 | 70072 |
| 2 | 3 | M | 25 | 15 | 55117 |
| 3 | 4 | M | 45 | 7 | 02460 |
| 4 | 5 | M | 25 | 20 | 55455 |

In []:

```
df_movies_ratings = pd.merge(final_movie_df, df_ratings, how='inner', left_on='MovieID', right_on='MovieID')
df_movies_ratings.head()
```

Out[]:

| | MovieID | Title | ReleaseYear | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime | Documentary |
|---|---------|-----------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|-------------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |



In []:

```
df_movies_ratings.drop('MovieID', axis=1, inplace=True)
df_movies_ratings.head()
```

Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Title | ReleaseYear | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime | Docume |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|--------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

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In []: `df = pd.merge(df_movies_ratings, df_users, on='UserID', how='inner')
df.head()`

Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Title | ReleaseYear | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime | Docume |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|--------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

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In []: `with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessCases/12_Zee_Re
pickle.dump(df, f)`

In []: `df.replace(
{
 'Occupation' : {
 0: "other",
 1: "academic/educator",
 2: "artist",
 3: "clerical/admin",
 4: "college/grad student",
 5: "customer service",
 6: "doctor/health care",
 7: "executive/managerial",
 8: "farmer",
 9: "homemaker",
 10: "K-12 student",
 11: "lawyer",
 12: "programmer",
 13: "retired",
 14: "sales/marketing",
 15: "scientist",
 }
})`

```

        16: "self-employed",
        17: "technician/engineer",
        18: "tradesman/craftsman",
        19: "unemployed",
        20: "writer"
    },
    'Age' : {
        1: "Under 18",
        18: "18-24",
        25: "25-34",
        35: "35-44",
        45: "45-49",
        50: "50-55",
        56: "56+"
    }
},
, inplace=True)

```

In []: df.head()

Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Title | ReleaseYear | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime | Docume |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|--------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 1 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 2 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 3 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 4 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |

EDA

In []: df.shape

Out[]: (1000209, 32)

In []: df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000209 entries, 0 to 1000208
Data columns (total 32 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   Movie ID    1000209 non-null   int64  
 1   Title        1000209 non-null   object  
 2   ReleaseYear  1000209 non-null   object  
 3   Action        1000209 non-null   int64  
 4   Adventure    1000209 non-null   int64  
 5   Animation    1000209 non-null   int64  
 6   Children's   1000209 non-null   int64  
 7   Comedy        1000209 non-null   int64  
 8   Crime         1000209 non-null   int64  
 9   Documentary  1000209 non-null   int64  
 10  Drama         1000209 non-null   int64  
 11  Fantasy       1000209 non-null   int64  
 12  Film-Noir    1000209 non-null   int64  
 13  Horror        1000209 non-null   int64  
 14  Musical        1000209 non-null   int64  
 15  Mystery       1000209 non-null   int64  
 16  Romance       1000209 non-null   int64  
 17  Sci-Fi        1000209 non-null   int64  
 18  Thriller      1000209 non-null   int64  
 19  War           1000209 non-null   int64  
 20  Western        1000209 non-null   int64  
 21  UserID         1000209 non-null   int64  
 22  Rating         1000209 non-null   int64  
 23  Timestamp     1000209 non-null   datetime64[ns] 
 24  Month          1000209 non-null   object  
 25  Year           1000209 non-null   int32  
 26  Day            1000209 non-null   object  
 27  Hour           1000209 non-null   int32  
 28  Gender          1000209 non-null   object  
 29  Age             1000209 non-null   object  
 30  Occupation     1000209 non-null   object  
 31  Zip-code       1000209 non-null   object  
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), int32(2), int64(21), object(8)
memory usage: 236.6+ MB
```

In []: df.describe()

Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------|
| count | 1000209.000 | 1000209.000 | 1000209.000 | 1000209.000 | 1000209.000 | 1000209.000 | 1000209.000 |
| mean | 1865.540 | 0.257 | 0.134 | 0.043 | 0.072 | 0.357 | 0.080 |
| min | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 25% | 1030.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 50% | 1835.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 75% | 2770.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 |
| max | 3952.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| std | 1096.041 | 0.437 | 0.341 | 0.203 | 0.259 | 0.479 | 0.271 |

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In []: `df.describe(include=['object'])`

Out[]:

| | Title | ReleaseYear | Month | Day | Gender | Age | Occupation | Zip-code |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| count | 1000209 | 1000209 | 1000209 | 1000209 | 1000209 | 1000209 | 1000209 | 1000209 |
| unique | 3664 | 81 | 12 | 7 | 2 | 7 | 21 | 3439 |
| top | American Beauty | 1999 | Nov | Mon | M | 25-34 | college/grad student | 94110 |
| freq | 3428 | 86833 | 295461 | 173931 | 753769 | 395556 | 131032 | 3802 |

In []: `df.isna().sum()`

Out[]: 0

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Movie ID | 0 |
| Title | 0 |
| ReleaseYear | 0 |
| Action | 0 |
| Adventure | 0 |
| Animation | 0 |
| Children's | 0 |
| Comedy | 0 |
| Crime | 0 |
| Documentary | 0 |
| Drama | 0 |
| Fantasy | 0 |
| Film-Noir | 0 |
| Horror | 0 |
| Musical | 0 |
| Mystery | 0 |
| Romance | 0 |
| Sci-Fi | 0 |
| Thriller | 0 |
| War | 0 |
| Western | 0 |
| UserID | 0 |
| Rating | 0 |
| Timestamp | 0 |
| Month | 0 |
| Year | 0 |
| Day | 0 |
| Hour | 0 |
| Gender | 0 |
| Age | 0 |
| Occupation | 0 |
| Zip-code | 0 |

dtype: int64

In []: df.head()

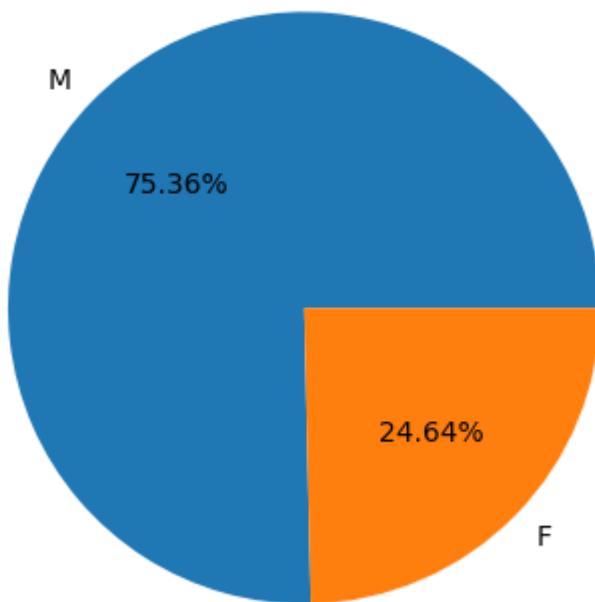
Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Title | ReleaseYear | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime | Docume |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|--------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

In []:

```
plt.pie(df['Gender'].value_counts(), labels=df['Gender'].value_counts().index, autopct='%.2f')
plt.title('Proportion of Gender in the given dataset')
plt.show()
display(df['Gender'].value_counts())
```

Proportion of Gender in the given dataset



count

Gender

M 753769

F 246440

dtype: int64

Gender Distribution:

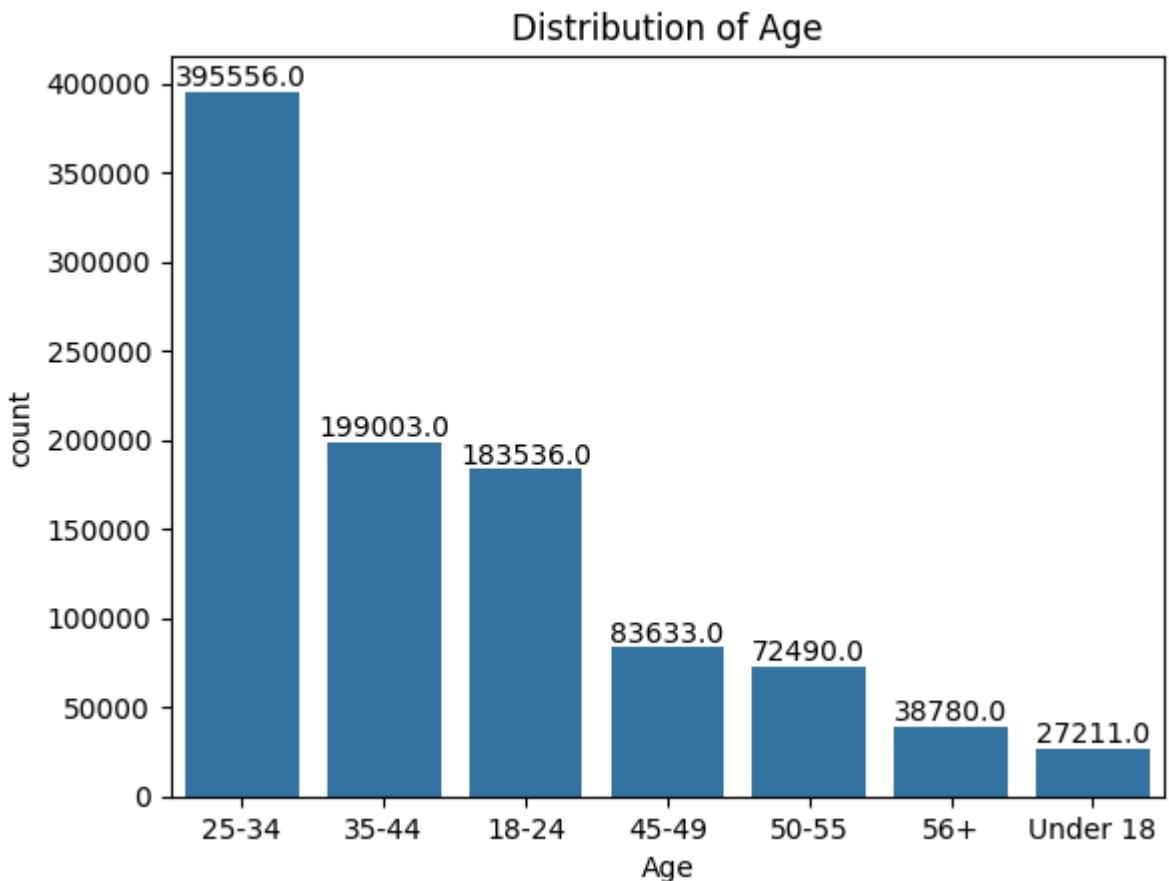
The dataset is highly imbalanced in terms of gender.

Males (M) make up 75.36% of the data.

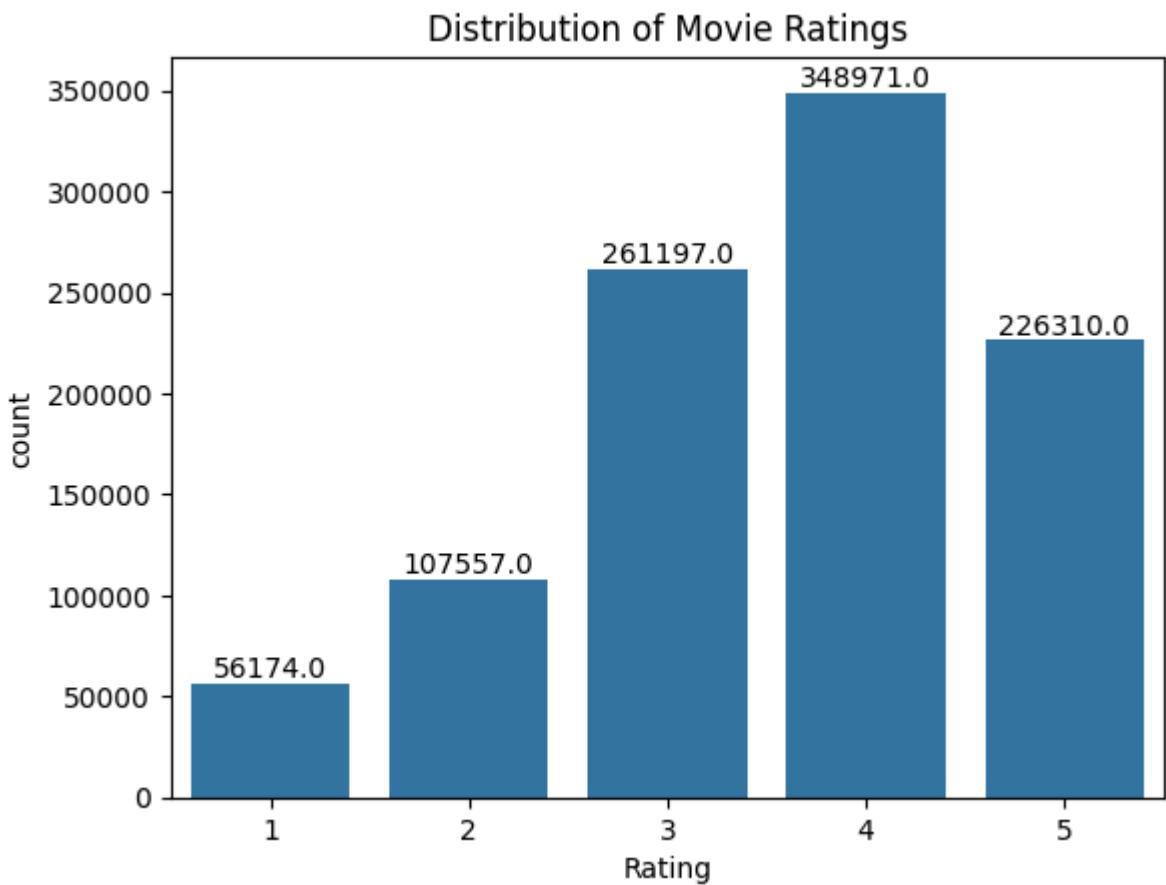
Females (F) make up only 24.64% of the data.

```
In [ ]: def annotate(ax, rotation = False):
    for patch in ax.patches: # Loop through each bar
        if rotation: # For horizontal bars
            x = patch.get_width() # Get the width (value of the bar)
            y = patch.get_y() + patch.get_height() / 2 # Center the annotation vertically
            ax.annotate(f'{x}', (x + 0.5, y), ha='left', va='center') # Adjust position
        else: # For vertical bars
            x = patch.get_x() + patch.get_width() / 2 # Center the annotation horizontally
            y = patch.get_height() # Get the height (value of the bar)
            ax.annotate(f'{y}', (x, y + 0.5), ha='center', va='bottom') # Adjust position
```

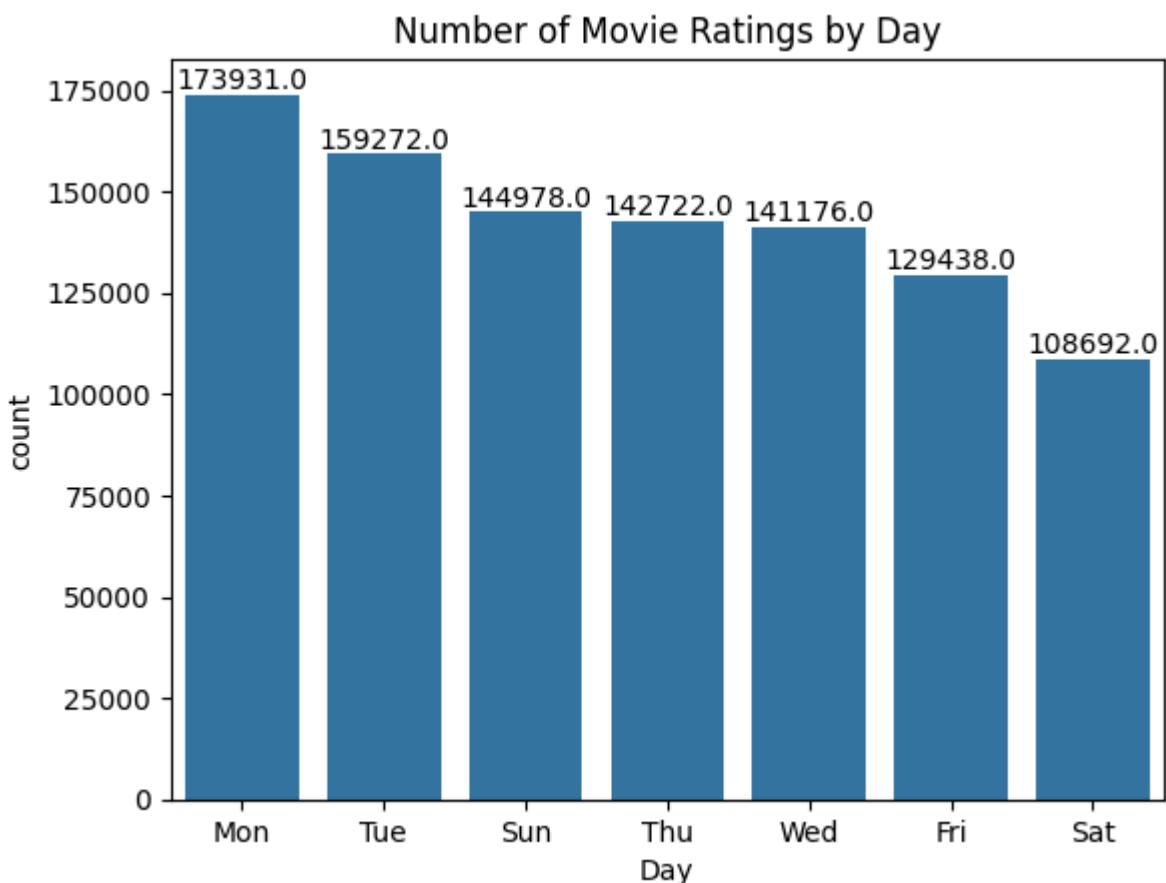
```
In [ ]: plt.title('Distribution of Age')
ax = sns.barplot(df.Age.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Age', y='count')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```



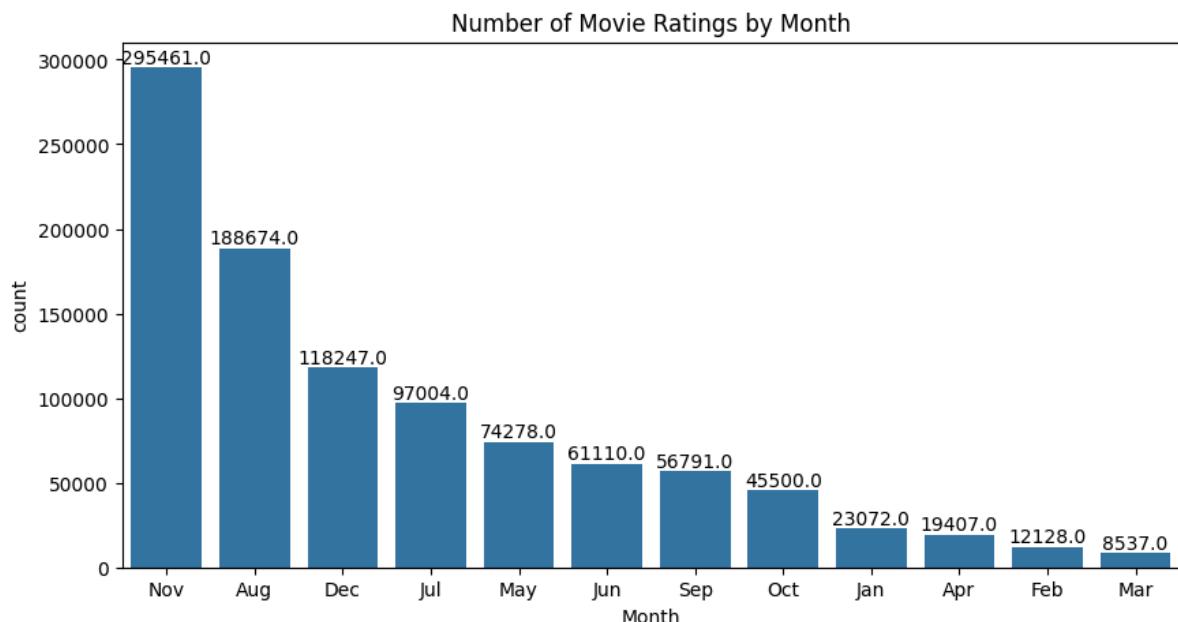
```
In [ ]: plt.title('Distribution of Movie Ratings')
ax = sns.barplot(df.Rating.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Rating', y='count')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```



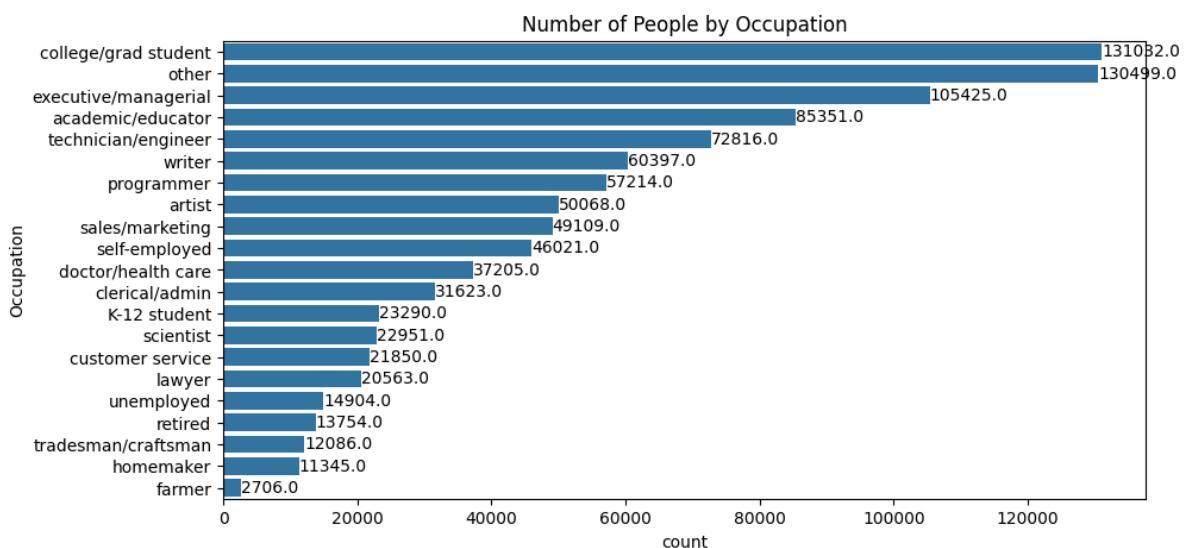
```
In [ ]: plt.title('Number of Movie Ratings by Day')
ax = sns.barplot(df.Day.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Day', y='count')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```



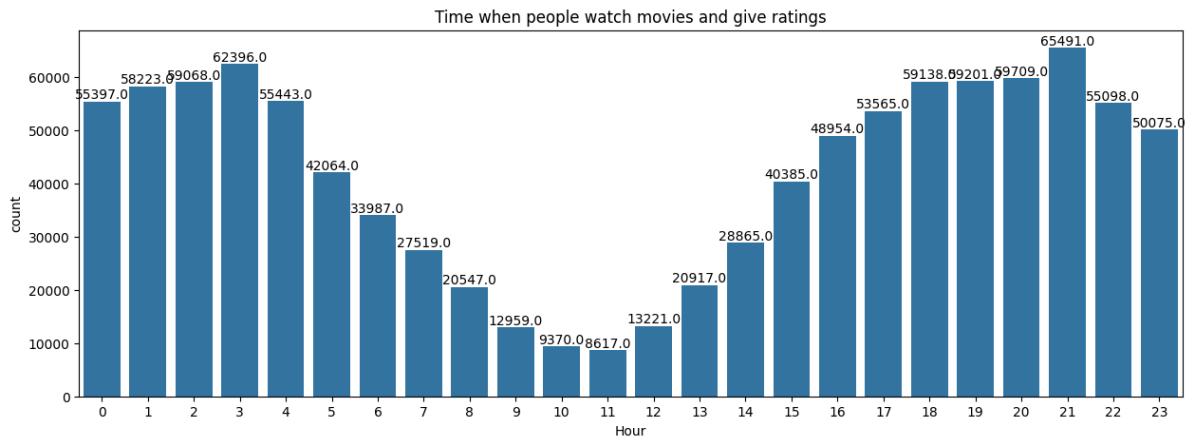
```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
ax = sns.barplot(df.Month.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Month', y='count')
plt.title('Number of Movie Ratings by Month')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
ax = sns.barplot(df.Occupation.value_counts().reset_index(), y='Occupation', x='count')
plt.title('Number of People by Occupation')
annotate(ax, rotation=True)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
plt.title('Time when people watch movies and give ratings')
ax = sns.barplot(df.Hour.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Hour', y='count')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: def get_gender_count_by_genre(_df, genre):
    _df = _df[_df[genre] == 1].groupby('Gender')['UserID'].count()
    _df.name = genre
    return _df

genre_df_list = []
for i in range(len(unique_genere)):
    _genre_count_df = get_gender_count_by_genre(df, unique_genere[i])
    genre_df_list.append(_genre_count_df)

gender_genre_df = pd.concat(genre_df_list, axis=1)
gender_genre_df.reset_index(inplace=True)
melted_gender_genre_df = gender_genre_df.melt(id_vars=['Gender'], var_name='Genre', value_name='Count')

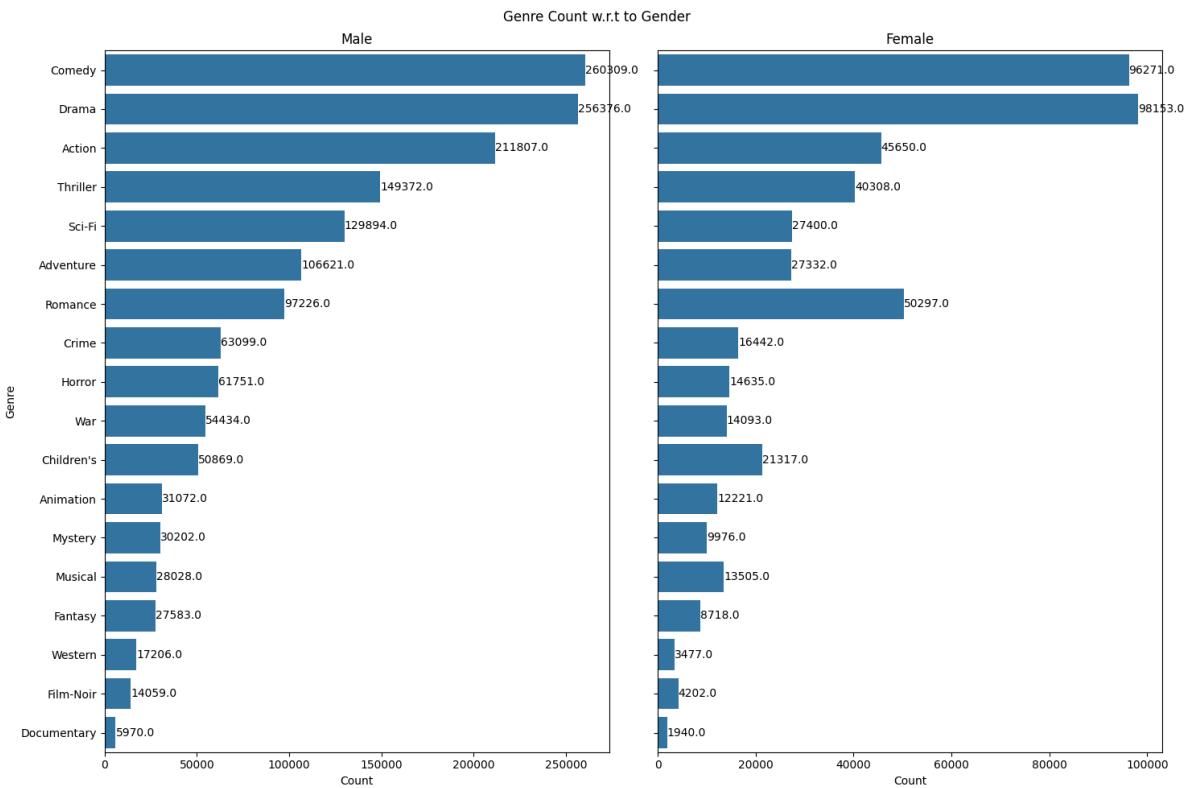
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15, 10), sharey=True)
plt.suptitle('Genre Count w.r.t to Gender')
for idx, gender in enumerate(['M', 'F']):

    temp_df = melted_gender_genre_df[melted_gender_genre_df['Gender'] == gender]
    temp_df = temp_df.drop(columns=['Gender'])
    temp_df.sort_values(by='Count', ascending=False, inplace=True)

    ax = axes[idx]
    _gender = 'Male' if gender == 'M' else 'Female'
    sns.barplot(data=temp_df, x='Count', y='Genre', ax=ax)
    ax.set_title(f'{_gender}')
    ax.set_xlabel('Count')
    ax.set_ylabel('Genre')

    annotate(ax, rotation=True)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: def get_genre_count_by_feature(_df, genre, feature, feature_order):
    _df = _df[_df[genre] == 1].groupby(feature)['UserID'].count()
    _df.name = genre
    _df = _df.reset_index()
    _df[feature] = pd.Categorical(_df[feature], categories=feature_order, ordered=True)
    _df = _df.sort_values(feature)
    _df = _df.set_index('Age')
    return _df

age_genre_list = []
custom_age_order = ['Under 18', '18-24', '25-34', '35-44', '45-49', '50-55', '56+']
for i in range(len(unique_genere)):
    age_genre_list.append(get_genre_count_by_feature(df, unique_genere[i], 'Age', custom_age_order))

df_final = pd.concat(age_genre_list, axis=1)
df_final = df_final.T
df_final.index.name = 'Genre'

# Plotting logic
n_cols = 2
n_rows = (len(df_final.columns) + 1) // 2 # Ceiling division to ensure enough rows
fig, axes = plt.subplots(n_rows, n_cols, figsize=(20, 20), sharey=True)
axes = axes.flatten() # Flatten to easily index axes in a loop

for i, age_group in enumerate(df_final.columns):
    temp_df = df_final[[age_group]].sort_values(by=age_group, ascending=False)
    temp_df = temp_df.reset_index()

    # Plot on the corresponding subplot
    ax = axes[i]
    sns.barplot(data=temp_df, x=age_group, y='Genre', ax=ax)
    ax.set_title(f'{age_group}')
    ax.set_xlabel('Count')
    ax.set_ylabel('Genre')

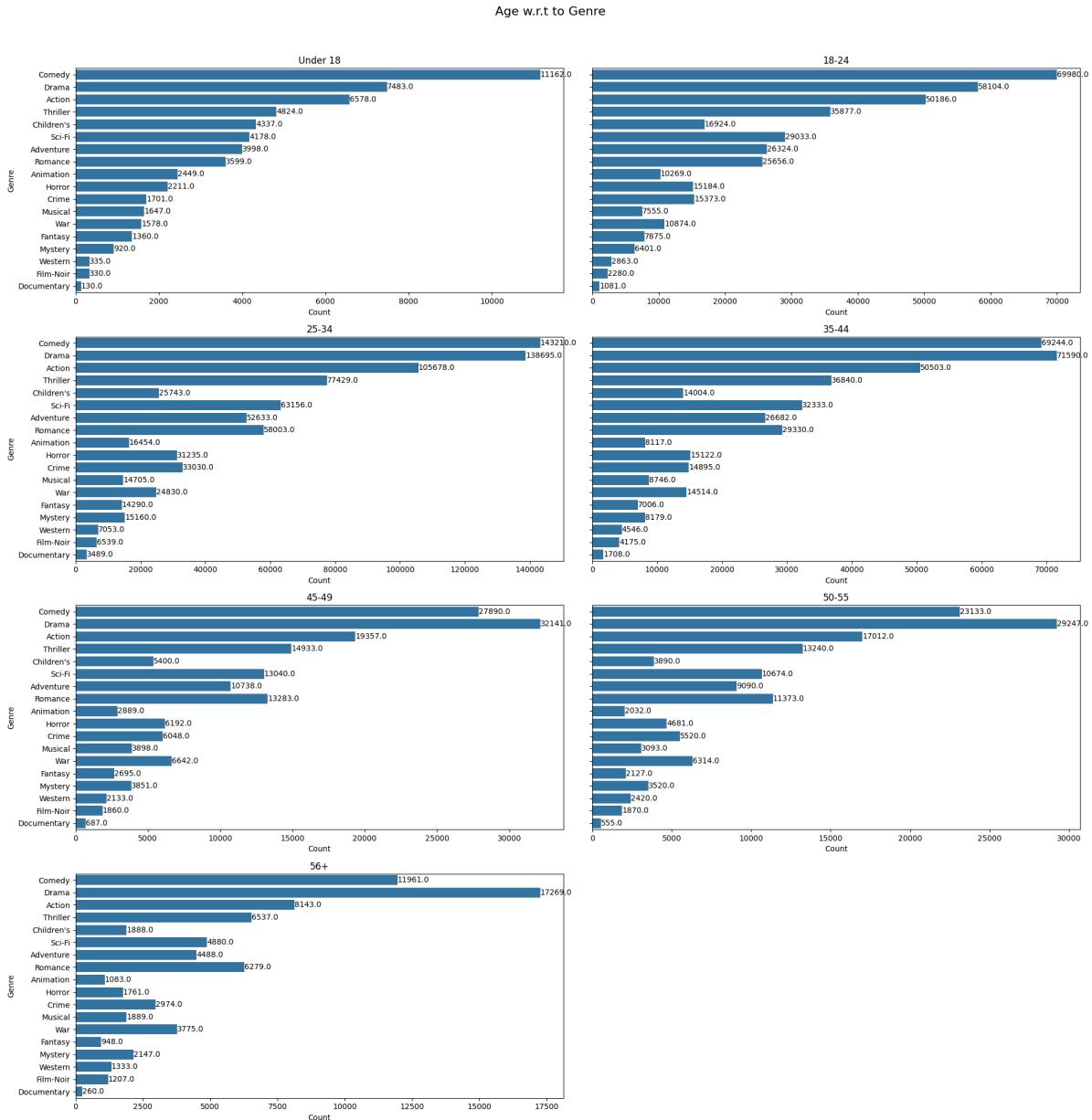
    annotate(ax, rotation=True)
```

```

# Remove empty subplots if any
for j in range(i + 1, len(axes)):
    fig.delaxes(axes[j])

fig.suptitle('Age w.r.t to Genre', fontsize=16, y=1.02) # Adjust y to avoid overlap
plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout to prevent overlap
plt.show()

```



```

In [ ]: def get_genre_count_by_occupation(_df, occupation, genres, genre_order):
    # Filter for the specific occupation
    _df = _df[_df['Occupation'] == occupation]
    # Count users for each genre where genre column == 1
    counts = []
    for genre in genres:
        count = _df[_df[genre] == 1]['UserID'].count()
        counts.append(count)
    # Create DataFrame with genre counts
    result_df = pd.DataFrame({
        'Genre': genres,
        'Count': counts
    })
    # Apply categorical order to genres (optional, for consistency)
    result_df['Genre'] = pd.Categorical(result_df['Genre'], categories=genre_order,
    # Sort by count for plotting
    result_df = result_df.sort_values('Count', ascending=False)

```

```

    return result_df

# List of occupations
custom_occupation_order = [
    'K-12 student', 'homemaker', 'programmer', 'technician/engineer',
    'academic/educator', 'clerical/admin', 'self-employed', 'other',
    'executive/managerial', 'college/grad student', 'writer',
    'retired', 'scientist', 'artist', 'customer service',
    'sales/marketing', 'doctor/health care', 'unemployed', 'lawyer',
    'farmer', 'tradesman/craftsman'
]

# Plotting logic
n_cols = 4 # Exactly 4 columns per row
n_rows = (len(custom_occupation_order) + n_cols - 1) // n_cols # Ceiling division
fig, axes = plt.subplots(n_rows, n_cols, figsize=(20, 5 * n_rows), sharey=True)
axes = axes.flatten() # Flatten for easy indexing

for i, occupation in enumerate(custom_occupation_order):
    # Get genre counts for the current occupation
    temp_df = get_genre_count_by_occupation(df, occupation, unique_genere, unique_&

        # Plot on the corresponding subplot
        ax = axes[i]
        sns.barplot(data=temp_df, x='Count', y='Genre', ax=ax)
        ax.set_title(f'{occupation}')
        ax.set_xlabel('User Count')
        ax.set_ylabel('Genre')

        annotate(ax, rotation=True)

# Remove empty subplots (last 3 in 6x4 grid)
for j in range(i + 1, len(axes)):
    fig.delaxes(axes[j])

fig.suptitle('Genres w.r.t Occupation', fontsize=16, y=1.02) # Figure-Level title
plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout
plt.show()

```

Genres w.r.t Occupation



In []: df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000209 entries, 0 to 1000208
Data columns (total 32 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0   Movie ID    1000209 non-null   int64  
 1   Title        1000209 non-null   object  
 2   ReleaseYear  1000209 non-null   object  
 3   Action        1000209 non-null   int64  
 4   Adventure    1000209 non-null   int64  
 5   Animation    1000209 non-null   int64  
 6   Children's   1000209 non-null   int64  
 7   Comedy        1000209 non-null   int64  
 8   Crime         1000209 non-null   int64  
 9   Documentary  1000209 non-null   int64  
 10  Drama         1000209 non-null   int64  
 11  Fantasy       1000209 non-null   int64  
 12  Film-Noir    1000209 non-null   int64  
 13  Horror        1000209 non-null   int64  
 14  Musical        1000209 non-null   int64  
 15  Mystery       1000209 non-null   int64  
 16  Romance       1000209 non-null   int64  
 17  Sci-Fi        1000209 non-null   int64  
 18  Thriller      1000209 non-null   int64  
 19  War           1000209 non-null   int64  
 20  Western        1000209 non-null   int64  
 21  UserID         1000209 non-null   int64  
 22  Rating         1000209 non-null   int64  
 23  Timestamp     1000209 non-null   datetime64[ns] 
 24  Month          1000209 non-null   object  
 25  Year           1000209 non-null   int32  
 26  Day            1000209 non-null   object  
 27  Hour           1000209 non-null   int32  
 28  Gender          1000209 non-null   object  
 29  Age             1000209 non-null   object  
 30  Occupation     1000209 non-null   object  
 31  Zip-code       1000209 non-null   object  
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), int32(2), int64(21), object(8)
memory usage: 236.6+ MB
```

```
In [ ]: for i in df.columns:
         print(i, df[i].nunique())
```

```
Movie ID 3706
Title 3664
ReleaseYear 81
Action 2
Adventure 2
Animation 2
Children's 2
Comedy 2
Crime 2
Documentary 2
Drama 2
Fantasy 2
Film-Noir 2
Horror 2
Musical 2
Mystery 2
Romance 2
Sci-Fi 2
Thriller 2
War 2
Western 2
UserID 6040
Rating 5
Timestamp 458455
Month 12
Year 4
Day 7
Hour 24
Gender 2
Age 7
Occupation 21
Zip-code 3439
```

```
In [ ]: df.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

| | Movie ID | Title | ReleaseYear | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime | Docume |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|--------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

```
In [ ]: top_rated_2021 = df[(df['Year'] == 2001) & (df['Rating'] == 5) & (df['Month'] == top_rated_2021)
```

Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Title | ReleaseYear | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime |
|--------|----------|---------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 6 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 171 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 210 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 430 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 999261 | 3948 | Meet the Parents | 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 999455 | 3949 | Requiem for a Dream | 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 999535 | 3949 | Requiem for a Dream | 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 999699 | 3949 | Requiem for a Dream | 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 999781 | 3951 | Two Family House | 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

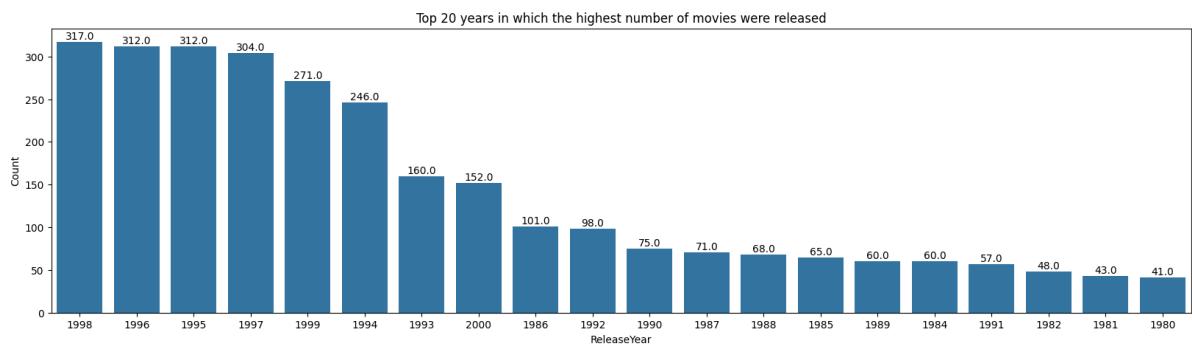
3464 rows × 32 columns

In []:

```

year_unique_titles_df = df[['Title','ReleaseYear']].drop_duplicates()
year_unique_titles_df = year_unique_titles_df.sort_values(by='ReleaseYear')
year_move_count_df = year_unique_titles_df.groupby(by='ReleaseYear')[['Title']].count
year_move_count_df.name = 'Count'
year_move_count_df = year_move_count_df.sort_values(ascending=False)
year_move_count_df = year_move_count_df.head(40).reset_index()
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
plt.title('Top 20 years in which the highest number of movies were released')
ax = sns.barplot(year_move_count_df.head(20), x=year_move_count_df.columns[0], y=year_move_count_df['Count'])
plt.show()

```



Modelling Recommender system

User-Movie Matrix

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix = pd.pivot_table(df, index='UserID', columns='Title', values='Rating')
user_movie_matrix.head(10)
```

Out[]:

| Title | \$1,000,000 Duck | 'Night Mother | 'Til There Was You | 'Burbs, The | ...And Justice for All | 1-900 | 10 Things I Hate About You | 101 Dalmatians | 12 Angry Men | 13th Warrior, The |
|-------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|
|-------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|

UserID

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| 1 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN |
| 2 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN |
| 3 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN |
| 4 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN |
| 5 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN |
| 6 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN |
| 7 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN |
| 8 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN |
| 9 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN |
| 10 | NaN | NaN | NaN | 4.000 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | 3.000 | 4.000 |

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.fillna(0, inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

| Title | \$1,000,000 Duck | 'Night Mother | There Was You | 'Til 'burbs, The | ...And Justice for All | 1- 900 | 10 Things I Hate About You | 101 Dalmatians | 12 Angry Men | 13th Warrior, The |
|-------|------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|------------------------|--------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|
|-------|------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|------------------------|--------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|

UserID

| 1 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 2 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 3 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 4 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 5 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |

```
◀ ▶
```

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: (6040, 3664)
```

Recommender System based on Pearson Correlation (Item-based)

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.columns[:10]
```

```
Out[ ]: Index(['$1,000,000 Duck', "'Night Mother", "'Til There Was You", "'burbs, The",
   "...And Justice for All", '1-900', '10 Things I Hate About You',
   '101 Dalmatians', '12 Angry Men', '13th Warrior, The'],
  dtype='object', name='Title')
```

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.loc[:, "'Til There Was You"]
```

```
Out[ ]: 'Til There Was You
```

| UserID | |
|--------|-------|
| 1 | 0.000 |
| 2 | 0.000 |
| 3 | 0.000 |
| 4 | 0.000 |
| 5 | 0.000 |
| ... | ... |
| 6036 | 0.000 |
| 6037 | 0.000 |
| 6038 | 0.000 |
| 6039 | 0.000 |
| 6040 | 0.000 |

6040 rows × 1 columns

dtype: float64

```
In [ ]: similar_movies = user_movie_matrix.corrwith(user_movie_matrix.loc[:, "'Til There Was You'])  
similar_movies = similar_movies.sort_values(ascending=False)  
similar_movies[1:5].head(5)
```

| Title | 0 |
|---------------------------------|-------|
| If Lucy Fell | 0.267 |
| Picture Perfect | 0.256 |
| To Gillian on Her 37th Birthday | 0.241 |
| Mad Love | 0.231 |
| Practical Magic | 0.230 |

dtype: float64

```
In [ ]: sim_df = pd.DataFrame(similar_movies, columns=['Correlation'])  
sim_df.sort_values('Correlation', ascending=False, inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: sim_df.iloc[1:, :]
```

Out[]:

Correlation

| Title | |
|---------------------------------|--------|
| If Lucy Fell | 0.267 |
| Picture Perfect | 0.256 |
| To Gillian on Her 37th Birthday | 0.241 |
| Mad Love | 0.231 |
| Practical Magic | 0.230 |
| ... | ... |
| Kelly's Heroes | -0.014 |
| Boat, The (Das Boot) | -0.014 |
| Good, The Bad and The Ugly, The | -0.014 |
| High Plains Drifter | -0.016 |
| Magnum Force | -0.016 |

3663 rows × 1 columns

Item-Item Similarity

```
In [ ]: item_sim = cosine_similarity(user_movie_matrix.T)
item_sim
```

```
Out[ ]: array([[1.          , 0.07235746, 0.03701053, ... , 0.          , 0.12024178,
   0.02700277],
 [0.07235746, 1.          , 0.11528952, ... , 0.          , 0.          ,
  0.07780705],
 [0.03701053, 0.11528952, 1.          , ... , 0.          , 0.04752635,
  0.0632837 ],
 ...,
 [0.          , 0.          , 0.          , ... , 1.          , 0.          ,
  0.04564448],
 [0.12024178, 0.          , 0.04752635, ... , 0.          , 1.          ,
  0.04433508],
 [0.02700277, 0.07780705, 0.0632837 , ... , 0.04564448, 0.04433508,
  1.          ]])
```

```
In [ ]: item_sim_mat = pd.DataFrame(item_sim, index=user_movie_matrix.columns, columns=user
item_sim_mat.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

| Title | \$1,000,000 Duck | 'Night Mother | 'Til There Was You | 'burbs, The | ...And Justice for All | 1-900 | 10 Things I Hate About You | 101 Dalmatians | 12 Angry Men | 13 Warr... |
|-------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
|-------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|

| Title | \$1,000,000 Duck | 'Night Mother | 'Til There Was You | 'burbs, The | ...And Justice for All | 1-900 | 10 Things I Hate About You | 101 Dalmatians | 12 Angry Men | 13 Warr... |
|------------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
| \$1,000,000 Duck | 1.000 | 0.072 | 0.037 | 0.079 | 0.061 | 0.000 | 0.059 | 0.190 | 0.095 | 0.0 |
| 'Night Mother | 0.072 | 1.000 | 0.115 | 0.116 | 0.160 | 0.000 | 0.077 | 0.137 | 0.111 | 0.0 |
| 'Til There Was You | 0.037 | 0.115 | 1.000 | 0.099 | 0.066 | 0.080 | 0.128 | 0.129 | 0.079 | 0.0 |
| 'burbs, The | 0.079 | 0.116 | 0.099 | 1.000 | 0.144 | 0.000 | 0.192 | 0.250 | 0.171 | 0.1 |
| ...And Justice for All | 0.061 | 0.160 | 0.066 | 0.144 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.075 | 0.179 | 0.205 | 0.1 |

User-User similarity matrix

```
In [ ]: user_sim = cosine_similarity(user_movie_matrix)
user_sim
```

```
Out[ ]: array([[1.          , 0.09638153, 0.12060981, ... , 0.          , 0.17460369,
   0.13359025],
 [0.09638153, 1.          , 0.1514786 , ... , 0.06611767, 0.0664575 ,
   0.21827563],
 [0.12060981, 0.1514786 , 1.          , ... , 0.12023352, 0.09467506,
   0.13314404],
 ...,
 [0.          , 0.06611767, 0.12023352, ... , 1.          , 0.16171426,
   0.09930008],
 [0.17460369, 0.0664575 , 0.09467506, ... , 0.16171426, 1.          ,
   0.22833237],
 [0.13359025, 0.21827563, 0.13314404, ... , 0.09930008, 0.22833237,
   1.          ]])
```

```
In [ ]: user_sim_mat = pd.DataFrame(user_sim, index=user_movie_matrix.index, columns=user_
user_sim_mat.head()
```

| | UserID | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
|---|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| | UserID | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| 1 | 1.000 | 0.096 | 0.121 | 0.132 | 0.090 | 0.179 | 0.060 | 0.138 | 0.226 | 0.255 | 0.130 | 0.110 | 0.124 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 0.096 | 1.000 | 0.151 | 0.171 | 0.114 | 0.101 | 0.306 | 0.211 | 0.190 | 0.228 | 0.197 | 0.096 | 0.317 | 0.0 |
| 3 | 0.121 | 0.151 | 1.000 | 0.151 | 0.063 | 0.075 | 0.138 | 0.078 | 0.126 | 0.214 | 0.174 | 0.084 | 0.277 | 0.0 |
| 4 | 0.132 | 0.171 | 0.151 | 1.000 | 0.045 | 0.014 | 0.130 | 0.101 | 0.094 | 0.121 | 0.068 | 0.066 | 0.196 | 0.0 |
| 5 | 0.090 | 0.114 | 0.063 | 0.045 | 1.000 | 0.047 | 0.126 | 0.221 | 0.261 | 0.118 | 0.221 | 0.045 | 0.118 | 0.1 |

In []: user_movie_matrix.T.values

Out[]: array([[0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
 ...,
 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
 [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]])

Item based approach using Neighbors algorithm and Cosine Similarity

In []: csr_mat = sparse.csr_matrix(user_movie_matrix.T.values)
 csr_mat

Out[]: <Compressed Sparse Row sparse matrix of dtype 'float64'
 with 997085 stored elements and shape (3664, 6040)>

In []: knn = NearestNeighbors(n_neighbors=5, metric='cosine', n_jobs=-1)
 knn.fit(csr_mat)

Out[]: ▾ NearestNeighbors ⓘ ?
 NearestNeighbors(metric='cosine', n_jobs=-1)

In []: movie_name = "'Til There Was You"
 movie_index = user_movie_matrix.columns.get_loc(movie_name)

In []: distances, indices = knn.kneighbors(user_movie_matrix[movie_name].values.reshape(1,

In []: for i in range(0, len(distances.flatten())):
 if i == 0:
 print('Recommendations for the movie: {0}\n'.format(movie_name))
 else:
 print('{0}: {1}, with distance of {2}'.format(i, user_movie_matrix.columns[

Recommendations for the movie: 'Til There Was You

- 1: If Lucy Fell, with distance of 0.726
 - 2: Picture Perfect, with distance of 0.735
 - 3: To Gillian on Her 37th Birthday, with distance of 0.751
 - 4: Practical Magic, with distance of 0.759
 - 5: Mad Love, with distance of 0.763
 - 6: Something to Talk About, with distance of 0.764
 - 7: Circle of Friends, with distance of 0.766
 - 8: Beautician and the Beast, The, with distance of 0.77
 - 9: Evening Star, The, with distance of 0.772
 - 10: How to Make an American Quilt, with distance of 0.774

Matrix Factorization

In [1]: df.head()

Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Title | ReleaseYear | Action | Adventure | Animation | Children's | Comedy | Crime | Documentary |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|-------|-------------|
| 0 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 1 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 2 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 3 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |
| 4 | 1 | Toy Story | 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | |

```
In [ ]: df_movies = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital Notes/BusinessC
```

```
In [ ]: df ratings.columns
```

```
Out[ ]: Index(['UserID', 'MovieID', 'Rating', 'Timestamp', 'Month', 'Year', 'Day',
              'Hour'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [ ]: rm = df_ratings.pivot(index = 'UserID', columns ='MovieID', values = 'Rating').fillna(0)
rm.head()
```

```
In [ ]: rm_raw = df_ratings[['UserID', 'MovieID', 'Rating']].copy()
rm_raw.columns = ['UserId', 'ItemId', 'Rating']
rm_raw.head(2)
```

```
Out[ ]:   UserId  ItemId  Rating
```

| | | | |
|---|---|------|---|
| 0 | 1 | 1193 | 5 |
| 1 | 1 | 661 | 3 |

```
In [ ]: model = CMF(method="als", k=2, lambda_=0.1, user_bias=False, item_bias=False, verbose=True)
model.fit(rm_raw)
```

```
Out[ ]: Collective matrix factorization model
(explicit-feedback variant)
```

```
In [ ]: model.A_.shape, model.B_.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: ((6040, 2), (3706, 2))
```

```
In [ ]: rm_raw.Rating.mean(), model.glob_mean_
```

```
Out[ ]: (np.float64(3.581564453029317), 3.581564426422119)
```

```
In [ ]: rm.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: (6040, 3706)
```

```
In [ ]: rm__ = np.dot(model.A_, model.B_.T) + model.glob_mean_
# mse(rm.values[rm > 0], rm__[rm > 0])**0.5
print('RMSE : ', round(rmse(rm.values[rm > 0], rm__[rm > 0]),2))
print('MSE : ', round(mse(rm.values[rm > 0], rm__[rm > 0]),2))
print('MAPE : ', round(mape(rm.values[rm > 0], rm__[rm > 0]),2))
```

```
RMSE : 1.3
```

```
MSE : 1.7
```

```
MAPE : 0.38
```

Overlap

```
In [ ]: top_items = model.topN(user=1, n=10)
df_movies.loc[df_movies['Movie ID'].isin(top_items)]
```

Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Title | Genres |
|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 638 | 643 | Peanuts - Die Bank zahlt alles (1996) | Comedy |
| 883 | 895 | Venice/Venice (1992) | Drama |
| 1397 | 1421 | Grateful Dead (1995) | Documentary |
| 2754 | 2823 | Spiders, The (Die Spinnen, 1. Teil: Der Golden...) | Action Drama |
| 2842 | 2911 | Grandfather, The (El Abuelo) (1998) | Drama |
| 3264 | 3333 | Killing of Sister George, The (1968) | Drama |
| 3311 | 3380 | Railroaded! (1947) | Film-Noir |
| 3462 | 3531 | All the Vermeers in New York (1990) | Comedy Drama Romance |
| 3748 | 3818 | Pot O' Gold (1941) | Comedy Musical |
| 3822 | 3892 | Anatomy (Anatomie) (2000) | Horror |

In []:

```
top_items = model.topN(user=10, n=10)
df_movies.loc[df_movies['Movie ID'].isin(top_items)]
```

Out[]:

| | Movie ID | Title | Genres |
|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 638 | 643 | Peanuts - Die Bank zahlt alles (1996) | Comedy |
| 883 | 895 | Venice/Venice (1992) | Drama |
| 1397 | 1421 | Grateful Dead (1995) | Documentary |
| 2469 | 2538 | Dancemaker (1998) | Documentary |
| 2754 | 2823 | Spiders, The (Die Spinnen, 1. Teil: Der Golden...) | Action Drama |
| 2842 | 2911 | Grandfather, The (El Abuelo) (1998) | Drama |
| 3311 | 3380 | Railroaded! (1947) | Film-Noir |
| 3462 | 3531 | All the Vermeers in New York (1990) | Comedy Drama Romance |
| 3748 | 3818 | Pot O' Gold (1941) | Comedy Musical |
| 3822 | 3892 | Anatomy (Anatomie) (2000) | Horror |

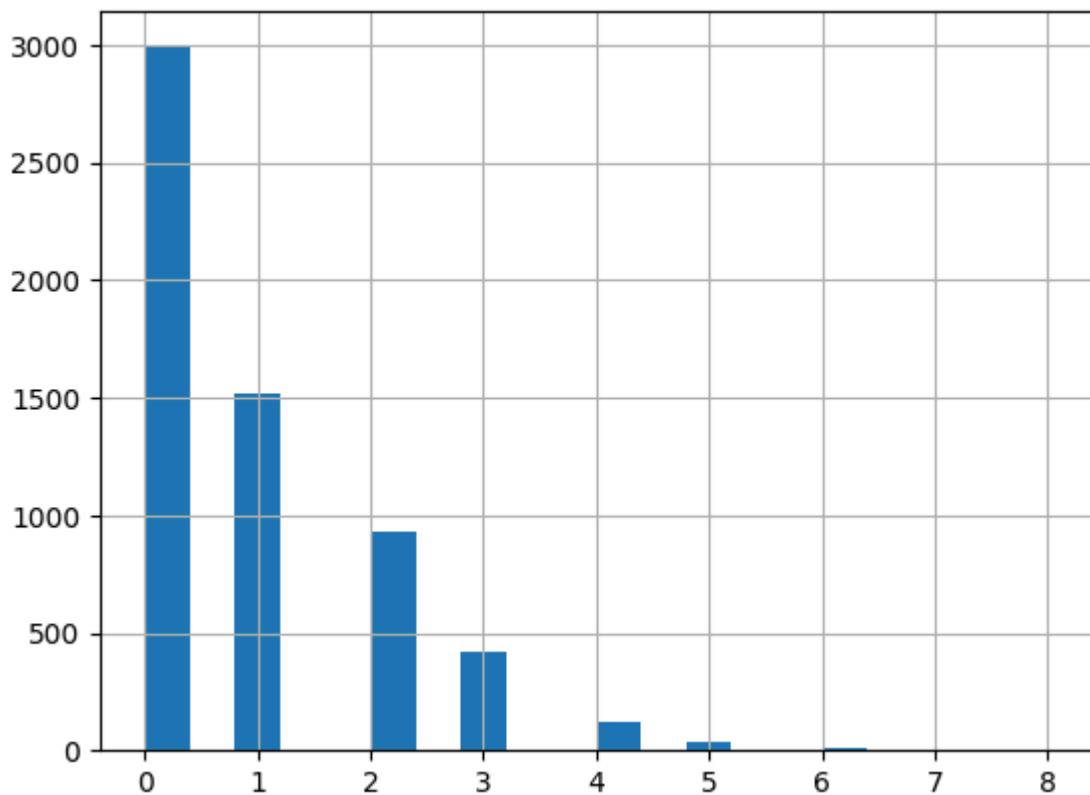
In []:

```
overlap= []
num_rec = []
n = 20
for user in df_ratings['UserID'].unique():
    top_items = model.topN(user=user, n=n)
    user_movies = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user)]['MovieID']
    valid_rec = set(top_items).intersection(set(user_movies)) # I can only measure

    _ = len(set(df_ratings.loc[df_ratings['UserID']==user].sort_values(by='Rating',
    overlap.append(_)
    num_rec.append(len(valid_rec))

print('avg_perc_overlap:', np.array(overlap).mean() / np.array(num_rec).mean())
pd.Series(overlap).hist(bins=20)
plt.show()
```

avg_perc_overlap: 0.34503222512921955

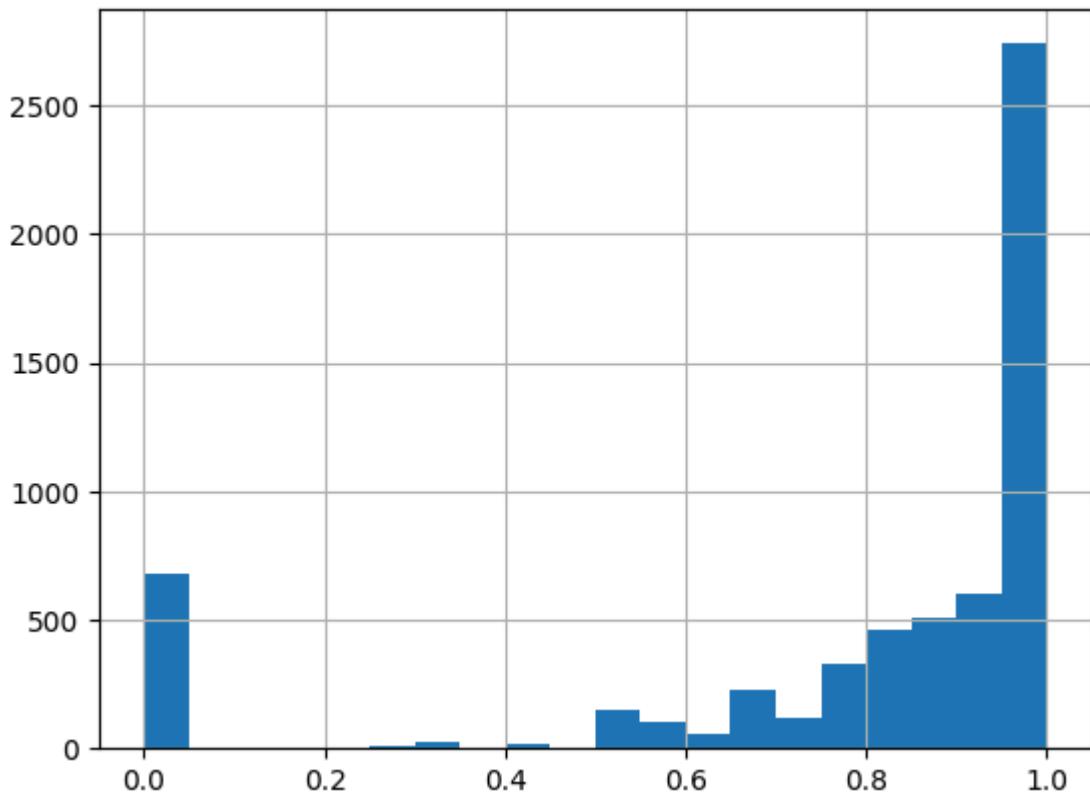


K-precision

```
In [ ]: overlap=[]
for user in df_ratings['UserID'].unique():
    recommendations = model.topN(user=user, n=100)
    user_movies = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user)]['MovieID']
    valid_rec = set(recommendations).intersection(set(user_movies)) # I can only measure items I have rated
    relevant_items = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user) & (df_ratings['Rating']>0)]
    try:
        _ = len(set(recommendations).intersection(set(relevant_items))) / len(valid_rec)
    except:
        _ = 0
    overlap.append(_)

overlap = np.array(overlap)
print('avg:', overlap.mean())
pd.Series(overlap).hist(bins=20)
plt.show()
```

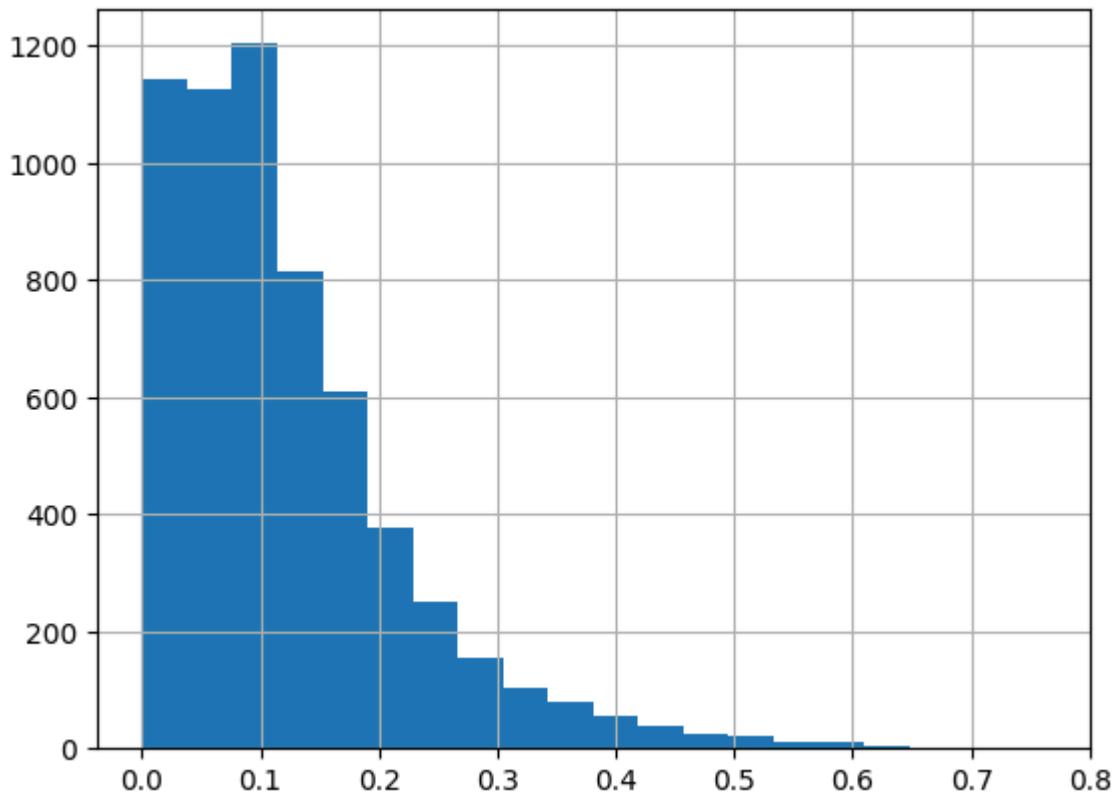
avg: 0.7941254267523916



```
In [ ]: overlap=[]
for user in df_ratings['UserID'].unique():
    recommendations = model.topN(user=user, n=100)
    user_movies = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user)]['MovieID']
    valid_rec = set(recommendations).intersection(set(user_movies)) # I can only make recommendations for movies I have rated
    relevant_items = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user) & (df_ratings['Rating']>0)]
    try:
        _ = len(set(recommendations).intersection(set(relevant_items))) / len(set(relevant_items))
    except:
        _ = 0
    overlap.append(_)

overlap = np.array(overlap)
print('avg:', overlap.mean())
pd.Series(overlap).hist(bins=20)
plt.show()
```

avg: 0.1206196870105706



Recommender System based Pearson Correlation (User-based)

```
In [ ]: similar_users = user_movie_matrix.T.corrwith(user_movie_matrix.T.loc[:,5])
similar_users = similar_users.sort_values(ascending=False)
similar_users[1:20].index[:20]
```

```
Out[ ]: Index([1484, 5452, 281, 3538, 1407, 5749, 5826, 5718, 5496, 3240, 1636, 2918,
               1255, 4607, 225, 944, 1104, 2870, 5047, 4995],
               dtype='int64', name='UserID')
```

```
In [ ]: user_movies_watched = user_movie_matrix.T.loc[:, 5] # User ID 4 in your example
user_movies_watched = user_movies_watched.astype('int')
movies_already_watched = user_movies_watched[user_movies_watched != 0].index

top_similar_users = similar_users.index[:10] # top 10 similar users

similar_users_movies = user_movie_matrix.loc[top_similar_users]

movie_recommendation_scores = similar_users_movies.mean(axis=0)
movie_recommendation_scores.drop(movies_already_watched, inplace=True)

recommended_movies = movie_recommendation_scores.sort_values(ascending=False).head()
recommended_movie_name = recommended_movies.index

print('Recommended movies are :\n')
for i in recommended_movie_name:
    print(i)
```

Rcommended movies are :

Shakespeare in Love
Fugitive, The
Boogie Nights
To Die For
Clerks
Toy Story 2
Crying Game, The
What's Eating Gilbert Grape
Groundhog Day
Terminator 2: Judgment Day

In []: