

Taggers

November 24, 2025

1 NLTK - natural language Processing Kit za Python

- Python alat za obradu teksta prirodnih jezika
- NLTK označavatelji (engl. taggers)

[2] : `import nltk`

[3] : `# potrebni dodatni NLTK paketi, pokrenuti čeliju ako bude trebalo
nltk.download('tagsets')
nltk.download('punkt')
#nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger_eng')
nltk.download('brown')
nltk.download('tagsets_json')`

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package tagsets to  
[nltk_data]      C:\Users\Domagoj\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...  
[nltk_data] Package tagsets is already up-to-date!  
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to  
[nltk_data]      C:\Users\Domagoj\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...  
[nltk_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!  
[nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger_eng to  
[nltk_data]      C:\Users\Domagoj\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...  
[nltk_data] Package averaged_perceptron_tagger_eng is already up-to-  
[nltk_data]      date!  
[nltk_data] Downloading package brown to  
[nltk_data]      C:\Users\Domagoj\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...  
[nltk_data] Package brown is already up-to-date!  
[nltk_data] Downloading package tagsets_json to  
[nltk_data]      C:\Users\Domagoj\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...  
[nltk_data] Package tagsets_json is already up-to-date!
```

[3] : `True`

2 Označivanje riječi (engl. tagging)

part-of-speech tagging (POS) - označivanje riječi s njihovim vrstama **U-Penn POS oznake** * liste riječi razložiti na dvojce (`riječ,vrsta_rijeci`) * vrste riječi imaju oznaku prema PenTreebank

tablici * NLTK nudi programe koji uče označavanja (engl. taggers) * NLTK korpusi sadrži označene korpuse

```
[4]: # POS oznake
#nltk.help.upenn_tagset()
# ili specifcne?
#nltk.help.upenn_tagset('CC')
nltk.help.upenn_tagset('NN*')
```

NN: noun, common, singular or mass
common-carrier cabbage knuckle-duster Casino afghan shed thermostat
investment slide humour falloff slick wind hyena override subhumanity
machinist ...
NNP: noun, proper, singular
Motown Venneboerger Czestochwa Ranzer Conchita Trumplane Christos
Oceanside Escobar Kreisler Sawyer Cougar Yvette Ervin ODI Darryl CTCA
Shannon A.K.C. Meltex Liverpool ...
NNPS: noun, proper, plural
Americans Americas Amharas Amityvilles Amusements Anarcho-Syndicalists
Andalusians Andes Andruses Angels Animals Anthony Antilles Antiques
Apache Apaches Apocrypha ...
NNS: noun, common, plural
undergraduates scotches bric-a-brac products bodyguards facets coasts
divestitures storehouses designs clubs fragrances averages
subjectivists apprehensions muses factory-jobs ...

```
[5]: # testiranje
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
text = word_tokenize('And now for something completely different')
nltk.pos_tag(text)
#nltk.help.upenn_tagset('RB')
```

```
[5]: [('And', 'CC'),
('now', 'RB'),
('for', 'IN'),
('something', 'NN'),
('completely', 'RB'),
('different', 'JJ')]
```

```
[6]: nltk.help.upenn_tagset('NN')
```

NN: noun, common, singular or mass
common-carrier cabbage knuckle-duster Casino afghan shed thermostat
investment slide humour falloff slick wind hyena override subhumanity
machinist ...

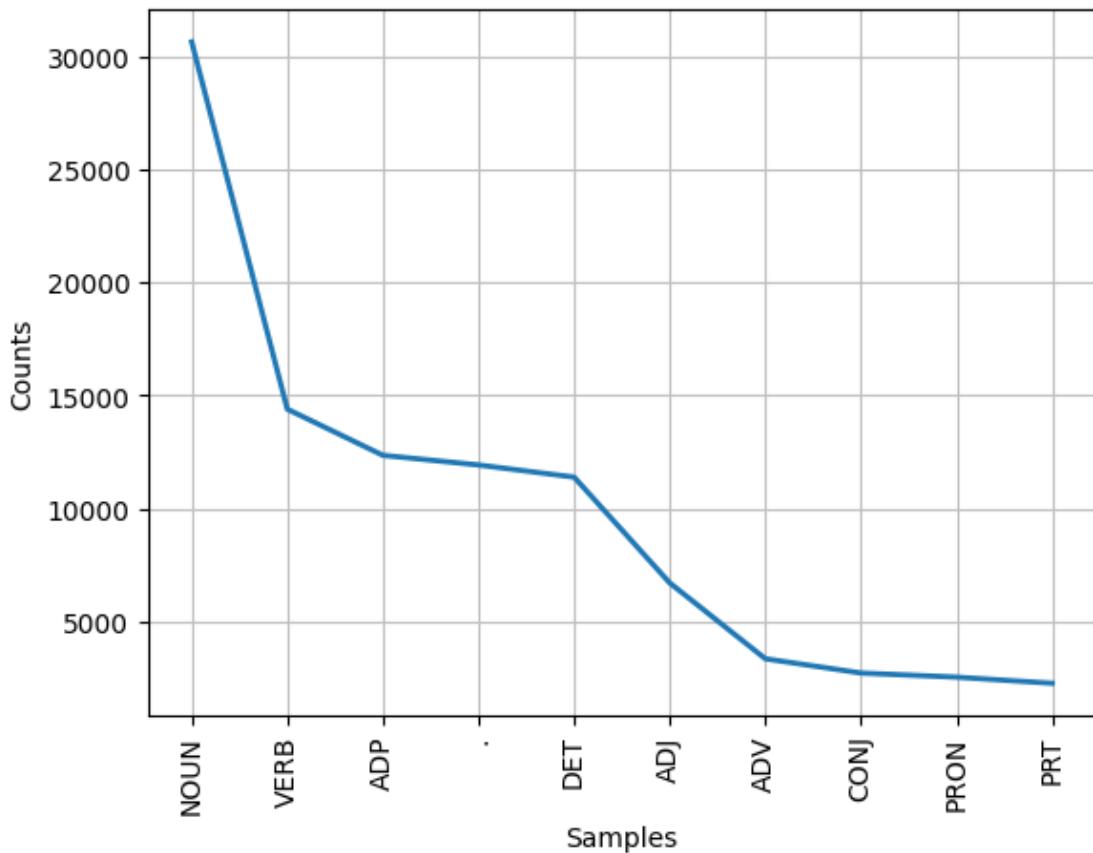
2.1 Korištenje označenih korpusa.

```
[7]: # Brownov korpus  
nltk.corpus.brown.tagged_words()[:5]  
# conll2000 korpus  
nltk.corpus.conll2000.tagged_words()[:5]  
# treebank korpus s universal POS  
#nltk.corpus.treebank.tagged_words(tagset='universal')[:5]
```

```
[7]: [('Confidence', 'NN'),  
       ('in', 'IN'),  
       ('the', 'DT'),  
       ('pound', 'NN'),  
       ('is', 'VBZ')]
```

Najučestalije oznake za EN jezik?

```
[8]: from nltk.corpus import brown  
brown_news_tagged = brown.tagged_words(categories='news', tagset='universal')  
tag_fd = nltk.FreqDist(tag for (word, tag) in brown_news_tagged)  
  
fd = nltk.FreqDist(tag_fd)  
fd.plot(10);
```



Ali uz malo dodatne NLTK dokumentacije i (slabo) dostupnih HR resursa ...

```
[9]: from nltk.corpus.reader.conll import ConllCorpusReader
sethr = ConllCorpusReader(
    'data/',
    'web.hr.conll',
    ('ignore', 'words', 'ignore', 'ignore', 'pos', 'tree')
)
```

```
[14]: sethr.words()
sethr.tagged_words()
```

```
[14]: [('Čula', 'Vmp-pn'), ('su', 'Var3p'), ('se', 'Px--sa'), ...]
```

```
[11]: from nltk.corpus.reader.mte import MTETagConverter

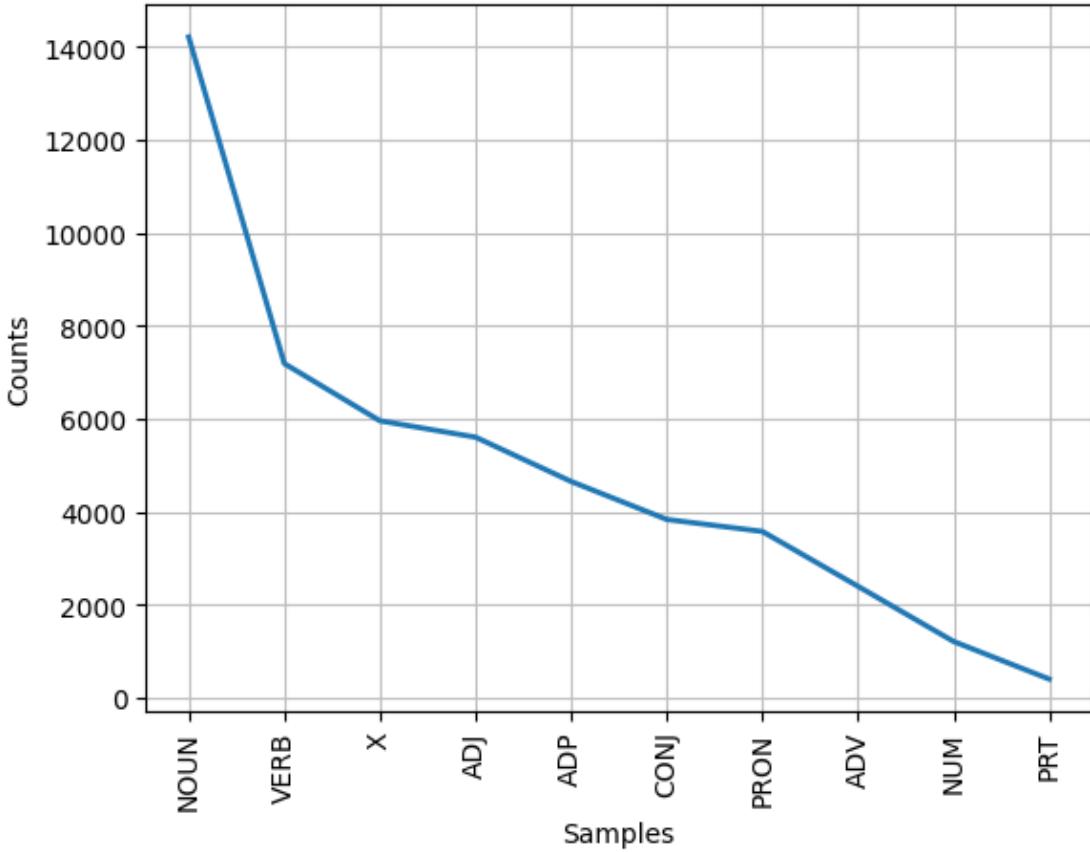
set_hr_upos = [(word,MTETagConverter.msd_to_universal(tag)) for (word,tag) in
               ↪sethr.tagged_words()]
set_hr_upos[:4]
```

```
[11]: [('Čula', 'VERB'), ('su', 'VERB'), ('se', 'PRON'), ('objašnjenja', 'NOUN')]
```

2.2 Koje vrste riječi su u HR učestale?

```
[12]: tag_fd = nltk.FreqDist(tag for (word, tag) in set_hr_upos)
tag_fd.plot(10)
```

```
[12]: <Axes: xlabel='Samples', ylabel='Counts'>
```



Koje su najčešće riječi po razredima riječi?

```
[13]: def findtags(tag_prefix, tagged_text):
    cfd = nltk.ConditionalFreqDist((tag, word) for (word, tag) in tagged_text
                                    if tag.startswith(tag_prefix))
    return dict((tag, cfd[tag].most_common(5)) for tag in cfd.conditions())
```

```
tagdict = findtags('NN', nltk.corpus.brown.tagged_words(categories='news'))
for tag in sorted(tagdict):
    print(tag, tagdict[tag])
```

```
NN [('year', 137), ('time', 97), ('state', 88), ('week', 85), ('man', 72)]
NN$ [("year's", 13), ("world's", 8), ("state's", 7), ("nation's", 6), ("city's",
6)]
NN$-HL [("Golf's", 1), ("Navy's", 1)]
NN$-TL [("President's", 11), ("Administration's", 3), ("Army's", 3),
("League's", 3), ("University's", 3)]
NN-HL [('sp.', 2), ('problem', 2), ('Question', 2), ('cut', 2), ('party', 2)]
NN-NC [('ova', 1), ('eva', 1), ('aya', 1)]
NN-TL [('President', 88), ('House', 68), ('State', 59), ('University', 42),
('City', 41)]
```

```

NN-TL-HL [('Fort', 2), ('Mayor', 1), ('Commissioner', 1), ('City', 1), ('Oak',
1)]
NNS [('years', 101), ('members', 69), ('people', 52), ('sales', 51), ('men',
46)]
NNS$ [("children's", 7), ("women's", 5), ("men's", 3), ("janitors'", 3),
("taxpayers'", 2)]
NNS$-HL [("Dealers'", 1), ("Idols'", 1)]
NNS$-TL [("Women's", 4), ("States'", 3), ("Giants'", 2), ("Princes'", 1),
("Bombers'", 1)]
NNS-HL [('Wards', 1), ('deputies', 1), ('bonds', 1), ('aspects', 1),
('Decisions', 1)]
NNS-TL [('States', 38), ('Nations', 11), ('Masters', 10), ('Communists', 9),
('Rules', 9)]
NNS-TL-HL [('Nations', 1)]

```

[14]:

```

tagdict = findtags('NOUN', set_hr_upos)
for tag in sorted(tagdict):
    print(tag, tagdict[tag])

```

```

NOUN [('godine', 93), ('vrijeme', 46), ('ljudi', 40), ('način', 39), ('godina',
39)]

```

2.3 Izgradnja označavatelja

[15]:

```

# skup za treniranje i testiranje

import nltk
import random

from nltk.corpus import brown
brown_sents = brown.sents(categories='news') # dohvati tekstove 'vijesti'
brown_tagged_sents = [sentence for sentence in nltk.corpus.brown.
    tagged_sents(categories='news', tagset='universal')]

# podjela 9 : 1
size = int(0.9 * len(brown_tagged_sents))

# permutiraj skup rečenica
random.shuffle(brown_tagged_sents)

train_sents = brown_tagged_sents[:size]
test_sents = brown_tagged_sents[size:]

```

2.3.1 Regex označavatelj

```
[16]: # označivanje na temelju regresa
patterns = [
    (r'.*ing$', 'VERB'), # gerunds
    (r'.*ed$', 'VERB'), # simple past
    (r'.*es$', 'VERB'), # 3rd singular present
    (r'.*ould$', 'VERB'), # modals
    (r'.*\'$', 'NOUN'), # possessive nouns
    (r'.*s$', 'NOUN'), # plural nouns
    (r'^-?[0-9]+([.][0-9]+)?$', 'NUM'), # cardinal numbers
    (r'.*', 'NOUN') # nouns (default)
]

regexp_tagger = nltk.RegexpTagger(patterns)

test_sent = brown_sents[5]

tagged_sent = regexp_tagger.tag(test_sent)

# ispisi primjere
for tok, tag in tagged_sent:
    print(tok, tag)

print(f'Preciznost: {regexp_tagger.accuracy(test_sents)}') # udio podudarajućih
# vlastitih oznaka sa standardnim
```

It NOUN
recommended VERB
that NOUN
Fulton NOUN
legislators NOUN
act NOUN
~~ NOUN
to NOUN
have NOUN
these NOUN
laws NOUN
studied VERB
and NOUN
revised VERB
to NOUN
the NOUN
end NOUN
of NOUN
modernizing VERB

```

and NOUN
improving VERB
them NOUN
'' NOUN
. NOUN
Preciznost: 0.33058350100603623

```

2.4 N-gram označavatelji

2.4.1 Unigram označavanje

```
[17]: # unigram označavatelj
unigram_tagger = nltk.UnigramTagger(train_sents,backoff=regexp_tagger)

# oznaci skup za treniranje
tagged_sent = unigram_tagger.tag(test_sent)

# ispisi primjere
for tok, tag in tagged_sent:
    print(tok,tag)

print(f'Preciznost: {unigram_tagger.accuracy(test_sents)}') # udio u
    ↪ podudarajućih vlastitih oznaka sa standardnim
```

```

It PRON
recommended VERB
that ADP
Fulton NOUN
legislators NOUN
act NOUN
`` .
to PRT
have VERB
these DET
laws NOUN
studied VERB
and CONJ
revised VERB
to PRT
the DET
end NOUN
of ADP
modernizing VERB
and CONJ
improving VERB
them PRON
'' .
. .

```

Preciznost: 0.9338028169014084

Treniranje i testiranje modela.

```
[18]: # matrica zbrunjenosti
test_tags = [tag for sent in brown.sents(categories='news')[:10] for (word, tag) in unigram_tagger.tag(sent)]
gold_tags = [tag for sent in brown.tagged_sents(categories='news', tagset='universal')[:10] for (word, tag) in sent]

cm = nltk.ConfusionMatrix(gold_tags, test_tags)
print(cm)
```

	C	N	P	V	
A	A A A O D O N R P E				
D	D D D N E U U O R R				
.	J P V J T N M N T B				
-----+-----+					
.	<38>				
ADJ	. <18> 1				
ADP	. . <30> 2 .				
ADV	. 1 . <5>				
CONJ <10>				
DET <39>				
NOUN <81>				
NUM <1>				
PRON <6>				
PRT <3> .				
VERB 1 . . . <48>				
-----+-----+					
(row = reference; col = test)					

2.4.2 N-gram označavanje

NLTK nudi mogućnost izgradivanja HMM modela označavatelja.

```
[20]: # treniranje bigramskog HMM
bigram_tagger = nltk.BigramTagger(train_sents)

# oznaci skup za treniranje
tagged_sent = bigram_tagger.tag(test_sent)

# ispisi primjere
for tok, tag in tagged_sent:
```

```

    print(tok,tag)

print(f'Preciznost: {bigram_tagger.accuracy(test_sents)}') # udio podudarajućih vlastitih oznaka sa standardnim

```

It PRON
recommended VERB
that ADP
Fulton NOUN
legislators NOUN
act NOUN
`` .
to PRT
have VERB
these DET
laws NOUN
studied VERB
and CONJ
revised VERB
to PRT
the DET
end NOUN
of ADP
modernizing VERB
and CONJ
improving VERB
them PRON
''' .
`` .
Preciznost: 0.17837022132796782

```
[21]: # treniranje bigramskog HMM
trigram_tagger = nltk.TrigramTagger(train_sents)

# oznaci skup za treniranje
tagged_sent = trigram_tagger.tag(test_sent)

# ispisi primjere
for tok, tag in tagged_sent:
    print(tok,tag)

print(f'Preciznost: {trigram_tagger.accuracy(test_sents)}') # udio podudarajućih vlastitih oznaka sa standardnim
```

It PRON
recommended VERB
that ADP

```

Fulton NOUN
legislators NOUN
act NOUN
`` .
to PRT
have VERB
these DET
laws NOUN
studied VERB
and CONJ
revised VERB
to PRT
the DET
end None
of None
modernizing None
and None
improving None
them None
'' None
. None
Preciznost: 0.0886317907444668

```

Problem inherentne rijetkosti: Uočavamo značajan pad u preciznosti 2,3-gramskom modelu u uspredbi s unigram modelom zbog rijetkom 2,3-grama u skupu za treniranje.

Kako ovo rješiti? * zaglađivanje * povećavanje korpusa za treniranje * kombinirati unigram, bigram i trigram model

2.4.3 Kombinacija označavatelja

N-grami višeg reda imaju bolje *pokrivanje* (recall/coverage) nego *preciznost* (accuracy). Neka je dan skup podataka x_i i razred $y_i \in \{0, 1\}$ kojem pripadaju $\{x_1, y_1\}, \{x_2, y_2\}, \dots, \{x_n, y_n\}$. Neka je f klasifikator podataka x_i i neka je

$$TP = |\{x_i : y_i = f(x_i) = 1\}|, FP = |\{x_i : f(x_i) = 1, y_i = 0\}|, FN = |\{x_i : f(x_i) = 0, y_i = 1\}|$$

$$\text{precision} = \frac{TP}{TP + FP}, \text{recall} = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$$

```
[22]: t0 = regexp_tagger # osnovni regexp parser
t1 = nltk.UnigramTagger(train_sents, backoff=t0)
t2 = nltk.BigramTagger(train_sents, backoff=t1)
t3 = nltk.TrigramTagger(train_sents, backoff=t2)

# ispisi primjere
for tok, tag in tagged_sent:
```

```

print(tok,tag)

print(f'Preciznost: {t3.accuracy(test_sents)}') # udio podudarajućih vlastitih
    ↵oznaka sa standardnim

```

It PRON
 recommended VERB
 that ADP
 Fulton NOUN
 legislators NOUN
 act NOUN
 `` .
 to PRT
 have VERB
 these DET
 laws NOUN
 studied VERB
 and CONJ
 revised VERB
 to PRT
 the DET
 end None
 of None
 modernizing None
 and None
 improving None
 them None
 '' None
 . None
 Preciznost: 0.9379275653923541

```

[23]: # matrica zvodenosti
test_tags = [tag for sent in brown.sents(categories='news')[:10] for (word,
    ↵tag) in t3.tag(sent)]
gold_tags = [tag for sent in brown.
    ↵tagged_sents(categories='news', tagset='universal')[:10] for (word, tag) in
    ↵sent]

cm = nltk.ConfusionMatrix(gold_tags, test_tags)
print(cm)

```

	C	N	P	V	
A	A A A O D O N R P E				
D	D D D N E U U O R R				
.	J P V J T N M N T B				
-----+-----+					
.	<38>				
ADJ	.<19>				

ADP		.	.	.	<30>	2	.	
ADV		<6>	
CONJ		<10>	
DET		<39>	
NOUN		<81>	
NUM		<1>	
PRON		<6>	
PRT		<3>	.	.	.	
VERB		1	.	.	.	<48>	.	.	

(row = reference; col = test)

[]: