



University of Dayton

Department of Computer Science

CPS 475/575

Secure Application Development

Lecture 15 – Cookies and Sessions in Web Application Development with PHP

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Agenda

- Cookies and Sessions
- Session in PHP
- Lab 5: Secure Web Application Development in PHP with Cookies and Sessions

HTTP Review

uses TCP:

- client initiates TCP connection (creates socket) to server, port 80
- server accepts TCP connection from client
- HTTP messages (application-layer protocol messages) exchanged between browser (HTTP client) and Web server (HTTP server)
- TCP connection closed

HTTP is “stateless”

- server maintains no information about past client requests

We need protocols that can maintain “state” between client-server

Revisit: Cookies and JavaScript

- Cookies are data stored in browsers to allow the web servers “remember” the user
 - Cookies can be set by
 - Web servers (through HTTP Response)
 - JavaScript code
 - Cookies can be accessed by
 - Web Browsers
 - Store cookies in local files
 - Send to web servers through HTTP Request
 - JavaScript code
 - Cookies are protected by Same-Origin Policy
 - » Only JavaScript code in the same origin can access the cookies

Server-side Generated cookies

many Web sites use cookies

four components:

- 1) cookie header line of HTTP *response* message
- 2) cookie header line in next HTTP *request* message
- 3) cookie file kept on user's host, managed by user's browser
- 4) back-end database at Web site

example:

- Susan always access Internet from PC
- visits specific e-commerce site for first time
- when initial HTTP requests arrives at site, site creates:
 - unique ID
 - entry in backend database for ID