

~1. Вероятность возмущ. матрицы:

$$A = \text{diag}\{\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n\} \quad \lambda_i \in [-N; N] \cap \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega(\det A = 0) &= \omega(\exists i: \lambda_i = 0) = \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{2N}\right)^i \left(\frac{2N-1}{2N}\right)^{n-i} C_n^i = 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{2N}\right)^n \approx \\ &= \frac{n}{2N} \end{aligned}$$

$$n=3 \quad N=1000 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{\omega = 1.5 \cdot 10^{-3}}}$$

Норма матриц возмущ.

$$A = \|\lambda_{ij}\|_{m \times n}; \quad \|A\|_F = \sqrt{\sum_{i,j} |\lambda_{ij}|^2} \quad (\varepsilon = 1)$$

$$\lambda_{ij}: \text{rand}([0, 1])$$

$$\lambda_{ij}^2 = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow \|A\|_F = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} m \cdot n}$$

$$\text{Пусть } m=n=3 \rightarrow \|A\|_F = \sqrt{5}$$

~2

$$C_1 \|x\|_2 \leq \|x\|_1 \leq C_2 \|x\|_2$$

$$\|x\|_2 = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}$$

$$\|x\|_1 = \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1^2 \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2\right) \leq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|\right)^2 \leq \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \Rightarrow C_1 = 1$$

Возьмем $\bar{y} = \begin{pmatrix} \text{sign}(x_1) \\ \vdots \\ \text{sign}(x_n) \end{pmatrix}$

$$\text{КБ: } (\bar{x}, \bar{y})^2 = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i| \right)^2 = \|x\|_1^2 \leq (\bar{x}, \bar{x}) \cdot (\bar{y}, \bar{y}) = \|x\|_2^2 \cdot n \Rightarrow \|x\|_1 \leq \sqrt{n} \|x\|_2$$

$$\Rightarrow C_2 = \sqrt{n}$$

~3

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_m \end{pmatrix} \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1m} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nm} \end{pmatrix}$$

Приведем примеры x и A , для которых:

$$1) \|x\|_2 \leq \sqrt{m} \|x\|_\infty$$

$$2) \|A\|_\infty \leq \sqrt{n} \|A\|_2$$

$$1) \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^m x_i^2} \leq \sqrt{m} \cdot \max_{i=1, \dots, m} |x_i| \rightarrow \text{выберем } x_i$$

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \|x\|_2 = \sqrt{m} = \sqrt{m} \|x\|_\infty$$

$$\|A\|_\infty \leq \sqrt{n} \|A\|_2$$

Возьмем $y = \begin{pmatrix} \text{sign}(a_{i1}) \\ \vdots \\ \text{sign}(a_{im}) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}, \quad i = \max_i \left(\sum_{j=1}^m |a_{ij}| \right)$

$$\|A\|_\infty^2 = \max_i \left(\sum_{j=1}^m |a_{ij}|^2 \right) \leq \sup_{\|y\|_2 \leq 1} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\sum_{j=1}^m a_{ij} y_j \right)^2$$

$$\sup_{\|y\|_2 \leq 1} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\sum_{j=1}^m a_{ij} y_j \right)^2 = \sup_{\|y\|_2 \leq 1} \|Ay\|_2^2 \rightarrow$$

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & & & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & 1 \end{array} \right) 0$$

↓
n × n

$$\|A\|_{\infty} = 1$$

$$\|A\|_2 = \sup_{\|y\|_2=1} \|Ay\|_2 = \sup_{\|y\|_2=1} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n \left(\sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} y_j \right)^2} = \sup \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n 1} = \sqrt{n}$$

✓ 4 Доказано $\|UA\|_F = \|A\|_F = \|A\|_F$

$$\|UA\|_F^2 = \text{tr}[(UA)UA] = \text{tr}[\bar{A}UUA] = \text{tr}(\bar{A}A) = \|A\|_F^2$$

