



BusinessCase

Lohith Kumar Kasula

Data Dictionary

RATINGS FILE DESCRIPTION

=====

All ratings are contained in the file "ratings.dat" and are in the following format:

UserID::MovieID::Rating::Timestamp

- **UserID**s range between 1 and 6040
- **MovieID**s range between 1 and 3952
- **Ratings** are made on a 5-star scale (whole-star ratings only)
- **Timestamp** is represented in seconds
- Each user has at least 20 ratings

USERS FILE DESCRIPTION

=====

User information is in the file "users.dat" and is in the following format:

UserID::Gender::Age::Occupation::Zip-code

All demographic information is provided voluntarily by the users and is not checked for accuracy. Only users who have provided some demographic information are included in this data set.

Gender is denoted by a "M" for male and "F" for female

Age is chosen from the following ranges:

- 1: "Under 18"
- 18: "18-24"
- 25: "25-34"
- 35: "35-44"

- 45: "45-49"
- 50: "50-55"
- 56: "56+"

Occupation is chosen from the following choices:

- 0: "other" or not specified
- 1: "academic/educator"
- 2: "artist"
- 3: "clerical/admin"
- 4: "college/grad student"
- 5: "customer service"
- 6: "doctor/health care"
- 7: "executive/managerial"
- 8: "farmer"
- 9: "homemaker"
- 10: "K-12 student"
- 11: "lawyer"
- 12: "programmer"
- 13: "retired"
- 14: "sales/marketing"
- 15: "scientist"
- 16: "self-employed"
- 17: "technician/engineer"
- 18: "tradesman/craftsman"
- 19: "unemployed"
- 20: "writer"

MOVIES FILE DESCRIPTION

=====

Movie information is in the file "movies.dat" and is in the following format:

MovieID::Title::Genres

Titles are identical to titles provided by the IMDB (including year of release)

Genres are pipe-separated and are selected from the following genres:

- Action
- Adventure
- Animation
- Children's
- Comedy
- Crime
- Documentary
- Drama
- Fantasy
- Film-Noir
- Horror
- Musical
- Mystery
- Romance
- Sci-Fi
- Thriller
- War
- Western

Concepts Tested:

- Recommender Engine
- Collaborative Filtering (Item-based & User-based Approach)
- Pearson Correlation
- Nearest Neighbors using Cosine Similarity
- Matrix Factorization

Importing all the required packages

```
In [ ]: !pip install cmfrec
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: cmfrec in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (3.5.1.post11)
Requirement already satisfied: cython in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (3.0.12)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.25 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (1.14.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: findblas in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from cmfrec) (0.1.26.post1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->cmfrec) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->cmfrec) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->cmfrec) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas->cmfrec) (1.17.0)
```

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
from google.colab import drive
import chardet
import pickle
import re
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
from scipy import sparse
from sklearn.neighbors import NearestNeighbors
from cmfrec import CMF
from sklearn.metrics import (r2_score, mean_squared_error as mse,
                             mean_absolute_error as mae,
                             root_mean_squared_error as rmse,
                             mean_absolute_percentage_error as mape)
```

```
In [ ]: pd.set_option('display.float_format', '{:.3f}'.format)
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
drive.mount('/content/drive')
path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessCases/12_Zee_Recom
for i in ['zee-movies', 'zee-ratings', 'zee-users']:
    with open(path.format(i), 'rb') as f:
        result = chardet.detect(f.read(10000))
        print(result)
```

```
Mounted at /content/drive
{'encoding': 'ISO-8859-1', 'confidence': 0.73, 'language': ''}
{'encoding': 'ascii', 'confidence': 1.0, 'language': ''}
{'encoding': 'ascii', 'confidence': 1.0, 'language': ''}
```

```
In [ ]: df_movies = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessC
df_ratings = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/Business
df_users = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessCa
```

Data Cleaning

```
In [ ]: df_movies.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	Movie ID	Title	Genres
0	1	Toy Story (1995)	Animation Children's Comedy
1	2	Jumanji (1995)	Adventure Children's Fantasy
2	3	Grumpier Old Men (1995)	Comedy Romance
3	4	Waiting to Exhale (1995)	Comedy Drama
4	5	Father of the Bride Part II (1995)	Comedy

```
In [ ]: df_movies['Genres'] = df_movies['Genres'].str.split('|')
df_exploded = df_movies.explode('Genres')
df_exploded.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	Movie ID	Title	Genres
0	1	Toy Story (1995)	Animation
0	1	Toy Story (1995)	Children's
0	1	Toy Story (1995)	Comedy
1	2	Jumanji (1995)	Adventure
1	2	Jumanji (1995)	Children's

```
In [ ]: def get_only_title(title):
        return [title.rsplit(' ', 1)[0], title.rsplit(' ', 1)[1].strip('(')]

df_movies[['MovieTitle', 'ReleaseYear']] = df_movies.loc[:, 'Title'].apply(get_only_title)
df_movies.drop(columns=['Title'], inplace=True)
df_movies.rename({'MovieTitle': 'Title'}, axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: df_movies.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	Movie ID	Genres	Title	ReleaseYear
0	1	[Animation, Children's, Comedy]	Toy Story	1995
1	2	[Adventure, Children's, Fantasy]	Jumanji	1995
2	3	[Comedy, Romance]	Grumpier Old Men	1995
3	4	[Comedy, Drama]	Waiting to Exhale	1995
4	5	[Comedy]	Father of the Bride Part II	1995

```
In [ ]: genre_dummies = pd.get_dummies(df_exploded['Genres']).groupby(df_exploded.index).sum()
genre_dummies.head(5)
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime	Documentary	Drama	Fantasy	Film No
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	
4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	

```
In [ ]: unique_genere = genre_dummies.columns
unique_genere
```

```
Out[ ]: Index(['Action', 'Adventure', 'Animation', 'Children's', 'Comedy', 'Crime',
'Documentary', 'Drama', 'Fantasy', 'Film-Noir', 'Horror', 'Musical',
'Mystery', 'Romance', 'Sci-Fi', 'Thriller', 'War', 'Western'],
dtype='object')
```

```
In [ ]: final_movie_df = df_movies.join(genre_dummies, how='inner', lsuffix='', rsuffix='')
final_movie_df.drop('Genres', axis=1, inplace=True)
final_movie_df.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	Movie ID	Title	ReleaseYear	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime	Doc
0	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
1	2	Jumanji	1995	0	1	0	1	0	0	
2	3	Grumpier Old Men	1995	0	0	0	0	1	0	
3	4	Waiting to Exhale	1995	0	0	0	0	1	0	
4	5	Father of the Bride Part II	1995	0	0	0	0	1	0	

```
In [ ]: df_ratings.head()
df_ratings['Timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(df_ratings['Timestamp'], unit='s')
df_ratings['Month'] = df_ratings['Timestamp'].dt.strftime('%b')
df_ratings['Year'] = df_ratings['Timestamp'].dt.year
df_ratings['Day'] = df_ratings['Timestamp'].dt.strftime('%a')
df_ratings['Hour'] = df_ratings['Timestamp'].dt.hour
```

```
In [ ]: df_ratings
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	UserID	MovieID	Rating	Timestamp	Month	Year	Day	Hour
0	1	1193	5	2000-12-31 22:12:40	Dec	2000	Sun	22
1	1	661	3	2000-12-31 22:35:09	Dec	2000	Sun	22
2	1	914	3	2000-12-31 22:32:48	Dec	2000	Sun	22
3	1	3408	4	2000-12-31 22:04:35	Dec	2000	Sun	22
4	1	2355	5	2001-01-06 23:38:11	Jan	2001	Sat	23
...
1000204	6040	1091	1	2000-04-26 02:35:41	Apr	2000	Wed	2
1000205	6040	1094	5	2000-04-25 23:21:27	Apr	2000	Tue	23
1000206	6040	562	5	2000-04-25 23:19:06	Apr	2000	Tue	23
1000207	6040	1096	4	2000-04-26 02:20:48	Apr	2000	Wed	2
1000208	6040	1097	4	2000-04-26 02:19:29	Apr	2000	Wed	2

1000209 rows × 8 columns

```
In [ ]: df_users.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	UserID	Gender	Age	Occupation	Zip-code
0	1	F	1	10	48067
1	2	M	56	16	70072
2	3	M	25	15	55117
3	4	M	45	7	02460
4	5	M	25	20	55455

```
In [ ]: df_movies_ratings = pd.merge(final_movie_df, df_ratings, how='inner', left_on='MovieID', right_on='MovieID')
df_movies_ratings.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	MovieID	Title	ReleaseYear	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime	Documentary
0	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
2	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
3	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
4	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	0

```
In [ ]: df_movies_ratings.drop('MovieID', axis=1, inplace=True)
df_movies_ratings.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	Movie ID	Title	ReleaseYear	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime	Docume
0	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
1	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
2	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
3	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
4	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	

```
In [ ]: df = pd.merge(df_movies_ratings, df_users, on='UserID',how='inner')
df.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	Movie ID	Title	ReleaseYear	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime	Docume
0	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
1	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
2	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
3	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
4	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	

```
In [ ]: with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessCases/12_Zee_Re
pickle.dump(df, f)
```

```
In [ ]: df.replace(
{
    'Occupation' : {
        0: "other",
        1: "academic/educator",
        2: "artist",
        3: "clerical/admin",
        4: "college/grad student",
        5: "customer service",
        6: "doctor/health care",
        7: "executive/managerial",
        8: "farmer",
        9: "homemaker",
        10: "K-12 student",
        11: "lawyer",
        12: "programmer",
        13: "retired",
        14: "sales/marketing",
        15: "scientist",
```



```

        16: "self-employed",
        17: "technician/engineer",
        18: "tradesman/craftsman",
        19: "unemployed",
        20: "writer"
    },

    'Age' : {
        1: "Under 18",
        18: "18-24",
        25: "25-34",
        35: "35-44",
        45: "45-49",
        50: "50-55",
        56: "56+"
    }
}

, inplace=True)

```

In []: `df.head()`

Out[]:

	Movie ID	Title	ReleaseYear	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime	Docume
0	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
1	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
2	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
3	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
4	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	

EDA

In []: `df.shape`

Out[]: (1000209, 32)

In []: `df.info()`

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000209 entries, 0 to 1000208
Data columns (total 32 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Movie ID              1000209 non-null  int64
1   Title                 1000209 non-null  object
2   ReleaseYear           1000209 non-null  object
3   Action                1000209 non-null  int64
4   Adventure              1000209 non-null  int64
5   Animation              1000209 non-null  int64
6   Children's            1000209 non-null  int64
7   Comedy                1000209 non-null  int64
8   Crime                 1000209 non-null  int64
9   Documentary            1000209 non-null  int64
10  Drama                 1000209 non-null  int64
11  Fantasy                1000209 non-null  int64
12  Film-Noir              1000209 non-null  int64
13  Horror                 1000209 non-null  int64
14  Musical                1000209 non-null  int64
15  Mystery                1000209 non-null  int64
16  Romance                1000209 non-null  int64
17  Sci-Fi                 1000209 non-null  int64
18  Thriller               1000209 non-null  int64
19  War                    1000209 non-null  int64
20  Western                1000209 non-null  int64
21  UserID                 1000209 non-null  int64
22  Rating                 1000209 non-null  int64
23  Timestamp              1000209 non-null  datetime64[ns]
24  Month                  1000209 non-null  object
25  Year                   1000209 non-null  int32
26  Day                    1000209 non-null  object
27  Hour                   1000209 non-null  int32
28  Gender                 1000209 non-null  object
29  Age                    1000209 non-null  object
30  Occupation             1000209 non-null  object
31  Zip-code               1000209 non-null  object
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), int32(2), int64(21), object(8)
memory usage: 236.6+ MB

```

```
In [ ]: df.describe()
```

Out[]:

	Movie ID	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime
count	1000209.000	1000209.000	1000209.000	1000209.000	1000209.000	1000209.000	1000209.000
mean	1865.540	0.257	0.134	0.043	0.072	0.357	0.080
min	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
25%	1030.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
50%	1835.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
75%	2770.000	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000
max	3952.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
std	1096.041	0.437	0.341	0.203	0.259	0.479	0.271



In []: `df.describe(include=['object'])`

Out[]:

	Title	ReleaseYear	Month	Day	Gender	Age	Occupation	Zip-code
count	1000209	1000209	1000209	1000209	1000209	1000209	1000209	1000209
unique	3664	81	12	7	2	7	21	3439
top	American Beauty	1999	Nov	Mon	M	25-34	college/grad student	94110
freq	3428	86833	295461	173931	753769	395556	131032	3802

In []: `df.isna().sum()`

Out[]: 0

Movie ID	0
Title	0
ReleaseYear	0
Action	0
Adventure	0
Animation	0
Children's	0
Comedy	0
Crime	0
Documentary	0
Drama	0
Fantasy	0
Film-Noir	0
Horror	0
Musical	0
Mystery	0
Romance	0
Sci-Fi	0
Thriller	0
War	0
Western	0
UserID	0
Rating	0
Timestamp	0
Month	0
Year	0
Day	0
Hour	0
Gender	0
Age	0
Occupation	0
Zip-code	0

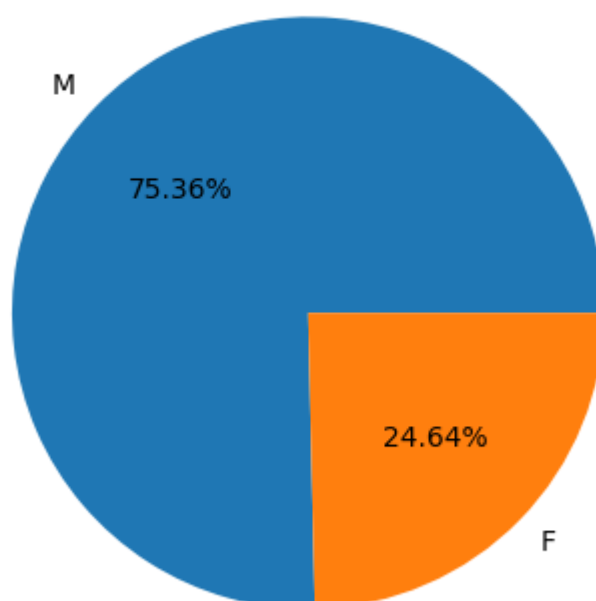
dtype: int64

In []: df.head()

Out[]:	Movie ID	Title	ReleaseYear	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime	Docume
0	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
1	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
2	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
3	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
4	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	

```
In [ ]: plt.pie(df['Gender'].value_counts(), labels=df['Gender'].value_counts().index, autopct=1,
plt.title('Proportion of Gender in the given dataset')
plt.show()
display(df['Gender'].value_counts())
```

Proportion of Gender in the given dataset



count	
Gender	
M	753769
F	246440

dtype: int64

Gender Distribution:

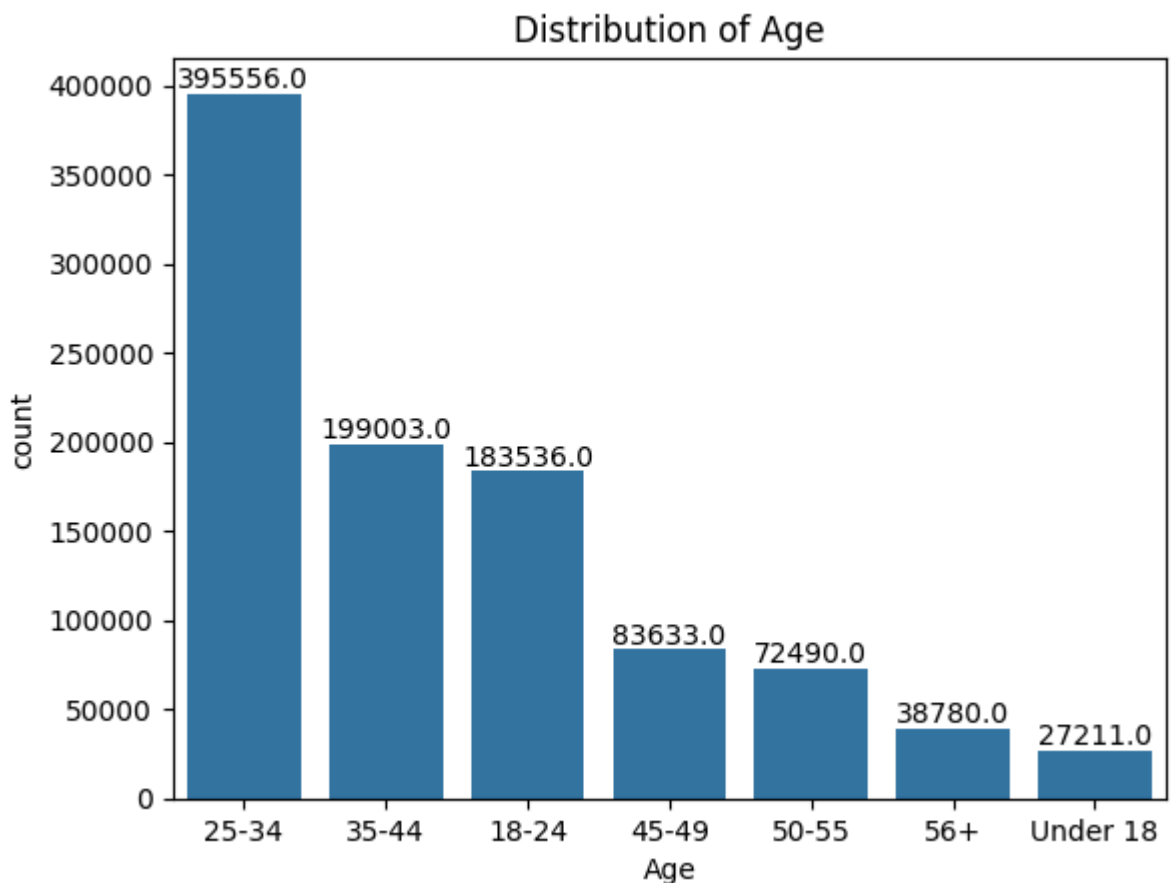
The dataset is highly imbalanced in terms of gender.

Males (M) make up 75.36% of the data.

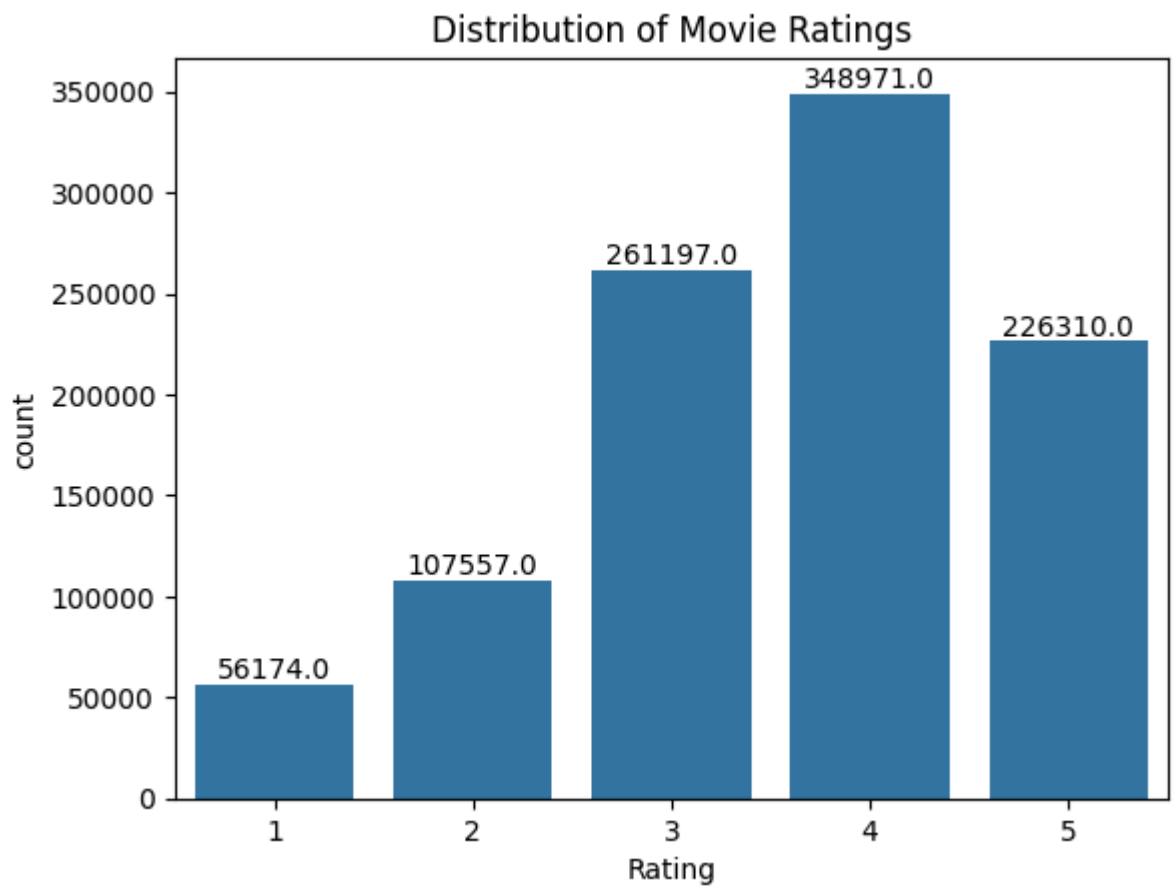
Females (F) make up only 24.64% of the data.

```
In [ ]: def annotate(ax, rotation = False):
        for patch in ax.patches: # Loop through each bar
            if rotation: # For horizontal bars
                x = patch.get_width() # Get the width (value of the bar)
                y = patch.get_y() + patch.get_height() / 2 # Center the annotation vertically
                ax.annotate(f"{x}", (x + 0.5, y), ha='left', va='center') # Adjust position
            else: # For vertical bars
                x = patch.get_x() + patch.get_width() / 2 # Center the annotation horizontally
                y = patch.get_height() # Get the height (value of the bar)
                ax.annotate(f"{y}", (x, y + 0.5), ha='center', va='bottom') # Adjust position
```

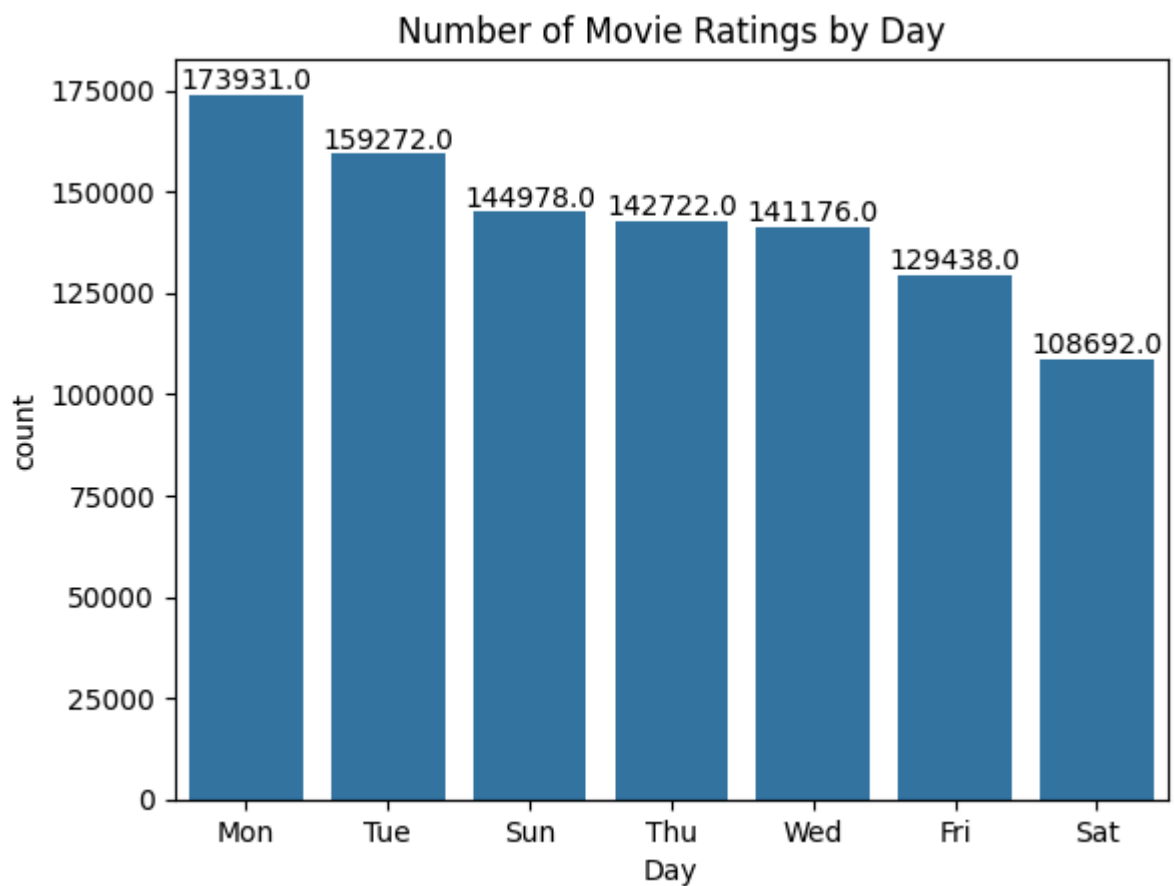
```
In [ ]: plt.title('Distribution of Age')
ax = sns.barplot(df.Age.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Age', y='count')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```



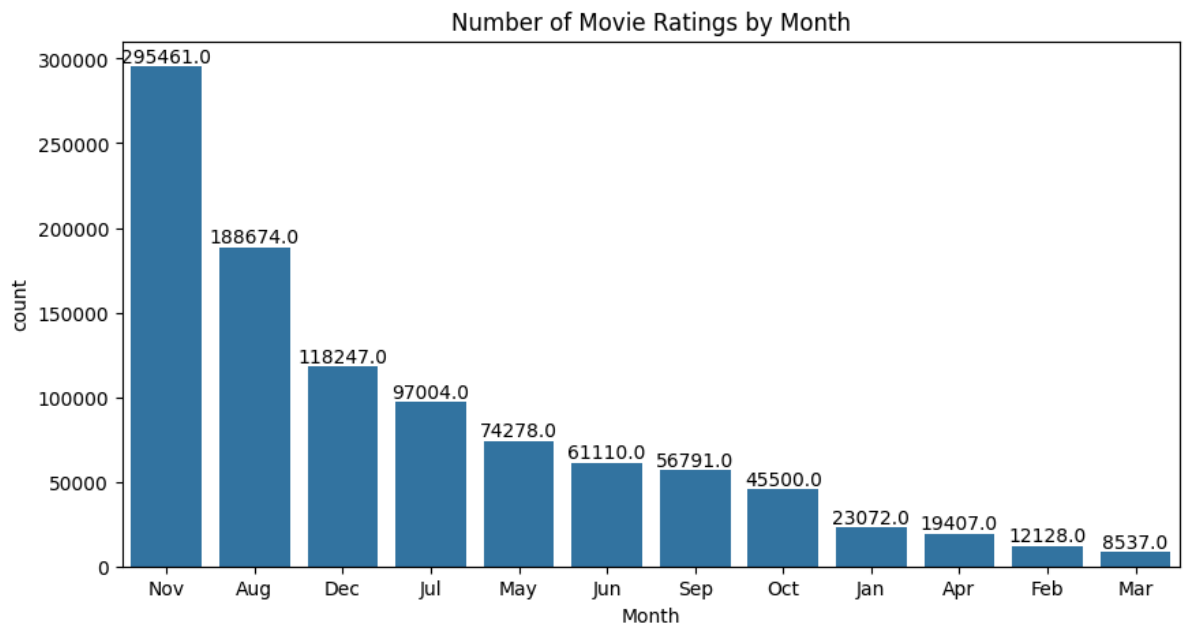
```
In [ ]: plt.title('Distribution of Movie Ratings')
ax = sns.barplot(df.Rating.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Rating', y='count')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```



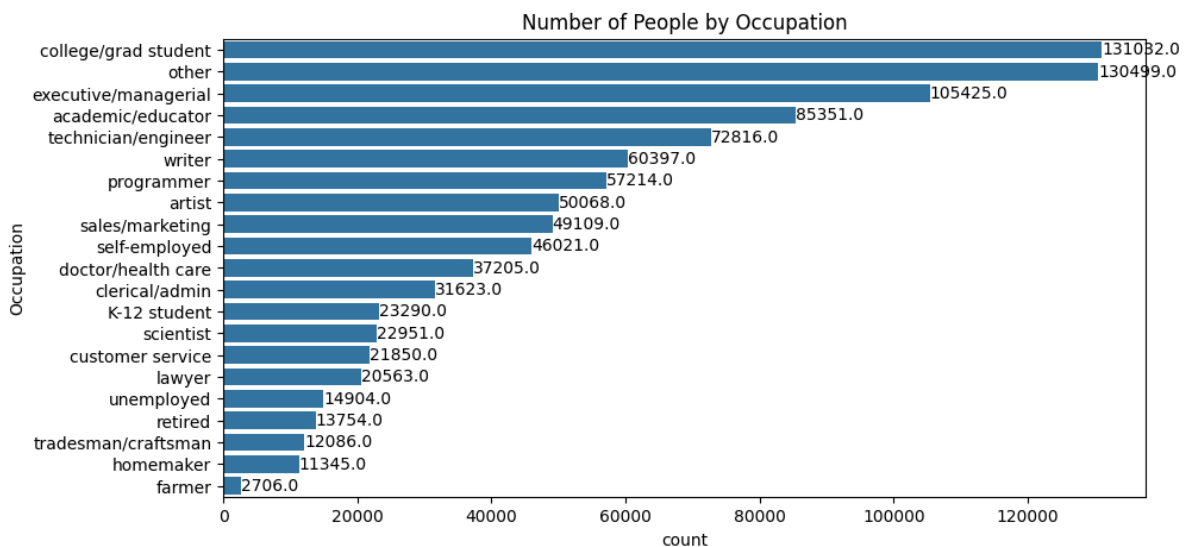
```
In [ ]: plt.title('Number of Movie Ratings by Day')
ax = sns.barplot(df.Day.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Day', y='count')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```



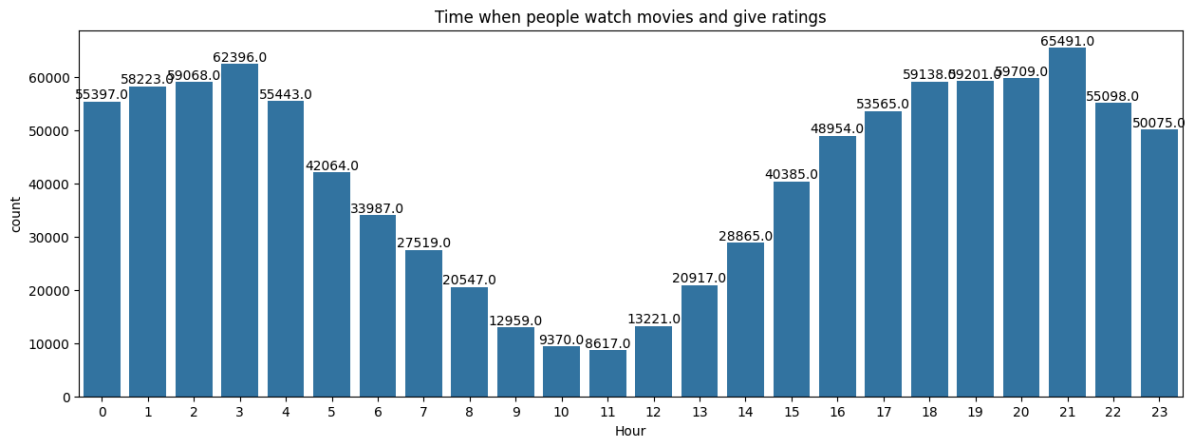
```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
ax = sns.barplot(df.Month.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Month', y='count')
plt.title('Number of Movie Ratings by Month')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
ax = sns.barplot(df.Occupation.value_counts().reset_index(), y='Occupation', x='count')
plt.title('Number of People by Occupation')
annotate(ax, rotation=True)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
plt.title('Time when people watch movies and give ratings')
ax = sns.barplot(df.Hour.value_counts().reset_index(), x='Hour', y='count')
annotate(ax)
plt.show()
```

```
In [ ]: def get_gender_count_by_genre(df, genre):
    _df = _df[_df[genre] == 1].groupby('Gender')['UserID'].count()
    _df.name = genre
    return _df

genre_df_list = []
for i in range(len(unique_genere)):
    _genre_count_df = get_gender_count_by_genre(df, unique_genere[i])
    genre_df_list.append(_genre_count_df)

gender_genre_df = pd.concat(genre_df_list, axis=1)
gender_genre_df.reset_index(inplace=True)
melted_gender_genre_df = gender_genre_df.melt(id_vars=['Gender'], var_name='Genre',

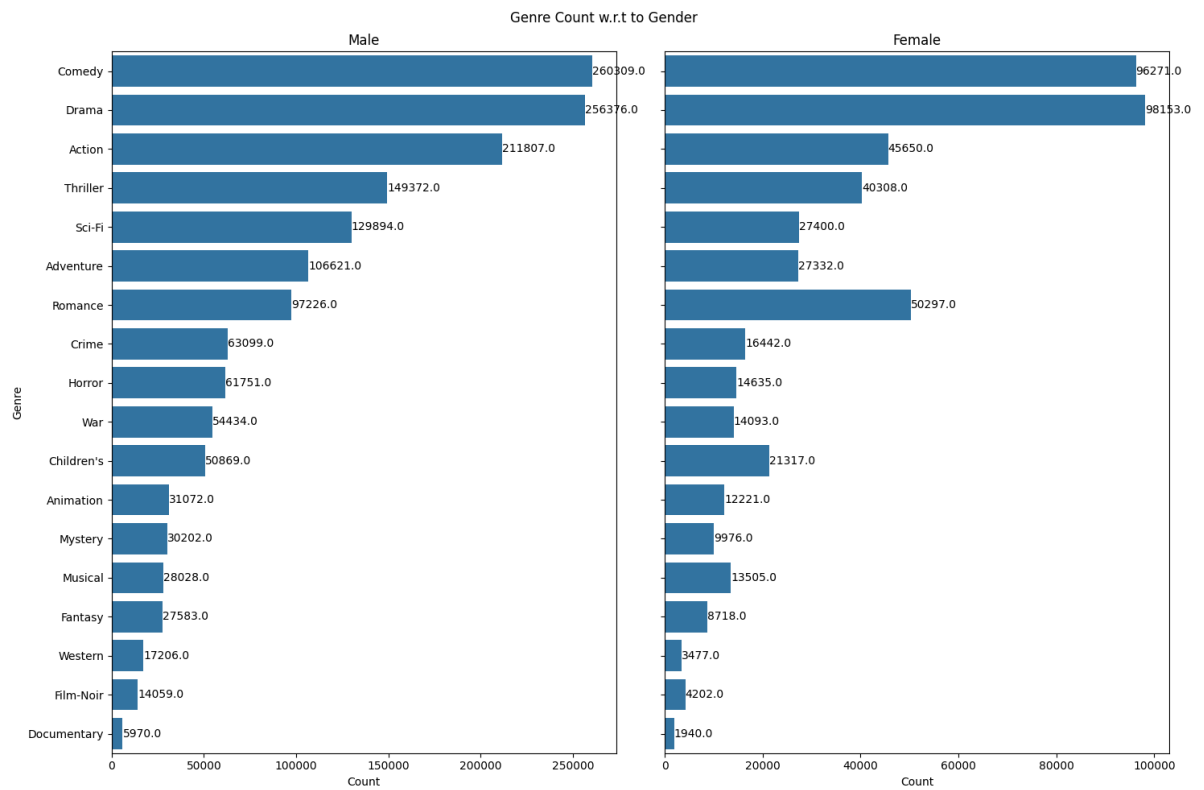
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15, 10), sharey=True)
plt.suptitle('Genre Count w.r.t to Gender')
for idx, gender in enumerate(['M', 'F']):

    temp_df = melted_gender_genre_df[melted_gender_genre_df['Gender'] == gender]
    temp_df = temp_df.drop(columns=['Gender'])
    temp_df.sort_values(by='Count', ascending=False, inplace=True)

    ax = axes[idx]
    _gender = 'Male' if gender == 'M' else 'Female'
    sns.barplot(data=temp_df, x='Count', y='Genre', ax=ax)
    ax.set_title(f'_{gender}')
    ax.set_xlabel('Count')
    ax.set_ylabel('Genre')

    annotate(ax, rotation=True)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: def get_genre_count_by_feature(_df, genre, feature, feature_order):
    _df = _df[_df[genre] == 1].groupby(feature)['UserID'].count()
    _df.name = genre
    _df = _df.reset_index()
    _df[feature] = pd.Categorical(_df[feature], categories=feature_order, ordered=True)
    _df = _df.sort_values(feature)
    _df = _df.set_index('Age')
    return _df

age_genre_list = []
custom_age_order = ['Under 18', '18-24', '25-34', '35-44', '45-49', '50-55', '56+']
for i in range(len(unique_genere)):
    age_genre_list.append(get_genre_count_by_feature(df, unique_genere[i], 'Age', custom_age_order))

df_final = pd.concat(age_genre_list, axis=1)
df_final = df_final.T
df_final.index.name = 'Genre'

# Plotting logic
n_cols = 2
n_rows = (len(df_final.columns) + 1) // 2 # Ceiling division to ensure enough rows
fig, axes = plt.subplots(n_rows, n_cols, figsize=(20, 20), sharey=True)
axes = axes.flatten() # Flatten to easily index axes in a loop

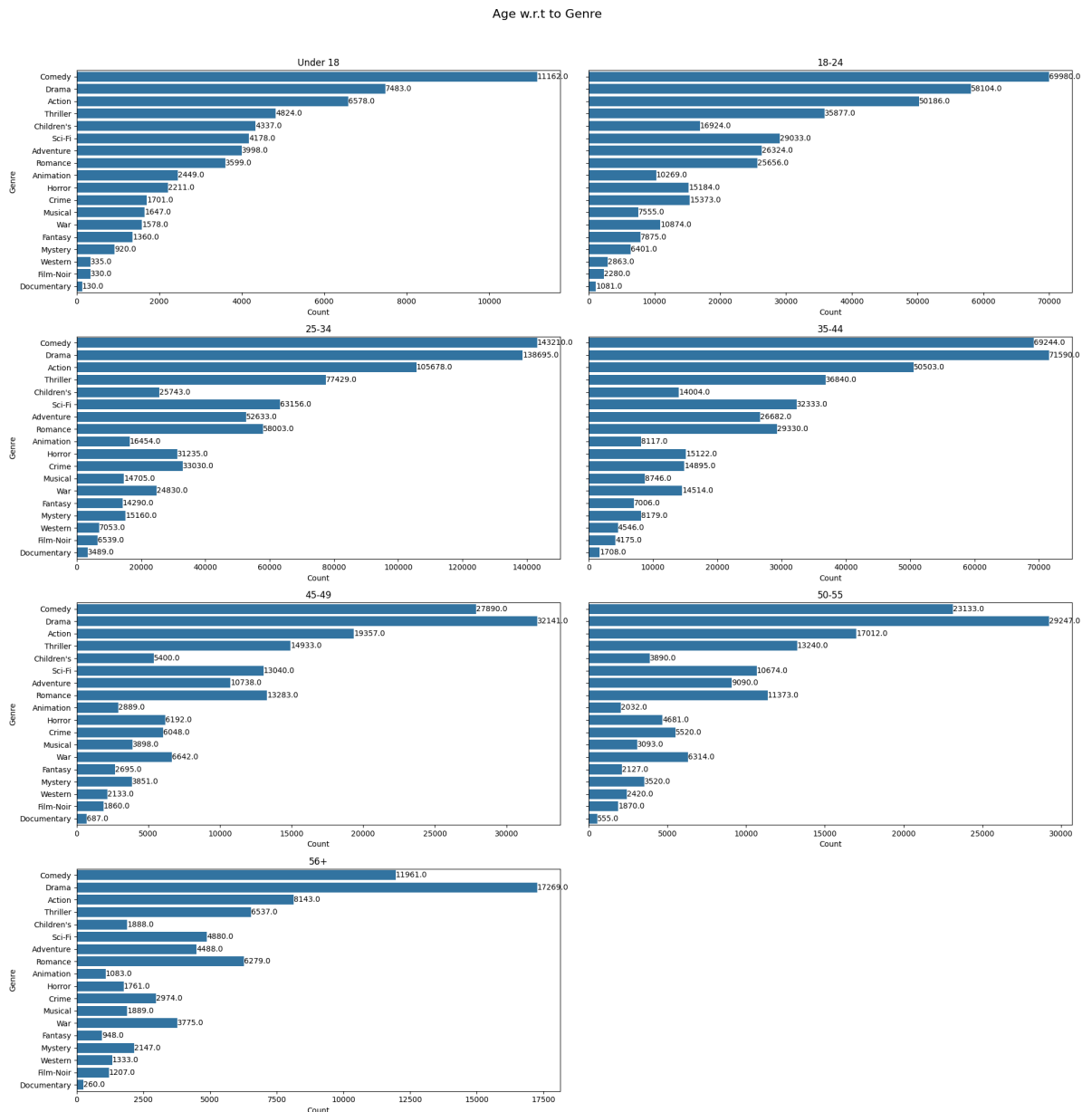
for i, age_group in enumerate(df_final.columns):
    temp_df = df_final[[age_group]].sort_values(by=age_group, ascending=False)
    temp_df = temp_df.reset_index()

    # Plot on the corresponding subplot
    ax = axes[i]
    sns.barplot(data=temp_df, x=age_group, y='Genre', ax=ax)
    ax.set_title(f'{age_group}')
    ax.set_xlabel('Count')
    ax.set_ylabel('Genre')

    annotate(ax, rotation=True)
```

```
# Remove empty subplots if any
for j in range(i + 1, len(axes)):
    fig.delaxes(axes[j])

fig.suptitle('Age w.r.t to Genre', fontsize=16, y=1.02) # Adjust y to avoid overlap
plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout to prevent overlap
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: def get_genre_count_by_occupation(df, occupation, genres, genre_order):
    # Filter for the specific occupation
    _df = df[df['Occupation'] == occupation]
    # Count users for each genre where genre column == 1
    counts = []
    for genre in genres:
        count = _df[_df[genre] == 1]['UserID'].count()
        counts.append(count)
    # Create DataFrame with genre counts
    result_df = pd.DataFrame({
        'Genre': genres,
        'Count': counts
    })
    # Apply categorical order to genres (optional, for consistency)
    result_df['Genre'] = pd.Categorical(result_df['Genre'], categories=genre_order,
    # Sort by count for plotting
    result_df = result_df.sort_values('Count', ascending=False)
```

```

    return result_df

# List of occupations
custom_occupation_order = [
    'K-12 student', 'homemaker', 'programmer', 'technician/engineer',
    'academic/educator', 'clerical/admin', 'self-employed', 'other',
    'executive/managerial', 'college/grad student', 'writer',
    'retired', 'scientist', 'artist', 'customer service',
    'sales/marketing', 'doctor/health care', 'unemployed', 'lawyer',
    'farmer', 'tradesman/craftsman'
]

# Plotting Logic
n_cols = 4 # Exactly 4 columns per row
n_rows = (len(custom_occupation_order) + n_cols - 1) // n_cols # Ceiling division
fig, axes = plt.subplots(n_rows, n_cols, figsize=(20, 5 * n_rows), sharey=True)
axes = axes.flatten() # Flatten for easy indexing

for i, occupation in enumerate(custom_occupation_order):
    # Get genre counts for the current occupation
    temp_df = get_genre_count_by_occupation(df, occupation, unique_genre, unique_user)

    # Plot on the corresponding subplot
    ax = axes[i]
    sns.barplot(data=temp_df, x='Count', y='Genre', ax=ax)
    ax.set_title(f'{occupation}')
    ax.set_xlabel('User Count')
    ax.set_ylabel('Genre')

    annotate(ax, rotation=True)

# Remove empty subplots (Last 3 in 6x4 grid)
for j in range(i + 1, len(axes)):
    fig.delaxes(axes[j])

fig.suptitle('Genres w.r.t Occupation', fontsize=16, y=1.02) # Figure-level title
plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout
plt.show()

```

Genres w.r.t Occupation



In []: df.info()

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000209 entries, 0 to 1000208
Data columns (total 32 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Movie ID              1000209 non-null  int64
1   Title                 1000209 non-null  object
2   ReleaseYear           1000209 non-null  object
3   Action                1000209 non-null  int64
4   Adventure              1000209 non-null  int64
5   Animation              1000209 non-null  int64
6   Children's            1000209 non-null  int64
7   Comedy                1000209 non-null  int64
8   Crime                 1000209 non-null  int64
9   Documentary            1000209 non-null  int64
10  Drama                 1000209 non-null  int64
11  Fantasy                1000209 non-null  int64
12  Film-Noir             1000209 non-null  int64
13  Horror                1000209 non-null  int64
14  Musical                1000209 non-null  int64
15  Mystery                1000209 non-null  int64
16  Romance                1000209 non-null  int64
17  Sci-Fi                1000209 non-null  int64
18  Thriller              1000209 non-null  int64
19  War                   1000209 non-null  int64
20  Western               1000209 non-null  int64
21  UserID                1000209 non-null  int64
22  Rating                1000209 non-null  int64
23  Timestamp              1000209 non-null  datetime64[ns]
24  Month                  1000209 non-null  object
25  Year                   1000209 non-null  int32
26  Day                    1000209 non-null  object
27  Hour                   1000209 non-null  int32
28  Gender                 1000209 non-null  object
29  Age                    1000209 non-null  object
30  Occupation             1000209 non-null  object
31  Zip-code               1000209 non-null  object
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), int32(2), int64(21), object(8)
memory usage: 236.6+ MB

```

```

In [ ]: for i in df.columns:
        print(i, df[i].nunique())

```

Movie ID 3706
Title 3664
ReleaseYear 81
Action 2
Adventure 2
Animation 2
Children's 2
Comedy 2
Crime 2
Documentary 2
Drama 2
Fantasy 2
Film-Noir 2
Horror 2
Musical 2
Mystery 2
Romance 2
Sci-Fi 2
Thriller 2
War 2
Western 2
UserID 6040
Rating 5
Timestamp 458455
Month 12
Year 4
Day 7
Hour 24
Gender 2
Age 7
Occupation 21
Zip-code 3439

In []: df.head()

Out[]:

	Movie ID	Title	ReleaseYear	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime	Docume
0	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
1	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
2	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
3	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
4	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	

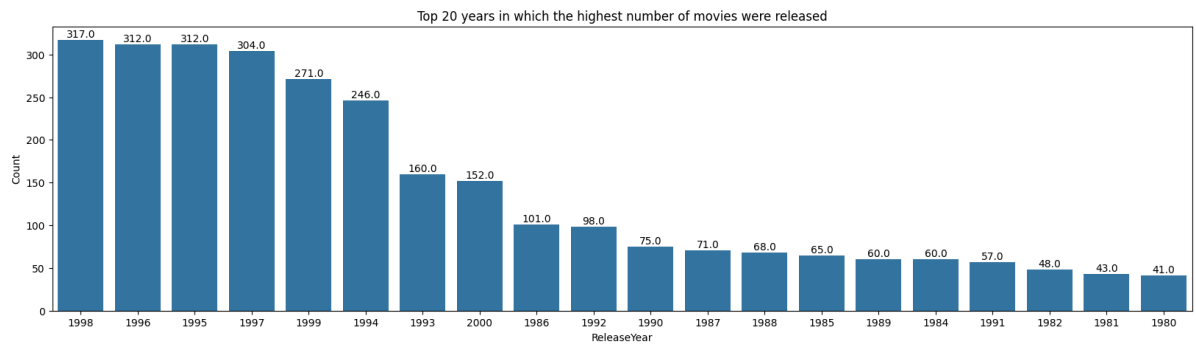
In []: topRated2021 = df[(df['Year'] == 2001) & (df['Rating'] == 5) & (df['Month'] == 12)]

Out[]:

	Movie ID	Title	ReleaseYear	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime
0	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0
6	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0
171	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0
210	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0
430	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0
...
999261	3948	Meet the Parents	2000	0	0	0	0	1	0
999455	3949	Requiem for a Dream	2000	0	0	0	0	0	0
999535	3949	Requiem for a Dream	2000	0	0	0	0	0	0
999699	3949	Requiem for a Dream	2000	0	0	0	0	0	0
999781	3951	Two Family House	2000	0	0	0	0	0	0

3464 rows × 32 columns

```
In [ ]: year_unique_titles_df = df[['Title', 'ReleaseYear']].drop_duplicates()
year_unique_titles_df = year_unique_titles_df.sort_values(by='ReleaseYear')
year_move_count_df = year_unique_titles_df.groupby(by='ReleaseYear')['Title'].count()
year_move_count_df.name = 'Count'
year_move_count_df = year_move_count_df.sort_values(ascending=False)
year_move_count_df = year_move_count_df.head(40).reset_index()
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
plt.title('Top 20 years in which the highest number of movies were released')
ax = sns.barplot(year_move_count_df.head(20), x=year_move_count_df.columns[0], y=year_move_count_df['Count'])
plt.show()
```

Modelling Recommender system

User-Movie Matrix

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix = pd.pivot_table(df, index='UserID', columns='Title', values='Rating')
user_movie_matrix.head(10)
```

Out[]:

Title	\$1,000,000 Duck	'Night Mother	'Til There Was You	'burbs, The	...And Justice for All	1-900	10 Things I Hate About You	101 Dalmatians	12 Angry Men	13th Warrior, The
UserID										
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
5	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
6	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
7	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
8	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
9	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
10	NaN	NaN	NaN	4.000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	3.000	4.000

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.fillna(0, inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.head()
```

Out[]:

Title	\$1,000,000 Duck	'Night Mother	'Til There Was You	'burbs, The	...And Justice for All	1-900	10 Things I Hate About You	101 Dalmatians	12 Angry Men	13th Warrior, The
UserID										
1	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
3	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
4	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
5	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.shape
```

Out[]: (6040, 3664)

Recommender System based on Pearson Correlation (Item-based)

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.columns[:10]
```

Out[]: Index(['\$1,000,000 Duck', 'Night Mother', 'Til There Was You', 'burbs, The', '...And Justice for All', '1-900', '10 Things I Hate About You', '101 Dalmatians', '12 Angry Men', '13th Warrior, The'], dtype='object', name='Title')

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.loc[:, "'Til There Was You"]
```

Out[]: 'Til There Was You

UserID	
1	0.000
2	0.000
3	0.000
4	0.000
5	0.000
...	...
6036	0.000
6037	0.000
6038	0.000
6039	0.000
6040	0.000

6040 rows × 1 columns

dtype: float64

```
In [ ]: similar_movies = user_movie_matrix.corrwith(user_movie_matrix.loc[:, "'Til There Was  
similar_movies = similar_movies.sort_values(ascending=False)  
similar_movies[1:].head(5)
```

Out[]: 0

Title	
If Lucy Fell	0.267
Picture Perfect	0.256
To Gillian on Her 37th Birthday	0.241
Mad Love	0.231
Practical Magic	0.230

dtype: float64

```
In [ ]: sim_df = pd.DataFrame(similar_movies, columns=['Correlation'])  
sim_df.sort_values('Correlation', ascending=False, inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: sim_df.iloc[1:, :]
```

Out[]:

Correlation	
Title	
If Lucy Fell	0.267
Picture Perfect	0.256
To Gillian on Her 37th Birthday	0.241
Mad Love	0.231
Practical Magic	0.230
...	...
Kelly's Heroes	-0.014
Boat, The (Das Boot)	-0.014
Good, The Bad and The Ugly, The	-0.014
High Plains Drifter	-0.016
Magnum Force	-0.016

3663 rows × 1 columns

Item-Item Similarity

```
In [ ]: item_sim = cosine_similarity(user_movie_matrix.T)
item_sim
```

```
Out[ ]: array([[1.          , 0.07235746, 0.03701053, ..., 0.          , 0.12024178,
        0.02700277],
       [0.07235746, 1.          , 0.11528952, ..., 0.          , 0.          ,
        0.07780705],
       [0.03701053, 0.11528952, 1.          , ..., 0.          , 0.04752635,
        0.0632837 ],
       ...,
       [0.          , 0.          , 0.          , ..., 1.          , 0.          ,
        0.04564448],
       [0.12024178, 0.          , 0.04752635, ..., 0.          , 1.          ,
        0.04433508],
       [0.02700277, 0.07780705, 0.0632837 , ..., 0.04564448, 0.04433508,
        1.          ]])
```

```
In [ ]: item_sim_mat = pd.DataFrame(item_sim, index=user_movie_matrix.columns, columns=user
item_sim_mat.head()
```

Out[]:

Title	\$1,000,000 Duck	'Night Mother	'Til There Was You	'burbs, The	...And Justice for All	1-900	10 Things I Hate About You	101 Dalmatians	12 Angry Men	13 Warriors
\$1,000,000 Duck	1.000	0.072	0.037	0.079	0.061	0.000	0.059	0.190	0.095	0.0
'Night Mother	0.072	1.000	0.115	0.116	0.160	0.000	0.077	0.137	0.111	0.0
'Til There Was You	0.037	0.115	1.000	0.099	0.066	0.080	0.128	0.129	0.079	0.0
'burbs, The	0.079	0.116	0.099	1.000	0.144	0.000	0.192	0.250	0.171	0.1
...And Justice for All	0.061	0.160	0.066	0.144	1.000	0.000	0.075	0.179	0.205	0.1

User-User similarity matrix

```
In [ ]: user_sim = cosine_similarity(user_movie_matrix)
user_sim
```

```
Out[ ]: array([[1.          , 0.09638153, 0.12060981, ..., 0.          , 0.17460369,
        0.13359025],
        [0.09638153, 1.          , 0.1514786 , ..., 0.06611767, 0.0664575 ,
        0.21827563],
        [0.12060981, 0.1514786 , 1.          , ..., 0.12023352, 0.09467506,
        0.13314404],
        ...,
        [0.          , 0.06611767, 0.12023352, ..., 1.          , 0.16171426,
        0.09930008],
        [0.17460369, 0.0664575 , 0.09467506, ..., 0.16171426, 1.          ,
        0.22833237],
        [0.13359025, 0.21827563, 0.13314404, ..., 0.09930008, 0.22833237,
        1.          ]])
```

```
In [ ]: user_sim_mat = pd.DataFrame(user_sim, index=user_movie_matrix.index, columns=user_movie_matrix.index)
user_sim_mat.head()
```

```
Out [ ]: UserID    1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8     9    10    11    12    13
          UserID
          1  1.000  0.096  0.121  0.132  0.090  0.179  0.060  0.138  0.226  0.255  0.130  0.110  0.124  0.0
          2  0.096  1.000  0.151  0.171  0.114  0.101  0.306  0.211  0.190  0.228  0.197  0.096  0.317  0.0
          3  0.121  0.151  1.000  0.151  0.063  0.075  0.138  0.078  0.126  0.214  0.174  0.084  0.277  0.0
          4  0.132  0.171  0.151  1.000  0.045  0.014  0.130  0.101  0.094  0.121  0.068  0.066  0.196  0.0
          5  0.090  0.114  0.063  0.045  1.000  0.047  0.126  0.221  0.261  0.118  0.221  0.045  0.118  0.1
```

```
In [ ]: user_movie_matrix.T.values
```

```
Out [ ]: array([[0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
               ...,
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]])
```

Item based approach using Neighbors algorithm and Cosine Similarity

```
In [ ]: csr_mat = sparse.csr_matrix(user_movie_matrix.T.values)
        csr_mat
```

```
Out [ ]: <Compressed Sparse Row sparse matrix of dtype 'float64'
         with 997085 stored elements and shape (3664, 6040)>
```

```
In [ ]: knn = NearestNeighbors(n_neighbors=5, metric='cosine', n_jobs=-1)
        knn.fit(csr_mat)
```

```
Out [ ]: ▼      NearestNeighbors
         NearestNeighbors(metric='cosine', n_jobs=-1)
```

```
In [ ]: movie_name = "'Til There Was You"
        movie_index = user_movie_matrix.columns.get_loc(movie_name)
```

```
In [ ]: distances, indices = knn.kneighbors(user_movie_matrix[movie_name].values.reshape(1,
```

```
In [ ]: for i in range(0, len(distances.flatten())):
        if i == 0:
            print('Recommendations for the movie: {0}\n'.format(movie_name))
        else:
            print('{0}: {1}, with distance of {2}'.format(i, user_movie_matrix.columns[
```

Recommendations for the movie: 'Til There Was You

- 1: If Lucy Fell, with distance of 0.726
- 2: Picture Perfect, with distance of 0.735
- 3: To Gillian on Her 37th Birthday, with distance of 0.751
- 4: Practical Magic, with distance of 0.759
- 5: Mad Love, with distance of 0.763
- 6: Something to Talk About, with distance of 0.764
- 7: Circle of Friends, with distance of 0.766
- 8: Beautician and the Beast, The, with distance of 0.77
- 9: Evening Star, The, with distance of 0.772
- 10: How to Make an American Quilt, with distance of 0.774

Matrix Factorization

```
In [ ]: df.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	Movie ID	Title	ReleaseYear	Action	Adventure	Animation	Children's	Comedy	Crime	Docume
0	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
1	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
2	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
3	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	
4	1	Toy Story	1995	0	0	1	1	1	0	

```
In [ ]: df_movies = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/Scaler_DSML_Digital_Notes/BusinessC
```

```
In [ ]: df_ratings.columns
```

```
Out[ ]: Index(['UserID', 'MovieID', 'Rating', 'Timestamp', 'Month', 'Year', 'Day',
              'Hour'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [ ]: rm = df_ratings.pivot(index = 'UserID', columns = 'MovieID', values = 'Rating').fill(
rm.head()
```

[illegible]

```
In [ ]: rm_raw = df_ratings[['UserID', 'MovieID', 'Rating']].copy()
rm_raw.columns = ['UserId', 'ItemId', 'Rating']
rm_raw.head(2)
```

```
Out[ ]:   UserId  ItemId  Rating
0        1    1193        5
1        1     661        3
```

```
In [ ]: model = CMF(method="als", k=2, lambda_=0.1, user_bias=False, item_bias=False, verbose=True)
model.fit(rm_raw)
```

```
Out[ ]: Collective matrix factorization model
(explicit-feedback variant)
```

```
In [ ]: model.A_.shape, model.B_.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: ((6040, 2), (3706, 2))
```

```
In [ ]: rm_raw.Rating.mean(), model.glob_mean_
```

```
Out[ ]: (np.float64(3.581564453029317), 3.581564426422119)
```

```
In [ ]: rm.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: (6040, 3706)
```

```
In [ ]: rm__ = np.dot(model.A_, model.B_.T) + model.glob_mean_
# mse(rm.values[rm > 0], rm__[rm > 0])**0.5
print('RMSE :', round(rmse(rm.values[rm > 0], rm__[rm > 0]), 2))
print('MSE :', round(mse(rm.values[rm > 0], rm__[rm > 0]), 2))
print('MAPE :', round(mape(rm.values[rm > 0], rm__[rm > 0]), 2))
```

```
RMSE : 1.3
```

```
MSE : 1.7
```

```
MAPE : 0.38
```

Overlap

```
In [ ]: top_items = model.topN(user=1, n=10)
df_movies.loc[df_movies['Movie ID'].isin(top_items)]
```


Out[]:	Movie ID	Title	Genres
638	643	Peanuts - Die Bank zahlt alles (1996)	Comedy
883	895	Venice/Venice (1992)	Drama
1397	1421	Grateful Dead (1995)	Documentary
2754	2823	Spiders, The (Die Spinnen, 1. Teil: Der Golden...	Action Drama
2842	2911	Grandfather, The (El Abuelo) (1998)	Drama
3264	3333	Killing of Sister George, The (1968)	Drama
3311	3380	Railroaded! (1947)	Film-Noir
3462	3531	All the Vermeers in New York (1990)	Comedy Drama Romance
3748	3818	Pot O' Gold (1941)	Comedy Musical
3822	3892	Anatomy (Anatomie) (2000)	Horror

```
In [ ]: top_items = model.topN(user=10, n=10)
df_movies.loc[df_movies['Movie ID'].isin(top_items)]
```

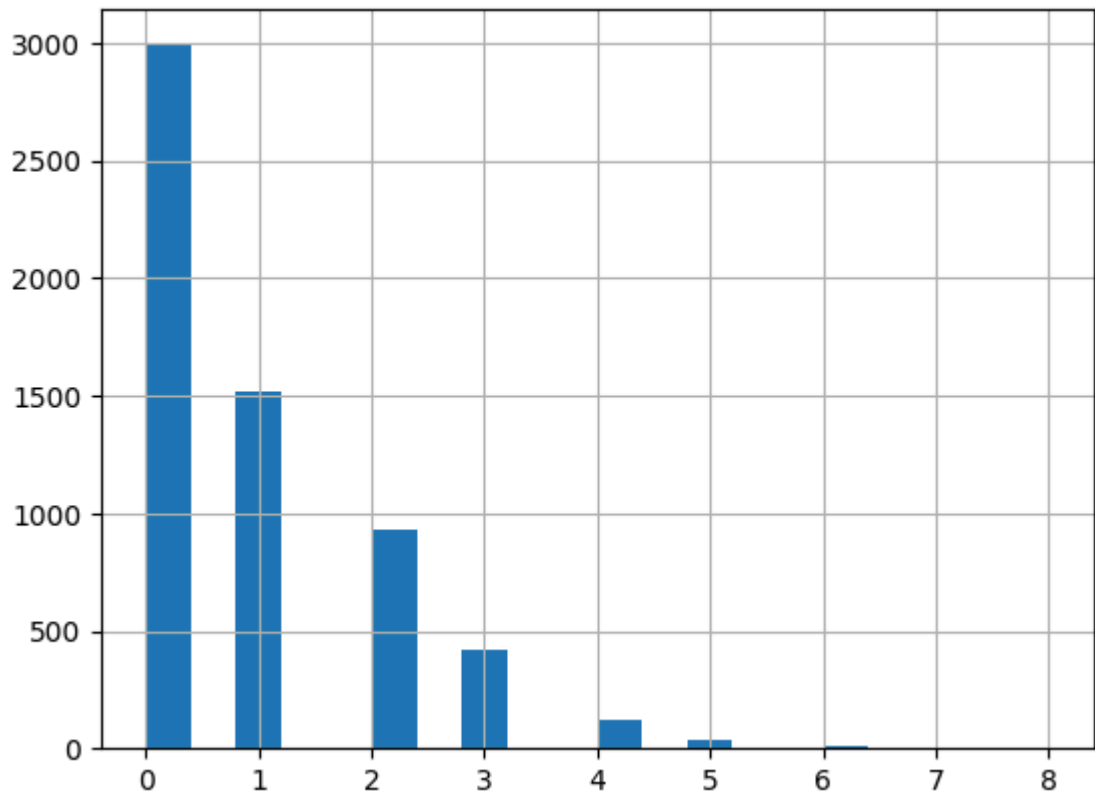
Out[]:	Movie ID	Title	Genres
638	643	Peanuts - Die Bank zahlt alles (1996)	Comedy
883	895	Venice/Venice (1992)	Drama
1397	1421	Grateful Dead (1995)	Documentary
2469	2538	Dancemaker (1998)	Documentary
2754	2823	Spiders, The (Die Spinnen, 1. Teil: Der Golden...	Action Drama
2842	2911	Grandfather, The (El Abuelo) (1998)	Drama
3311	3380	Railroaded! (1947)	Film-Noir
3462	3531	All the Vermeers in New York (1990)	Comedy Drama Romance
3748	3818	Pot O' Gold (1941)	Comedy Musical
3822	3892	Anatomy (Anatomie) (2000)	Horror

```
In [ ]: overlap= []
num_rec = []
n = 20
for user in df_ratings['UserID'].unique():
    top_items = model.topN(user=user, n=n)
    user_movies = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user)]['MovieID']
    valid_rec = set(top_items).intersection(set(user_movies)) # I can only measure

    _ = len(set(df_ratings.loc[df_ratings['UserID']==user].sort_values(by='Rating',
    overlap.append(_)
    num_rec.append(len(valid_rec))

print('avg_perc_overlap:', np.array(overlap).mean() / np.array(num_rec).mean())
pd.Series(overlap).hist(bins=20)
plt.show()
```

avg_perc_overlap: 0.34503222512921955

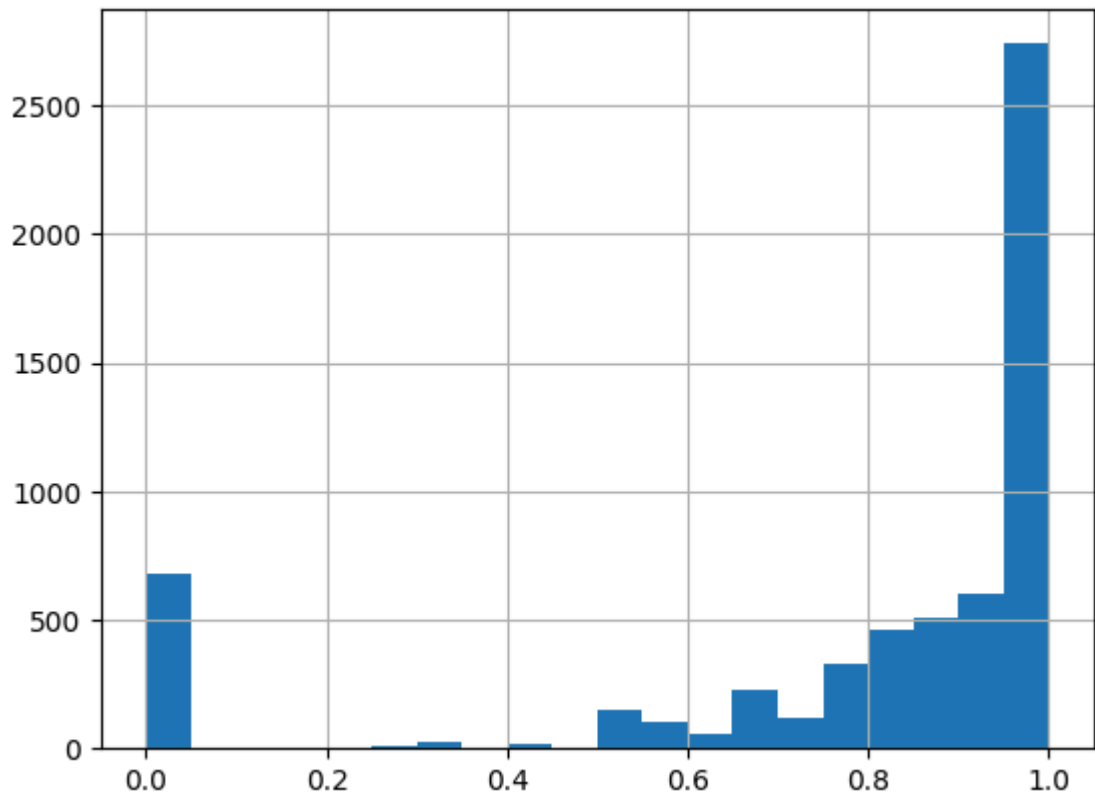


K-precision

```
In [ ]: overlap=[]
for user in df_ratings['UserID'].unique():
    recommendations = model.topN(user=user, n=100)
    user_movies = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user)][['MovieID']]
    valid_rec = set(recommendations).intersection(set(user_movies)) # I can only measure
    relevant_items = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user) & (df_ratings['Rating']>3)]
    try:
        _ = len(set(recommendations).intersection(set(relevant_items))) / len(valid_rec)
    except:
        _ = 0
    overlap.append(_)

overlap = np.array(overlap)
print('avg:', overlap.mean())
pd.Series(overlap).hist(bins=20)
plt.show()
```

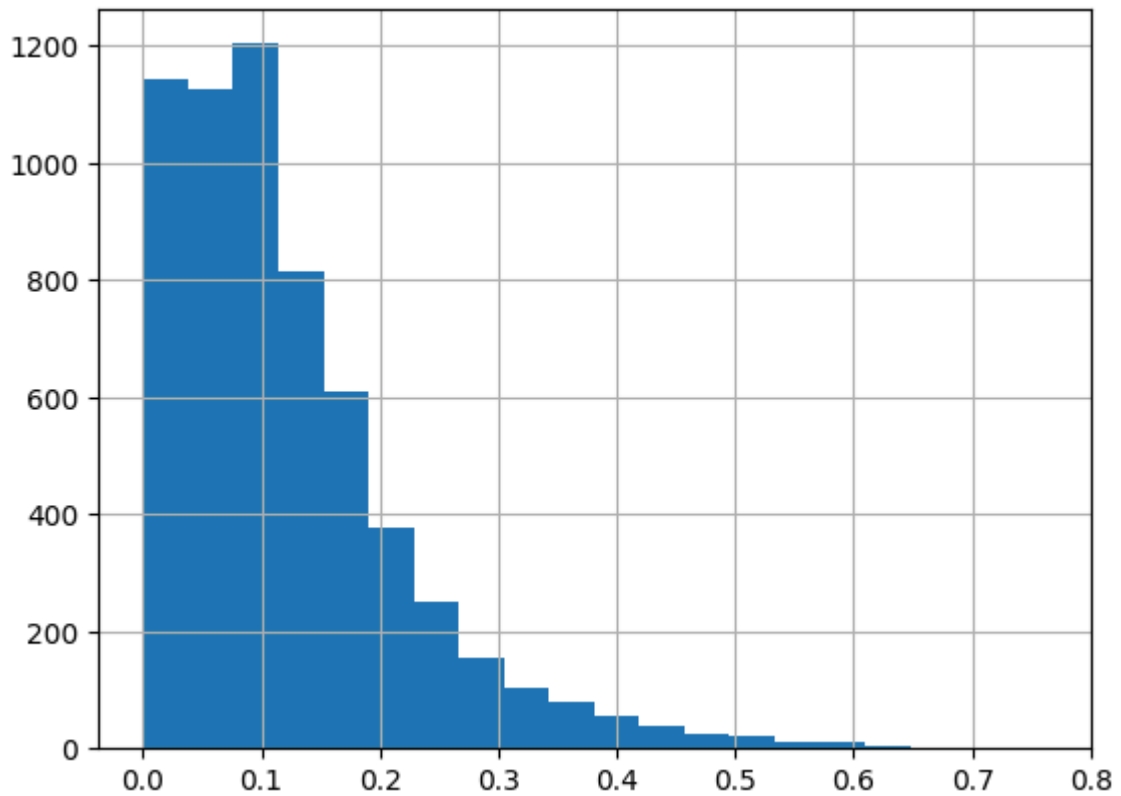
avg: 0.7941254267523916



```
In [ ]: overlap=[]
for user in df_ratings['UserID'].unique():
    recommendations = model.topN(user=user, n=100)
    user_movies = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user)][['MovieID']]
    valid_rec = set(recommendations).intersection(set(user_movies)) # I can only measure
    relevant_items = df_ratings.loc[(df_ratings['UserID']==user) & (df_ratings['Rating']>3)]
    try:
        _ = len(set(recommendations).intersection(set(relevant_items))) / len(set(recommendations))
    except:
        _ = 0
    overlap.append(_)

overlap = np.array(overlap)
print('avg:', overlap.mean())
pd.Series(overlap).hist(bins=20)
plt.show()
```

avg: 0.1206196870105706



Recommender System based Pearson Correlation (User-based)

```
In [ ]: similar_users = user_movie_matrix.T.corrwith(user_movie_matrix.T.loc[:,5])
similar_users = similar_users.sort_values(ascending=False)
similar_users[1:].index[:20]
```

```
Out[ ]: Index([1484, 5452, 281, 3538, 1407, 5749, 5826, 5718, 5496, 3240, 1636, 2918,
              1255, 4607, 225, 944, 1104, 2870, 5047, 4995],
              dtype='int64', name='UserID')
```

```
In [ ]: user_movies_watched = user_movie_matrix.T.loc[:, 5] # User ID 4 in your example
user_movies_watched = user_movies_watched.astype('int')
movies_already_watched = user_movies_watched[user_movies_watched != 0].index

top_similar_users = similar_users.index[:10] # top 10 similar users

similar_users_movies = user_movie_matrix.loc[top_similar_users]

movie_recommendation_scores = similar_users_movies.mean(axis=0)
movie_recommendation_scores.drop(movies_already_watched, inplace=True)

recommended_movies = movie_recommendation_scores.sort_values(ascending=False).head()
recommended_movie_name = recommended_movies.index

print('Recommended movies are :\n')
for i in recommended_movie_name:
    print(i)
```

Rcommended movies are :

Shakespeare in Love
Fugitive, The
Boogie Nights
To Die For
Clerks
Toy Story 2
Crying Game, The
What's Eating Gilbert Grape
Groundhog Day
Terminator 2: Judgment Day

In []: