# K.P. Boardwalk Ticket Booth Additions

Kaitlyn Henderson

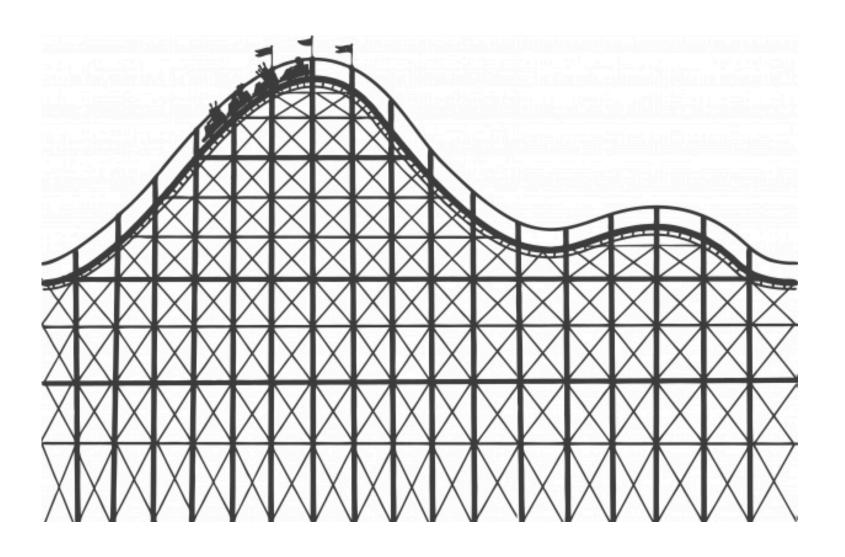


### Agenda

- Introduction
- Goal of Model Simulations for the Boardwalk
- Expected Outcomes
- Model Breakdown & Findings
- Conclusion
- Simulation Challenges & Feedback

## Expansion in the Midst

- Historical hot spot for locals & nation-wide guests
- Currently have 6 rides
- Additional ticket booths could help w/ future ride development
- Increase ticket purchases



### **Expected Outcomes**

- Ticket booth waiting times will decrease
- More guests will get through the park during the 10 hour period
- The additional ticket clerks and current operators per rides queue will be more efficient
  - Positive change to the current base model
- Conclude that one model will be superior and present that to decision-makers.



### Base Model



### Base Model Components

Module Name	Module Type	Parameters	Explanation
Guest Arrivals	Create	Rando, value=0.25, unit=hours, entities per arrival=2, infinite arrivals	2 guests every 15-minute intervals arriving at the park
Main Ticket Booth	Process	SDR=3 clerks, triangular delay=2, 3, 4 minutes,	Triangular delay to provide min, max, and most likely
Which Ride?	Decide	N-way by chance: 15, 20, 30, 20, 15	The chance of an entity going to a certain ride
All Rides – 6 total	Process	SDR=1 operator each, expression between expo (3) & expo (5) minutes each ride	Small boardwalk: doesn't have long lines and each ride is quick
Ride Again?	Decide	2-way by chance: 80% true	Estimation of the likelihood someone will ride another ride versus only riding once
Visits Rest of Park	Dispose	Dispose of the 15% from the Ride Again? Decide module	Retains the remaining guests that do not return to the ride queue

Figure 1.0 Base Model - Module Description

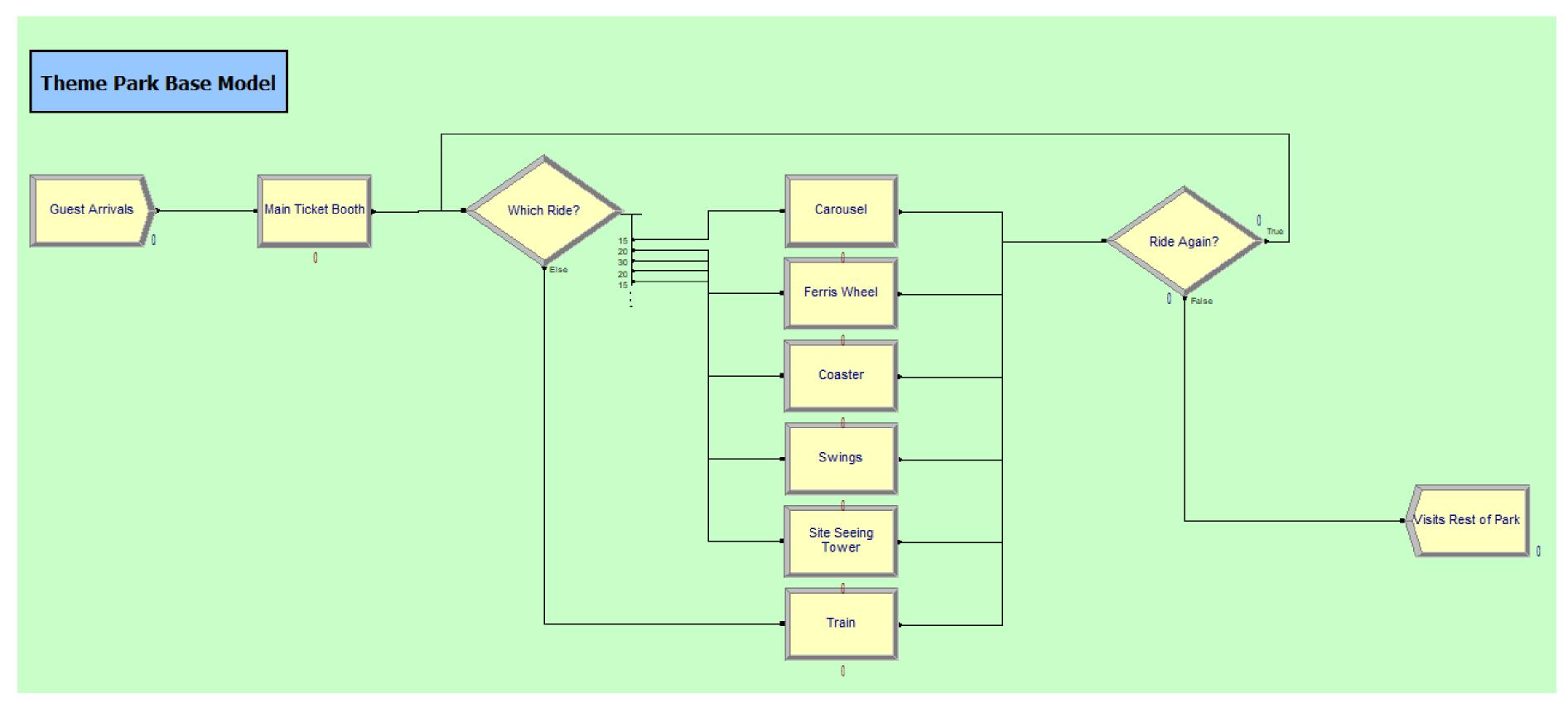


Figure 1.1 Base Model

### Base Model Findings - Queue Time

#### Time

Waiting Time	Average	Half Width	Minimum Average	Maximum Average	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Carousel.Queue	0.6217	0.74	0.5636	0.6799	0.00	10.6015
Coaster.Queue	16.0456	26.01	13.9988	18.0925	0.00	52.4680
Ferris Wheel.Queue	6.2885	19.13	4.7831	7.7939	0.00	45.3005
Main Ticket Booth.Queue	4.9232	17.24	3.5667	6.2797	0.00	25.7293
Site Seeing Tower.Queue	1.2221	8.54	0.5499	1.8943	0.00	18.8402
Swings.Queue	2.1217	3.89	1.8157	2.4277	0.00	19.4667
Other						

Number Waiting	Average	Half Width	Minimum Average	Maximum Average	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Carousel.Queue	0.06388677	0.17	0.05072045	0.07705309	0.00	3.0000
Coaster.Queue	3.0213	3.41	2.7531	3.2895	0.00	10.0000
Ferris Wheel.Queue	0.7857	2.89	0.5580	1.0135	0.00	5.0000
Main Ticket Booth.Queue	0.6923	2.91	0.4637	0.9210	0.00	8.0000
Site Seeing Tower.Queue	0.1115	0.87	0.04307306	0.1800	0.00	3.0000
Swings.Queue	0.2647	0.60	0.2179	0.3116	0.00	5.0000
Train.Queue	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Figure 1.2 Base Model - Queue

### Base Model Findings - Input Analyzer

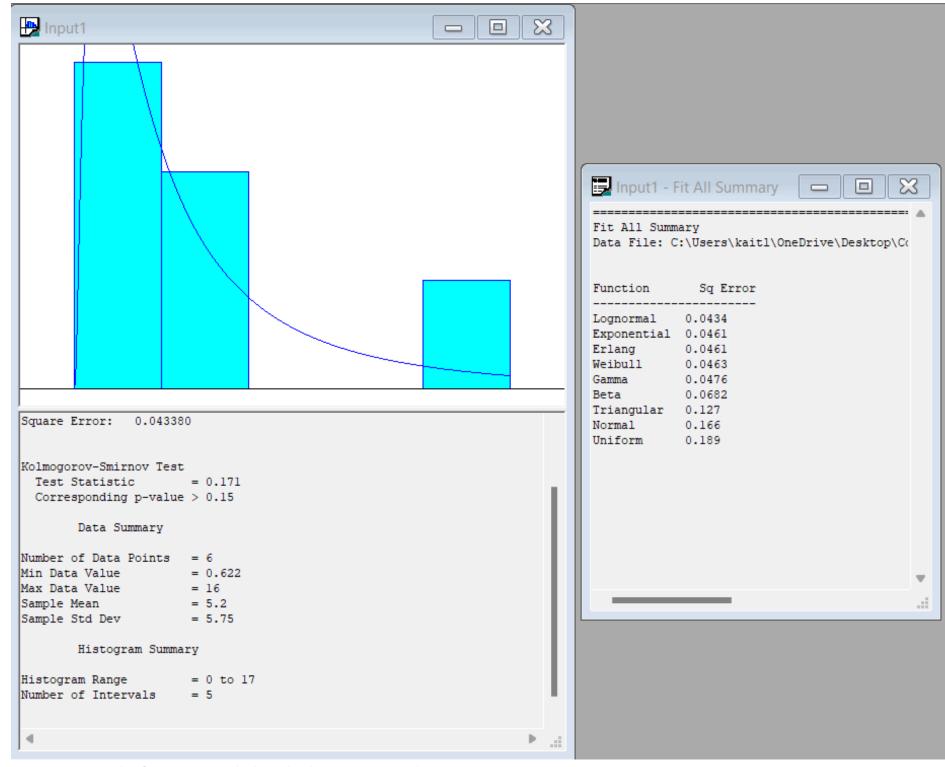


Figure 1.3 Base Model - Distribution

- Follows a Lognormal Distribution
- Lowest value at 0.622
- Max value at 16
- Sample mean 5.2 min

### Base Model Findings - Resource Usage

#### **Usage**

0.400

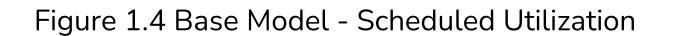
0.200

0.000



■ Operator 3

Operator 4
Operator 5
Operator 6



### Base Model Findings - Number Seized

#### Usage



Clerk 1
Clerk 2

☐ Clerk 3 ☐ Operator 1

Operator 2
Operator 3
Operator 4

Operator 5
Operator 6

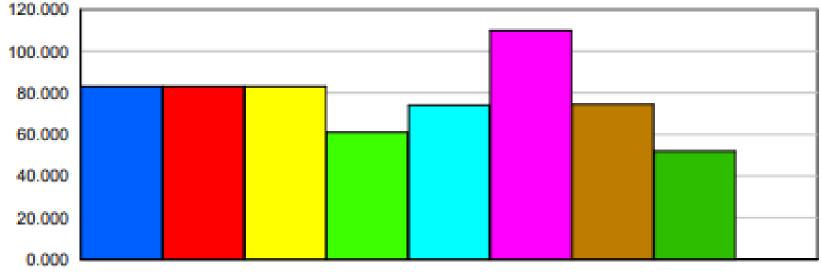


Figure 1.5 Base Model - Number Seized

### Model 2



### **Model 2 Components**

Module Name	Module Type	Parameters	Explanation
Guest Arrivals	Create	Rando, value=0.25, unit=hours, entities per arrival=2, infinite arrivals	2 guests every 15-minute intervals arriving at the park
Which Ticket Booth?	Decide	N-way by chance: 50	The chance of a guest going to main ticket booth or ticket booth 2
Main Ticket Booth	Process	SDR=3 clerks, triangular delay=2, 3, 4 minutes,	Triangular delay to provide min, max, and most likely
Ticket Booth 2	Process	SDR=3 clerks, triangular delay=2, 3, 4 minutes,	Triangular delay to provide min, max, and most likely
Which Ride?	Decide	N-way by chance: 15, 20, 30, 20, 15, else	The chance of an entity going to a certain ride
All Rides – 6 total	Process	SDR=1 operator each, expression between expo (3) & expo (5) minutes each ride	Small boardwalk: doesn't have long lines and each ride is quick
Ride Again?	Decide	2-way by chance: 80% true	Estimation of the likelihood someone will ride another ride versus only riding once
Visits Rest of Park	Dispose	Dispose of the 15% from the Ride Again? Decide module	Retains the remaining guests that do not return to ride queue

Figure 2.0 Model 2 - Module Description

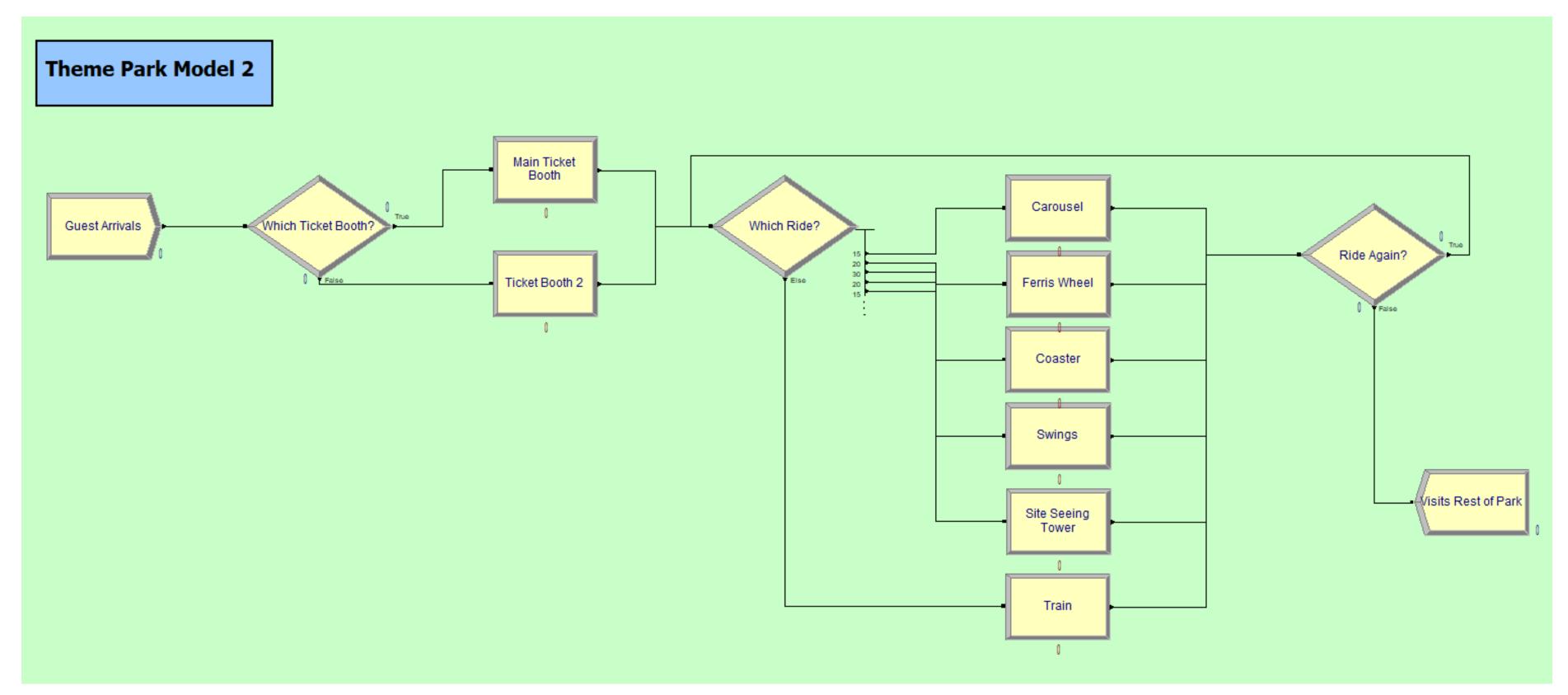


Figure 2.1 Model 2

### Model 2 Findings - Queue Time

#### Time

Waiting Time	Average	Half Width	Minimum Average	Maximum Average	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Carousel.Queue	2.0027	15.91	0.7503	3.2551	0.00	21.4413
Coaster.Queue	45.0731	247.26	25.6132	64.5330	0.00	123.24
Ferris Wheel.Queue	14.2562	130.04	4.0214	24.4911	0.00	75.1603
Main Ticket Booth.Queue	1.4699	2.46	1.2765	1.6633	0.00	8.8494
Site Seeing Tower.Queue	1.7463	7.40	1.1641	2.3286	0.00	22.8137
Swings.Queue	1.6335	6.82	1.0968	2.1701	0.00	14.6145
Ticket Booth 2.Queue	1.2630	5.59	0.8228	1.7032	0.00	8.8505
Other						

Number Waiting	Average	Half Width	Minimum Average	Maximum Average	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Carousel.Queue	0.2570	2.25	0.08002877	0.4340	0.00	4.0000
Coaster.Queue	9.5713	50.61	5.5883	13.5542	0.00	28.0000
Ferris Wheel.Queue	2.6426	25.83	0.6099	4.6752	0.00	17.0000
Main Ticket Booth.Queue	0.1562	> 0.55	0.1128	0.1996	0.00	4.0000
Site Seeing Tower.Queue	0.2164	1.00	0.1377	0.2950	0.00	5.0000
Swings.Queue	0.2124	1.05	0.1299	0.2950	0.00	3.0000
Ticket Booth 2.Queue	0.1112	> 0.72	0.05485267	0.1675	0.00	3.0000
Train.Queue	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Figure 2.2 Model 2 - Queue

### Model 2 Findings - Input Analyzer

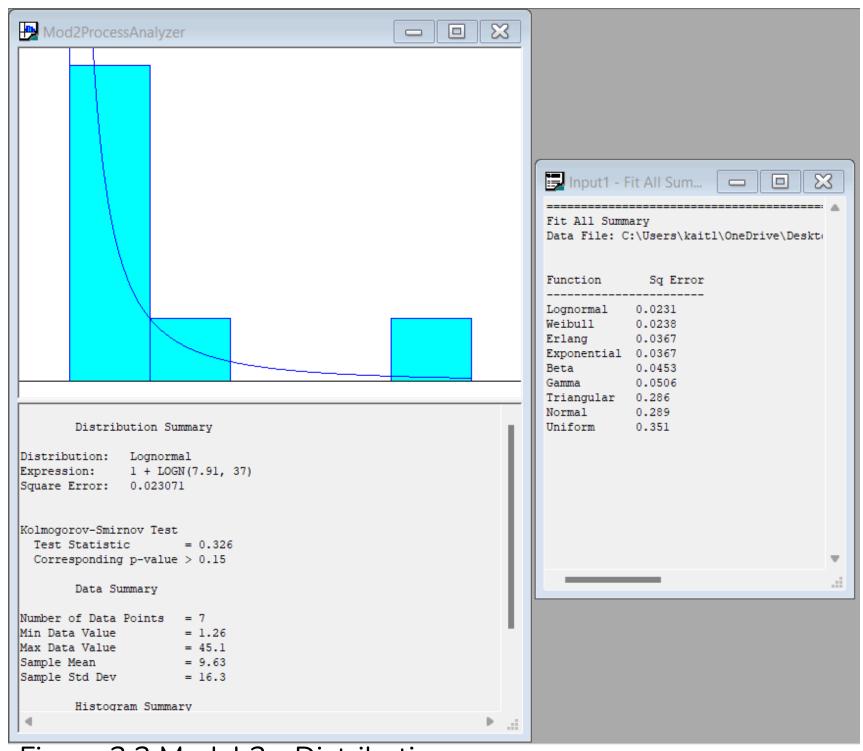


Figure 2.3 Model 2 - Distribution

- Follows a Lognormal Distribution
- Lowest value at 1.26
- Max value at 45
- Sample mean 9.63 min

### Model 2 Findings - Resource Usage

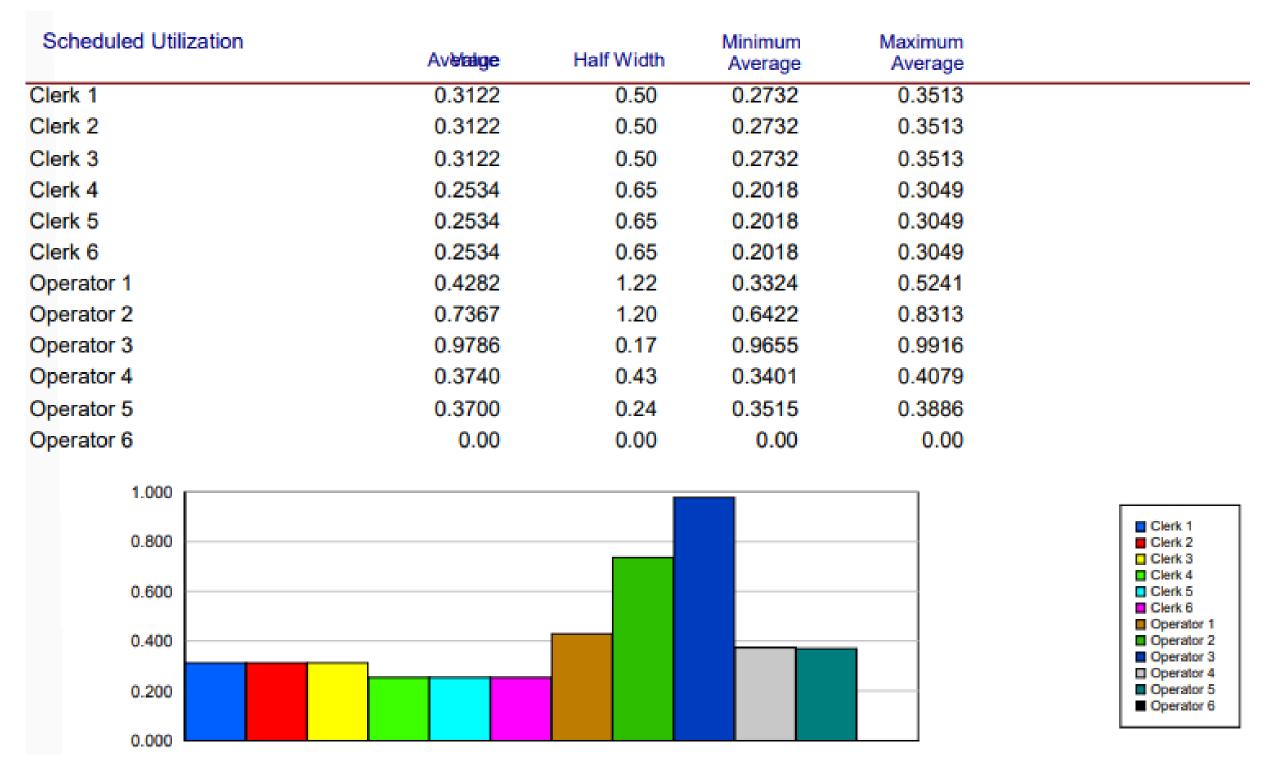


Figure 2.4 Model 2 - Scheduled Utilization

### Model 2 Findings - Number Seized

#### Usage

Total Number Seized	Av <b>e/alige</b>	Half Width	Minimum Average	Maximum Average	
Clerk 1	62.5000	120.71	53.0000	72.0000	
Clerk 2	62.5000	120.71	53.0000	72.0000	
Clerk 3	62.5000	120.71	53.0000	72.0000	
Clerk 4	49.5000	120.71	40.0000	59.0000	
Clerk 5	49.5000	120.71	40.0000	59.0000	
Clerk 6	49.5000	120.71	40.0000	59.0000	
Operator 1	72.0000	101.65	64.0000	80.0000	
Operator 2	100.50	120.71	91.0000	110.00	
Operator 3	106.50	6.35	106.00	107.00	
Operator 4	76.0000	63.53	71.0000	81.0000	
Operator 5	73.5000	31.77	71.0000	76.0000	
Operator 6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
120.000					
100.000					Clerk 1

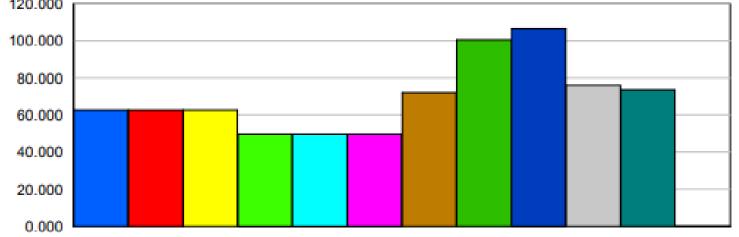
Clerk 3

Clerk 4
Clerk 5
Clerk 6

Operator 1
Operator 2

Operator 3
Operator 4
Operator 5

Operator 6





### Model 3



### Model 3 Components

Module Name	Module Type	Parameters	Explanation
Guest Arrivals	Create	Rando, value=0.25, unit=hours, entities per arrival=2, infinite arrivals	2 guests every 15-minute intervals arriving at the park
Which Ticket Booth?	Decide	N-way by chance: 40, 35, else	The chance of a guest going to main ticket booth or ticket booth 2
Main Ticket Booth	Process	SDR=3 clerks, triangular delay=2, 3, 4 minutes,	Triangular delay to provide min, max, and most likely
Ticket Booth 2	Process	SDR=3 clerks, triangular delay=2, 3, 4 minutes,	Triangular delay to provide min, max, and most likely
Ticket Booth 3	Process	SDR=3 clerks, triangular delay=2, 3, 4 minutes,	Triangular delay to provide min, max, and most likely
Which Ride?	Decide	N-way by chance: 15, 20, 30, 20, 15, else	The chance of an entity going to a certain ride
All Rides – 6 total	Process	SDR=1 operator each, expression between expo (3) & expo (5) minutes each ride	Small boardwalk: doesn't have long lines and each ride is quick
Ride Again?	Decide	2-way by chance: 80% true	Estimation of the likelihood someone will ride another ride versus only riding once
Visits Rest of Park	Dispose	Dispose of the 15% from the Ride Again? Decide module	Retains the remaining guests that do not return to ride queue

Figure 3.0 Model 3 - Module Description

### Theme Park Model 3 Main Ticket Booth Carousel Which Ride? Which Ticket Booth Guest Arrivals Ride Again? Ticket Booth 2 Ferris Wheel Ticket Booth 3 Coaster Swings Visits Rest of Park Site Seeing Tower Train

Figure 3.1 Model 3

### Model 3 Findings - Queue Time

#### **Time**

Waiting Time	Average	Half Width	Minimum Average	Maximum Average	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Carousel.Queue	2.1405	12.34	1.1696	3.1114	0.00	14.0646
Coaster.Queue	20.7026	22.26	18.9507	22.4546	0.00	67.5216
Ferris Wheel.Queue	15.6512	25.26	13.6628	17.6395	0.00	64.4313
Main Ticket Booth.Queue	1.2789	> 4.46	0.9281	1.6297	0.00	10.9219
Site Seeing Tower.Queue	1.9581	15.01	0.7769	3.1392	0.00	19.1392
Swings.Queue	2.8204	7.17	2.2558	3.3849	0.00	24.4841
Ficket Booth 2.Queue	0.8496	3.58	0.5679	1.1312	0.00	5.6013
Ticket Booth 3.Queue	0.7797	0.06	0.7748	0.7846	0.00	3.8874
Other						

#### otner

Number Waiting			Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
	Average	Half Width	Average	Average	Value	Value
Carousel.Queue	0.3246	2.07	0.1618	0.4874	0.00	4.0000
Coaster.Queue	4.5705	5.77	4.1164	5.0245	0.00	20.0000
Ferris Wheel.Queue	2.4686	5.62	2.0266	2.9105	0.00	9.0000
Main Ticket Booth.Queue	0.0911	<b>0.29</b>	0.06806229	0.1141	0.00	4.0000
Site Seeing Tower.Queue	0.2586	2.23	0.08286991	0.4343	0.00	4.0000
Swings.Queue	0.4400	1.29	0.3384	0.5416	0.00	5,0000
Ticket Booth 2.Queue	0.05189660	0.35	0.02460972	0.07918347	0.00	3.0000
Ticket Booth 3.Queue	0.03377048	0.03	0.03138258	0.03615838	0.00	2.0000
Train.Queue	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Figure 3.2 Model 3 - Queue

### Model 3 Findings - Input Analyzer

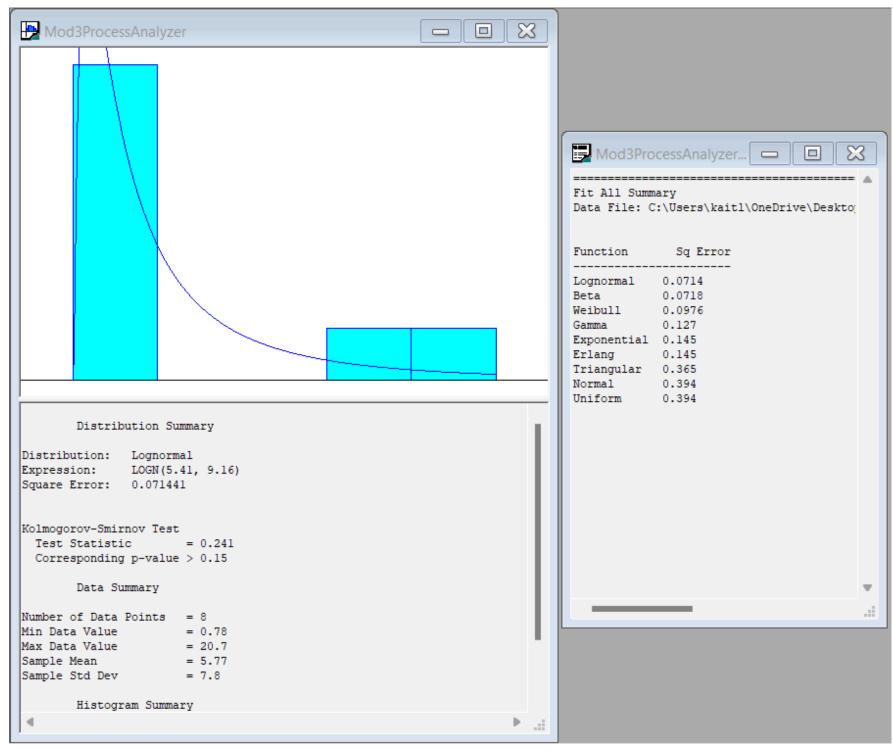


Figure 3.3 Model 3 - Distribution

- Follows a Lognormal Distribution
- Lowest value at 0.78
- Max value at 20.7
- Sample mean 5.77 min

### Model 3 Findings - Resource Usage

#### Usage

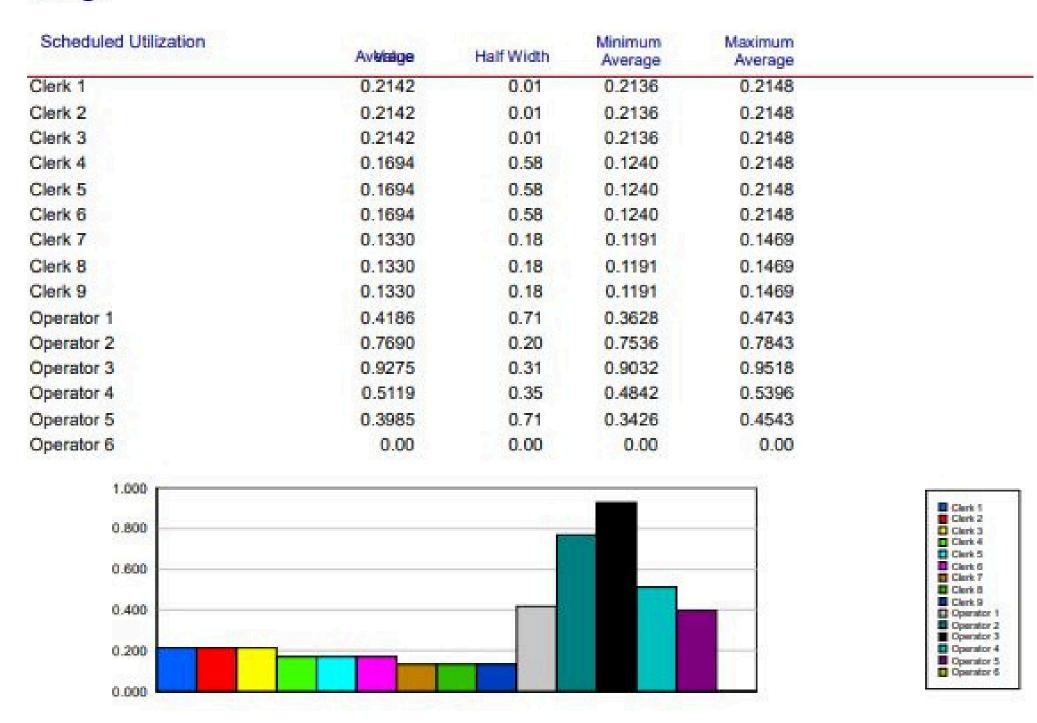


Figure 3.4 Model 3 - Scheduled Utilization

### Model 3 Findings - Number Seized

#### Usage Total Number Seized Maximum Minimum Avidage Half Width Average Average 43.0000 42.0000 44.0000 Clerk 1 12.71 Clerk 2 43.0000 12.71 42.0000 44,0000 Clerk 3 43,0000 12.71 42,0000 44,0000 Clerk 4 34.0000 101.65 26.0000 42.0000 Clerk 5 42,0000 34.0000 101.65 26.0000 Clerk 6 34.0000 26.0000 42.0000 101.65 Clerk 7 25.41 24.0000 28.0000 26.0000 Clerk 8 26.0000 24,0000 28,0000 25.41 Clerk 9 26,0000 25.41 24,0000 28,0000 Operator 1 83,0000 88.5000 69.88 94,0000 Operator 2 94,0000 63.53 89.0000 99.00 Operator 3 115.50 108.00 123.00 95.30 Operator 4 90.0000 96.0000 93.0000 38.12 Operator 5 73.5000 120.71 64.0000 83.0000 Operator 6 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 120,000 Clork 1 Clork 2 Clork 3 100.000 Clork 4 80,000 Clork 6 Clark 7 60.000 Clock 9 Operator 1 40.000 Operator 2 Operator 3 Operator 4 Operator 5 20.000 Operator 6

Figure 3.5 Model 3 - Number Seized

### Conclusion of Findings

#### The Best Model

- Model 3 has a quicker processing time
- The number of guests increase
  - Riding rides
  - Park visits
- Model 2 & 3 are still improvements to the Base Model
- Having 3 booths will help for future ride additions

#### **Model Improvements**

- Route and Station modules perform similar simulation
- Adding more operators at each ride
- Creating a schedule w/ breaks for operators

# Challenges & Software Feedback

- Running time w/ number of entities
- Adding more rides
  - Processing times per ride
  - Difficult to run processes with comparable numbers to job
- Lacked animations for amusements/theme parks



### Thank you!

